Codility_

Candidate Report: trainingUH4N5K-5ZH

Check out Codility training tasks

Test Name:

Summary Timeline Feedback

Tasks summary

Task	Time spent	Score
PermCheck C#	1 min	100%

Total score

Tasks Details

Easy

1. PermCheck

Check whether array A is a permutation.

Task Score	Correctness	Performance
100%	100%	100%

Task description

A non-empty array A consisting of N integers is given.

A *permutation* is a sequence containing each element from 1 to N once, and only once.

For example, array A such that:

```
A[0] = 4
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 3
A[3] = 2
```

is a permutation, but array A such that:

```
A[0] = 4
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 3
```

is not a permutation, because value 2 is missing.

The goal is to check whether array A is a permutation.

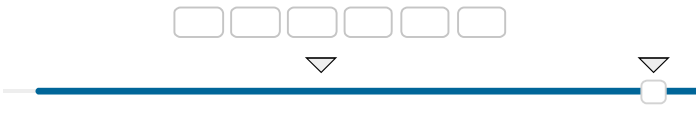
Write a function:

```
class Solution { public int solution(int[] A); }
```

Solution

Programming language used:	C#
Total time used:	1 minutes
Effective time used:	1 minutes
Notes:	*not defined yet*

Task timeline



14:33:11 14:33:46

Code: 14:33:45 UTC, cs, final, score: **100** show code in pop-up

that, given an array A, returns 1 if array A is a permutation and 0 if it is not.

For example, given array A such that:

```
A[0] = 4
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 3
A[3] = 2
```

the function should return 1.

Given array A such that:

```
A[0] = 4
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 3
```

the function should return 0.

Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an integer within the range [1..100,000];
- each element of array A is an integer within the range [1..1,000,000,000].


```
1  using System;
2  using System.Linq;
3  // you can also use other imports, for example:
4  // using System.Collections.Generic;
5
6  // you can write to stdout for debugging purposes, e.g.
7  // Console.WriteLine("this is a debug message");
8
9  class Solution {
10       public int solution(int[] A)
11         {
12             if (A.Count() != A.Distinct().Count())
13                 return 0;
14
15             if (A.Min() == 1 && A.Max() == A.Length)
16                 return 1;
17             else
18                 return 0;
19
20         }
21 }
```

Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

Analysis

Detected time complexity: **O(N) or O(N * log(N))**

expand all	Example tests	
▶	example1 the first example test	✓ OK
▶	example2 the second example test	✓ OK
expand all	Correctness tests	
▶	extreme_min_max single element with minimal/maximal value	✓ OK
▶	single single element	✓ OK
▶	double two elements	✓ OK
▶	antiSum1 total sum is correct, but it is not a permutation, N <= 10	✓ OK
▶	small_permutation permutation + one element occurs twice, N = ~100	✓ OK
▶	permutations_of_ranges permutations of sets like [2..100] for which the anwsers should be false	✓ OK
expand all	Performance tests	
▶	medium_permutation permutation + few elements occur twice, N = ~10,000	✓ OK

▶	antiSum2 total sum is correct, but it is not a permutation, N = ~100,000	✓ OK
▶	large_not_permutation permutation + one element occurs three times, N = ~100,000	✓ OK
▶	large_range sequence 1, 2, ..., N, N = ~100,000	✓ OK
▶	extreme_values all the same values, N = ~100,000	✓ OK
▶	various_permutations all sequences are permutations	✓ OK