Individual Project Report - Rishabh Singh - G26592249

Project Overview

The project focused on leveraging big data and analytics tools to gather, store, and visualize extensive baseball game data. Specifically, the data encompassed Major League Baseball (MLB) games from 1901 to 2023. My role in this project was multifaceted, involving setting up a data pipeline, data storage, and data visualization.

Setting up Airflow and DAGs

- Task: Establish an Apache Airflow environment and create Directed Acyclic Graphs (DAGs).
- **Objective:** Automate the data extraction process from the MLB schedule API and handle subsequent data processing tasks.
- Execution: I successfully set up an Airflow environment, leveraging its scheduling and workflow management capabilities. Two DAGs were written:
 - **DAG 1:** Extracted data from the MLB schedule API. This process involved fetching game data spanning over a century (1901-2023).
 - o **DAG 2:** Called the game pk API using the game IDs (game pk) extracted by DAG 1.

Data Storage in S3

- Task: Store the retrieved data in an AWS S3 bucket.
- **Data Volume:** The initial data from the schedule API totaled approximately 8 GB. The data from the game pk API was substantially larger, around 175 GB.
- Structure and Format:
 - The schedule API data was stored along with a CSV file containing all game IDs.
 - The game_pk data was organized in a structured folder hierarchy: year/month/day/game pk.json.
- **Data Lake:** Both sets of data were integrated into our S3-based data lake, providing a centralized and scalable storage solution.

Data Visualization in Google Colab

- Task: Develop data visualizations to represent the cleaned and processed MLB data.
- Tools Used: Google Colab, leveraging Python libraries for data analysis and visualization.
- **Process:** Utilized the cleaned data prepared by my teammate. This data was extracted from our S3 data lake and then analyzed and visualized in Google Colab. The visualizations focused on

providing insights into various aspects of the MLB data, such as game trends, player performance, and historical comparisons.

Challenges Faced and Overcome

- **Data Volume Management:** Handling large volumes of data (especially the 175 GB from the game pk API) was challenging. Efficient data processing and storage strategies were crucial.
- Complex Data Extraction: Extracting and structuring data from APIs spanning over a century required meticulous planning and execution.
- Visualization of Complex Data Sets: Converting large and complex data sets into comprehensible visualizations demanded a deep understanding of both the data and the visualization tools.

Conclusion

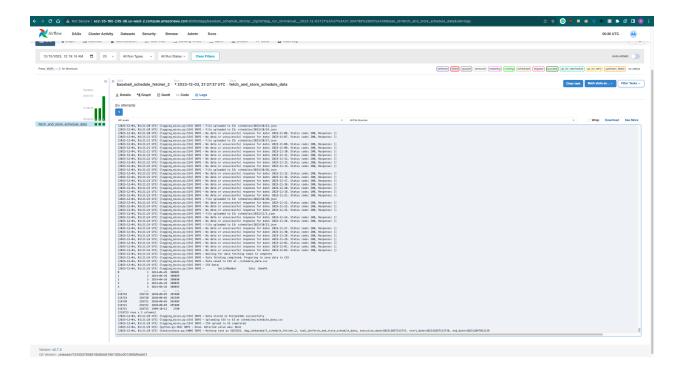
This project not only demonstrated my ability to handle large-scale data using modern big data tools but also emphasized the importance of clear and insightful data visualization. Working with historical MLB data presented unique challenges and learning opportunities, especially in terms of data management and visualization techniques.

Screenshots Attached

DAG 1

```
2 import datetime
3 import requests
 4 import boto3
 5 import sqlalchemy
 6 import json
7 import pandas as pd
8 from concurrent.futures import ThreadPoolExecutor, as_completed
 9 from airflow import DAG
{\it 10} \quad {\it from airflow.operators.python\_operator import PythonOperator}
12 # DAG configuration
13 default_args = {
14 'owner': 'airflow',
15 'depends_on_past': False,
16
        'start_date': datetime.datetime.today(),
        'retries': 1,
        'retry_delay': datetime.timedelta(minutes=5),
19 }
{\it 21} \quad {\it dag = DAG('baseball\_schedule\_fetcher\_2', default\_args=default\_args, schedule\_interval=None)}
23 def upload_to_s3(bucket_name, object_key, data):
        Upload a file to an S3 bucket
25
27
         s3_client = boto3.client('s3')
28
            s3_client.put_object(Bucket=bucket_name, Key=object_key, Body=json.dumps(data))
        print(f"File uploaded to S3: {object_key}")
except Exception as e:
31
            print(f"Error uploading to S3: {e}")
33
34 def fetch_schedule_data(date):
35 schedule_url = f"https://baseballsavant.mlb.com/schedule?date={date.strftime('%Y-%m-%d')}"
36
         schedule_response = requests.get(schedule_url)
37
         data = []
38
39
         if schedule_response.status_code == 200 and schedule_response.json():
                 schedule_data = schedule_response.json()
42
                # Extracting gamePk values from the schedule data
                 if 'schedule' in schedule_data and 'dates' in schedule_data['schedule']:
                  for date_entry in schedule_data['schedule']['dates']:
    for game in date_entry['games']:
                             game_pk = game.get('gamePk')
                               if game_pk:
                                   data.append([date, game_pk])
              # Upload JSON respon
                 s3_path = f"schedules/{date.year}/{date.month}/{date.day}.json"
                  upload_to_s3('mlb-data-store', s3_path, schedule_data)
53
          except Exception as e:
                 print(f"Error processing schedule data for date: {date}: {e}")
            # Log a message if the response is not successful or if there's no JSON data
print(f"No data or unsuccessful response for date: {date}. Status code: {schedule_response.status_code}, Response: {schedule_response.text}")
        return data
59
```

