Name: Bidyut Kr. Das

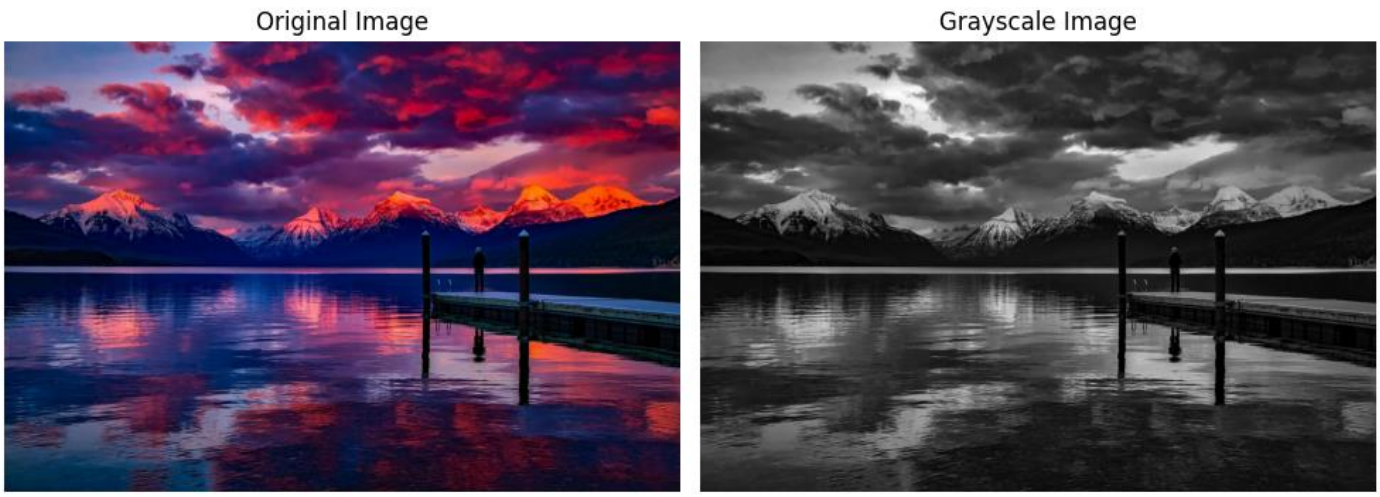
Id: 221001011060 Batch: BCS-4D

Question 1: Write a program in python to convert colored image to gray image.

Use rations (0.28:0.59:0.10)

Code:

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from PIL import Image
def rgb_to_gray(image):
    image = Image.open(image)
    image_array = np.array(image)
    r, g, b = image_array[:, :, 0], image_array[:, :, 1], image_array[:, :, 2]
    grayscale = 0.28 * r + 0.59 * g + 0.10 * b
    grayscale_image = grayscale.astype(np.uint8)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.title("Original Image")
    plt.imshow(image_array)
    plt.axis("off")
    plt.subplot(1,2, 2)
    plt.title("Grayscale Image")
    plt.imshow(grayscale_image, cmap="gray")
    plt.axis("off")
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
    return grayscale_image
input_image = './image.jpg'
gray_image = rgb_to_gray(input_image)
```



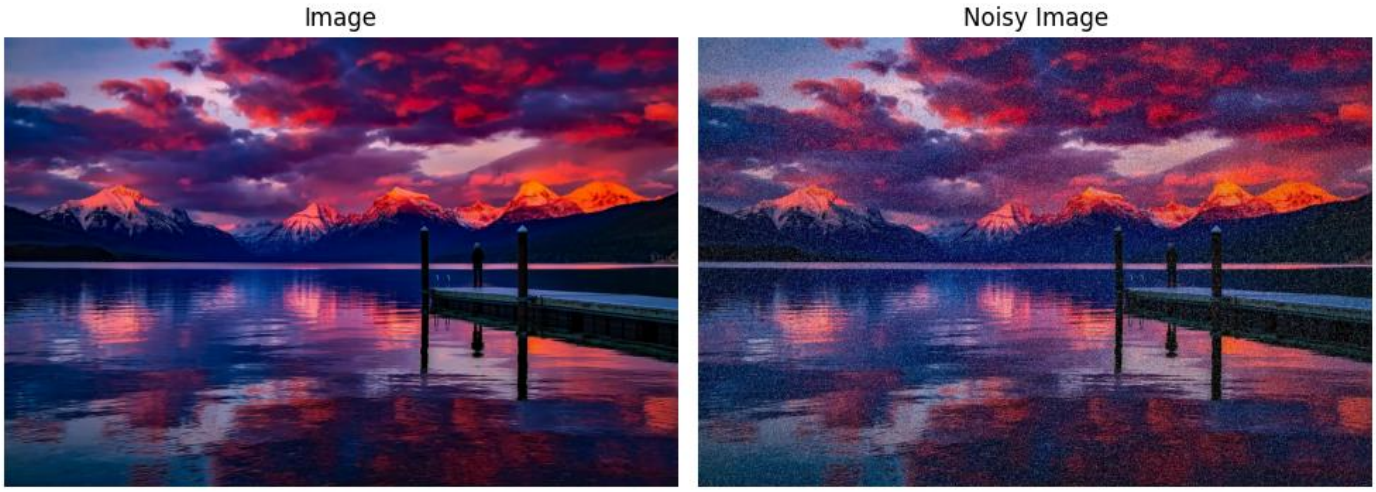
Question 2: Given an image perform the following operations accordingly

i. Add salt pepper noise to it
ii. Perform mean filter on the noise image
iii. Perform gaussian filter on the noise image

Code:

