

COVID19 SYMPTOMS ANALYSIS USING TWITTER DATA

An end-to-end data science project

Naïla EL HAOUARI 09/12/2020

Presentation of this session

Giving you technical tools and basic understanding of how they work on a concrete example: a Twitter analysis of COVID19 symptoms.

→ We want to analyze the reception of the global pandemic on social media, and more specifically, COVID19 symptoms people might mention on Twitter.

Overview of this session	
Tweets collection	How to use the Twitter API and code example
Data preparation	Preprocessing and filtering of textual data
Data visualization	Interactive graphs using plotly
Modelization	Building a machine learning classifier

All ressources and notebooks:

https://github.com/Naila-elh/CRI_BigDataCourse_2020

TWITTER API



Requirements: create a developer's account on https://developer.twitter.com/en **Ressources**:

- Official API documentation: https://developer.twitter.com/en/docs/twitter-api
- Python package tweepy: http://docs.tweepy.org/en/latest/index.html

Some requests examples:

- Get user timeline: get historical data, up to the 3,200 last tweets of a user (ref: API | tweepy)
- Streaming: get real-time sampled data (1%) + filter (ref: API | tweepy)
- Lookup user: get information screen name, description, profile picture on a user (ref: API | tweepy)
- Followers ids: get a user's followers (ref: API | tweepy)

TWITTER API

→ Tweets as **json** objects



```
"created at" : "Thu Apr 06 15:24:15 +0000 2017" ,
"id_str" : "850006245121695744" ,
"text" : "1\/ Today we\u2019re sharing our vision for the future of the Twitter API platform!\nhttps:\/\/t.co\/XweGnqmxlP'
"user" : {
 "id" : 2244994945 ,
 "name" : "Twitter Dev" ,
 "screen_name" : "TwitterDev" ,
 "location" : "Internet" ,
 "url" : "https:\/\/dev.twitter.com\/" ,
 "description" : "Your official source for Twitter Platform news, updates & events. Need technical help? Visit https:\//>
"place" : {
"entities" : {
 "hashtags" : [
 ] ,
 "urls" : [
    "url" : "https:\/\/t.co\/XweGngmxlP" ,
     "unwound" : {
     "url" : "https:\/\/cards.twitter.com\/cards\/18ce53wgo4h\/3xo1c" ,
      "title" : "Building the Future of the Twitter API Platform"
 "user_mentions" : [
```

TWITTER API



How we collected the tweets

Streaming

Filter : Île-de-France

Collecting 30 651 users



Timelines

On the 30,651 users
Historical data



Data cleaning

55M of tweets

Symptoms analysis



On the 30,651 users

Dernière actualisation: 26/10/2020



SOME CODE EXAMPLE: <u>streaming api</u>; <u>get timeline api</u>

DATA ANALYSIS

Aim: getting the tweets of people talking about their symptoms.

Preprocessing:

- Remove retweets (half of the dataset)
- Remove mentions (@mention) and url ([url])
- Dictionary of symptoms

Symptoms:

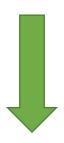
- Cough (toux, tousse)
- Fever (fièvre)
- Sore throat (maux de gorge, mal à la gorge)
- Headache (mal de tête, mal à la tête, mal de crâne)
- Breathing difficulties (difficultés à respirer, difficultés respiratoires, mal à respirer)
- Loss of taste and smell (perte du goût, perte de l'odorat)
- Symptom (symptôme)

HANDS ON! Notebook 3 - Data analysis and visualization

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Issue: many false positives in our tweets mentioning symptoms







Symptom before

« @mention J\'ai eu beaucoup de symptômes.. fin Février debut Mars, fin Mars (essoufflement quoi que je fasse) je suis donc allée chez le medecin, "c\'est le stress" ❷ je me reconnais dans ce Tread..' »

NOT a symptom

« Jcrois j'ai trop rigoler ojd j'ai mal à la gorge »

General news

« En cas de fièvre, privilégiez le paracétamol. En effet, les anti-inflammatoires comme l'ibuprofène, de part leur mécanisme d'action, peuvent aggraver l'infection! En cas de doute, demandez conseil à un professionnel de #santé \(\begin{align*} \lambda \pi \omega \lambda \lambda \end{align*} \(\pi \omega \

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Does this tweet contain self-reported COVID19 symptoms?

Symptoms can be about the person tweeting or someone they are referring to directly. They should be current and not about past events. If you are unsure about your annotation, hit the "skip" button."

@mention Diarrhée, perte d'odorat, orteils gonflés... les symptômes du Covid-19 se multiplient [url] via @mention

May 12, 2020

Yes No skip

What is this about?

In this study, we aim to create a model of how tweets about self-reported COVID19 symptoms can help predict upcoming pandemic waves, and more generally the rise and fall of the disease. To that end, we crawled public tweets from the Paris region filtered by symptoms keywords, and plotted them in time (see the graph below).

However, this filtering is very crude, e.g people don't only tweet about symptoms when they are currently falling sick, but also about that one time a year ago when they fell sick, or when talking about the general news.

To filter out such false-positives we need **your** help! Which of these tweets are describing an acute symptom and which ones don't? Your contribution will make a direct impact!

If you want to learn more about the people behind this project you can visit our *About* page.

Citizen science platform: https://covid-twitter.thecommons.science/

CLASSIFICATION

Based on the 7,300 annotations from the platform, can we predict which tweets are true positive?

Steps:

- <u>Clean the labels:</u> only consider tweets that have been labelled similarly several times
- Build the features from the textual data
- Train a classifier
- <u>Define metrics</u> to evaluate the results
- Refine the classifier with hyperparameters tuning and cross-validation
- Plot the corrected curve

THANK YOU!

Any questions, clarifications?

→ naila.elhaouari@cri-paris.org