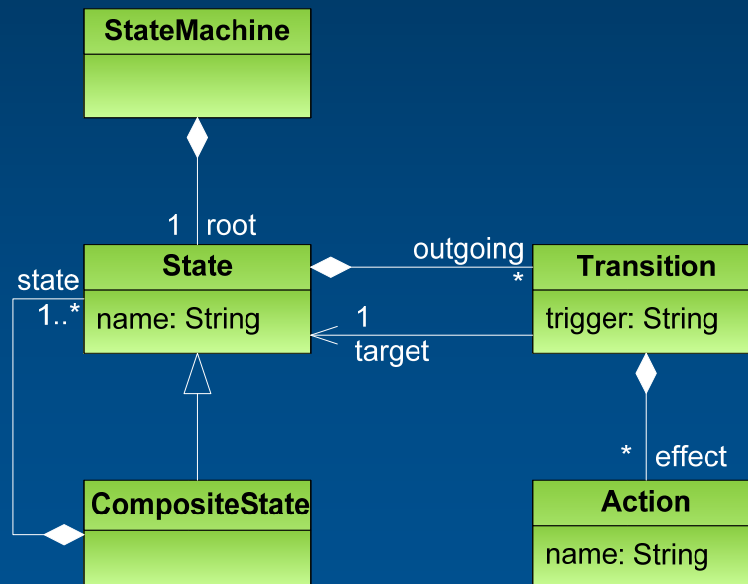


Automatability of Coupled Evolution of Metamodels and Models in Practice

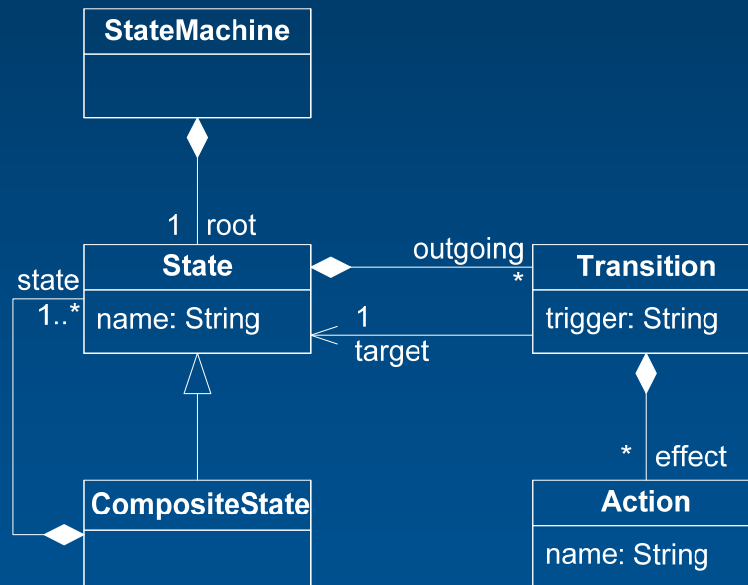
Markus Herrmannsdoerfer¹, Sebastian Benz², and Elmar Juergens¹
(Technische Universität München¹, BMW Car IT GmbH²)

11th International Conference on
Model Driven Engineering Languages and Systems (MODELS)
3 October 2008
Toulouse, France

Metamodel

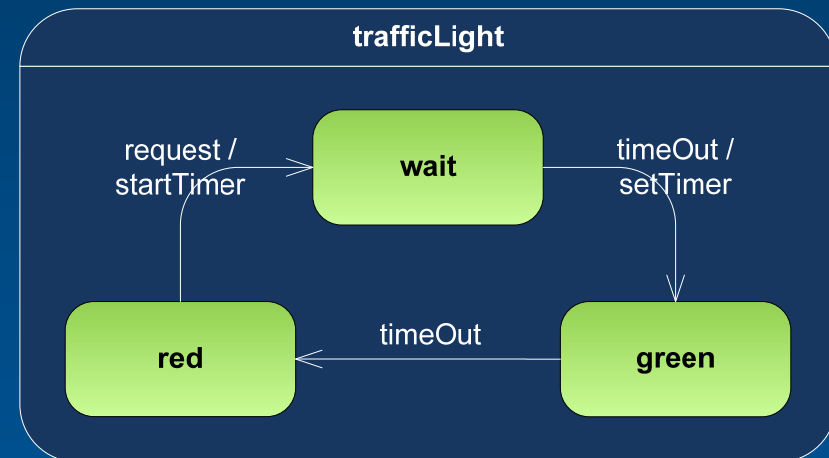


Metamodel

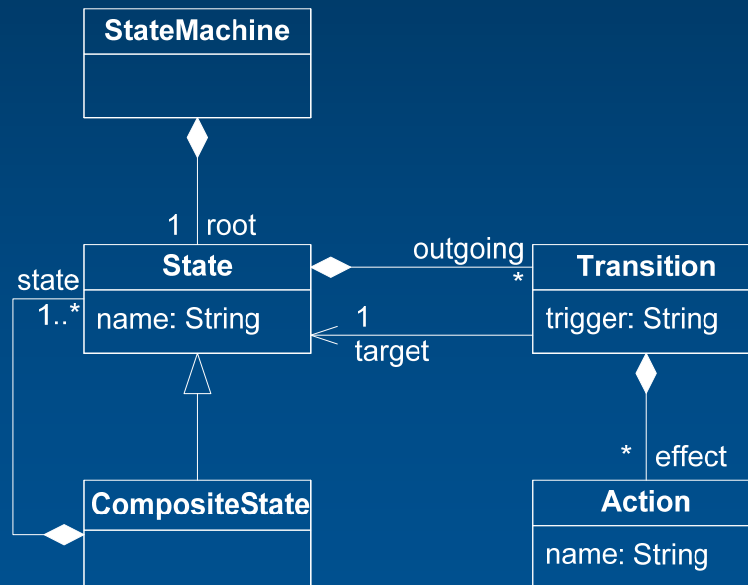


Model

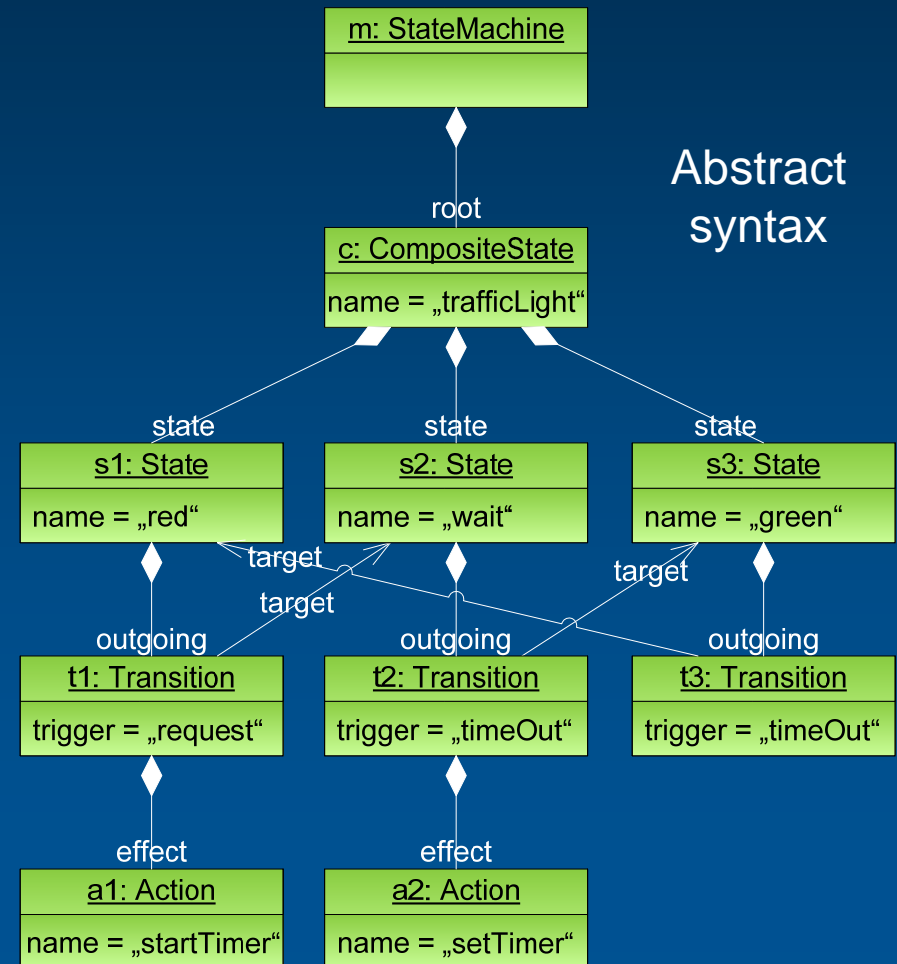
Concrete syntax



Metamodel

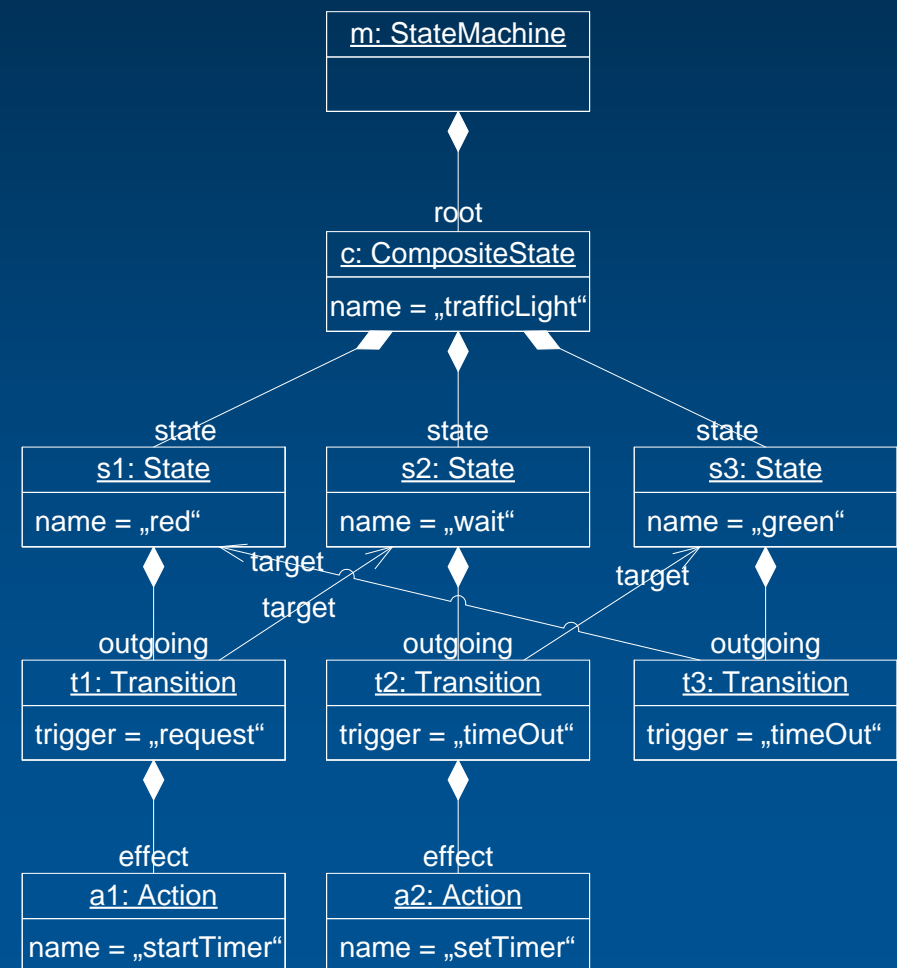
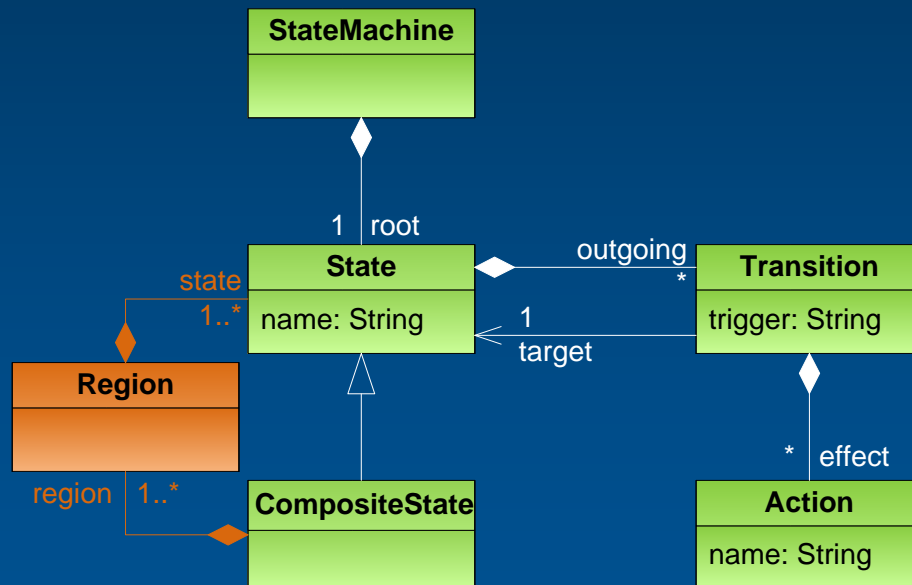


