

Systematic Investing in CLOs

Introducing Momentum Algorithms

- We appreciate your support in in the 2019 Institutional Investor Global Fixed-Income Research survey: voting.institutionalinvestor.com.
- As we anticipate a global CLO market of \$800bn by end-2019 (\$760bn currently), broader acceptance of the product may entail more automation, such as the use of systematic strategies. While we don't see CLO market convention of manager/transaction analysis fully replaced in the future, we can imagine investors using predictive tools such as algorithms. With J.P. Morgan Global Index Research, we begin the conversation by introducing momentum allocation to the CLO market.
- Momentum is a part of factor investing, which employs factors (momentum, value, margin, size, etc) to determine an allocation strategy to outperform beta (in corporate credit, see [Fact or Fiction](#) by Saul Doctor). Simply, we consider going long momentum baskets of CLOs using trending prices to overweight past winners and underweight past losers.
- Using our CLOIE index as a benchmark, we begin with sub-indices then move to bond-level, applying momentum signal investing to select actual baskets of bonds catering to investor preferences (rating constrained or unconstrained).
- Back-testing suggests investing based on momentum signals can outperform the CLOIE by both capturing trends and spotting inflection points around market bottoms, even with constraints (not just allocating to riskier bonds). However, the relatively high sharpe ratios need to be taken with caution, resulting from lower volatility (less liquidity/more buy-and-hold nature in CLOs). Strategies also have practical limitations (sourcing, tiering, turnover, risk capital etc).
- We introduce 30 bond-level momentum algos in the Appendix and will expand the [CLOIE Monitor](#) to enhance transparency in this space.

Securitized Products Research

Rishad Ahluwalia ^{AC}

(44-20) 7134-0254

rishad.ahluwalia@jpmorgan.com

J.P. Morgan Securities plc

Heather A Rochford

(1-212) 834-3578

heather.a.rochford@jpmorgan.com

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

Michael (Xin) Huang

(1-212) 834-3047

michael.xin.huang@jpmorgan.com

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

Global Index Research

Jacqueline E Rachaf

(1-212) 834-2349

jacqueline.rachaf@jpmorgan.com

J.P. Morgan Securities LLC

See page 14 for analyst certification and important disclosures.

J.P. Morgan does and seeks to do business with companies covered in its research reports. As a result, investors should be aware that the firm may have a conflict of interest that could affect the objectivity of this report. Investors should consider this report as only a single factor in making their investment decision.

Systematic Investing in CLOs: Introducing Momentum Algorithms

-
- We appreciate your support in in the 2019 Institutional Investor Global Fixed-Income Research survey: [voting.institutionalinvestor.com](https://www.institutionalinvestor.com/survey/voting).
 - As we anticipate a global CLO market of \$800bn by end-2019 (\$760bn currently), broader acceptance of the product may entail more automation, such as the use of systematic strategies. While we don't see CLO market convention of manager/transaction analysis fully replaced in the future, we can imagine investors using predictive tools such as algorithms. With J.P. Morgan Global Index Research, we begin the conversation by introducing momentum allocation to the CLO market.
 - Momentum is a part of factor investing, which employs factors (momentum, value, margin, size, etc) to determine an allocation strategy to outperform beta (in corporate credit, see [Fact or Fiction](#) by Saul Doctor). Simply, we consider going long momentum baskets of CLOs using trending prices to overweight past winners and underweight past losers.
 - Using our CLOIE index as a benchmark, we begin with sub-indices then move to bond-level, applying momentum signal investing to select actual baskets of bonds catering to investor preferences (rating constrained or unconstrained).
 - Back-testing suggests investing based on momentum signals can outperform the CLOIE by both capturing trends and spotting inflection points around market bottoms, even with constraints (not just allocating to riskier bonds). However, the relatively high sharpe ratios need to be taken with caution, resulting from lower volatility (less liquidity/more buy-and-hold nature in CLOs). Strategies also have practical limitations (sourcing, tiering, turnover, risk capital etc).
 - We introduce 30 bond-level momentum algos in the Appendix and will expand the [CLOIE Monitor](#) to enhance transparency in this space.
-

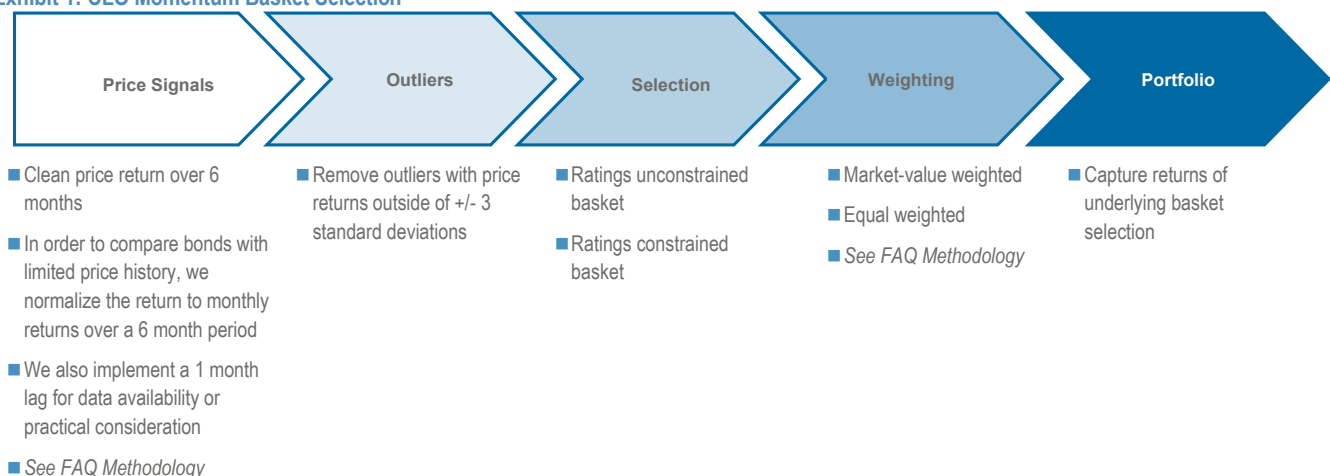
Systematic Investing in CLOs

Introducing Momentum Algorithms

As we anticipate a global CLO market of \$800bn by end-2019 (\$760bn currently), broader acceptance of the product may entail more automation such as the use of systematic strategies. We showed how to incorporate CLOs to portfolios [here](#) and now, introduce more automated allocation. While we don't see market convention of manager/transaction analysis fully replaced, we can imagine investors using predictive strategies to manage risk/reward. Investing using algorithms is already here more broadly ([link](#)) and with Global Index Research, we begin the conversation on factor investing in CLOs as a systematic strategy, introduce momentum allocation as an initial example, and track performance. Momentum is a part of factor investing, which employs factors (momentum, value, margin, size, etc) to determine an allocation strategy to outperform beta (see [Fact or Fiction](#) by Saul Doctor). Simply, we consider going long momentum baskets of CLOs to extract any uncorrelated risk premia associated with momentum versus just holding the market portfolio of CLOs, using trending prices to overweight past winners and underweight past losers.

Using our CLOIE index as a benchmark, we begin with sub-indices then move to bond-level, applying momentum signal investing to select actual baskets of bonds catering to investor preferences. Exhibit 1 illustrates our momentum basket construction, where we calculate and rank signals based on price changes. Momentum specifically and factor investing broadly is relatively untested in CLOs. Back-testing suggests investing based on momentum signals can outperform the CLOIE by both capturing trends and spotting inflection points around market bottoms, even with constraints (not just allocating to riskier bonds). However, the relatively high sharpe ratios in both the benchmark and the strategies need to be taken with caution as they result from lower volatility (less liquidity/more buy-and-hold nature in CLOs). Strategies also have practical limitations (sourcing, tiering, turnover, risk capital etc). We introduce 30 bond-level momentum algos in the Appendix and look forward to expanding our [CLOIE Monitor](#) to enhance market transparency.

