History-

Kalibangn is a town in Rajasthan, India, located on the left or southern bank of the Ghaggar (Ghaggar-Hakra River)[1][2] in Tehsil Pilibangn, between Suratgarh and Hanumangarh in Hanumangarh District. Bikaner is 205 kilometres away. It is also known for being located in a triangle of land at the confluence of the Drishadvati and Sarasvati rivers. [3] Luigi Tessitori discovered the prehistoric and pre-Mauryan character of the Indus Valley Civilization at this location. The Archaeological Survey of India published Kalibangan's excavation report in its entirety in 2003, 34 years after the excavations were completed. According to the research, Kalibangan was a key provincial capital of the Indus Valley Civilization. Kalibangan is notable for its one-of-a-kind fire altars and the "world's earliest known ploughed field." Around 2900 BC, the Kalibangan region developed into what might be termed a planned metropolis.

### **How To Reach**

Kalibangan is at a distance of 661 km from Delhi, the national capital and the nearest railway station is at Bikaner, 205 km away.

Tourist Attractions-

Tourists were well rewarded when Dr. A. Ghosh of the Archaeological Survey of India discovered this site at Kalibangan on a cold winter day in February 1962. Eager to prove that the Indus Valley Civilization was really Indian in nature, Kalibangan was chosen as a prime location, and frenetic excavation work was carried out in a more technically advanced manner than at Mohanjodaro and Harappa. Kalibangan was exposed to the light of day with scientific precision, much like a body excavated for analysis and interpretation.

Best time to visit-

The best time to visit Bikaner is between the months of October to March.

Weather-

It has a hot desert climate and during summer temperature can exceed 48°C.