Model

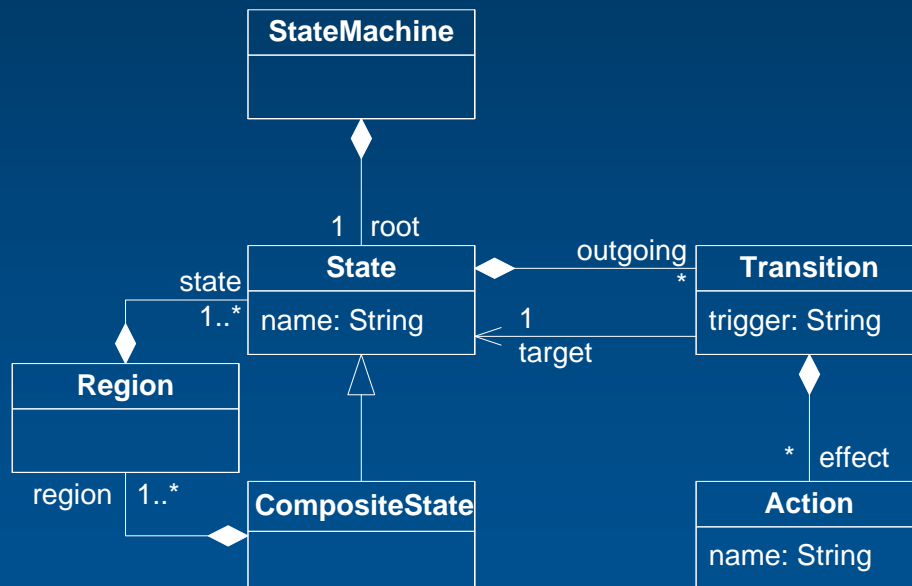


Coupled Evolution of Metamodels and Models

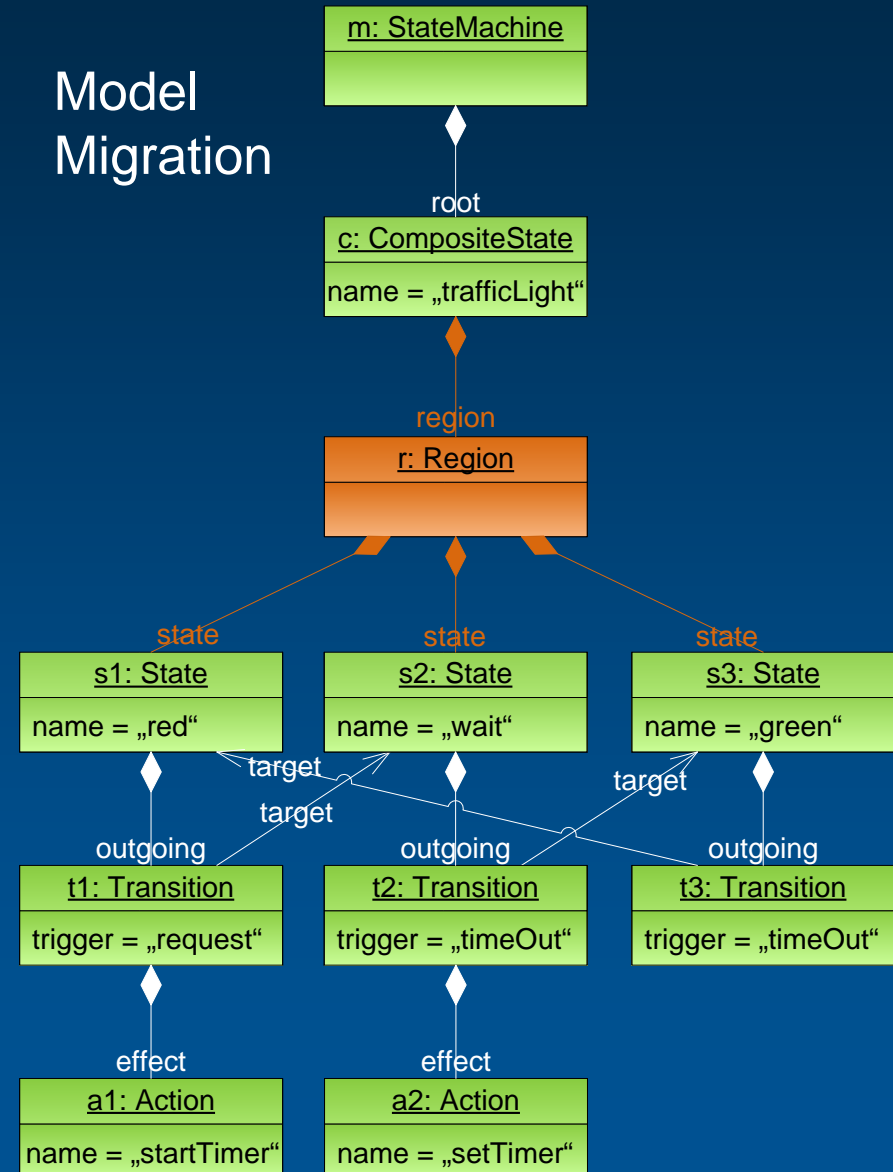
Metamodel Adaptation



Coupled Evolution of Metamodels and Models



Model Migration

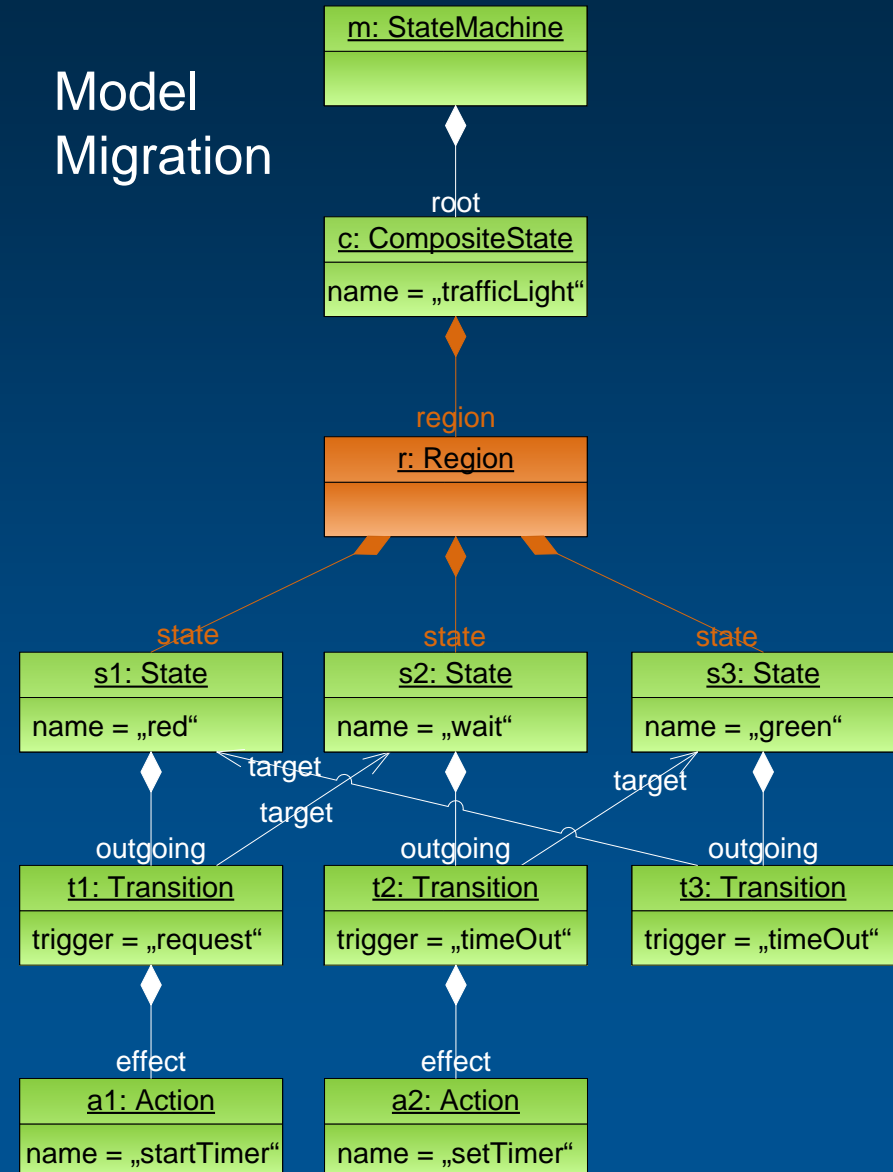


Manual migration

- expensive
- error-prone

⇒ Tool support required

Model
Migration

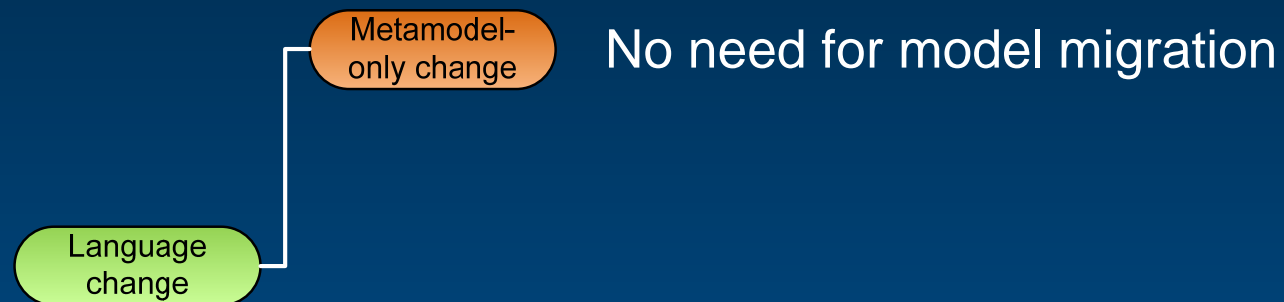


To which degree
coupled evolution of metamodels and models
can be automated in practice?

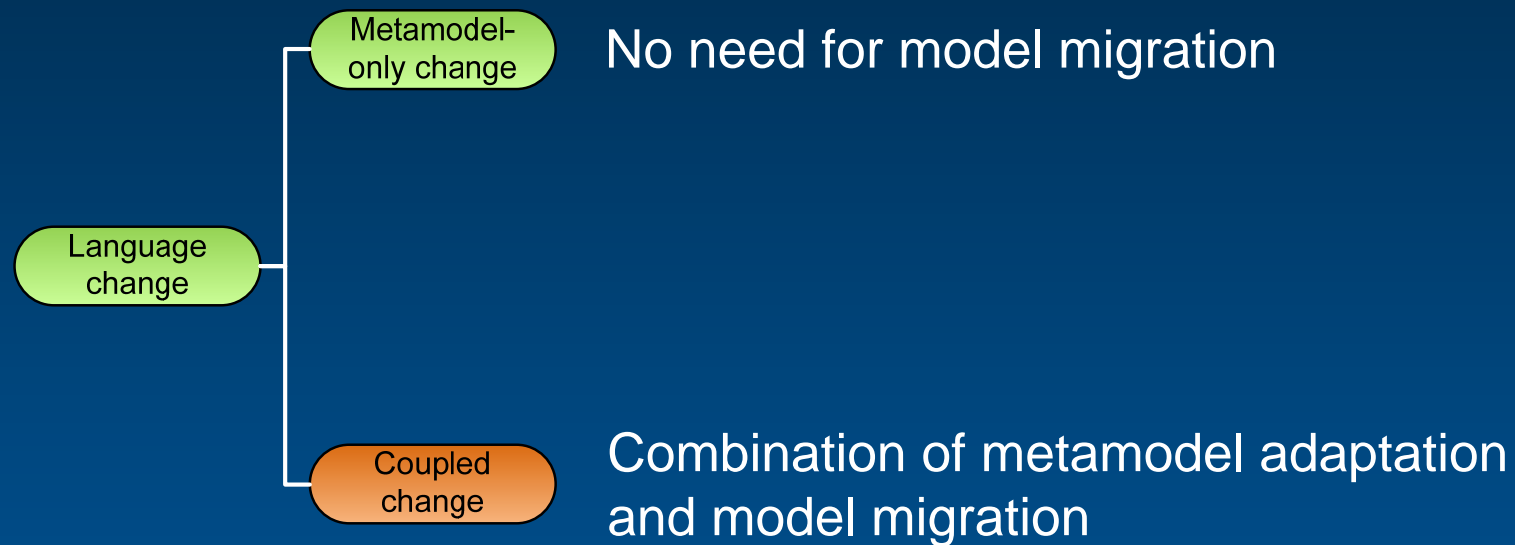
Approach

- Classification of coupled evolution operations w.r.t. potential of automation
- Application of the classification to two industrial metamodel histories

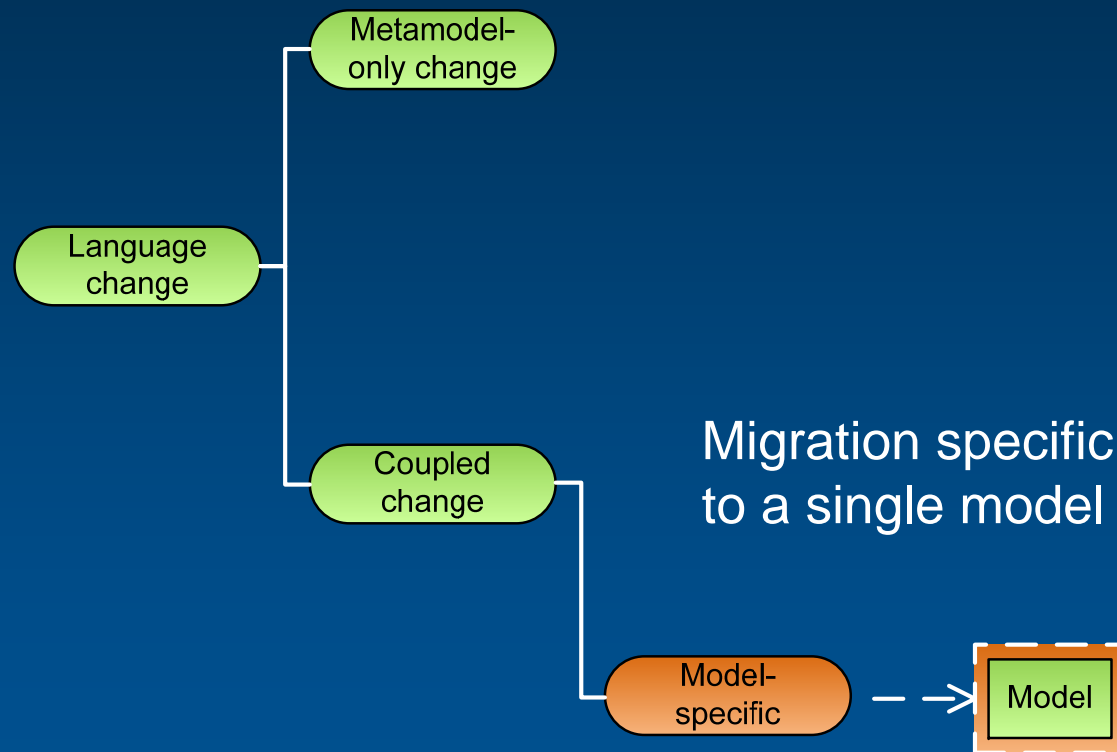
Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes



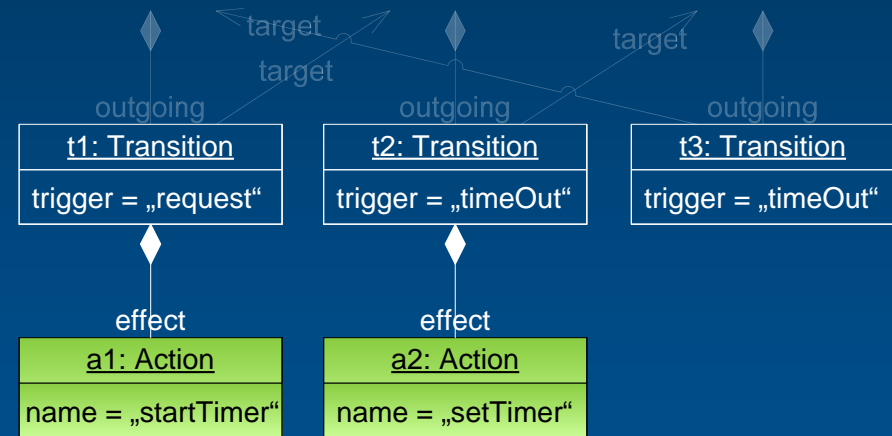
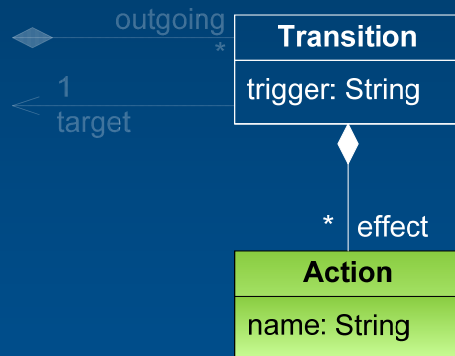
Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes



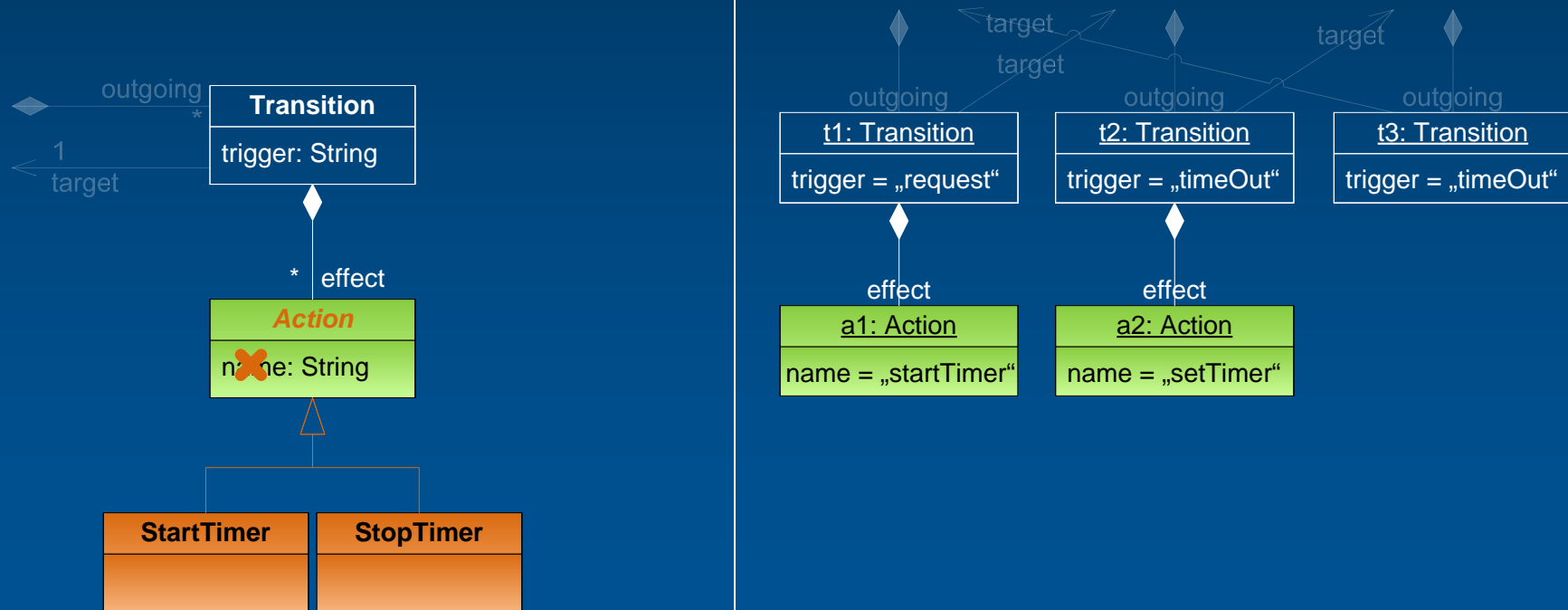
Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes



Example: Refinement of Action

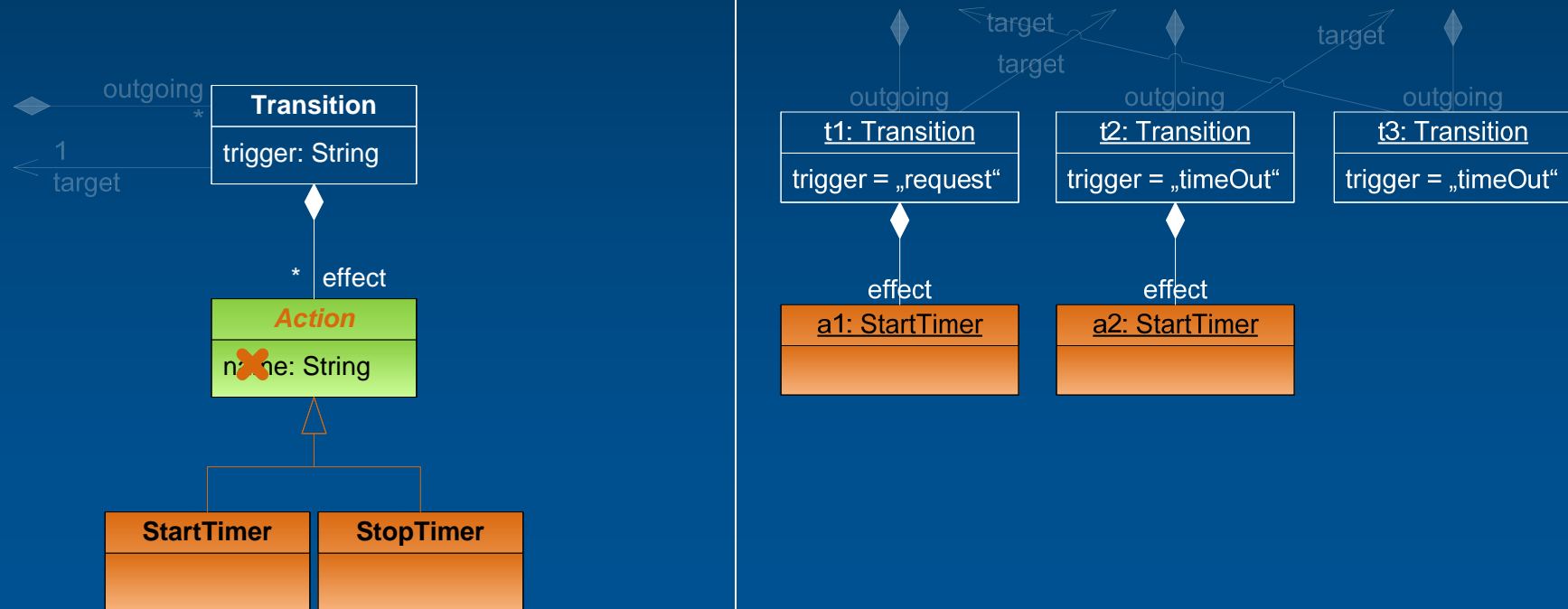


Example: Refinement of Action

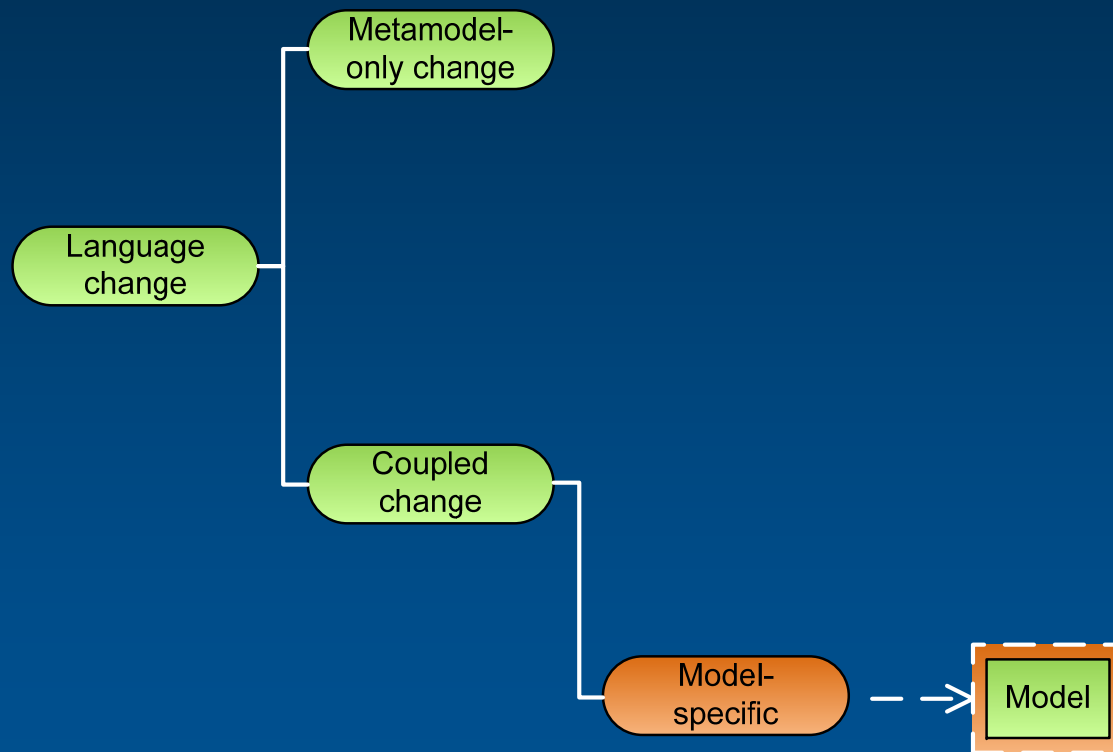


Example: Refinement of Action

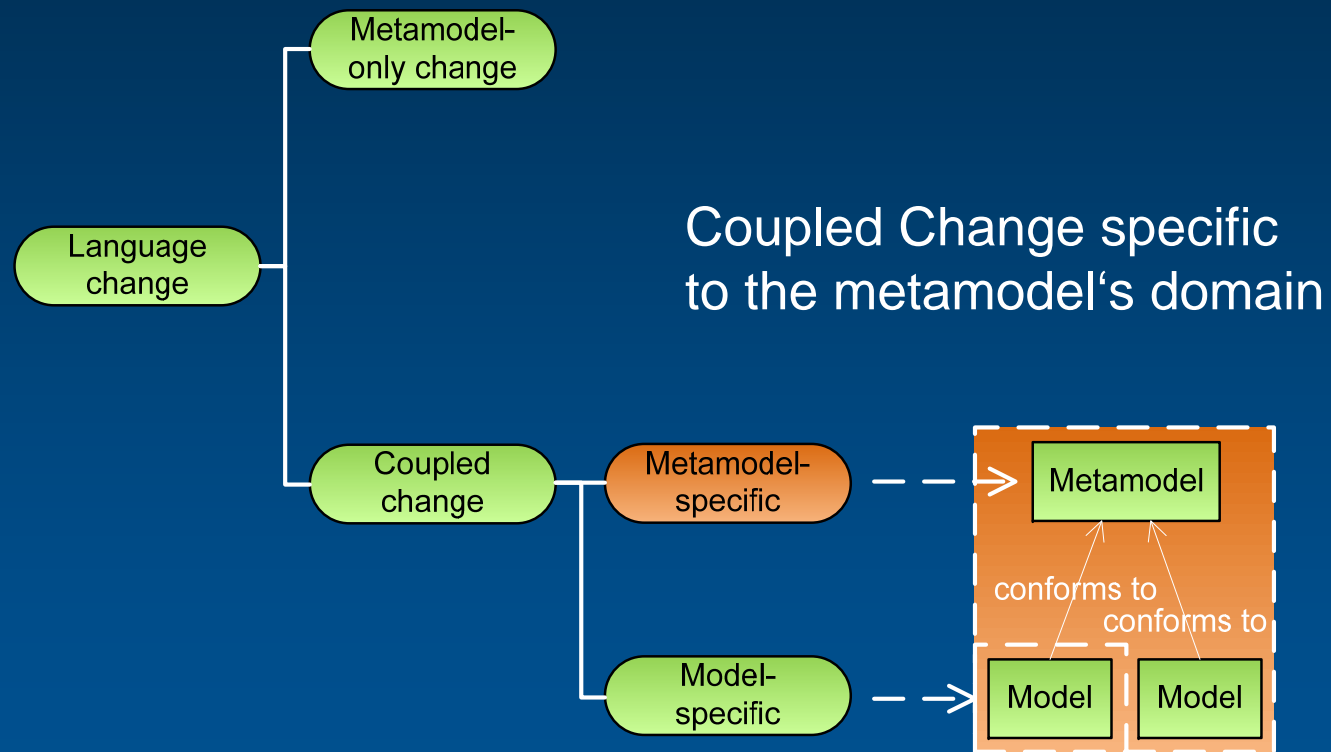
Different names might denote
the same kind of action
in different models