Exhibit 1: CLO Momentum Basket Selection



Source: J.P. Morgan.

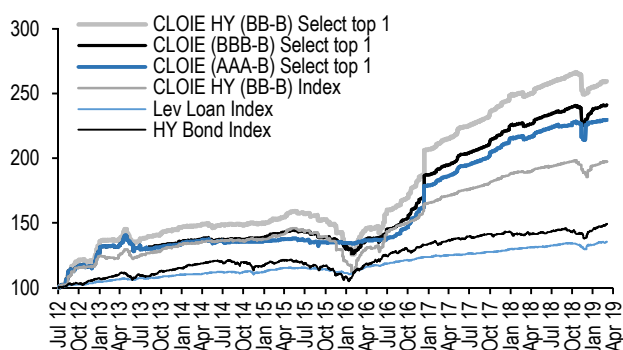
Momentum algorithm performance

Index-level strategic allocation

As it may be more intuitive for CLO investors to understand allocating between rating classes, we begin with sub-index level results to introduce the concept of momentum and some constraints that can be applied. Using our six CLOIE sub-indices (AAA, AA, Single-A, BBB, BB, Single-B), we ran 36 combinations (though there are more) based on relative momentum signals over a 6 month lookback period (with a 1 month lag) since 2012 and assumed different rating constraints to mimic investor segmentation. We tested both equal and market value weights of the sub-indices ([see the FAQ later in this publication](#)). The momentum signal for each CLOIE sub-index is measured by the percent change of the average index clean price over a 6 month period with a 1 month lag, put simply, the strongest 6-month signal will suggest allocation to that tranche (or tranches, depending on constraints).

Exhibit 2: Top 3 CLOIE sub index-level allocation strategy performance versus CLOIE Total BB-B index, Loan index, HY index

Gross Returns, Monthly Rebalance



Source: J.P. Morgan. The performance of the 3 index-level strategies are the same for both market and equal weight because there is no weighting necessary given these strategies select the top 1 sub-index. As of May 9th, 2019.

Exhibit 3: Top 3 CLOIE sub index-level allocation strategy risk metrics versus CLOIE Total BB-B, Loan index, HY index

Strategy/Index	Max 1M Drawdown	Std Dev 1M	Annualized Vol %
CLOIE HY (BB-B) Select top 1	-6.75	3.28	8.79
CLOIE (BBB-B) Select top 1	-6.39	2.54	8.23
CLOIE (AAA-B) Select top 1	-6.39	2.25	7.97
CLOIE BB-B Index	-7.44	2.80	6.66
Leveraged Loan Index	-2.31	0.73	1.39
HY Bond Index	-2.97	1.50	4.15

Source: J.P. Morgan. See Appendix A for additional risk/return metrics and calculation methodologies. As of May 9th, 2019.

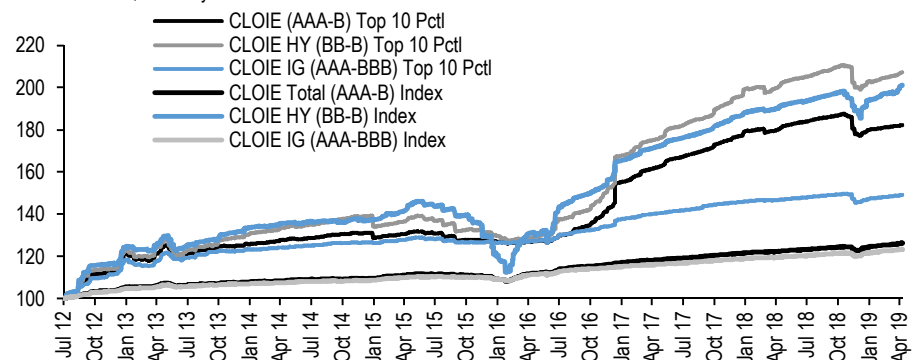
On a sub-index level, it's unsurprising the top performing strategies tend to favor riskier mezzanine tranches as more levered tranches tend to experience larger price swings. We'd also note that riskier strategies entail heavier one month return drawdowns (-6.75 for Select Top 1 HY (BB-B) versus -2.95 for Select Top 1 IG (AAA-BBB)), higher annualized return volatility (8.79 for Select Top 1 HY (BB-B) versus 3.66 for Select Top 1 IG (AAA-BBB)) and rebalancing cost would probably be more onerous (bid/ask, liquidity) (See Appendix A, Exhibit 1). But it's important to understand that momentum algos can also be useful for risk-constrained investors. In another example, selecting just the top 1 signal in CLOIE IG-ratings (AAA-BBB) outperformed the CLOIE Total. In Appendix A, Exhibit 1, we list 36 sub-index level results. Index-level approaches can be useful for relative value purposes across the CLO capital structure in addition to alternative approaches (such as risk/reward or Modern Portfolio Theory), but are unlikely to be applied in the real world.

Bond-level strategic allocation

To put this into practice, we turn to bond-level strategies which are truly momentum-based algos, but are more complex given all of the possible preferences (rating constraints, stop-loss preferences, weighting methodology, market exposure, etc.). To consider different capabilities in this introductory report, the algo we focus on selects bonds with momentum signals in the top decile for each rating basket (IG, HY, and AAA-B) and applies an equal weight (ignores market value) to the bonds in each respective basket with no rating constraints. Recall that momentum signals are based on a 6 month lookback of clean price changes (with a 1 month lag). Again, the top performing allocations are in favour of mezzanine tranches, but also, each strategy results in outperformance of the respective standard CLOIE sub-indices (IG, HY, and total (Exhibit 4)). We note each of these strategies require high turnover rates, which average 90% for CLOIE (AAA-B), 93% for IG and 102% for HY on a monthly basis which we acknowledge can be challenging to source bonds and pay bid/offer. Investment styles may vary, and our selections aim to maximize returns in each rating category for the top decile of bonds, but we consider other approaches, including maximizing risk/reward (sharpe ratio) or minimizing turnover which suggest allocations to market weight positive momentum IG (AAA-BBB) and equal weight positive momentum CLOIE (AAA-B), respectively (see additional 30 bond-level allocation strategies and results summarized in Appendix A, Exhibit 2).

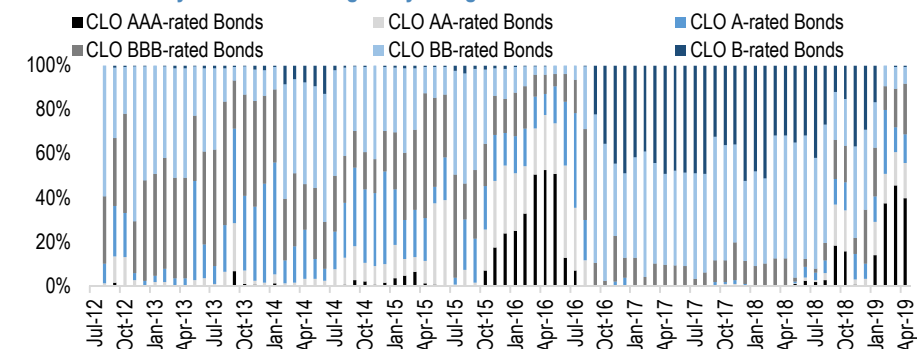
Exhibit 4: Bond-level allocation strategy performance versus CLOIE sub-indices

Gross Returns, Monthly Rebalance



Source: J.P. Morgan. As of May 9TH, 2019.