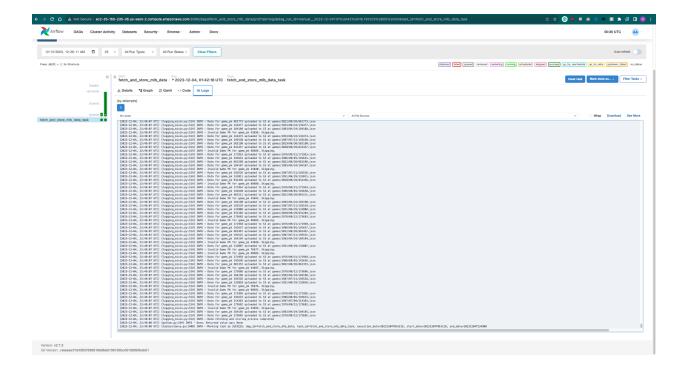
```
61 def fetch_and_store_data(ds, **kwargs):
  62
          print("Starting data fetch and store process")
  63
  64
          start_date = datetime.date(1901, 1, 1)
          end_date = datetime.date.today()
  65
  66
          print(f"Fetching data from {start_date} to {end_date}")
  67
          dates = [start_date + datetime.timedelta(days=i) for i in range((end_date - start_date).days + 1)]
  68
  69
  70
         futures = []
  71
         with ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=20) as executor:
  72
              for date in dates:
  7.3
                  futures.append(executor.submit(fetch_schedule_data, date))
  74
                  print(f"Scheduled data fetch for date: {date}")
  75
          print("Waiting for data fetching tasks to complete")
  76
  77
          results = []
  78
          for future in as_completed(futures):
             results.extend(future.result())
  79
  80
  87
          print("Data fetching completed. Preparing to save data to CSV")
  82
         # Convert results to DataFrame and save as CSV
  83
          df = pd.DataFrame(results, columns=['Date', 'GamePk'])
         df.insert(0, 'SerialNumber', range(1, 1 + len(df)))
  84
  85
          csv_file_path = './schedule_data.csv'
          df.to_csv(csv_file_path, index=False)
  86
  87
          print(f"Data saved to CSV at {csv_file_path}")
  88
         # Read and print the CSV file
  89
  90
          df = pd.read_csv(csv_file_path)
  91
          print("CSV Data:")
  92
          print(df)
  93
         # Store data in PostgreSQL
  94
  95
          # Replace with your PostgreSQL connection details
  96
          postgres_connection = 'postgresql+psycopg2://airflow:airflow@localhost/airflow'
  97
          engine = sqlalchemy.create_engine(postgres_connection)
  98
          try:
  99
             df.to_sql('schedule_data', engine, index=False, if_exists='replace')
 100
             print("Data stored in PostgreSQL successfully")
 101
          except Exception as e:
 102
           print(f"Error storing data in PostgreSQL: {e}")
 103
 104
          # Upload the CSV file to S3
         s3_csv_path = f"schedules/schedule_data.csv"
 105
          print(f"Uploading CSV to S3 at {s3_csv_path}")
 107
         s3_client = boto3.client('s3')
 108
         s3_client.upload_file(csv_file_path, 'mlb-data-store', s3_csv_path)
 109
          print("CSV upload to S3 completed")
 770
 111 # Task definition
 112 fetch_store_task = PythonOperator(
 113
         task_id='fetch_and_store_schedule_data',
 114
          provide_context=True,
 115
          python_callable=fetch_and_store_data,
 116
          dag=dag,
 117 )
 118
 119 fetch_store_task
 120
```