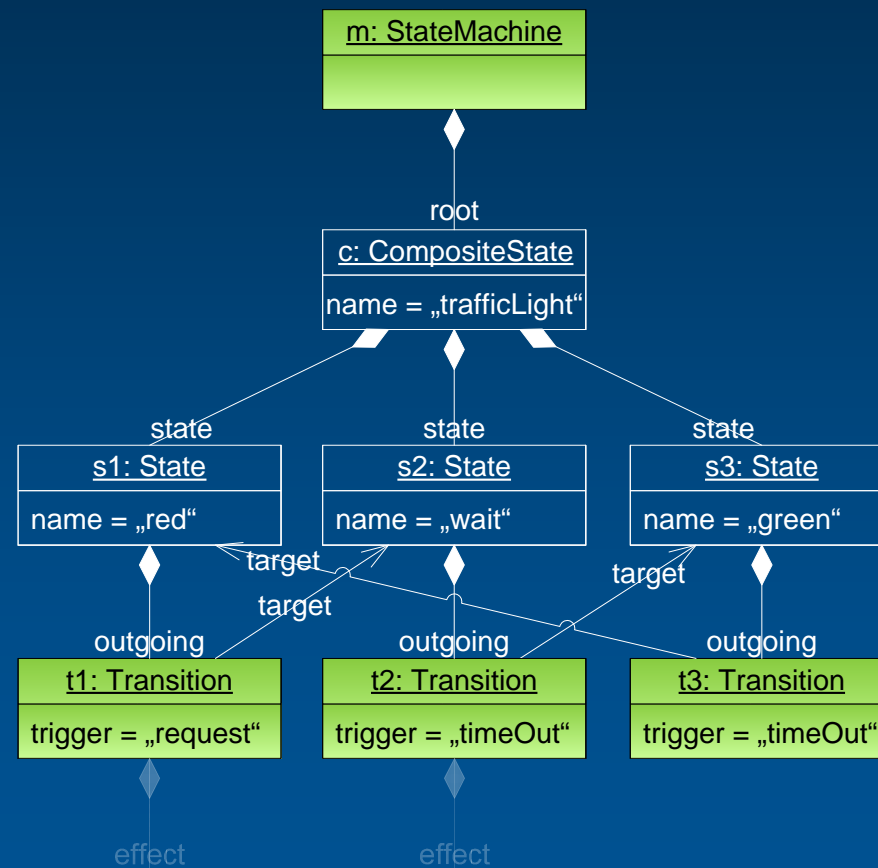
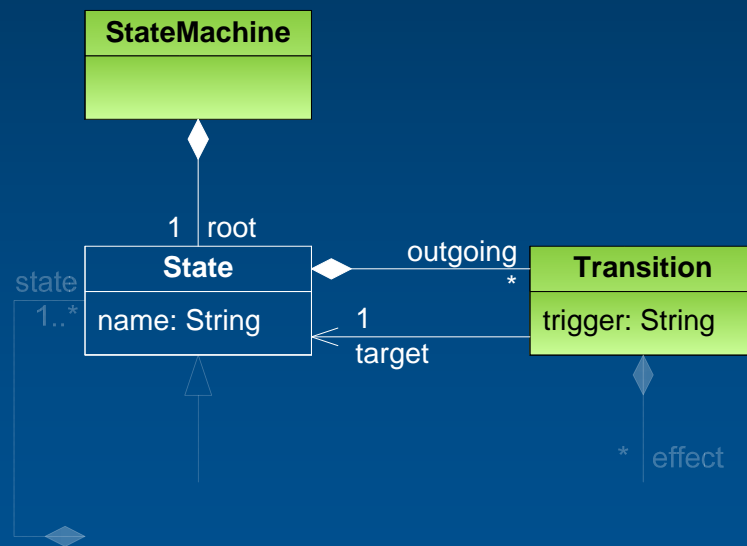
Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes TUM



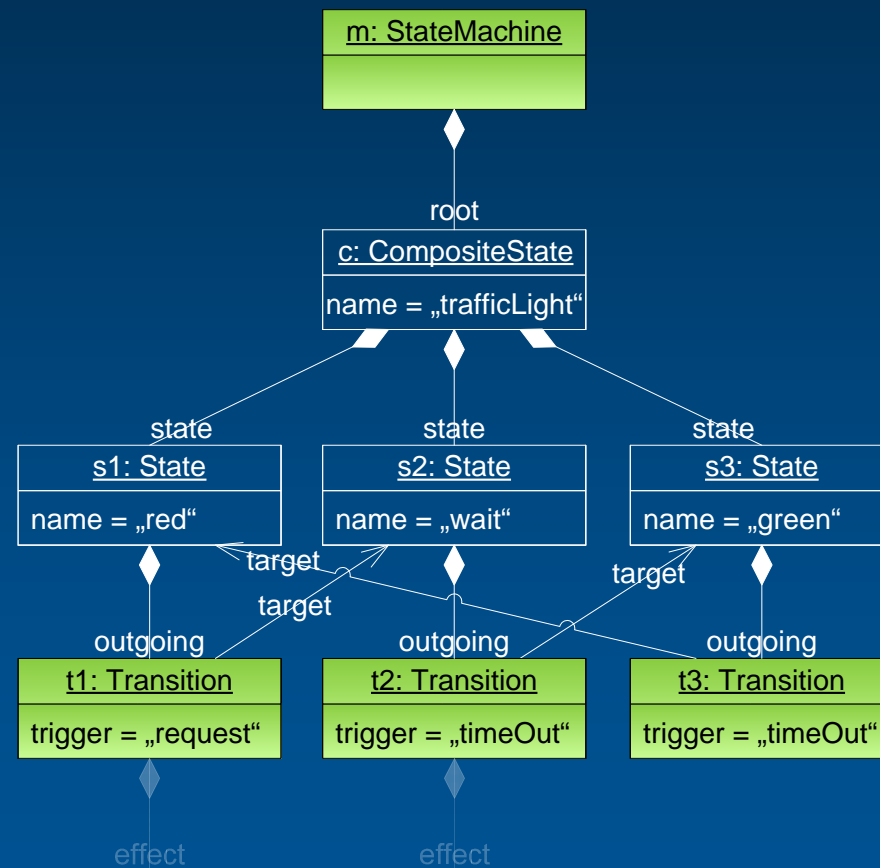
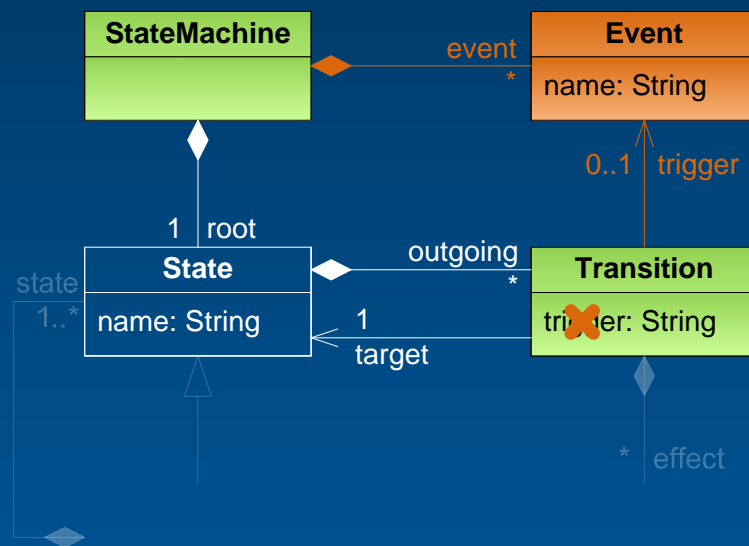
Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes



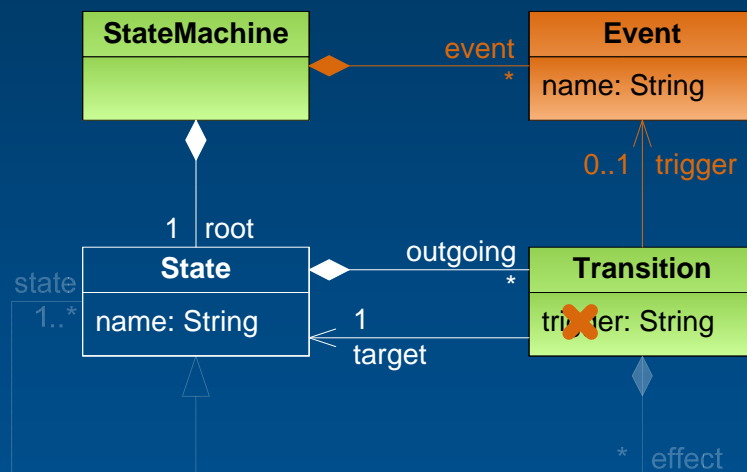
Example: Introduction of Event



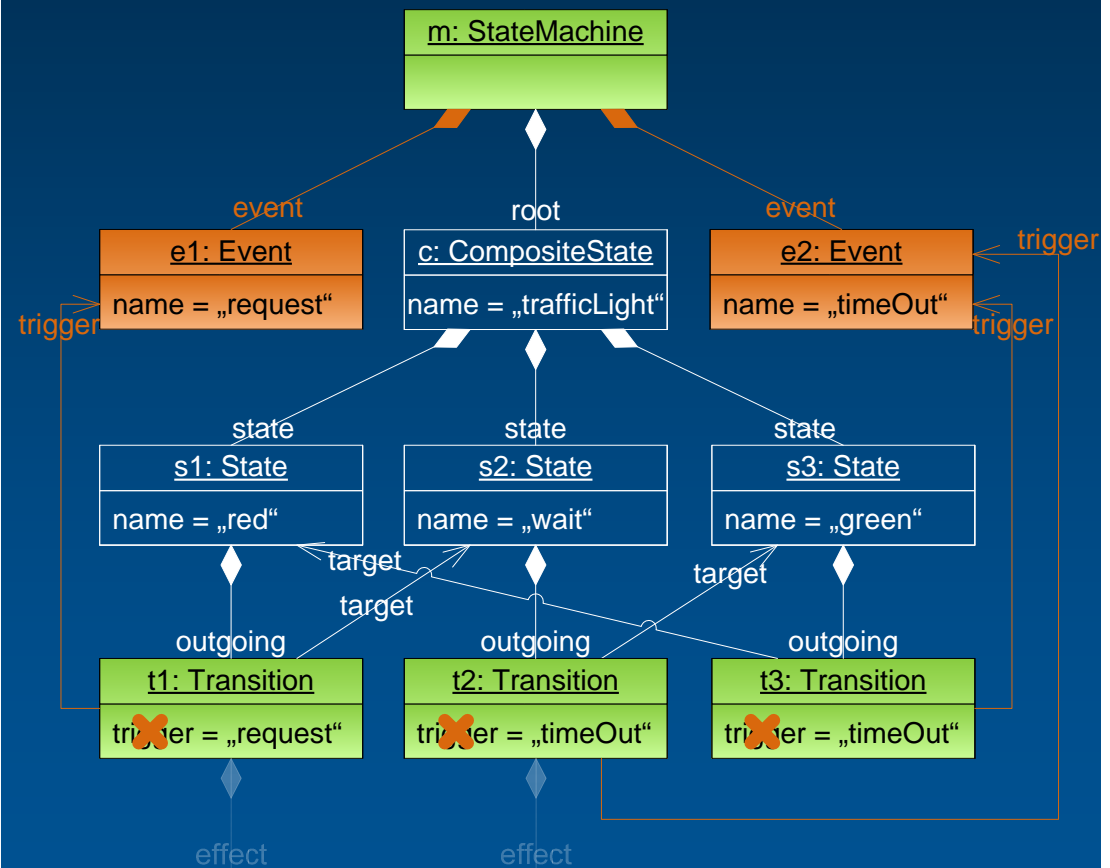
Example: Introduction of Event



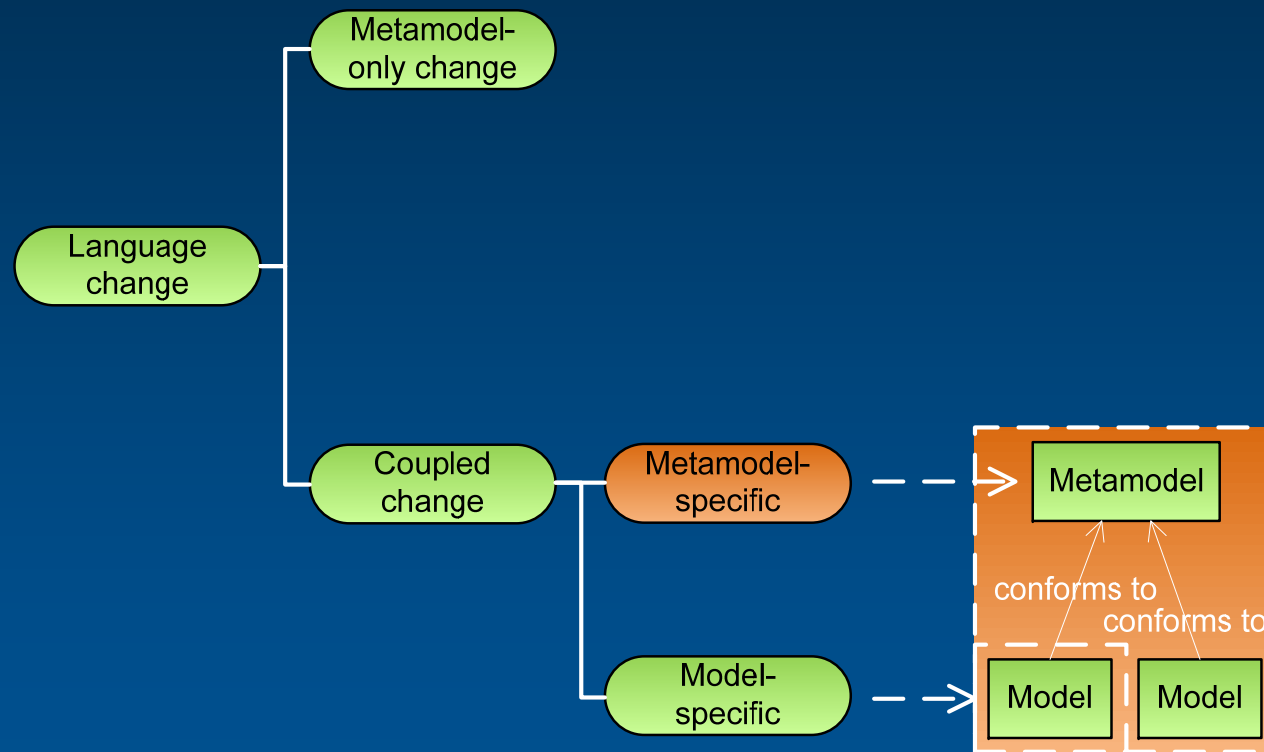
Example: Introduction of Event



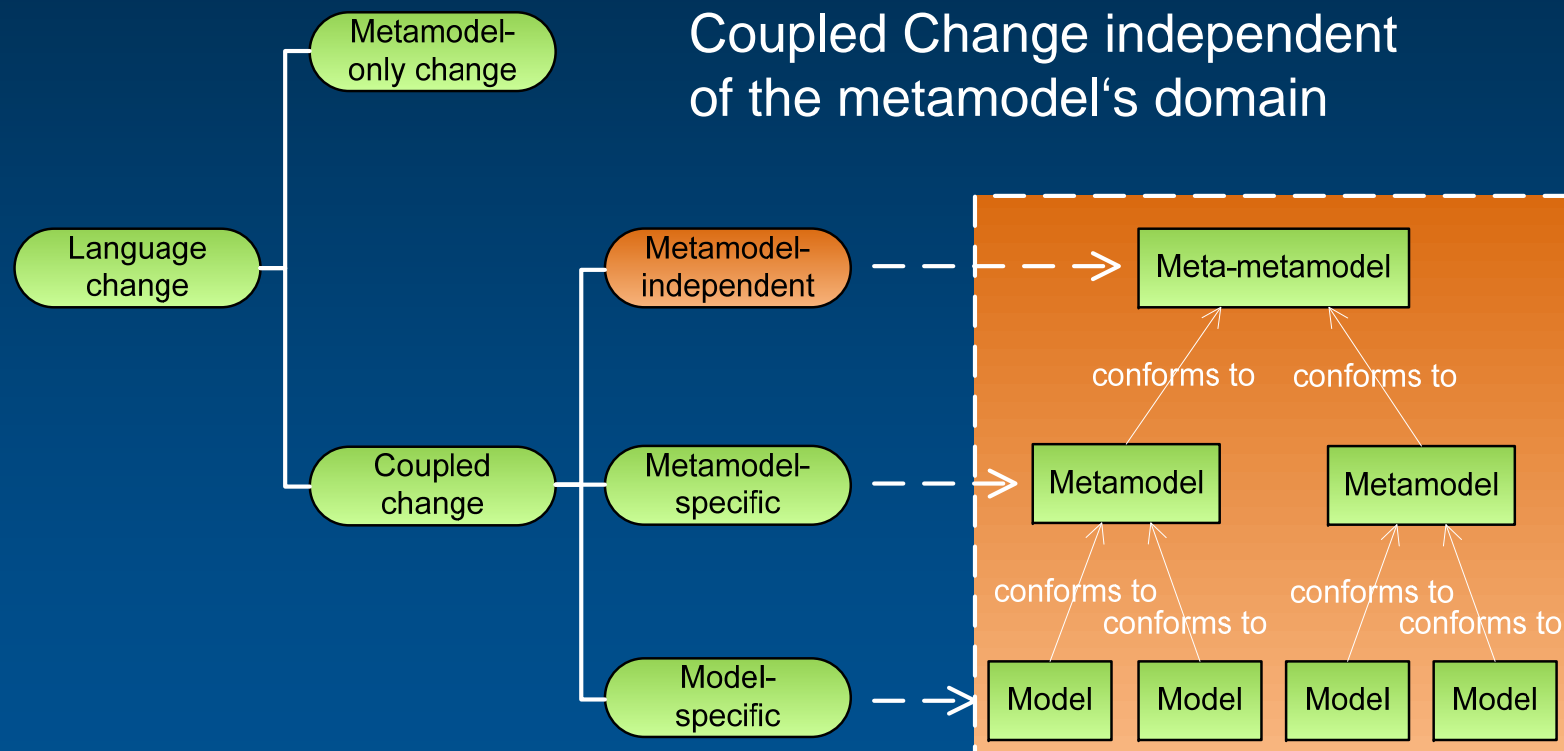
Complex,
non-recurring migration



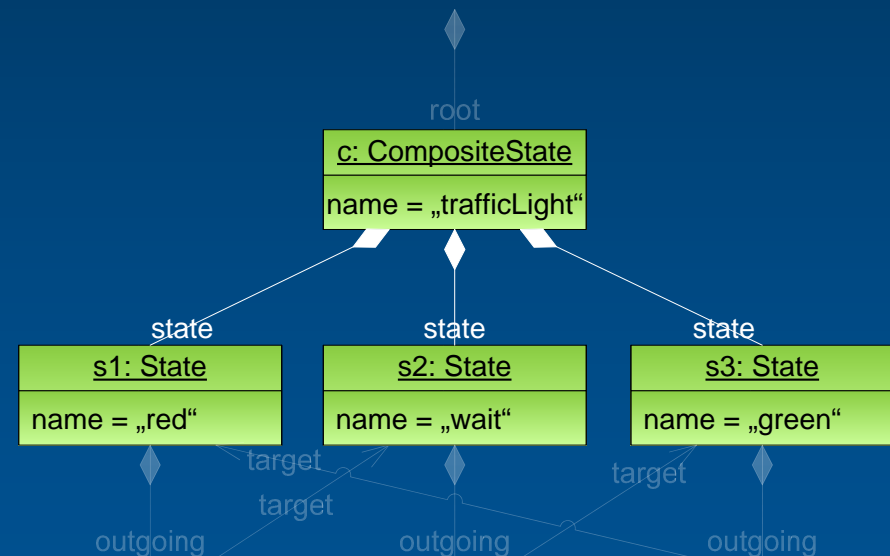
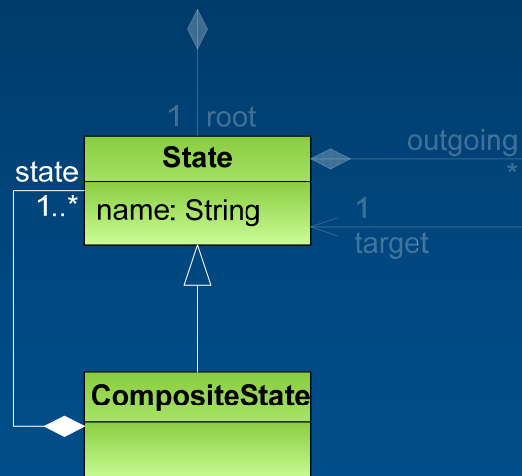
Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes



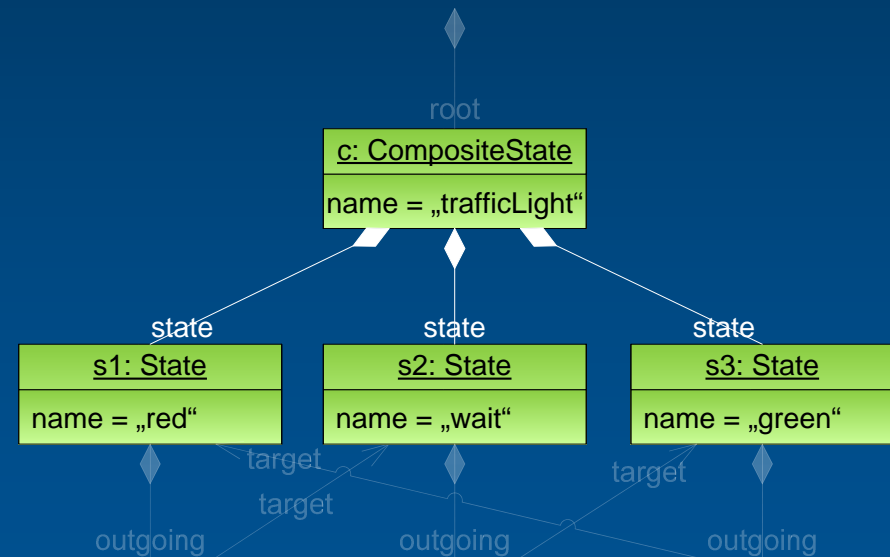
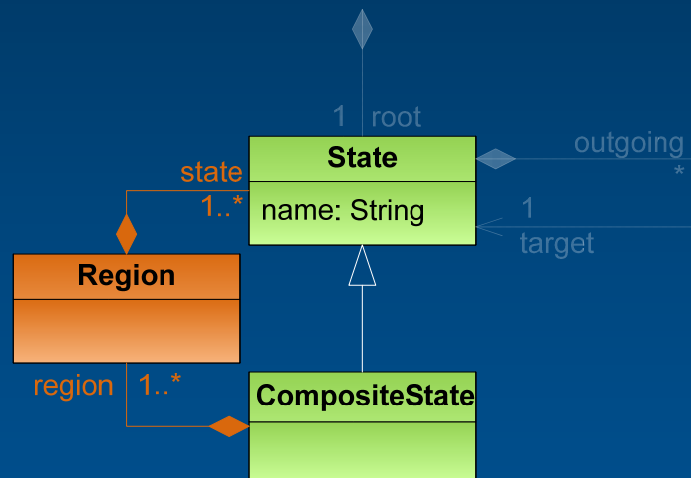
Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes



Example: Introduction of Region

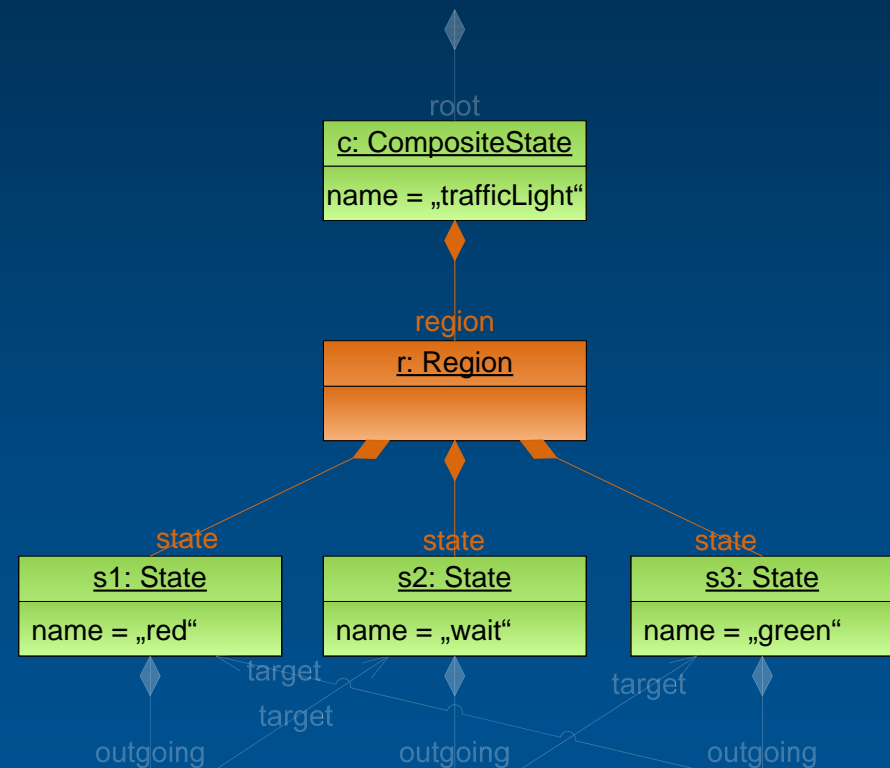
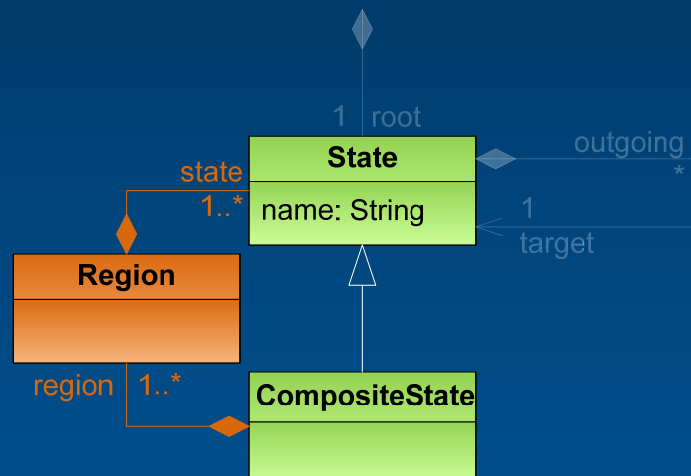