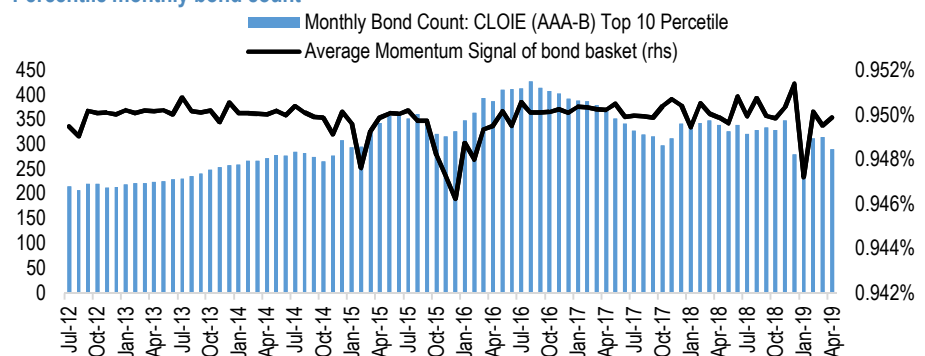
Exhibit 5: Select bond-level strategy equal weight, rating unconstrained, CLOIE (AAA-B) Top 10 Percentile monthly bond basket weights by rating



Source: J.P. Morgan. As of May 9TH, 2019.

The example strategy for selecting an equal weight basket based on the top decile of bonds with no rating constraints in CLOIE (AAA-Single-B) means the algo selects the top 10% count of bonds based on the strongest momentum signals each month, disregarding market value or rating. Given the heavy exposure to mezzanine tranches in this 'borderless' approach (Exhibit 5), two alternative approaches to reduce this exposure would be to apply a market value weight (versus equal weight) which would allocate more to bonds larger in size (such as AAA-rated bonds, is ~68% of the market) or to apply rating constraints, requiring the allocations to select bonds within each tranche. We also note the bond count fluctuates at the rebalance depending on the count of bonds in our overall CLOIE index. To give a sense of the monthly average price signal of our example strategy, Exhibit 6, has bond count allocation and average momentum signals of our selected bond basket.

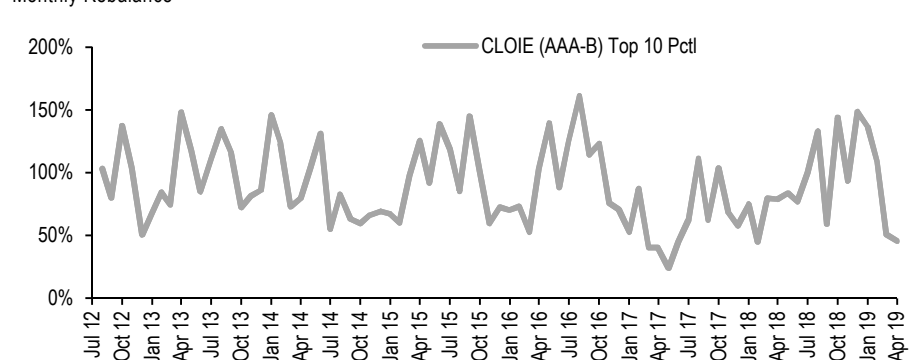
Exhibit 6: Select bond-level strategy equal weight, rating unconstrained, CLOIE (AAA-B) Top 10 Percentile monthly bond count



Source: J.P. Morgan. As of May 9th, 2019

Exhibit 7: Select bond-level strategy equal weight, rating unconstrained, CLOIE (AAA-B) Top 10 Percentile monthly portfolio turnover ratio

Monthly Rebalance



Turnover Ratio is calculated as the sum of absolute value weight changes between two periods. As of May 9th, 2019. Conclusion and future considerations.

In summary, the sub-index level is useful to introduce the concept of automated allocation and consider relative value under different investor preferences, but in practice the bond-level approach is more likely to be applied in trading portfolios. There are other considerations such as liquidity, turnover (we set an unconstrained monthly rebalance), transaction costs (we only have access to bid prices), portfolio size (our allocation strategies grow in size with the CLOIE index), vintage diversification, structure (calls, duration, vintage, risk retention, etc) or allocating to primary (as this is based on a 6 month historical prices). We also plan to consider

factors beyond momentum (i.e. size, margin, value etc). Momentum, specifically, and factor investing, broadly, is in our view relatively untested in CLOs. Our goal is to begin the conversation on factor investing in CLOs, introduce the various possibilities for momentum allocation as an initial example, and track performance.

FAQ: Momentum signal and weighting methodology

How do you calculate the signal and over what time horizon?

The momentum signal is measured by the percentage change of the average clean price over a period of N months. The formula is $(\text{Clean Price}_T / \text{Clean Price}_{T-N}) - 1$, where N is the lookback period in months. For the purpose of this analysis, we use a 6 month period but other common options are 1 month, 3 month, and 12 months. We also implemented a 1 month lag to account for any delays in data availability or practical considerations, such as sourcing bonds in the secondary market. For example, if today is 5/31, we would arrive at a signal based on the price change from 10/31 to 4/30. We also considered how the 1 month lag impacts performance by back testing each strategy with no lag in the signal. While we found that no lag was most efficient from a return perspective, suggesting that the most recent valuation history helps identify future trends, we decided to highlight only scenarios with a 1 month lag as rebalancing a portfolio in one day is unrealistic.

Why can time horizons for lookback periods matter for the signal?

Understanding how the signal for each asset changes over time informs the weights and bond basket selection. Simply, lengthening the time horizon of the look back period reduces the average volatility of the signal (as expected) which could be beneficial if looking to minimize turnover, but also means minimizing the potential to capture short-term swings. Exhibits 8-9 looks at the average price and standard deviation of monthly signal by bond rating and time horizon. Results are adjusted to monthly periods to provide standardization. For example, 6M CLO BBB-rated bonds has an average monthly momentum signal of 0.27%, or in other words, the average 1 month price percent change for CLO BBB-rated bonds is +0.27% (1.62% standardized to 6 months), with a 1.00% monthly standard deviation of momentum signals (6.00% standardized to 6 months).

Exhibit 8: Average momentum signal by lookback period and credit bucket

%	1M	3M	6M	9M	12M
AAA	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05
AA	0.13	0.13	0.13	0.14	0.13
A	0.20	0.18	0.18	0.20	0.20
BBB	0.31	0.27	0.27	0.29	0.29
BB	0.37	0.29	0.29	0.31	0.31
B	0.24	0.19	0.22	0.27	0.32

Source: J.P. Morgan. As of May 9th, 2019. Returns are adjusted to monthly returns to compare returns over different time horizons.

Exhibit 9: Standard deviation of momentum signal by lookback period and credit bucket

%	1M	3M	6M	9M	12M
AAA	0.84	0.30	0.17	0.13	0.11
AA	0.82	0.53	0.42	0.37	0.32
A	1.36	0.80	0.62	0.53	0.47
BBB	2.33	1.31	1.00	0.85	0.73
BB	3.96	2.20	1.65	1.36	1.15
B	4.97	3.36	2.74	2.39	2.10

Source: J.P. Morgan. As of May 9th, 2019. Returns are adjusted to monthly returns to compare returns over different time horizons.

What do momentum signals suggest in our CLOIE sub-indices?

Using the average monthly price signals above, we've ranked the momentum signals of each rating bucket using various lookback horizons (i.e. 1 month, 3 month, 6 month, etc.). From the table below, signals suggest increasing exposure to CLO BBB/BB bonds and reducing allocations to CLO AAA/AA bonds. In terms of the

time horizon, there are some differences in the cusps. For example, in the 6 month look back period, we would generally add exposure to CLO BBBs and CLO BBs, but in the twelve month look back scenario we would add exposure to CLO single-Bs instead of BBBs.

Exhibit 10: Relative Ranking of Average Price Signals (1=Reduce Weight, 6 = Add Weight)

	1M	3M	6M	9M	12M
AAA	↓ 1	↓ 1	↓ 1	↓ 1	↓ 1
AA	↓ 2	↓ 2	↓ 2	↓ 2	↓ 2
A	→ 3	→ 3	→ 3	→ 3	→ 3
BBB	↑ 5	↑ 5	↑ 5	↑ 5	→ 4
BB	↑ 6	↑ 6	↑ 6	↑ 6	↑ 5
B	→ 4	→ 4	→ 4	→ 4	↑ 6

Source: J.P. Morgan.

How do we translate signals into selecting bonds for a basket?