```
def add_salt_pepper_noise(image, salt_prob, pepper_prob):
    image = Image.open(image)
    image = np.array(image)
    noisy_image = np.copy(image)
    total_pixels = image.size

    num_salt = int(total_pixels * salt_prob)
    num_pepper = int(total_pixels * pepper_prob)

    coords_salt = [np.random.randint(0, i, num_salt) for i in image.shape]
    noisy_image[coords_salt[0], coords_salt[1]] = 255  # Assuming 8-bit grayscale

    coords_pepper = [np.random.randint(0, i, num_pepper) for i in image.shape]
    noisy_image[coords_pepper[0], coords_pepper[1]] = 0

    return noisy_image

salt_prob = 0.02
pepper_prob = 0.02

salt_image = add_salt_pepper_noise(input_image, salt_prob, pepper_prob)

image = Image.open(input_image)
image_arr = np.array(image)

plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.title("Image")
plt.imshow(image_arr)
plt.axis("off")

plt.subplot(1,2,2)
```

```
plt.title("Noisy Image")
plt.imshow(salt_image)
plt.axis("off")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



II Code:

```
def mean_filter(image, kernel_size = 3):
    height, width, channels = image.shape
    pad = kernel_size // 2
    blurred_image = np.zeros_like(image, dtype=np.uint8)
      for c in range(channels):
       padded_channel = np.zeros((height + 2 * pad, width + 2 * pad))
       padded_channel[pad:pad + height, pad:pad + width] = image[:, :, c]
       for i in range(height):
          for j in range(width):
             kernel_region = padded_channel[i:i + kernel_size, j:j + kernel_size]
             kernel_mean = np.sum(kernel_region) / (kernel_size * kernel_size)
             blurred_image[i, j, c] = kernel_mean
    return blurred_image
blurred_image = mean_filter(salt_image, kernel_size=5)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.title("Noisy Image")
plt.imshow(salt_image)
plt.axis("off")
```

```
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.title("Mean Filtered Image")
plt.imshow(blurred_image)
plt.axis("off")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

III Code:

```
#creation of gaussian_kernel
def gaussian_kernel(size, sigma=1):
    kernel_1d = np.linspace(-size//2, size//2, size)
    kernel_1d = np.exp(-0.5 * (kernel_1d / sigma) ** 2
    # Normalize the kernel so that the sum of all values equals 1
    kernel_1d /= np.sum(kernel_1d)
    # Create a 2D kernel by taking the outer product of the 1D kernel with itself
    kernel_2d = np.outer(kernel_1d, kernel_1d)
    # Normalize the 2D kernel (this is just a safeguard, should already sum to 1)
    kernel_2d /= np.sum(kernel_2d)
    return kernel_2d
def gaussian_blur_color(image, kernel_size=5, sigma=1):
    kernel = gaussian_kernel(kernel_size, sigma)
    height, width, channels = image.shape
    pad = kernel_size // 2
    blurred_image = np.zeros_like(image, dtype=np.uint8)

    for c in range(channels):
        channel = image[:, :, c]
```

```
        padded_channel = np.pad(channel, ((pad, pad), (pad, pad)), mode='constant', constant_values=0)
        for i in range(height):
            for j in range(width):
                region = padded_channel[i:i + kernel_size, j:j + kernel_size]
                blurred_image[i, j, c] = np.sum(region * kernel)
    return blurred_image
kernel_size = 5
sigma = 1
blurred_image = gaussian_blur_color(salt_image, kernel_size, sigma)
plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
plt.subplot(1,2,1)
plt.title("Noisy Image")
plt.imshow(salt_image)
plt.axis("off")
plt.subplot(1,2,2)
plt.title("Gaussian Filter")
plt.imshow(blurred_image)
plt.axis("off")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```