Example: Introduction of Region

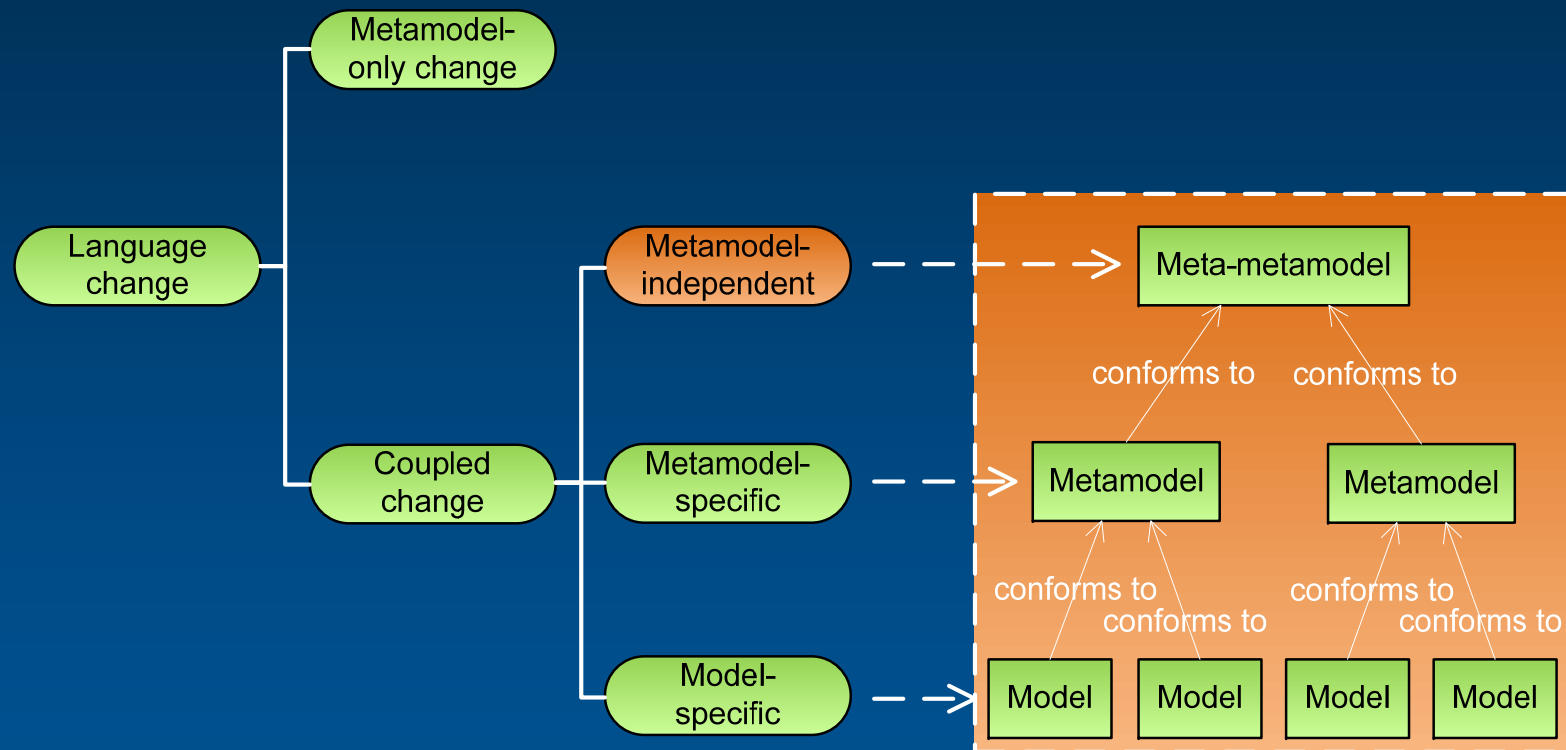


Example: Introduction of Region

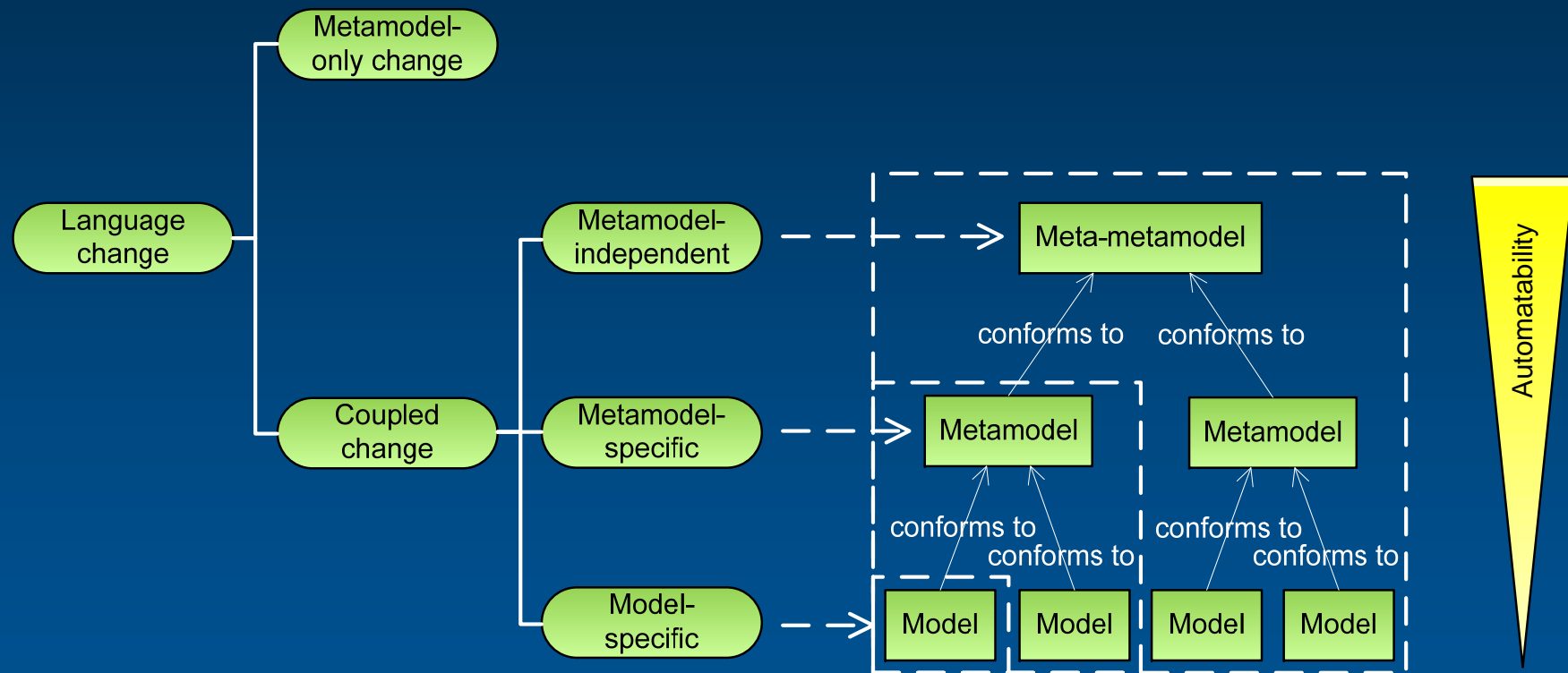
Generalizable into an operation
to extract a class



Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes



Classification – Automatability of Coupled Changes

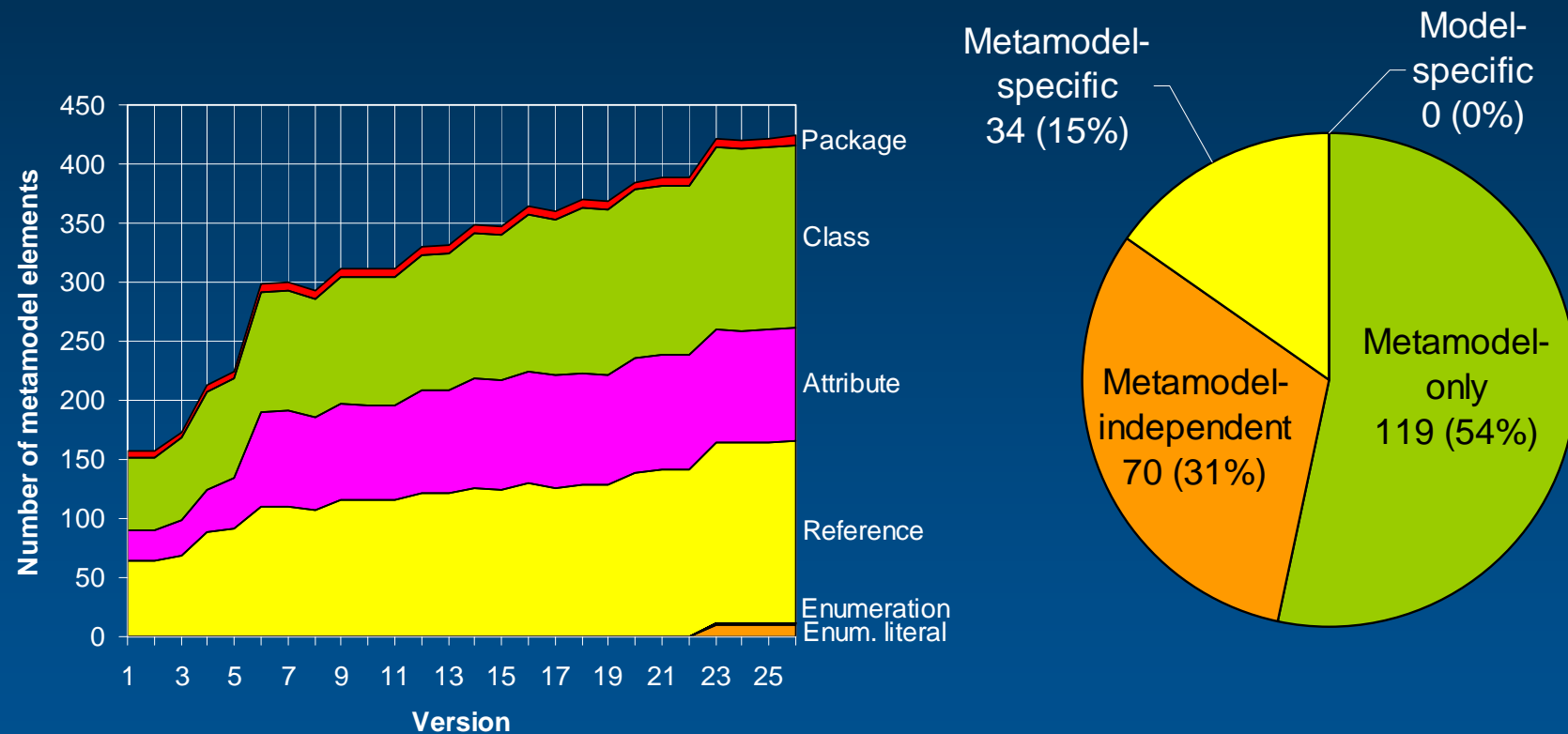


Industrial metamodels from BMW Car IT

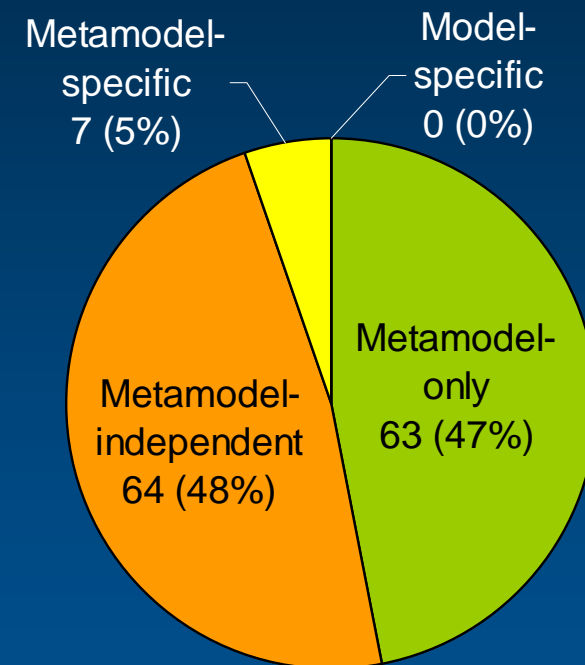
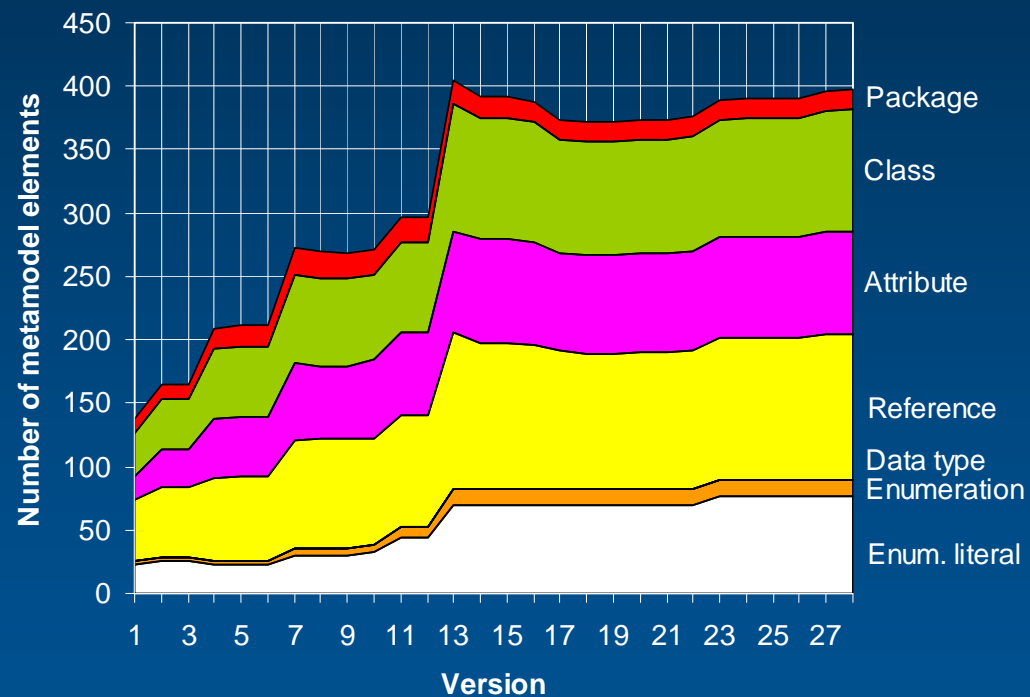
- *FLUID* (FLexible User Interface Development):
specification of Human Machine Interfaces
- *TAF-Gen* (Test Automation Framework - Generator):
specification of test models and test cases for Electronic Control Units

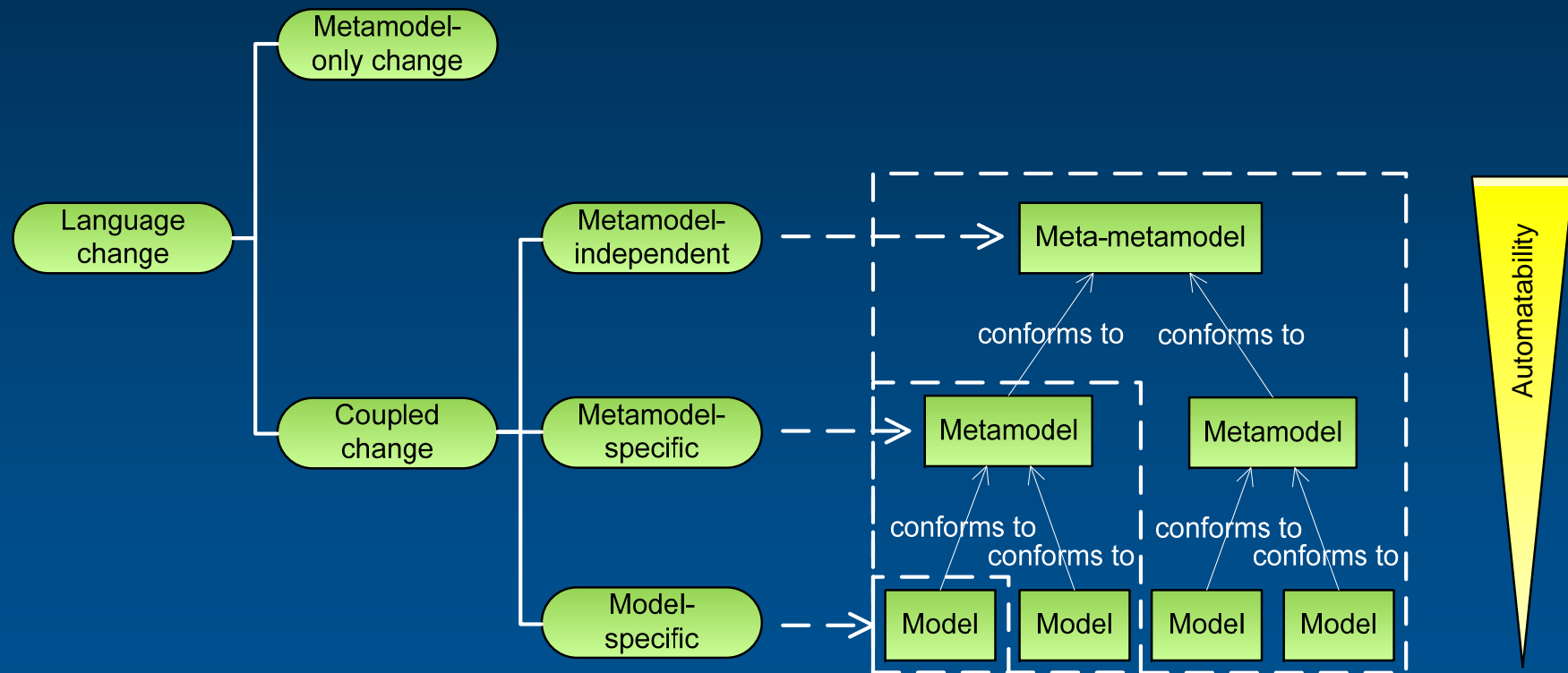
1. *Extraction* of metamodel versions:
from the revision control system
2. *Comparison* of subsequent metamodel versions:
difference model consisting of primitive changes
3. *Detection* of coupled changes:
combination of primitive changes based on model migration
4. *Classification* of coupled changes