There are two main ways to select bonds based on the signal: absolute and relative.

Absolute momentum strategies use an indicator to determine price trends of each asset and select based on a specific return threshold over a specified period of time. For example, go long an asset with positive momentum signals (a 0% price return threshold) over N months. In Appendix A, Exhibit 2, see positive momentum signal strategy results. However, in a month where all return signals are negative, how to allocate? We look forward to exploring more on absolute weights as we analyze on a bond level in future research.

Relative momentum employs trend indicators to rank assets. An example of this is use the past N months return to rank assets based on momentum signals and then go long a portfolio of the top-performing assets. We use this approach in the majority of our strategy allocations, where we select the top decile, quartile, etc. of performing bonds within defined constraints.

How do we apply weights to each bond? Equal or market value?

Bond basket allocation can be based on equal or market value weights. Our strategies require exposure to a fluctuating number of bonds as CLOIE and the market grows by bond count, however the suggested weight allocation suggestions can be applied to any portfolio size. When considering portfolio fund size, we generally think market weight is more practical given it takes into account the size of the market, whereas equal weight could be challenging to attain in some cases (i.e. AAA and Single-B which account for 68.4% and 0.7% of the market, respectively). However, as majority of the market is CLO AAA, equal weight strategies tend to outperform market weight strategies in CLOs given return performance and momentum signals tend to favor mezzanine tranches. In other words, equal weights would apply higher allocation to riskier, smaller tranches.

In an idealized example, we explain how to weight each bond. Suppose you have a basket of three assets, where Bond A is \$100mn, Bond B is \$200mn and Bond C is \$300mn. If you decide to use market value weights, then the largest asset receives a larger exposure – so Bond C of \$300mn will have a weight of $300 / 600 = 50\%$, but the smallest weight will belong to Bond A ($100 / 600 = 17\%$). This is the typical

Rishad Ahluwalia
(44-20) 7134-0254
rishad.ahluwalia@jpmorgan.com

Heather A Rochford
(1-212) 834-3578
heather.a.rochford@jpmorgan.com

Michael (Xin) Huang
(1-212) 834-3047
michael.xin.huang@jpmorgan.com

Jacqueline E Rachaf
(1-212) 834-2349
jacqueline.rachaf@jpmorgan.com

Global
Systematic Investing in CLOs
10 May 2019

J.P.Morgan

weighting methodology for most benchmarks, and assuming the returns of 6% for Bond A, 3% for Bond B, and 1% for Bond C the portfolio return would be 2.51%. An alternative weighting methodology is equal weighted, which applies the same weight to all assets in the basket, regardless of their size. So in the above example, even though Bond C is the largest, it would be weighted the same as the smallest bond. Effectively, this strategy allocates a higher exposure to smaller, typically riskier bonds and the portfolio return would be a higher 3.30%.

Exhibit 11: Idealized Example of market versus equal weight allocation

Bond	Size (\$mn)	Market Weight	Equal Weight	Difference	Return
A	100	17%	33%	17%	6%
B	200	33%	33%	0%	3%
C	300	50%	33%	-17%	1%
Total	600	100%	100%	0%	

Source: J.P. Morgan.

Appendix A: CLO Momentum Results in Detail

In Exhibits 1 and 2, we summarize allocation strategy results with risk and return details. We provide Gross YTD returns, Gross cumulative returns since the first rebalance July 31st, 2012. Also, Max 1M drawdown is the maximum price drop within a month for the specified index or bond basket, Std Dev 1M is the monthly volatility of momentum signals, Sharpe Ratio is Annualized Rtn % / Annualized Vol % and average turnover ratio is calculated as the sum of absolute value weight changes between two periods.

Exhibit 1: 36 Index-level allocation strategy performance versus comparable CLOIE indices

Rating Strategy	Sub-Index Selection	Weight	YTD Rtn %	Cumulative Rtn %	Max 1M Drawdown	Std Dev 1M	Annualized Rtn %	Annualized Vol %	Sharpe Ratio
HY (BB-B)	Select top 1	Equal	5.73	163.93	-6.75	3.28	22.94	8.79	2.61
HY (BB-B)	Select top 1	Mkt Val	5.73	163.93	-6.75	3.28	22.94	8.79	2.61
BBB-B	Select top 1	Equal	6.10	143.89	-6.39	2.54	20.89	8.23	2.54
BBB-B	Select top 1	Mkt Val	6.10	143.89	-6.39	2.54	20.89	8.23	2.54
BBB-B	Select top 2	Equal	5.92	131.50	-4.99	2.54	19.55	6.35	3.08
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 1	Mkt Val	2.19	130.44	-6.39	2.25	19.44	7.97	2.44
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 1	Equal	2.19	130.44	-6.39	2.25	19.44	7.97	2.44
HY (BB-B)	Select top 2	Equal	6.75	126.22	-9.29	3.46	18.97	8.33	2.28
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 2	Equal	2.60	117.57	-4.67	1.99	17.99	5.45	3.30
HY (BB-B)	Select top 2	Mkt Val	7.40	109.10	-7.44	3.01	16.99	6.92	2.45
BBB-B	Select top 3	Equal	6.53	107.15	-7.06	2.85	16.76	6.59	2.54
BBB-B	Select top 2	Mkt Val	6.45	106.41	-4.87	2.25	16.67	5.43	3.07
CLOIE HY (BB-B)	INDEX	Mkt Val	7.40	100.98	-7.44	2.80	16.01	6.66	2.40
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 3	Equal	3.10	92.30	-4.97	1.78	14.93	4.54	3.28
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 2	Mkt Val	2.31	91.92	-3.09	1.65	14.88	4.02	3.70
BBB-B	Select top 3	Mkt Val	6.71	88.18	-5.19	2.27	14.40	5.16	2.79
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 4	Equal	3.84	82.09	-4.20	1.58	13.60	3.92	3.47
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 5	Equal	4.22	77.85	-3.55	1.67	13.03	3.73	3.50
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 6	Equal	4.80	65.56	-4.08	1.70	11.32	3.83	2.96
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 3	Mkt Val	2.45	64.00	-4.06	1.40	11.10	3.33	3.33
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 1	Equal	2.19	56.44	-2.95	1.34	9.99	3.66	2.73
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 1	Mkt Val	2.19	56.44	-2.95	1.34	9.99	3.66	2.73
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 4	Mkt Val	2.70	53.68	-3.08	1.12	9.57	2.61	3.67
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 2	Equal	2.60	49.07	-2.42	1.08	8.87	2.81	3.15
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 2	Mkt Val	2.31	48.17	-2.33	0.97	8.73	2.49	3.50
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 5	Mkt Val	2.82	47.74	-2.37	1.00	8.66	2.24	3.86
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 3	Equal	3.10	45.61	-1.93	0.94	8.32	2.28	3.66
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 3	Mkt Val	2.45	40.73	-1.79	0.81	7.54	1.95	3.86
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 4	Equal	3.84	40.39	-2.08	0.89	7.49	2.12	3.53
AAA-A	Select top 1	Equal	2.19	37.22	-1.89	0.70	6.96	2.28	3.06
AAA-A	Select top 1	Mkt Val	2.19	37.22	-1.89	0.70	6.96	2.28	3.06
AAA-A	Select top 2	Equal	2.60	35.50	-1.42	0.66	6.68	1.80	3.70
AAA-A	Select top 2	Mkt Val	2.31	34.42	-1.40	0.63	6.50	1.71	3.79
AAA-A	Select top 3	Equal	3.10	31.02	-1.47	0.61	5.92	1.60	3.71
CLOIE (AAA-B)	Select top 6	Mkt Val	2.96	27.38	-1.25	0.54	5.28	1.26	4.19
CLOIE (AAA-B)	INDEX	Mkt Val	2.96	26.29	-1.25	0.51	5.09	1.19	4.27
IG (AAA-BBB)	Select top 4	Mkt Val	2.70	24.22	-1.08	0.43	4.72	1.06	4.45
CLOIE IG (AAA-BBB)	INDEX	Mkt Val	2.70	23.27	-1.08	0.41	4.55	1.00	4.56
AAA-A	Select top 3	Mkt Val	2.45	21.60	-0.87	0.36	4.25	0.93	4.55

Source: J.P. Morgan. As of May 9th, 2019.

