

9 Figure 24 shows a submarine underwater.

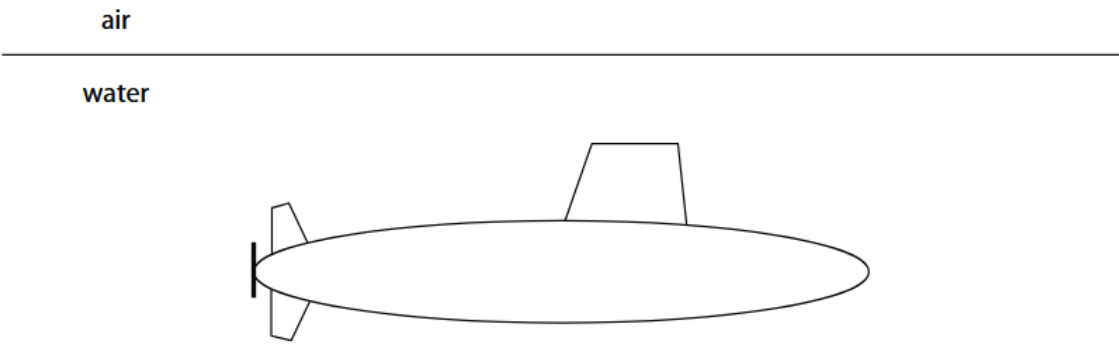


Figure 24

The motor in the submarine turns the gear wheels shown in Figure 25.

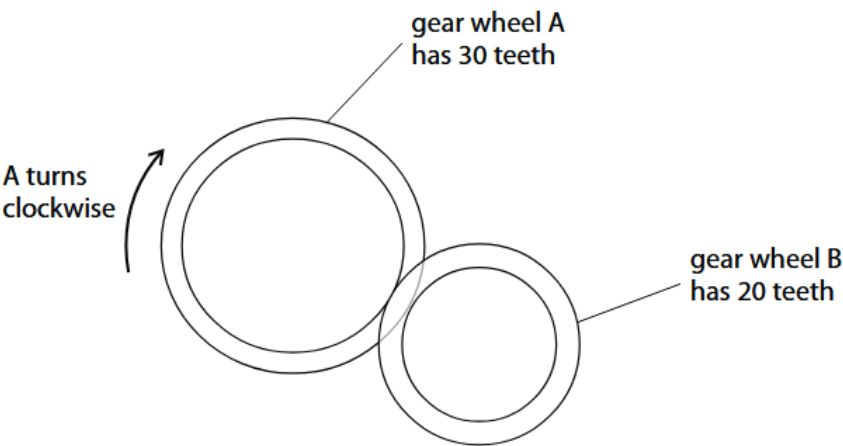


Figure 25

(a) Gear wheel A rotates clockwise through one complete turn.

Which of these is correct for gear wheel B?

(1)

	amount that gear wheel B rotates	direction gear wheel B rotates
<input type="checkbox"/> A	1½ turns	clockwise
<input type="checkbox"/> B	1½ turns	anticlockwise
<input type="checkbox"/> C	⅔ of a turn	clockwise
<input type="checkbox"/> D	⅔ of a turn	anticlockwise

(b) A bubble of gas escapes from the submarine.

The volume of the bubble is 23.0 cm^3 .

The pressure of the gas inside the bubble is 297 kPa .

The bubble rises to the surface without changing temperature.

Calculate the volume of the bubble when it reaches the surface.

Atmospheric pressure = 101 kPa

Use an equation from the formula sheet.

(3)

volume = cm^3

(c) A student is interested in the way that submarines are controlled.

She has several regular wooden blocks, a set of weights and a tank of water.

Wood floats in water.

The student plans to immerse the wooden blocks fully in the water and investigate the relationship between the upthrust and the weight of water displaced.

Describe how she should determine **one** of the variables in this investigation.

(2)

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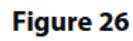
.....

.....

.....

air

water



(6)

This image shows a blank sheet of white paper with ten horizontal blue dashed lines. The lines are evenly spaced and extend across the width of the page, providing a guide for handwriting practice. There is no text or other markings on the paper.

Question number	Answer	Mark
9(a)	B	(1)

Question number	Answer	Additional guidance	Mark
9(b)	Rearrangement (1) $V_2 = (p_1 \times V_1) \div p_2$ Substitution (1) $V_2 = (297 \times 10^3 \times 23.0) \div (101 \times 10^3)$ Evaluation (1) $V_2 = 67.6 \text{ (cm}^3\text{)}$	67.633	(3)

Question number	Answer	Mark
9(c)	<p>An answer that combines the following points to provide a logical description of the plan:</p> <p>EITHER</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (determine upthrust) by adding weights until the block of wood is fully immersed and recording the load required (1) • calculate upthrust by adding load and weight of block (1) <p>OR</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (determine the weight of water displaced) by using a ruler to measure the dimensions of the block and multiplying them together to find the volume (1) • calculate the weight of water from volume \times density $\times g$ (1) 	(2)

Question number	Indicative content	Mark
*9(d)	<p>Answers will be credited according to candidate's deployment of knowledge and understanding of the material in relation to the qualities and skills outlined in the generic mark scheme.</p> <p>The indicative content below is not prescriptive and candidates are not required to include all the material which is indicated as relevant. Additional content included in the response must be scientific and relevant.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">AO1 (3 marks)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • upthrust is the force on the submarine in the water (submerged) in a fluid • upthrust on the submarine and its weight act in opposite directions • upthrust is equal to the weight of water displaced by the submarine • the difference in pressures on the upper and lower surfaces of the submarine causes the upthrust <p style="text-align: center;">AO2 (3 marks)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the volume of the submarine is fixed so the upthrust on the submarine is constant • increasing/decreasing volume of water in tanks increases/decreases weight of submarine but does not affect upthrust • if weight increases to become greater than upthrust there is a resultant downward force on the submarine so the submarine sinks • if weight decreases to become less than upthrust there is a resultant upward force on the submarine so the submarine rises 	(6)

Level	Mark	Descriptor
	0	No awardable content.
Level 1	1–2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrates elements of physics understanding, some of which is inaccurate. Understanding of scientific ideas lacks detail. (AO1) • The explanation attempts to link and apply knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, flawed or simplistic connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
Level 2	3–4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrates physics understanding, which is mostly relevant but may include some inaccuracies. Understanding of scientific ideas is not fully detailed and/or developed. (AO1) • The explanation is mostly supported through linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, some logical connections made between elements in the context of the question. (AO2)
Level 3	5–6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Demonstrates accurate and relevant physics understanding throughout. Understanding of the scientific ideas is detailed and fully developed. (AO1) • The explanation is supported throughout by linkage and application of knowledge and understanding of scientific ideas, logical connections made between elements in the context of