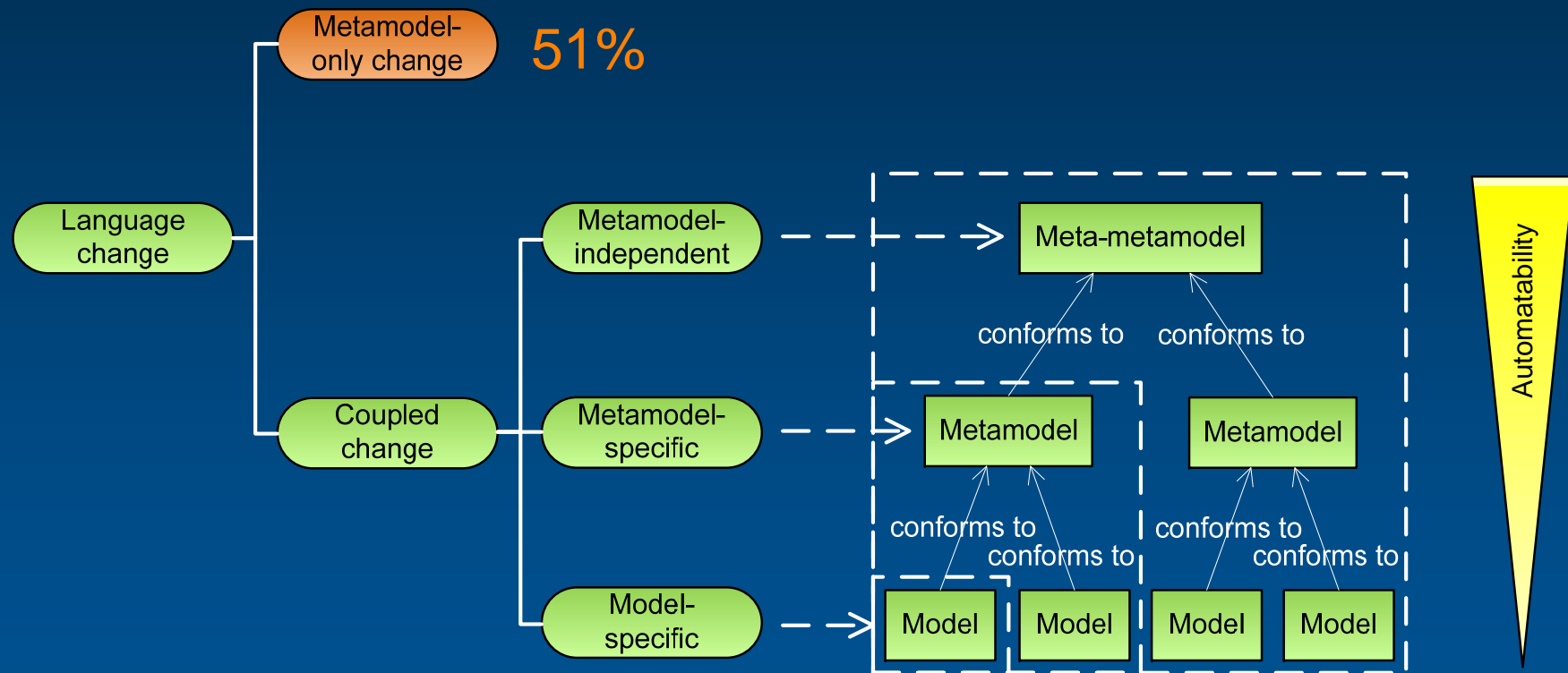
Study – Result for FLUID

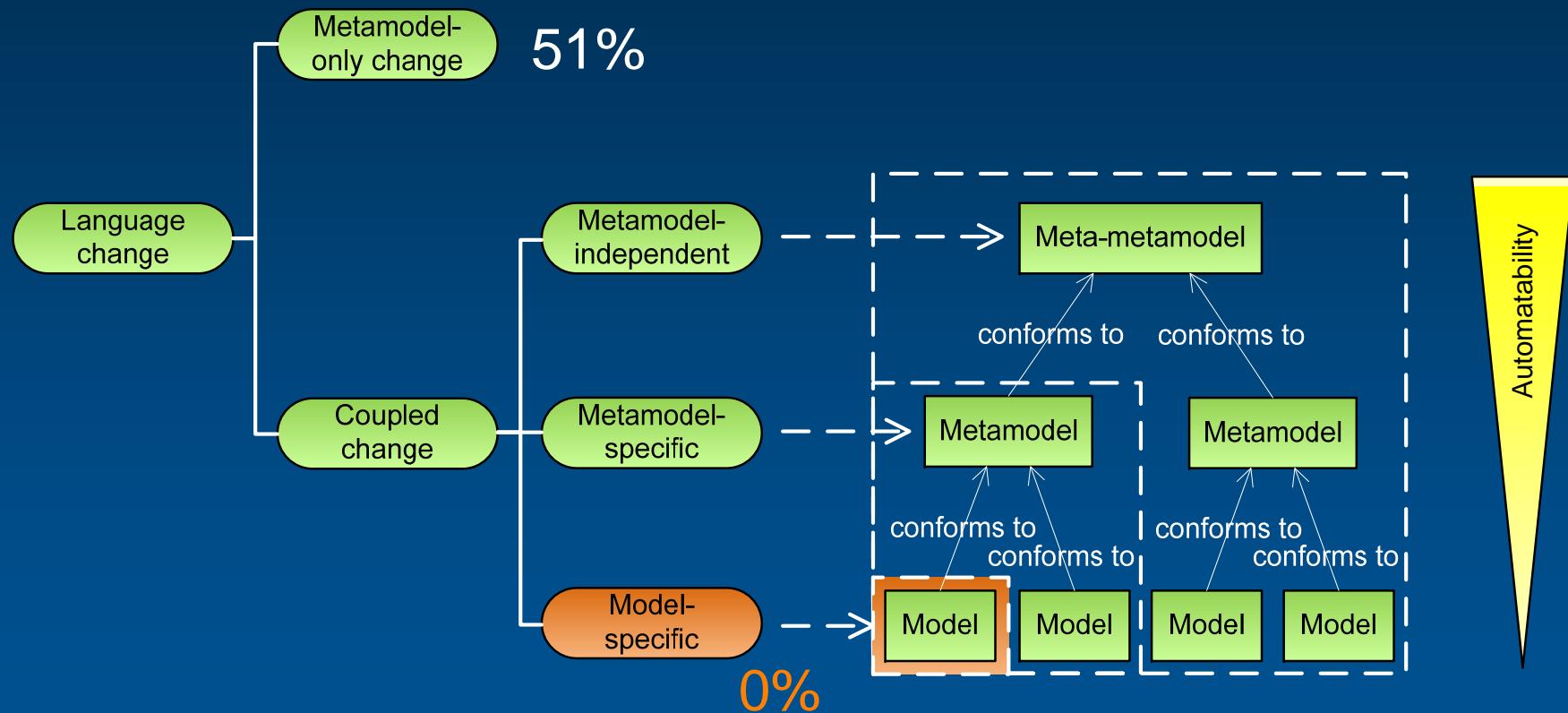


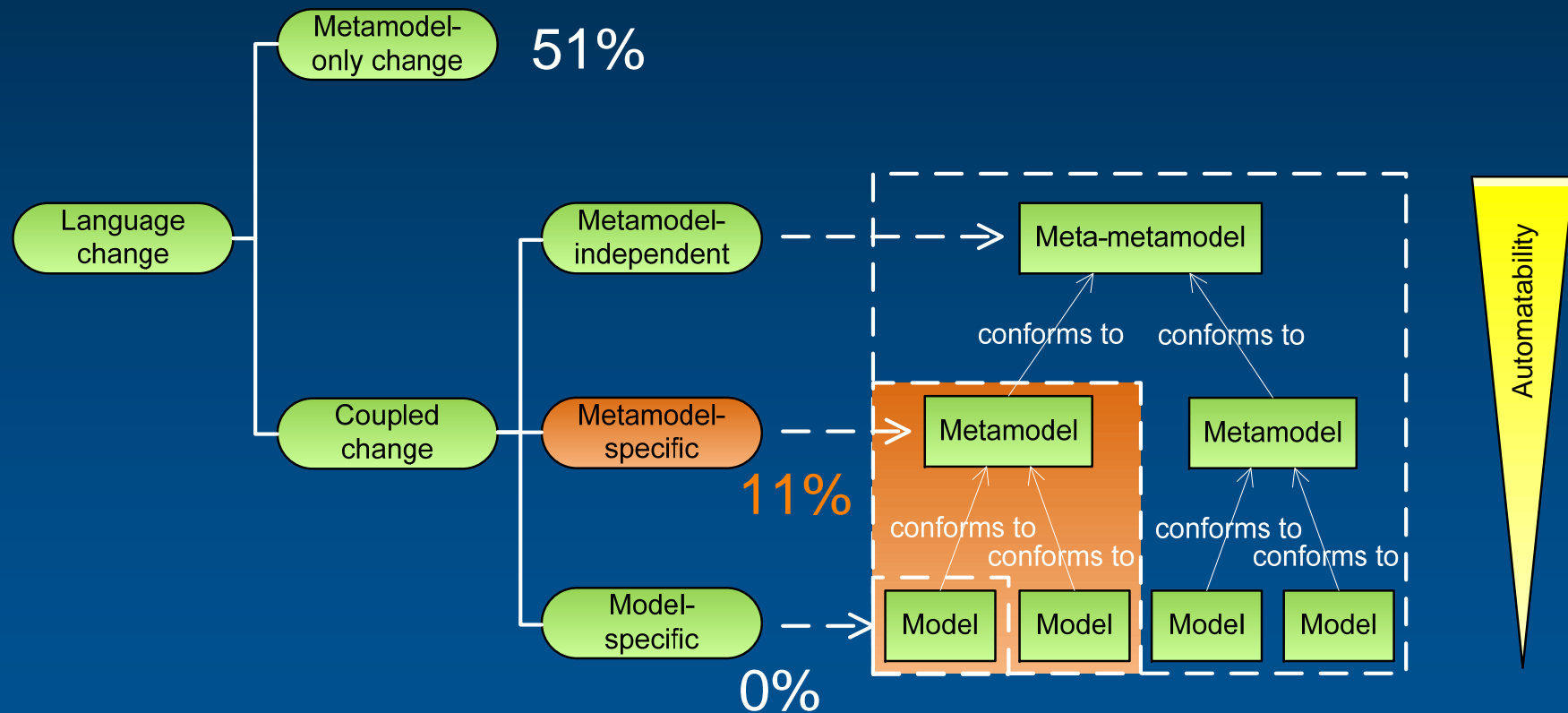
Study – Result for Taf-Gen

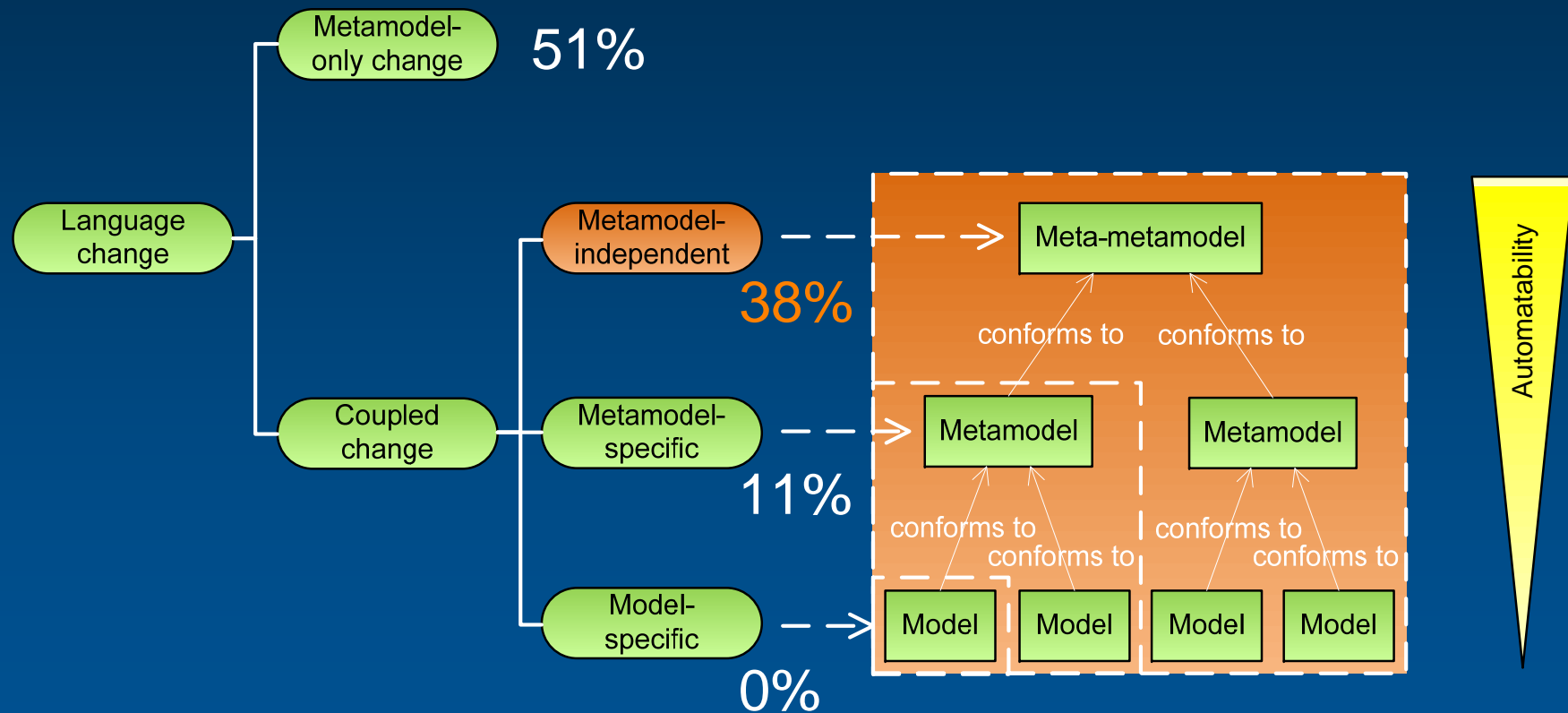


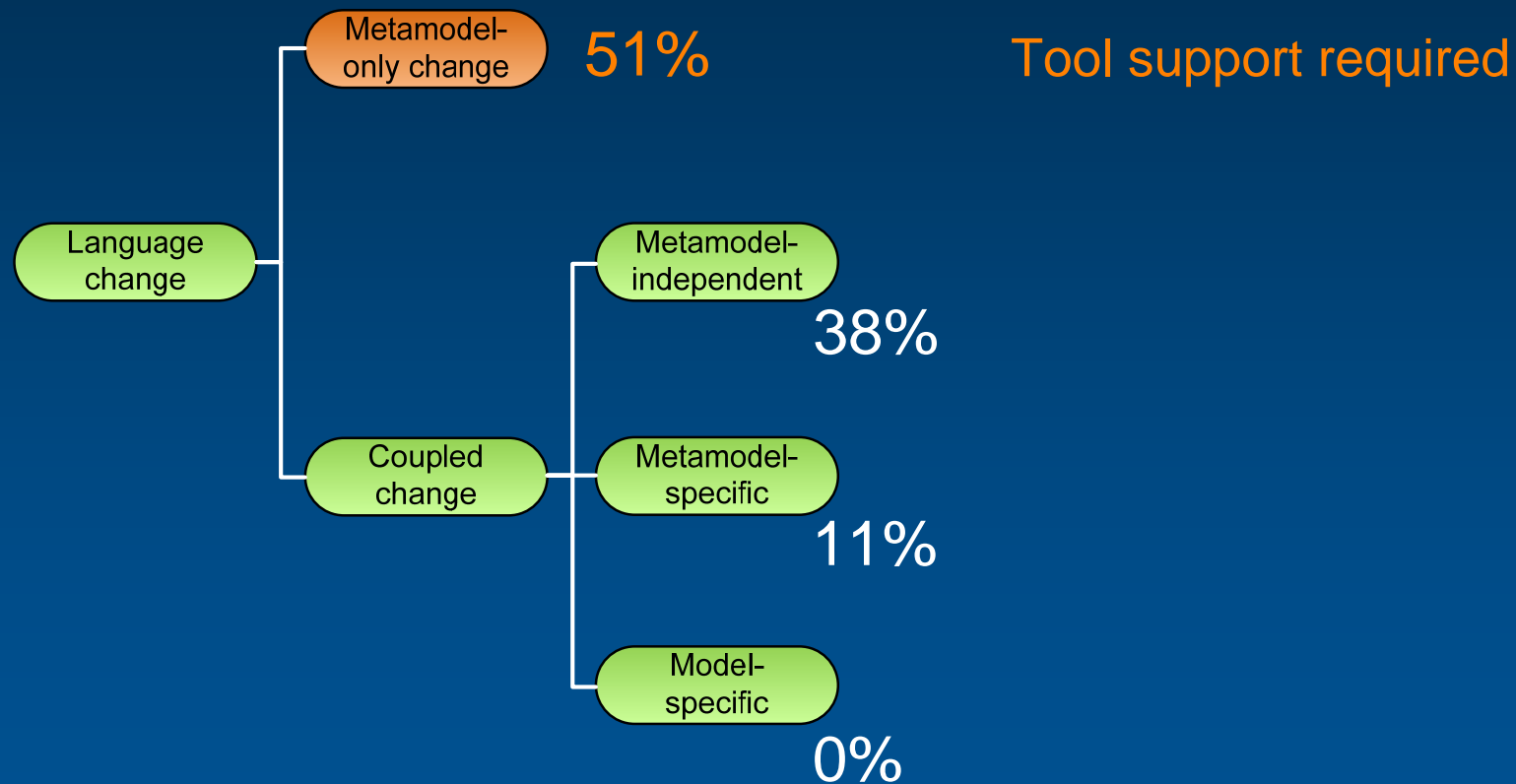


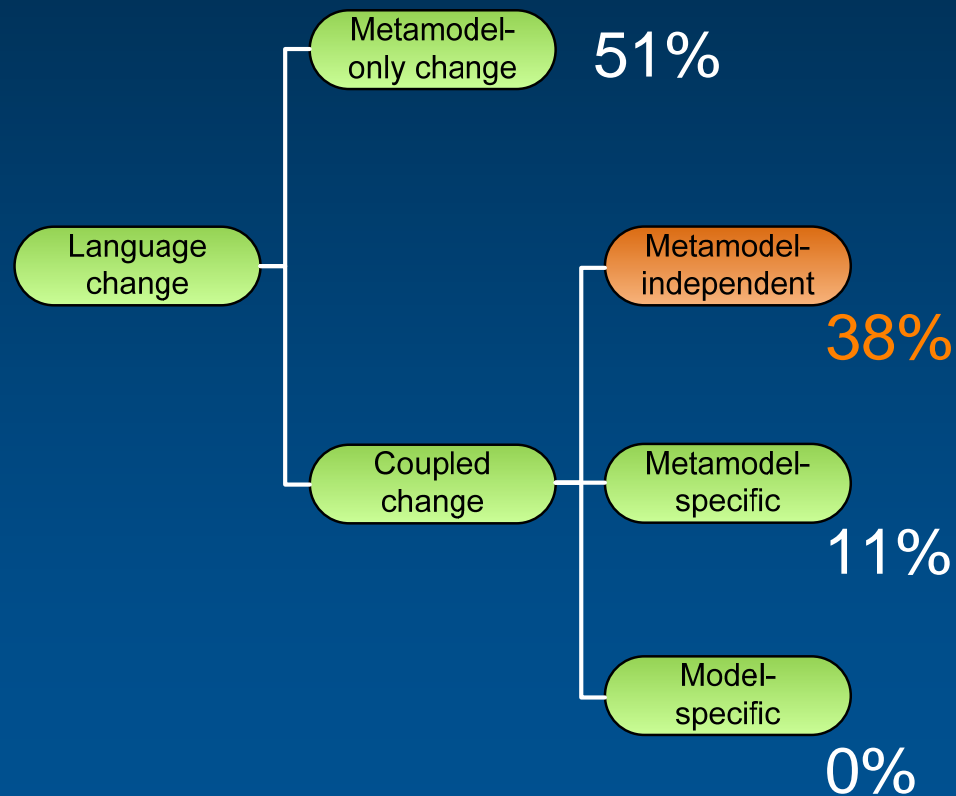






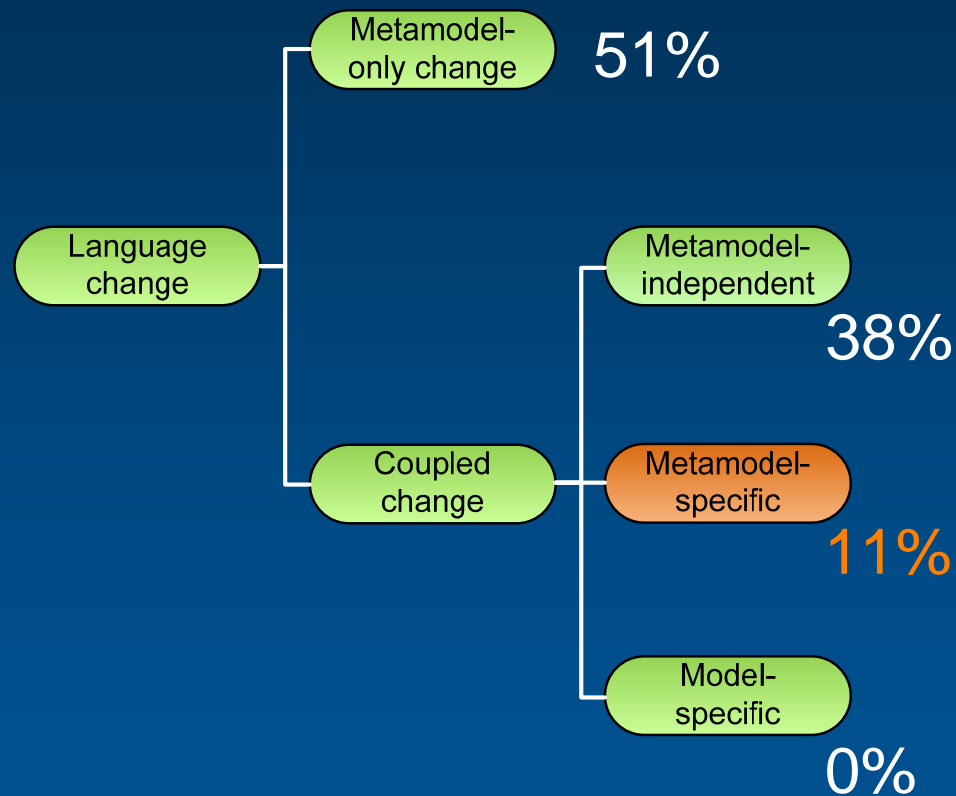






Tool support required

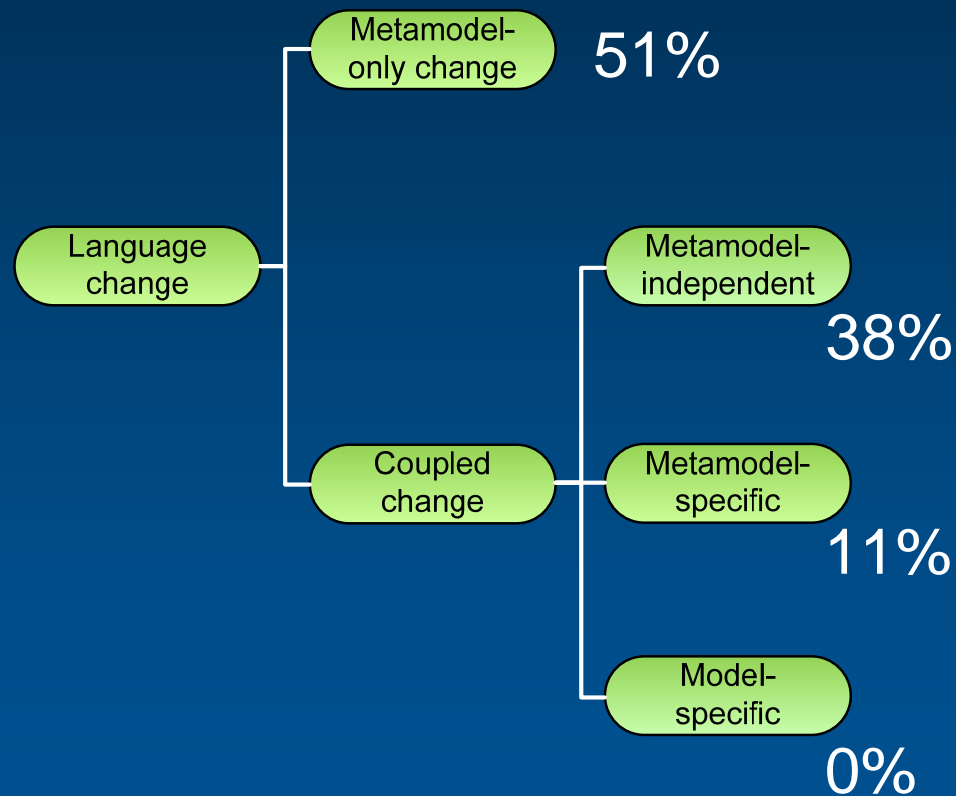
Reuse of migration knowledge



Tool support required

Reuse of migration knowledge

Expressive, custom migrations



Tool support required

Reuse of migration knowledge

+

Expressive, custom migrations

Composeability

Threat	Mitigation
1. <i>Extraction</i> : Commit as indication for new metamodel version ⇒ Primitives combined only from one commit to the next	1. Primitive changes of other metamodel versions taken into account in case of missing information
2. <i>Comparison</i> : Comparison of metamodel versions ambiguous ⇐ Absence of unique identifiers, changes overwritten by others	2. Validation of primitive changes in close cooperation with the metamodel developers
3. <i>Detection</i> : Models not available for all metamodel versions	3. Exhaustive questioning of the metamodel developers about the correctness of the derived migration
4. <i>Classification</i> : Differentiation between metamodel-specific and -independent coupled changes not 100% sharp	4. Conservative strategy: Classification rather metamodel-specific than metamodel-independent in case of uncertainty

Contributions

- Classification of coupled changes w.r.t. potential for automation
- Empirical study of two industrial metamodel histories

Result

- Metamodels change!
- Model migration necessary for many metamodel changes
- Huge potential for automation

Requirements for tool support

- **Expressiveness:** to cater for complex model migrations
- **Reuse:** to significantly reduce maintenance effort

Further studies of metamodel histories

- Refinement of classification
- Different aspects of language evolution
- Open source metamodels (\Leftarrow Confidentiality of the presented metamodels)

Tool Support for Automated Coupled Evolution

- Classification of existing approaches according to requirements
- Approach fulfilling the requirements
- Performance of a case study to validate against requirements

Thank you very much for your attention!

- Questions?
- Criticism?
- Suggestions?

<http://wwwbroy.in.tum.de/~herrmama/cope>

