A Review of Biotic Interactions and Taxon Names Found in

Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh

by Nomer and Elton, two naive review bots review@globalbioticinteractions.org https://globalbioticinteractions.org/contribute https://github.com/Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh/issues

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Abstract

Life on Earth is sustained by complex interactions between organisms and their environment. These biotic interactions can be captured in datasets and published digitally. We present a review process of such an openly accessible digital interactions dataset of known origin, and discuss its outcome. The dataset under review, named Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh, is 1.18GiB in size and contains 770990 interactions with 22 unique types of associations (e.g., visitsFlowersOf) between 4813 primary taxa (e.g., Apis mellifera) and 11908 associated taxa (e.g., Solidago). The report includes detailed summaries of interactions data as well as a taxonomic review from multiple catalogs.

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Introduction

Data Review

Data review can be a time consuming process, especially when done manually. This review report aims to help facilitate data review of species interaction claims made in datasets registered with Global Biotic Interactions (Poelen, Simons, and Mungall 2014). The review includes summary statistics of, and observations about, the dataset under review:

Seltmann KC, Poelen JH (2024) Likely Bee Interactions Extracted from Global Biotic Interactions Verbatim Data Product v0.7 hash://md5/946f7666667d60657dc89d9af8ffb909 hash://sha256/4e83d2daee05a4fa91819d58259ee58ffc5a29ec37aa7e84fd5ffbb2f92aa5b8 using Nomer's DiscoverLife Support file:///home/runner/work/select-bee-interactions.sh/select-bee-interactions.sh/examples/2024-06-07/./

For additional metadata related to this dataset, please visit https://github.com/Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh and inspect associated metadata files including, but not limited to, *README.md*, *eml.xml*, and/or *globi.json*.

Methods

The review is performed through programmatic scripts that leverage tools like Preston, Elton, Nomer combined with third-party tools like grep, mlr, tail and head.

Table 1: Tools used in this review process

tool name	version
elton	0.13.4
nomer	0.5.9
mlr	6.0.0
pandoc	3.1.6.1

The review process can be described in the form of the script below ¹.

¹Note that you have to first get the data (e.g., via elton pull Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-

get versioned copy of the dataset (size approx. 1.18GiB) under review
elton pull Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh

export indexed interaction records
elton interactions Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh\
 interactions.tsv

export names and align them with the Catalogue of Life using Nomer elton names Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh\

- | nomer append col\
- > name-alignment.tsv

or visually, in a process diagram.

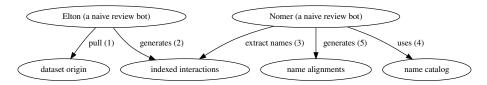


Figure 1: Review Process Overview

You can find a recent copy of the full review script at check-data.sh.

Results

In the following sections, the results of the review are summarized 2 . Then, links to the detailed review reports are provided.

Biotic Interactions

In this review, biotic interactions (or biotic associations) are modeled as a primary (aka subject, source) organism interacting with an associate (aka object, target) organism. The dataset under review classified the primary/associate organisms with specific taxa. The primary and associate organisms The kind of interaction is documented as an interaction type.

interactions.sh) before being able to generate reviews (e.g., elton review Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh), extract interaction claims (e.g., elton interactions Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh), or list taxonomic names (e.g., elton names Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh)

²Disclaimer. The results in this review should be considered friendly, yet naive, notes from an unsophisticated robot. Please keep that in mind when considering the review results.

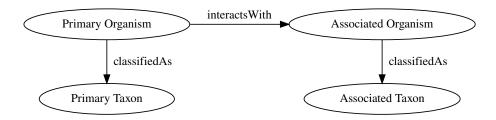


Figure 2: Biotic Interaction Data Model

The dataset under review, named Big-Bee-Network/select-bee-interactions.sh, is 1.18GiB in size and contains 770990 interactions with 22 unique types of associations (e.g., visitsFlowersOf) between 4813 primary taxa (e.g., Apis mellifera) and 11908 associated taxa (e.g., Solidago).

An exhaustive list of indexed interaction claims can be found in csv and tsv archives. To facilitate discovery, the first 500 claims available on the html page at indexed-interactions.html are shown below.

The exhaustive list was used to create the following data summaries below.

Table 2: Sample of Indexed Interaction Claims

sourceTaxonName	interaction Type Nar	${\it referenceCitation}$	
Clausicella neomexicana	hemiparasiteOf	Bombus fervidus	Arnaud, Paul Henri. A Host-parasite Catalog of North American Tachinidae (Diptera). Washington, D.C.: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Science and Education Administration, 1978.