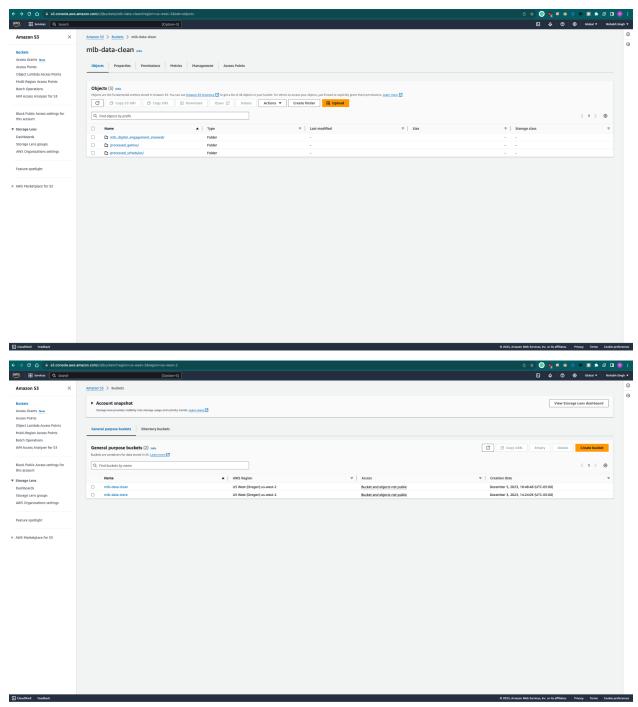
DAG 2

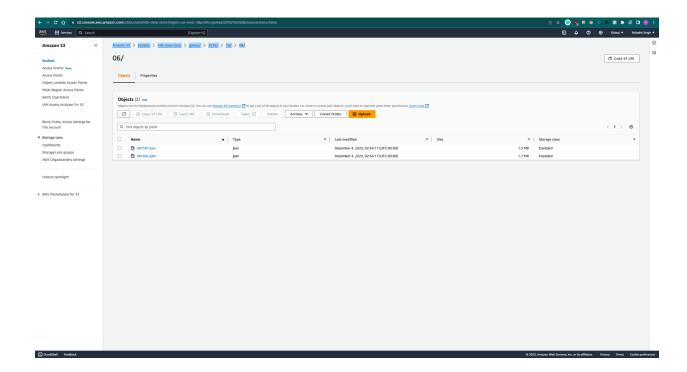
```
1 import os
 2 import json
3 import requests
4 import pandas as pd
5 import boto3
6 from concurrent.futures import ThreadPoolExecutor, as_completed
7 from airflow import DAG
8 from airflow.operators.python_operator import PythonOperator
9 from datetime import datetime, timedelta
10
11 # DAG configuration
12 default_args = {
13 'owner': 'airflow',
      'start_date': datetime(2023, 1, 1),
14
       'retries': 1,
15
16
       'retry_delay': timedelta(minutes=5)
17 }
18
19 dag = DAG('fetch_and_store_mlb_data',
20
             default_args=default_args,
21
             schedule_interval=None)
22
23 def upload_to_s3(bucket_name, object_key, data):
24
25
       Upload data to an S3 bucket
26
27
      s3_client = boto3.client('s3')
28
         s3_client.put_object(Bucket=bucket_name, Key=object_key, Body=json.dumps(data))
29
30
         print(f"Data uploaded to S3: {bucket_name}/{object_key}")
31
      except Exception as e:
         print(f"Error uploading to S3: {e}")
32
33
```

```
34 def fetch_and_save_game_data(date, game_pk, bucket):
35     print(f"Fetching data for game_pk {game_pk}...")
36     api_url = f"https://baseballsavant.mlb.com/gf?game_pk={game_pk}"
 37
            response = requests.get(api_url)
 38
 39
              if response.status_code == 200:
                   data = response.json()
                  if "error" in data and data["error"] == "Invalid Game PK.":
    return f"Invalid Game PK for game_pk {game_pk}. Skipping."
 41
 42
 44
                  object_key = f"games/{date.year}/{date.month:02d}/{date.day:02d}/{game_pk}.json"
                  upload_to_s3(bucket, object_key, data)
 45
                   return f"Data for game_pk {game_pk} uploaded to S3 at {object_key}"
 46
 48
                   return f"Failed to fetch data for game_pk {game_pk}: Status code {response.status_code}"
         except Exception as e:
 49
             return f"Exception for game_pk {game_pk}: {e}"
 50
 52 def fetch_game_data_and_store():
53 print("Loading DataFrame from CSV...")
          df = pd.read_csv('./schedule_data.csv')
 55
          print(df.head())
         print("DataFrame loaded. Processing data.")
bucket = 'mlb-data-store' # Replace with your S3 bucket name
 56
 59
         with ThreadPoolExecutor(max_workers=20) as executor:
              futures = {executor.sumit(fetch_and_save_game_data, pd.to_datetime(row['Date']), row['GamePk'], bucket): row for index, row in df.iterrows()}
 60
 62
         for future in as_completed(futures):
           result = future.result()
print(result)
 6.3
 64
 65
 66
        print("Data fetching and storing process completed")
 67
 68 fetch_store_task = PythonOperator(
 69
          task_id='fetch_and_store_mlb_data_task',
 70
          \verb|python_callable=fetch_game_data_and_store|,\\
 71
          dag=dag,
 74 fetch_store_task
```



S3





Airflow