Rishad Ahluwalia
(44-20) 7134-0254
rishad.ahluwalia@jpmorgan.com

Michael (Xin) Huang
(1-212) 834-3047
michael.xin.huang@jpmorgan.com

Global
Systematic Investing in CLOs
10 May 2019

J.P.Morgan

Heather A Rochford
(1-212) 834-3578
heather.a.rochford@jpmorgan.com

Jacqueline E Rachaf
(1-212) 834-2349
jacqueline.rachaf@jpmorgan.com

Exhibit 2: 30 bond-level allocation strategy performance

Rating Strategy	Bond Selection	Rating Constraint	Weight	YTD Rtn %	Cumulative Rtn %	Max 1M Drawdown	Std Dev 1M	Annualized Rtn %	Annualized Vol %	Sharpe Ratio	Average Turnover %
HY (BB-B)	top 25 Percentile	Unconstrained	Equal	4.37	107.71	-6.00	2.29	16.06	6.26	2.57	0.77
HY (BB-B)	top 10 Percentile	Unconstrained	Equal	3.88	107.24	-5.84	2.24	16.01	6.31	2.54	1.03
HY (BB-B)	top 25 Percentile	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	4.58	96.88	-6.06	2.23	14.80	5.89	2.51	0.80
HY (BB-B)	top 25 Percentile	Constrained	Equal	4.60	96.24	-6.00	2.27	14.72	5.80	2.54	0.80
HY (BB-B)	top 10 Percentile	Constrained	Equal	4.00	93.60	-5.87	2.18	14.41	5.83	2.47	1.02
HY (BB-B)	positive momentum signal	Unconstrained	Equal	3.27	92.41	-5.31	1.97	14.26	4.86	2.94	0.63
HY (BB-B)	top 10 Percentile	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	3.68	91.81	-5.83	2.17	14.19	5.93	2.39	1.05
HY (BB-B)	top 25 Percentile	Constrained	Mkt Val	4.70	87.69	-6.06	2.14	13.69	5.37	2.55	0.80
HY (BB-B)	top 10 Percentile	Constrained	Mkt Val	4.10	86.31	-5.85	2.02	13.52	5.33	2.54	1.02
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 10 Percentile	Unconstrained	Equal	2.79	82.23	-4.80	1.79	13.00	4.68	2.78	0.90
HY (BB-B)	positive momentum signal	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	3.34	82.06	-5.37	1.90	12.98	4.61	2.81	0.62
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 25 Percentile	Unconstrained	Equal	2.68	71.65	-3.51	1.43	11.64	3.51	3.32	0.61
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 10 Percentile	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	2.13	66.89	-4.47	1.56	11.00	3.96	2.78	1.01
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 25 Percentile	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	2.13	59.50	-3.02	1.20	9.98	2.91	3.43	0.72
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 10 Percentile	Unconstrained	Equal	2.37	48.95	-2.53	1.11	8.46	2.85	2.96	0.93
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 25 Percentile	Constrained	Equal	3.00	45.78	-2.41	0.97	7.98	2.39	3.35	0.66
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 25 Percentile	Unconstrained	Equal	2.46	45.20	-2.30	0.93	7.89	2.37	3.34	0.63
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 10 Percentile	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	1.94	44.61	-2.23	1.01	7.80	2.54	3.07	1.03
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 10 Percentile	Constrained	Equal	2.73	43.77	-2.99	1.00	7.68	2.41	3.18	0.88
CLOIE (AAA-B)	positive momentum signal	Unconstrained	Equal	2.94	43.58	-3.43	0.85	7.65	2.00	3.82	0.54
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 25 Percentile	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	2.05	39.71	-2.15	0.83	7.05	2.10	3.35	0.74
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 25 Percentile	Constrained	Equal	2.58	34.16	-1.58	0.67	6.17	1.73	3.56	0.66
IG (AAA-BBB)	positive momentum signal	Unconstrained	Equal	2.68	33.54	-2.07	0.61	6.07	1.51	4.03	0.55
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 10 Percentile	Constrained	Equal	2.35	32.88	-2.15	0.70	5.96	1.80	3.31	0.90
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 25 Percentile	Constrained	Mkt Val	2.24	24.06	-1.26	0.42	4.49	1.06	4.25	0.67
CLOIE (AAA-B)	top 10 Percentile	Constrained	Mkt Val	2.05	23.11	-1.36	0.45	4.33	1.14	3.79	0.87
CLOIE (AAA-B)	positive momentum signal	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	2.40	23.04	-1.99	0.43	4.31	1.00	4.30	0.59
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 25 Percentile	Constrained	Mkt Val	2.10	21.41	-1.09	0.34	4.03	0.89	4.52	0.68
IG (AAA-BBB)	positive momentum signal	Unconstrained	Mkt Val	2.23	21.07	-1.24	0.33	3.97	0.85	4.70	0.60
IG (AAA-BBB)	top 10 Percentile	Constrained	Mkt Val	1.92	20.83	-1.10	0.36	3.93	0.94	4.19	0.89

Source: J.P. Morgan. As of May 9th, 2019.

Rishad Ahluwalia
(44-20) 7134-0254
rishad.ahluwalia@jpmorgan.com

Michael (Xin) Huang
(1-212) 834-3047
michael.xin.huang@jpmorgan.com

Global
Systematic Investing in CLOs
10 May 2019

J.P.Morgan

Heather A Rochford
(1-212) 834-3578
heather.a.rochford@jpmorgan.com

Jacqueline E Rachaf
(1-212) 834-2349
jacqueline.rachaf@jpmorgan.com

Appendix B: CLO Weekly Updates

Exhibit 1: Global CLO spreads & recommendations (bp)

Sector	Current WAL (yrs)	Current Spread	Change vs 05/03	Change YTD	Rec*	Sector	Current WAL (yrs)	Current Spread	Change vs 05/03	Change YTD	Rec*
US 3.0						EUR 2.0					
AAA	4.0-5.5	123	0	(17)	N	AAA	4-5	98	0	(28)	N
AA	5.5-7.0	180	0	(30)	N	AA	6-7	153	0	(33)	N
A	6.5-8.0	230	0	(75)	N	A	6-7	220	0	(15)	N
BBB	7.0-8.5	325	0	(85)	N	BBB	6-7	313	0	(50)	N
BB	7.5-9.0	645	(5)	(130)	N	BB	7-8	550	0	(100)	N
B	8.0-9.5	950	(5)	(50)	N	B	7-8	800	(63)	(50)	N
US New Issue						EUR New Issue					
AAA	5-6	132-149	(1)	4	N	AAA	5-6	111	0	9	N
AA	6-8	185-215	0	(10)	N	AA	7-8	185	3	(5)	N
A	6-9	255-310	5	(28)	N	A	7-8	270	0	15	N
BBB	7-9	365-415	3	(18)	N	BBB	7-8	390	0	20	N
BB	7-9	675-750	0	(50)	N	BB	8-9	650	(10)	(25)	N
B	7-9	850-950	0	(200)	N	B	8-9	953	0	78	N

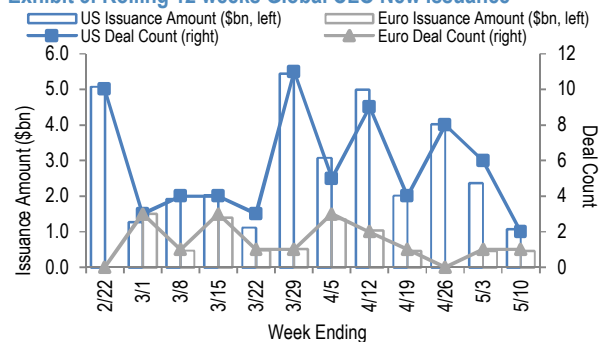
Source: J.P. Morgan. Spread to Libor or Euribor (bp) for originally-rated categories. *Rec shows recommendations where OW is Overweight, N is Neutral, and UW is Underweight. US New issue spreads represent a range of spreads to indicate manager tiering. All secondary spreads represent 'mid-quality' of secondary levels of CLOs. US 3.0 spreads represent US CLOs issued after 2013 and EUR 2.0 spreads represent CLOs issued Post-Crisis. EUR new issue AAA-Single-A do not reflect positive impact of EURIBOR floors on spreads.