$\overline{\mathrm{sourceTaxonName}}$	interactionTypeNa	m¢argetTaxonName	referenceCitation
Clausicella neomexicana	hemiparasiteOf	Bombus fervidus	Arnaud, Paul Henri. A Host-parasite Catalog of North American Tachinidae (Diptera). Washington, D.C.: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Science and Education Administration, 1978.
Lespesia frenchii	hemiparasiteOf	Bombus	Arnaud, Paul Henri. A Host-parasite Catalog of North American Tachinidae (Diptera). Washington, D.C.: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Science and Education Administration,
Lespesia frenchii	hemiparasiteOf	Bombus	1978. Arnaud, Paul Henri. A Host-parasite Catalog of North American Tachinidae (Diptera). Washington, D.C.: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Science and Education Administration, 1978.

Table 3: Most Frequently Mentioned Interaction Types (up to 20 most frequent)

interaction Type Name	count
visitsFlowersOf	159240
pollinates	60835
eats	51858
hasHost	48946
interactsWith	32007
visits	14729
preysOn	3538
endoparasiteOf	543
kleptoparasiteOf	332
pathogenOf	235
coOccursWith	208
adjacentTo	199
parasiteOf	188
providesNutrientsFor	142
createsHabitatFor	93
hemiparasiteOf	66
parasitoidOf	60
ectoparasiteOf	14
hasVector	12

Table 4: Most Frequently Mentioned Primary Taxa (up to 20 most frequent)

sourceTaxonName	count
Apis mellifera	38921
Andrena	20760
Bombus impatiens	18548
Bombus	13345
Acari	12577
Bombus griseocollis	7657
Bombus vosnesenskii	6200
Bombus pensylvanicus	5962
Megachile	5895
Bombus flavifrons	5250
Halictus	5229
Bombus melanopygus	5158
Bombus rufocinctus	5090
Bombus bimaculatus	4649
Bombus bifarius	4339

sourceTaxonName	count
Pyrobombus	4200
Bombus perplexus	4040
Bombus terrestris	3903
Bombus pascuorum	3860

Table 5: Most Frequently Mentioned Associate Taxa (up to 20 most frequent)

targetTaxonName	count
Solidago	6036
Trifolium repens	5083
Null	3686
Monarda fistulosa	3658
Rubus	3515
Symphyotrichum	3426
Trifolium pratense	3397
Pycnanthemum muticum	3264
Heliomeris multiflora	3192
Apis mellifera	3177
Megachile	2910
Heterotheca villosa	2874
Taraxacum officinale	2599
Taraxacum	2512
Salvia	2311
Nephrosperma vanhoutteanum	2301
Echinacea purpurea	2241
Cirsium	2019
Achillea millefolium	2001

Table 6: Most Frequent Interactions between Primary and Associate Taxa (up to 20 most frequent)

$\overline{\text{sourceTaxonName}}$	interaction Type Nar	n¢argetTaxonName	count
Andrena	hasHost	Rubus	1740
Lasioglossum	pollinates	Nephrosperma	1441
mahense		vanhoutteanum	
Acari	hasHost	Megachile	1320
Bombus	interactsWith	Null	1162
impatiens			
Bombus	hasHost	Centaurea stoebe	1130

sourceTaxonName	interactionTypeNa	m&argetTaxonName	count
Apis mellifera	pollinates	Trifolium repens	960
Bombus impatiens	visitsFlowersOf	Solidago	918
Vespa velutina	eats	Apis mellifera	838
Apis mellifera	pollinates	Nephrosperma vanhoutteanum	825
Bombus bifarius	visitsFlowersOf	Heliomeris multiflora	794
Bombus	hasHost	Solidago	780
Bombus flavifrons	visitsFlowersOf	Heliomeris multiflora	720
Apis mellifera	eats	Salvia rosmarinus	631
Bombus bifarius	${\bf visits Flowers Of}$	Heterotheca villosa	626
Bombus impatiens	visitsFlowersOf	Symphyotrichum	585
Bombus vosnesenskii	visitsFlowersOf	Acmispon glaber	562
Andrena	visitsFlowersOf	Sonchus tenerrinus	540
Andrena	hasHost	Geranium maculatum	540
Andrena	hasHost	Trifolium	540

Interaction Networks

The figures below provide a graph view on the dataset under review. The first shows a summary network on the kingdom level, and the second shows how interactions on the family level. It is important to note that both network graphs were first aligned taxonomically using the Catalogue of Life. Please refer to the original (or verbatim) taxonomic names for a more original view on the interaction data.

You can download the indexed dataset under review at indexed-interactions.csv. A tab-separated file can be found at indexed-interactions.tsv

Learn more about the structure of this download at GloBI website, by opening a GitHub issue, or by sending an email.

