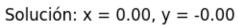
Métodos numéricos

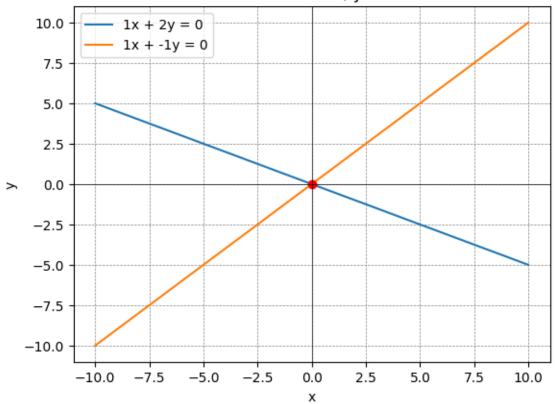
Enlace a repositorio

1. Para cada uno de los siguientes sistemas lineales, obtenga, de ser posible, una solución con métodos gráficos.

```
a. x_1 + 2x_2 = 0, x_1 - x_2 = 0
```

```
from src import plot_system
a1, b1, c1 = 1, 2, 0
a2, b2, c2 = 1, -1, 0
plot_system(a1, b1, c1, a2, b2, c2)
```



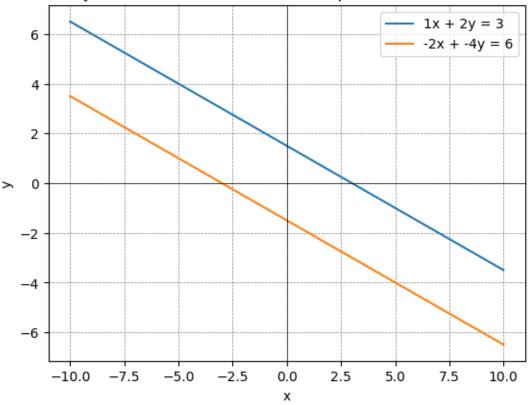


b.
$$x_1 + 2x_2 = 3, -2x_1 - 4x_2 = 6$$

```
from src import plot_system
from src import eliminacion_gaussiana

a1, b1, c1 = 1, 2, 3
a2, b2, c2 = -2, -4, 6
plot_system(a1, b1, c1, a2, b2, c2)
```

No hay solución única (las rectas son paralelas o coincidentes)



c.
$$2x_1 + x_2 = -1$$
, $x_1 - x_2 = 2$, $x_1 - 3x_2 = 5$

Se espera que sea una ecuacion consistente para esto, la resolución puede darse mediante la reducción Gaussiana, o propiamente implementando una función de resolución mas compleja en relacion a la propuesta para los demás ejercicios.

d.
$$2x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1$$
, $2x_1 + 4x_2 - x_3 = -2$

Dado que en el sistema se presentan mas variables que ecuaciones, la solución de la misma es indefinida.

2. Utilice la eliminación gaussiana con sustitución hacia atrás y aritmética de dos d;igitos para resolver los siguientes sistemas lineales.

a.
$$-x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 = 8$$
, $\frac{5}{3}x_1 + \frac{2}{3}x_2 + \frac{2}{3}x_3 = 1$, $2x_1 + x_2 + 4x_3 = 11$