Exhibit 2: CLO annual issuance totals

		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	YTD18	YTD19	YoY Change
US Issuance (\$bn)	Total	87.28	131.46	109.59	113.47	284.73	277.62	98.45	61.37	-38%
	New	86.08	124.10	99.07	72.42	118.07	129.68	45.85	46.78	2%
	Refinance/Reset/Re-Issue	1.20	7.35	10.53	41.05	166.66	147.94	52.60	14.59	-72%
Euro Issuance (€bn)	Total	7.77	14.49	13.86	21.00	45.10	42.89	15.92	11.75	-26%
	New	7.77	14.49	13.56	16.78	19.12	26.95	9.15	10.23	12%
	Refinance/Reset/Re-Issue	0.00	0.00	0.31	4.21	25.98	15.94	6.77	1.52	-78%
Global Issuance (\$bn)	Total	97.61	150.57	124.95	136.51	335.81	328.23	117.90	74.60	-37%
	New	96.42	143.21	114.07	90.97	139.81	161.47	57.08	58.35	2%
	Refinance/Reset/Re-Issue	1.20	7.35	10.87	45.54	196.00	166.76	60.83	16.25	-73%

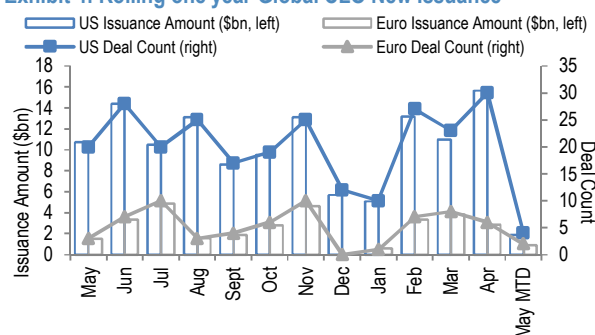
Source: J.P. Morgan.

Exhibit 3: Rolling 12 weeks Global CLO New Issuance



Source: J.P. Morgan. Data excludes refinanced, reset, re-issued and repriced CLOs.

Exhibit 4: Rolling one year Global CLO New Issuance



Source: J.P. Morgan. Data excludes refinanced, reset, re-issued and repriced CLOs.

Rishad Ahluwalia
(44-20) 7134-0254
rishad.ahluwalia@jpmorgan.com

Heather A Rochford
(1-212) 834-3578
heather.a.rochford@jpmorgan.com

Michael (Xin) Huang
(1-212) 834-3047
michael.xin.huang@jpmorgan.com

Jacqueline E Rachaf
(1-212) 834-2349
jacqueline.rachaf@jpmorgan.com

Global
Systematic Investing in CLOs
10 May 2019

J.P.Morgan

Exhibit 5: CLOIE simple average and portfolio discount margin (bps)

Simple Avg. Discount Margin	Current	1m Δ	YTD Δ	1yr Δ
Total CLOIE	186	(3)	(27)	35
AAA	124	(1)	(22)	25
AA	181	(3)	(25)	27
A	244	(6)	(38)	55
BBB	337	(16)	(69)	45
BB	659	(13)	(69)	142
B	917	(12)	(21)	176
Pre-Crisis CLOIE	237	17	43	79
AAA	0	(54)	(53)	(54)
AA	77	(13)	(27)	(1)
A	95	(10)	(16)	(16)
BBB	223	(0)	8	20
BB	406	1	7	22
Post-Crisis CLOIE	186	(3)	(27)	35
AAA	124	(1)	(22)	25
AA	181	(3)	(25)	27
A	244	(6)	(38)	54
BBB	337	(16)	(70)	44
BB	660	(14)	(69)	142
B	917	(12)	(21)	176

Source: J.P. Morgan.

Portfolio Discount Margin	Current	1m Δ	YTD Δ	1yr Δ
Total CLOIE	209	(4)	(22)	19
AAA	127	(2)	(19)	25
AA	182	(3)	(25)	28
A	244	(5)	(41)	50
BBB	338	(16)	(69)	49
BB	663	(14)	(71)	103
B	922	(12)	(19)	170
Pre-Crisis CLOIE	252	0	16	56
AAA	0	(54)	(54)	(55)
AA	80	(2)	(17)	(3)
A	95	3	1	(8)
BBB	236	1	15	32
BB	397	1	6	10
Post-Crisis CLOIE	209	(4)	(22)	19
AAA	127	(2)	(19)	25
AA	182	(3)	(25)	28
A	244	(5)	(41)	49
BBB	338	(16)	(69)	48
BB	663	(15)	(71)	102
B	922	(12)	(19)	170

Exhibit 6: CLOIE total returns, Simple Avg. Yield, Coupon, and Margin

Total Returns (%)	MTD	QTD	YTD2019	YTD2018
Total CLOIE	0.18%	0.70%	2.96%	0.93%
AAA	0.12%	0.53%	2.19%	0.81%
AA	0.12%	0.66%	3.01%	0.86%
A	0.19%	0.86%	4.09%	0.97%
BBB	0.47%	1.40%	6.10%	0.94%
BB	0.78%	1.94%	7.62%	2.27%
B	0.39%	2.08%	5.88%	2.96%
Pre-Crisis CLOIE	0.13%	0.34%	1.53%	1.05%
AAA	0.00%	0.14%	0.94%	0.76%
AA	0.10%	0.16%	1.21%	0.62%
A	0.09%	(0.03%)	0.87%	0.89%
BBB	0.12%	0.41%	1.54%	1.17%
BB	0.18%	0.57%	2.26%	2.33%
Post-Crisis CLOIE	0.18%	0.70%	2.96%	0.93%
AAA	0.12%	0.53%	2.19%	0.81%
AA	0.12%	0.66%	3.02%	0.86%
A	0.19%	0.86%	4.10%	0.97%
BBB	0.47%	1.40%	6.12%	0.93%
BB	0.78%	1.95%	7.65%	2.27%
B	0.39%	2.08%	5.88%	2.96%

Source: J.P. Morgan.

	Simple Avg. Yield	Portfolio Yield	Coupon	Margin (bps)
Total CLOIE	4.26%	4.45%	4.32%	172
AAA	3.63%	3.60%	3.76%	116
AA	4.18%	4.18%	4.27%	167
A	4.86%	4.82%	4.82%	222
BBB	5.85%	5.79%	5.83%	323
BB	9.06%	9.09%	8.57%	597
B	11.69%	11.75%	10.00%	740
Pre-Crisis CLOIE	4.87%	5.00%	4.60%	202
AAA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0
AA	3.30%	3.32%	2.94%	35
A	3.38%	3.38%	3.29%	70
BBB	4.75%	4.84%	4.25%	167
BB	6.56%	6.45%	6.51%	393
Post-Crisis CLOIE	4.26%	4.45%	4.32%	172
AAA	3.63%	3.60%	3.76%	116
AA	4.18%	4.18%	4.27%	167
A	4.86%	4.82%	4.82%	222
BBB	5.85%	5.80%	5.84%	324
BB	9.07%	9.10%	8.58%	598
B	11.69%	11.75%	10.00%	740

Disclosures

Analyst Certification: All authors named within this report are research analysts unless otherwise specified. The research analyst(s) denoted by an “AC” on the cover of this report certifies (or, where multiple research analysts are primarily responsible for this report, the research analyst denoted by an “AC” on the cover or within the document individually certifies, with respect to each security or issuer that the research analyst covers in this research) that: (1) all of the views expressed in this report accurately reflect his or her personal views about any and all of the subject securities or issuers; and (2) no part of any of the research analyst's compensation was, is, or will be directly or indirectly related to the specific recommendations or views expressed by the research analyst(s) in this report. For all Korea-based research analysts listed on the front cover, they also certify, as per KOFIA requirements, that their analysis was made in good faith and that the views reflect their own opinion, without undue influence or intervention.