Another way to discover the dataset under review is by searching for it on the GloBI website.

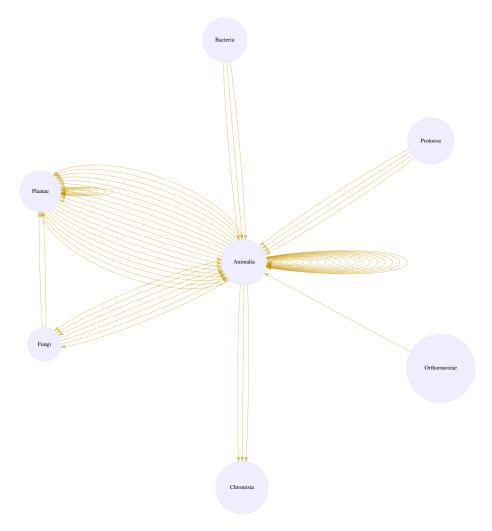


Figure 3: Interactions on taxonomic kingdom rank as interpreted by the Catalogue of Life download svg

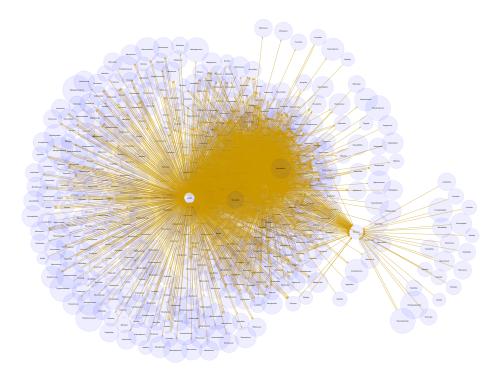


Figure 4: Interactions on the taxonomic family rank as interpreted by the Catalogue of Life. download svg $\,$

Taxonomic Alignment

As part of the review, all names are aligned against various name catalogs (e.g., col, ncbi, discoverlife, gbif, itis, wfo, mdd, tpt, and pbdb). These alignments can help review name usage or aid in selecting of a suitable taxonomic name resource.

Table 7: Sample of Name Alignments

providedName	relationName	resolvedCatalogNar	meresolvedName
Anaphalis	HAS_ACCEPTED	₫ Ø AME	Anaphalis
margaritacea			margaritacea
think English	NONE	col	think English
plantain Plantago			plantain Plantago
lanceolata			lanceolata
Plantago	NONE	col	Plantago
lanceolata			lanceolata
plantain			plantain
Abelia	HAS_ACCEPTED	_ c NAME	Abelia

Table 8: Distribution of Taxonomic Ranks of Aligned Names by Catalog. Names that were not aligned with a catalog are counted as NAs. So, the total number of unaligned names for a catalog will be listed in their NA row.

${\it resolved Catalog Name}$	${\it resolved} {\it Rank}$	count
col	NA	2266
col	class	5
col	family	109
col	form	1
col	genus	1281
col	gigaclass	1
col	kingdom	1
col	order	29
col	phylum	4
col	section	1
col	species	10829
col	subfamily	38
col	subgenus	9
col	suborder	1
col	subspecies	392
col	subterclass	2
col	superfamily	2
col	superorder	1

$\overline{\rm resolvedCatalogName}$	$\operatorname{resolvedRank}$	count
col	tribe	15
col	variety	89
discoverlife	NA	11010
discoverlife	class	1
discoverlife	family	6
discoverlife	genus	119
discoverlife	order	1
discoverlife	phylum	1
discoverlife	species	3525
discoverlife	subfamily	8
discoverlife	subgenus	168
discoverlife	subspecies	60
discoverlife	tribe	15
gbif	NA	1544
gbif	class	5
gbif	family	112
gbif	form	6
gbif	genus	1403
gbif	kingdom	1
gbif	order	29
gbif	phylum	4
gbif	species	11233
gbif	subspecies	620
gbif	variety	273
itis	NA	4626
itis	class	6
itis	division	3
itis	family	111
itis	genus	1171
itis	infrakingdom	1
itis	kingdom	2
itis	order	29
itis	phylum	1
itis	species	8618
itis	subclass	1
itis	subfamily	12
itis	subgenus	2
itis	suborder	2
itis	subspecies	141
itis	superclass	1
itis	superfamily	2
itis	superorder	2
itis	tribe	15
itis	variety	79
	/	

