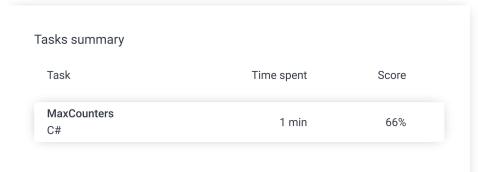
Codility_

Candidate Report: trainingYU2QGF-QYA

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Test Name:

Summary Timeline Feedback





Tasks Details

1. MaxCounters

Calculate the values of counters after applying all alternating operations: increase counter by 1; set value of all counters to current maximum.

Task Score

66%

Correctness

Performance

100% 40%

Task description

You are given N counters, initially set to 0, and you have two possible operations on them:

- increase(X) counter X is increased by 1,
- max counter all counters are set to the maximum value of any counter.

A non-empty array A of M integers is given. This array represents consecutive operations:

- if A[K] = X, such that 1 ≤ X ≤ N, then operation K is increase(X),
- if A[K] = N + 1 then operation K is max counter.

For example, given integer N = 5 and array A such that:

- A[0] = 3
- A[1] = 4
- A[2] = 4
- A[3] = 6
- A[4] = 1

Solution

Programming language used: C#

Total time used: 1 minutes

Effective time used: 1 minutes

Notes: not defined yet

Task timeline

Code: 02:35:32 UTC, cs, final,

show code in pop-up

score: 66

02:34:41

02:35:32

```
A[5] = 4
A[6] = 4
```

the values of the counters after each consecutive operation will be:

```
(0, 0, 1, 0, 0)
(0, 0, 1, 1, 0)
(0, 0, 1, 2, 0)
(2, 2, 2, 2, 2)
(3, 2, 2, 2, 2)
(3, 2, 2, 3, 2)
(3, 2, 2, 4, 2)
```

The goal is to calculate the value of every counter after all operations.

Write a function:

```
class Solution { public int[] solution(int N, int[] A); }
```

that, given an integer N and a non-empty array A consisting of M integers, returns a sequence of integers representing the values of the counters.

Result array should be returned as an array of integers.

For example, given:

```
A[\emptyset] = 3
A[1] = 4
A[2] = 4
A[3] = 6
A[4] = 1
A[5] = 4
A[6] = 4
```

the function should return [3, 2, 2, 4, 2], as explained above.

Write an efficient algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N and M are integers within the range [1..100,000];
- each element of array A is an integer within the range [1..N + 1].

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```
1
     using System;
     using System.Collections.Generic;
 3
     using System.Text;
 4
     using System.Linq;
 5
     // you can also use other imports, for example:
     // using System.Collections.Generic;
 8
     // you can write to stdout for debugging purposes, e.g.
9
     // Console.WriteLine("this is a debug message");
10
     class Solution {
11
12
         private int [] setCountersArray(int N, int value)
13
                  List<int> counters = new List<int>();
14
15
                  for (int i = 1; i \leftarrow N; i++)
16
                  {
17
                      counters.Add(value);
18
19
                  return counters.ToArray();
20
21
              public int[] solution(int N, int[] A)
22
                  var countersArray = setCountersArray(N, 0);
23
24
                  int upper = A.Length;
25
                  for (int i=0; i < upper; i++)</pre>
26
                  {
27
                      if (A[i] == N + 1)
28
29
                          countersArray = setCountersArray(N, cou
30
                      }else
31
32
                          countersArray[A[i] - 1] += 1;
33
                      }
34
                  }
35
                  return countersArray;
36
             }
37
     }
```

Analysis summary

The following issues have been detected: timeout errors.

Analysis ?

Detected time complexity: O(N*M)

expand all	Example tests	
example example test	✓ OK	
expand all	Correctness tests	
extreme_sma all max_counter		
single only one counte	✓ OK	
small_randon to operations	m1 ✓ OK est, 6 max_counter	
small_randon to operations	m2 OK est, 10 max_counter	
expand all	Performance tests	

medium_random1 medium random test, 50 max_counter operations	√ OK
medium_random2 medium random test, 500 max_counter operations	√ OK
► large_random1 large random test, 2120 max_counter operations	X TIMEOUT ERROR running time: 1.564 sec., time limit: 0.128 sec.
► large_random2 large random test, 10000 max_counter operations	X TIMEOUT ERROR Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.
extreme_large all max_counter operations	X TIMEOUT ERROR Killed. Hard limit reached: 6.000 sec.

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