$$A = [[-1,4,1,8],[1.67,0.67,0.67,1],[2,1,4,11.]]$$
 eliminacion_gaussiana(A)

```
[07-21 17:49:48] [INFO]
[[-1.
          4.
                 1.
                        8. ]
 [ 0.
          7.35 2.34 14.36]
 [ 0.
          9.
                 6.
                       27.
                             ]]
[07-21 17:49:48] [INFO]
[[-1.
                                                         ]
                                             8.
 [ 0.
                 7.35
                               2.34
                                            14.36
                                                         ]
 [ 0.
                 0.
                               3.13469388 9.41632653]]
array([-1.00651042, 0.99739583, 3.00390625])
  b. 4x_1 + 2x_2 - x_3 = -5, \frac{1}{9}x_1 + \frac{1}{9}x_2 - \frac{1}{3}x_3 = -1, x_1 + 4x_2 + 2x_3 = 9
B = [[4,2,-1,-5],[0.11,0.11,-0.33,-1],[1,4,2,9]]
eliminacion_gaussiana(B)
[07-21 17:55:56] [INFO]
[[0.11]
                 0.11
                              -0.33
                                            -1.
 [ 0.
                                            31.36363636]
                -2.
                              11.
 [ 0.
                               5.
                                            18.09090909]]
                 З.
[07-21 17:55:56] [INFO]
[[0.11]]
                 0.11
                              -0.33
                                            -1.
 [ 0.
                -2.
                                            31.36363636]
                              11.
 [ 0.
                 0.
                              21.5
                                            65.13636364]]
array([-0.98308668, 0.98097252,
                                      3.02959831])
  3. Utilice el algoritmo de eliminación guassiana para resolver, de ser posible, los siguientes
     sistemas lineales, y determine si se necesitan intercambios de fila.
  a. x_1 - x_2 + 3x_3 = 2, 3x_1 - 3x_2 + x_3 = -1, x_1 + x_2 = 3
A = [[1,-1,3,2],[3,-3,1,-1],[1,1,0,3.]]
eliminacion_gaussiana(A)
```

```
[07-21 17:57:42][INF0]
[[ 1. -1. 3. 2.]
```

[0. 0. -8. -7.]

[0. 2. -3. 1.]]

[07-21 17:57:42][INFO]

[[1. -1. 3. 2.]

[0. 2. -3. 1.]

[0. 0. -8. -7.]]

```
array([1.1875, 1.8125, 0.875])
  b. 2x_1 - 1.5x_2 + 3x_3 = 1, -x_1 + 2x_3 = 3, 4x_1 - 4.5x_2 + 5x_3 = 1
B = [[2,-1.5,3,1],[-1,0,2,3],[4,-4.5,5,1.]]
eliminacion_gaussiana(B)
[07-21 18:02:42][INFO]
[[-1.
        0.
             2.
                   3.]
[ 0. -1.5 7.
                   7. ]
[ 0. -4.5 13. 13. ]]
[07-21 18:02:42][INFO]
[[-1.
       0.
             2.
                   3. ]
[ 0. -1.5 7.
                  7.]
 [ 0.
        0. -8. -8.]]
array([-1., -0., 1.])
  c. 2x_1 = 3, x_1 + 1.5x_2 = 4.5, -3x_2 + 0.5x_3 = -6.6, 2x_1 - 2x_2 + x_3 + x_4 = 0.8
C = [[2,0,0,0,3],[1,1.5,0,0,4.5],[0,-3,0.5,0,-6.6],[2,-2,1,1,0.8]]
eliminacion_gaussiana(C)
[07-21 18:06:06][INFO]
[[ 1.
        1.5 0.
                   0.
                        4.5]
[ 0. -3.
             0.
                   0. -6.]
 [ 0. -3.
             0.5 \ 0. \ -6.6
 [ 0. -5.
             1.
                       -8.2]]
                   1.
[07-21 18:06:06] [INFO]
[[ 1.
        1.5 0.
                   0.
                        4.5]
[ 0. -3.
             0.
                   0.
                       -6.]
 [ 0.
        0.
             0.5 0.
                       -0.6]
[ 0.
        0.
             1.
                   1.
                        1.8]]
[07-21 18:06:06] [INFO]
[[ 1.
                   0.
        1.5 0.
                        4.5]
[ 0. -3.
             0.
                   0.
                      -6.]
 [ 0.
        0.
             0.5 0.
                      -0.6]
 [ 0.
                       3. ]]
        0.
             0.
                   1.
```

array([1.5, 2., -1.2, 3.])