$\overline{\rm resolved Catalog Name}$	resolvedRank	count
mdd	NA	14809
ncbi	NA	4365
ncbi	clade	6
ncbi	class	5
ncbi	family	109
ncbi	genus	1241
ncbi	infraorder	1
ncbi	order	29
ncbi	phylum	2
ncbi	section	2
ncbi	species	8798
ncbi	species group	1
ncbi	subclass	1
ncbi	subfamily	41
ncbi	subgenus	61
ncbi	subspecies	61
ncbi	subtribe	12
ncbi	superclass	1
ncbi	superfamily	2
ncbi	superorder	2
ncbi	tribe	68
ncbi	varietas	21
pbdb	NA	13979
pbdb	class	8
pbdb	family	110
pbdb	genus	413
pbdb	kingdom	2
pbdb	order	32
pbdb	phylum	5
pbdb	species	224
pbdb	subfamily	16
pbdb	suborder	3
pbdb	subtribe	1
pbdb	superclass	1
pbdb	superfamily	2
pbdb	superorder	1
pbdb	superphylum	1
pbdb	tribe	13
pbdb	unranked clade	9
tpt	NA	14641
tpt	genus	8
tpt	species	160
wfo	NA	6558
wfo	class	1
		-

$\overline{\rm resolved Catalog Name}$	${\it resolved} {\it Rank}$	count
wfo	family	89
wfo	form	1
wfo	genus	1060
wfo	order	22
wfo	section	2
wfo	species	6951
wfo	subfamily	8
wfo	subsection	1
wfo	subspecies	132
wfo	subtribe	12
wfo	tribe	17
wfo	variety	71

Table 9: Name relationship types per catalog. Name relationship type "NONE" means that a name was not recognized by the associated catalog. "SAME_AS" indicates either a "HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME" or "SYNONYM_OF" name relationship type. We recognize that "SYNONYM_OF" encompasses many types of nomenclatural synonymies (ICZN 1999) (e.g., junior synonym, senior synonyms).

${\it resolved Catalog Name}$	relationName	count
col	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	18065
col	NONE	2546
col	SYNONYM_OF	4420
discoverlife	NONE	15120
discoverlife	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	6299
discoverlife	SYNONYM_OF	2327
discoverlife	HOMONYM_OF	936
gbif	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	22693
gbif	SYNONYM_OF	7792
gbif	NONE	1787
itis	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	15604
itis	NONE	5147
itis	SYNONYM_OF	1466
mdd	NONE	21667
mdd	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	15
ncbi	$SAME_AS$	16369
ncbi	NONE	4912
ncbi	COMMON_NAME_OF	4
ncbi	SYNONYM_OF	673
pbdb	NONE	20014

$\overline{\rm resolvedCatalogName}$	relationName	count
pbdb	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	1666
pbdb	SYNONYM_OF	73
tpt	NONE	21497
tpt	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	182
tpt	SYNONYM_OF	6
wfo	HAS_ACCEPTED_NAME	11341
wfo	HAS_UNCHECKED_NAME	1622
wfo	NONE	9577
wfo	SYNONYM_OF	2287

Table 10: List of Available Name Alignment Reports

catalog name	alignment results
col	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
ncbi	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
discoverlife	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
gbif	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
itis	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
wfo	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
mdd	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
tpt	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)
pbdb	associated names alignments (first 500, full csv/tsv)

Additional Reviews

Elton, Nomer, and other tools may have difficulties interpreting existing species interaction datasets. Or, they may misbehave, or otherwise show unexpected behavior. As part of the review process, detailed review notes are kept that document possibly misbehaving, or confused, review bots. An sample of review notes associated with this review can be found below.

Table 11: First few lines in the review notes.

reviewDate	reviewCommentType	reviewComment
2024-06-11T18:54:56Z	note	failed to lookup [GEONAMES:5434527]
		because of: [resource
		[http://api.geonames.org/getJSON?formatted=true&geonot found]
$2024\text{-}06\text{-}11\mathrm{T}18\text{:}54\text{:}56\mathrm{Z}$	note	failed to lookup
		[GEONAMES:5434527]
		because of: [resource
		[http://api.geonames.org/getJSON?formatted = true&geonames.org/getJSON?formatted = true&geonames.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/getJSON.org/g
		not found]
2024-06-11T18:54:56Z	note	failed to lookup
		[GEONAMES:5434527]
		because of: [resource
		[http://api.geonames.org/getJSON?formatted=true&geo
		not found]
$2024\text{-}06\text{-}11\mathrm{T}18\text{:}54\text{:}56\mathrm{Z}$	note	failed to lookup
		[GEONAMES:5434527]
		because of: [resource
		[http://api.geonames.org/getJSON?formatted=true&geonot found]

In addition, you can find the most frequently occurring notes in the table below.