Important Disclosures

Company-Specific Disclosures: Important disclosures, including price charts and credit opinion history tables, are available for compendium reports and all J.P. Morgan–covered companies by visiting <https://www.jpmm.com/research/disclosures>, calling 1-800-477-0406, or e-mailing research.disclosure.inquiries@jpmorgan.com with your request. J.P. Morgan's Strategy, Technical, and Quantitative Research teams may screen companies not covered by J.P. Morgan. For important disclosures for these companies, please call 1-800-477-0406 or e-mail research.disclosure.inquiries@jpmorgan.com.

Analysts' Compensation: The research analysts responsible for the preparation of this report receive compensation based upon various factors, including the quality and accuracy of research, client feedback, competitive factors, and overall firm revenues.

Registration of non-US Analysts: Unless otherwise noted, the non-US analysts listed on the front of this report are employees of non-US affiliates of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, may not be registered as research analysts under FINRA rules, may not be associated persons of J.P. Morgan Securities LLC, and may not be subject to FINRA Rule 2241 or 2242 restrictions on communications with covered companies, public appearances, and trading securities held by a research analyst account.

Analysts' Compensation: The research analysts responsible for the preparation of this report receive compensation based upon various factors, including the quality and accuracy of research, client feedback, competitive factors, and overall firm revenues.

Other Disclosures

J.P. Morgan is a marketing name for investment banking businesses of JPMorgan Chase & Co. and its subsidiaries and affiliates worldwide.

Any data discrepancies in this report could be the result of different calculations and/or adjustments.

Options and Futures related research: If the information contained herein regards options or futures related research, such information is available only to persons who have received the proper options or futures risk disclosure documents. Please contact your J.P. Morgan Representative or visit <https://www.theocc.com/components/docs/riskstoc.pdf> for a copy of the Option Clearing Corporation's Characteristics and Risks of Standardized Options or http://www.finra.org/sites/default/files/Security_Futures_Risk_Disclosure_Statement_2018.pdf for a copy of the Security Futures Risk Disclosure Statement.

Private Bank Clients: Where you are receiving research as a client of the private banking businesses offered by JPMorgan Chase & Co. and its subsidiaries (“J.P. Morgan Private Bank”), research is provided to you by J.P. Morgan Private Bank and not by any other division of J.P. Morgan, including but not limited to the J.P. Morgan corporate and investment bank and its research division.

Legal Entities Disclosures

U.S.: JPMS is a member of NYSE, FINRA, SIPC and the NFA. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. is a member of FDIC. **Canada:** J.P. Morgan Securities Canada Inc. is a registered investment dealer, regulated by the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada and the Ontario Securities Commission and is the participating member on Canadian exchanges. **U.K.:** JPMorgan Chase N.A., London Branch, is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the Financial Conduct Authority and to limited regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of our regulation by the Prudential Regulation Authority are available from J.P. Morgan on request. J.P. Morgan Securities plc (JPMS plc) is a member of the London Stock Exchange and is authorised by the Prudential Regulation Authority and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority and the Prudential Regulation Authority. Registered in England & Wales No. 2711006. Registered Office 25 Bank Street, London, E14 5JP. **Germany:** This material is distributed in Germany by J.P. Morgan Securities plc, Frankfurt Branch which is regulated by the Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht and also by J.P. Morgan AG (JPM AG) which is a member of the Frankfurt stock exchange and is regulated by the Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (BaFin), JPM AG is a company incorporated in the Federal Republic of Germany with registered office at Taunustor 1, 60310 Frankfurt am Main, the Federal Republic of Germany. **South Africa:** J.P. Morgan Equities South Africa Proprietary Limited is a member of the Johannesburg Securities Exchange and is regulated by the Financial Services Board. **Hong Kong:** J.P. Morgan Securities (Asia Pacific) Limited (CE number AAJ321) is regulated by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority and the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong and/or J.P. Morgan Broking (Hong Kong) Limited (CE number AAB027) is regulated by the Securities and Futures Commission in Hong Kong. **Korea:** This material is issued and distributed in Korea by or through J.P. Morgan Securities (Far East) Limited, Seoul Branch, which is a member of the Korea Exchange (KRX) and is regulated by the Financial Services Commission (FSC) and the Financial Supervisory Service (FSS). **Australia:** J.P. Morgan Securities Australia Limited (JPMSAL) (ABN 61 003 245 234/AFS Licence No: 238066) is regulated by ASIC and is a Market, Clearing and Settlement Participant of ASX Limited and CHI-X. **Taiwan:** J.P. Morgan Securities (Taiwan) Limited is a participant of the Taiwan Stock Exchange (company-type) and regulated by the Taiwan

Rishad Ahluwalia
(44-20) 7134-0254
rishad.ahluwalia@jpmorgan.com

Heather A Rochford
(1-212) 834-3578
heather.a.rochford@jpmorgan.com

Michael (Xin) Huang
(1-212) 834-3047
michael.xin.huang@jpmorgan.com

Jacqueline E Rachaf
(1-212) 834-2349
jacqueline.rachaf@jpmorgan.com

Global
Systematic Investing in CLOs
10 May 2019

J.P.Morgan

Securities and Futures Bureau. **India:** J.P. Morgan India Private Limited (Corporate Identity Number - U67120MH1992FTC068724), having its registered office at J.P. Morgan Tower, Off. C.S.T. Road, Kalina, Santacruz - East, Mumbai - 400098, is registered with Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) as a 'Research Analyst' having registration number INH000001873. J.P. Morgan India Private Limited is also registered with SEBI as a member of the National Stock Exchange of India Limited and the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (SEBI Registration Number - INZ000239730) and as a Merchant Banker (SEBI Registration Number - MB/INM000002970). Telephone: 91-22-6157 3000, Facsimile: 91-22-6157 3990 and Website: www.jpimipl.com. For non local research reports, this material is not distributed in India by J.P. Morgan India Private Limited. **Thailand:** This material is issued and distributed in Thailand by JPMorgan Securities (Thailand) Ltd., which is a member of the Stock Exchange of Thailand and is regulated by the Ministry of Finance and the Securities and Exchange Commission and its registered address is 3rd Floor, 20 North Sathorn Road, Silom, Bangrak, Bangkok 10500. **Indonesia:** PT J.P. Morgan Sekuritas Indonesia is a member of the Indonesia Stock Exchange and is regulated by the OJK a.k.a. BAPEPAM LK. **Philippines:** J.P. Morgan Securities Philippines Inc. is a Trading Participant of the Philippine Stock Exchange and a member of the Securities Clearing Corporation of the Philippines and the Securities Investor Protection Fund. It is regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission. **Brazil:** Banco J.P. Morgan S.A. is regulated by the Comissão de Valores Mobiliários (CVM) and by the Central Bank of Brazil. **Mexico:** J.P. Morgan Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., J.P. Morgan Grupo Financiero is a member of the Mexican Stock Exchange and authorized to act as a broker dealer by the National Banking and Securities Exchange Commission. **Singapore:** This material is issued and distributed in Singapore by or through J.P. Morgan Securities Singapore Private Limited (JPMSS) [MCI (P) 058/04/2019 and Co. Reg. No.: 199405335R], which is a member of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited and/or JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Singapore branch (JPMCB Singapore) [MCI (P) 046/09/2018], both of which are regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore. This material is issued and distributed in Singapore only to accredited investors, expert investors and institutional investors, as defined in Section 4A of the Securities and Futures Act, Cap. 289 (SFA). This material is not intended to be issued or distributed to any retail investors or any other investors that do not fall into the classes of "accredited investors," "expert investors" or "institutional investors," as defined under Section 4A of the SFA. Recipients of this document are to contact JPMSS or JPMCB Singapore in respect of any matters arising from, or in connection with, the document. **Japan:** JPMorgan Securities Japan Co., Ltd. and JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Tokyo Branch are regulated by the Financial Services Agency in Japan. **Malaysia:** This material is issued and distributed in Malaysia by JPMorgan Securities (Malaysia) Sdn Bhd (18146-X) which is a Participating Organization of Bursa Malaysia Berhad and a holder of Capital Markets Services License issued by the Securities Commission in Malaysia. **Pakistan:** J. P. Morgan Pakistan Broking (Pvt.) Ltd is a member of the Karachi Stock Exchange and regulated by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan. **Saudi Arabia:** J.P. Morgan Saudi Arabia Ltd. is authorized by the Capital Market Authority of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (CMA) to carry out dealing as an agent, arranging, advising and custody, with respect to securities business under licence number 35-07079 and its registered address is at 8th Floor, Al-Faisaliyah Tower, King Fahad Road, P.O. Box 51907, Riyadh 11553, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. **Dubai:** JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., Dubai Branch is regulated by the Dubai Financial Services Authority (DFSA) and its registered address is Dubai International Financial Centre - Building 3, Level 7, PO Box 506551, Dubai, UAE. **Russia:** CB J.P. Morgan Bank International LLC is regulated by the Central Bank of Russia. **Argentina:** JPMorgan Chase Bank Sucursal Buenos Aires is regulated by Banco Central de la República Argentina ("BCRA" - Central Bank of Argentina) and Comisión Nacional de Valores ("CNV" - Argentinian Securities Commission)