Table 12: Most frequently occurring review notes, if any.

reviewComment	count	
failed to lookup	27711	
[GEONAMES:5539795] because of:		
[resource		
[http://api.geonames.org/getJSON?form	natted=true&geonameId=5539795&username=globi&style=full]	
not found]		
failed to lookup	752	
[GEONAMES:5434527] because of:		
[resource		
[http://api.geonames.org/getJSON?form	natted=true&geonameId=5434527&username=globi&style=full]	
not found]		
failed to lookup	677	
[GEONAMES:3895114] because of:		
[resource		
[http://api.geonames.org/getJSON?formatted = true&geonameId = 3895114&username = globi&style = full]		
not found]		

reviewComment	count	
failed to lookup	511	
[GEONAMES:4896861] beca	se of:	
[resource		
[http://api.geonames.org/get.	SON?formatted=true&geonameId=4896861	.&username=globi&style=full]
not found]		

For addition information on review notes, please have a look at the first 500 Review Notes or the download full csv or tsv archives.

GloBI Review Badge

As part of the review, a review badge is generated. This review badge can be included in webpages to indicate the review status of the dataset under review.



Figure 5: Picture of a GloBI Review Badge ³

Note that if the badge is green, no review notes were generated. If the badge is yellow, the review bots may need some help with interpreting the species interaction data.

GloBI Index Badge

If the dataset under review has been registered with GloBI, and has been successfully indexed by GloBI, the GloBI Index Status Badge will turn green. This means that the dataset under review was indexed by GloBI and is available through GloBI services and derived data products.



Figure 6: Picture of a GloBI Index Badge ⁴

If you'd like to keep track of reviews or index status of the dataset under review, please visit [GloBI's dataset index ^[At time of writing (2024-06-11) the version of the GloBI dataset index was available at https://globalbioticinteractions.org/datasets for badge examples.

 $^{^3\}mathrm{Up}\text{-to-date}$ status of the GloBI Review Badge can be retrieved from the GloBI Review Depot

 $^{^4}$ Up-to-date status of the GloBI Index Badge can be retrieved from GloBI's API

Discussion

This review aims to provide a perspective on the dataset to aid in understanding of species interaction claims discovered. However, it is important to note that this review does *not* assess the quality of the dataset. Instead, it serves as an indication of the open-ness⁵ and FAIRness (Wilkinson et al. 2016; Trekels et al. 2023) of the dataset: to perform this review, the data was likely openly available, Findable, Accessible, Interoperable and Reusable. The current Open-FAIR assessment is qualitative, and a more quantitative approach can be implemented with specified measurement units.

This report also showcases the reuse of machine-actionable (meta)data, something highly recommended by the FAIR Data Principles (Wilkinson et al. 2016). Making (meta)data machine-actionable enables more precise processing by computers, enabling even naive review bots like Nomer and Elton to interpret the data effectively. This capability is crucial for not just automating the generation of reports, but also for facilitating seamless data exchanges, promoting interoperability.

Acknowledgements

We thank the many humans that created us and those who created and maintained the data, software and other intellectual resources that were used for producing this review. In addition, we are grateful for the natural resources providing the basis for these human and bot activities.

Author contributions

Nomer was responsible for name alignments. Elton carried out dataset extraction, and generated the review notes.

References

ICZN. 1999. "International Code of Zoological Nomenclature." The International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature, London, UK. https://www.iczn.org/the-code/the-code-online/.

Poelen, Jorrit H., James D. Simons, and Chris J. Mungall. 2014. "Global Biotic Interactions: An Open Infrastructure to Share and Analyze Species-Interaction Datasets." *Ecological Informatics* 24 (November): 148–59. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoinf.2014.08.005.

Trekels, Maarten, Debora Pignatari Drucker, José Augusto Salim, Jeff Ollerton, Jorrit Poelen, Filipi Miranda Soares, Max Rünzel, Muo Kasina, Quentin

 $^{^5}$ According to http://opendefinition.org/: "Open data is data that can be freely used, re-used and redistributed by anyone - subject only, at most, to the requirement to attribute and sharealike."

Groom, and Mariano Devoto. 2023. "WorldFAIR Project (D10.1) Agriculture-related pollinator data standards use cases report." Zenodo. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8176978.

Wilkinson, Mark D., Michel Dumontier, IJsbrand Jan Aalbersberg, Gabrielle Appleton, Myles Axton, Arie Baak, Niklas Blomberg, et al. 2016. "The FAIR Guiding Principles for Scientific Data Management and Stewardship." Scientific Data 3 (1). https://doi.org/10.1038/sdata.2016.18.