Country and Region Specific Disclosures

U.K. and European Economic Area (EEA): Unless specified to the contrary, issued and approved for distribution in the U.K. and the EEA by JPMS plc. Investment research issued by JPMS plc has been prepared in accordance with JPMS plc's policies for managing conflicts of interest arising as a result of publication and distribution of investment research. Many European regulators require a firm to establish, implement and maintain such a policy. Further information about J.P. Morgan's conflict of interest policy and a description of the effective internal organisations and administrative arrangements set up for the prevention and avoidance of conflicts of interest is set out at the following link <https://www.jpmorgan.com/jpmpdf/1320742677360.pdf>. This report has been issued in the U.K. only to persons of a kind described in Article 19 (5), 38, 47 and 49 of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (all such persons being referred to as "relevant persons"). This document must not be acted on or relied on by persons who are not relevant persons. Any investment or investment activity to which this document relates is only available to relevant persons and will be engaged in only with relevant persons. In other EEA countries, the report has been issued to persons regarded as professional investors (or equivalent) in their home jurisdiction. **Australia:** This material is issued and distributed by JPMSAL in Australia to "wholesale clients" only. This material does not take into account the specific investment objectives, financial situation or particular needs of the recipient. The recipient of this material must not distribute it to any third party or outside Australia without the prior written consent of JPMSAL. For the purposes of this paragraph the term "wholesale client" has the meaning given in section 761G of the Corporations Act 2001. J.P. Morgan's research coverage universe spans listed securities across the ASX All Ordinaries index, securities listed on offshore markets, unlisted issuers and investment products which Research management deem to be relevant to the investor base from time to time. J.P. Morgan seeks to cover companies of relevance to the domestic and international investor base across all GIC sectors, as well as across a range of market capitalisation sizes. **Germany:** This material is distributed in Germany by J.P. Morgan Securities plc, Frankfurt Branch which is regulated by the Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht. **Korea:** This report may have been edited or contributed to from time to time by affiliates of J.P. Morgan Securities (Far East) Limited, Seoul Branch. **Singapore:** As at the date of this report, JPMSS is a designated market maker for certain structured warrants listed on the Singapore Exchange where the underlying securities may be the securities discussed in this report. Arising from its role as designated market maker for such structured warrants, JPMSS may conduct hedging activities in respect of such underlying securities and hold or have an interest in such underlying securities as a result. The updated list of structured warrants for which JPMSS acts as designated market maker may be found on the website of the Singapore Exchange Limited: <http://www.sgx.com>. In addition, JPMSS and/or its affiliates may also have an interest or holding in any of the securities discussed in this report - please see the Important Disclosures section above. For securities where the holding is 1% or greater, the holding may be found in the Important Disclosures section above. For all other securities mentioned in this report, JPMSS and/or its affiliates may have a holding of less than 1% in such securities and may trade them in ways different from those discussed in this report. Employees of JPMSS and/or its affiliates not involved in the preparation of this report may have investments in the securities (or derivatives of such securities) mentioned in this report and may trade them in ways different from those discussed in this report. **Taiwan:** Research relating to equity securities is issued and distributed in Taiwan by J.P. Morgan Securities (Taiwan) Limited, subject to the license scope and the applicable laws and the regulations in Taiwan. According to Paragraph 2, Article 7-1 of Operational Regulations Governing Securities Firms Recommending Trades in Securities to Customers (as amended or supplemented) and/or other applicable laws or regulations, please note that the recipient of this material is not permitted to engage in any activities in connection with the material which may give rise to conflicts of interests, unless otherwise disclosed in the "Important Disclosures" in this material. **India:** For private circulation only, not for sale. **Pakistan:** For private circulation only, not for sale. **New Zealand:** This material is issued and distributed by JPMSAL in New Zealand only to "wholesale clients" (as defined in the Financial Advisers Act 2008). The recipient of this material must not distribute it to any third party or outside New Zealand without the prior written consent of JPMSAL. **Canada:** This report is distributed in Canada by or on behalf of J.P. Morgan Securities Canada Inc. The information contained herein is not, and under no circumstances is to be construed as an offer to sell securities described herein,

Rishad Ahluwalia
(44-20) 7134-0254
rishad.ahluwalia@jpmorgan.com

Michael (Xin) Huang
(1-212) 834-3047
michael.xin.huang@jpmorgan.com

Global
Systematic Investing in CLOs
10 May 2019

J.P.Morgan

Heather A Rochford
(1-212) 834-3578
heather.a.rochford@jpmorgan.com

Jacqueline E Rachaf
(1-212) 834-2349
jacqueline.rachaf@jpmorgan.com

or solicitation of an offer to buy securities described herein, in Canada or any province or territory thereof. The information contained herein is under no circumstances to be construed as investment advice in any province or territory of Canada and is not tailored to the needs of the recipient.

General: Additional information is available upon request. Information has been obtained from sources believed to be reliable but JPMorgan Chase & Co. or its affiliates and/or subsidiaries (collectively J.P. Morgan) do not warrant its completeness or accuracy except with respect to any disclosures relative to JPMS and/or its affiliates and the analyst's involvement with the issuer that is the subject of the research. All pricing is indicative as of the close of market for the securities discussed, unless otherwise stated. Opinions and estimates constitute our judgment as of the date of this material and are subject to change without notice. Past performance is not indicative of future results. This material is not intended as an offer or solicitation for the purchase or sale of any financial instrument. The opinions and recommendations herein do not take into account individual client circumstances, objectives, or needs and are not intended as recommendations of particular securities, financial instruments or strategies to particular clients. The recipient of this report must make its own independent decisions regarding any securities or financial instruments mentioned herein. JPMS distributes in the U.S. research published by non-U.S. affiliates and accepts responsibility for its contents. Periodic updates may be provided on companies/industries based on company specific developments or announcements, market conditions or any other publicly available information. Clients should contact analysts and execute transactions through a J.P. Morgan subsidiary or affiliate in their home jurisdiction unless governing law permits otherwise.

"Other Disclosures" last revised April 20, 2019.

Copyright 2019 JPMorgan Chase & Co. All rights reserved. This report or any portion hereof may not be reprinted, sold or redistributed without the written consent of J.P. Morgan.