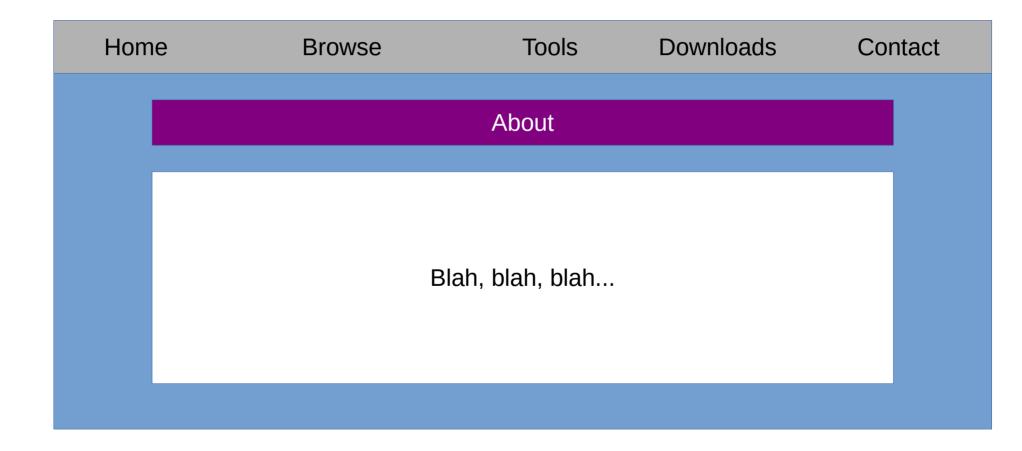
Global AMP Survey database - GAS

- 1. Make it easy to rerun from any pc
- 2. We provided tables in tsv format and figures in ASCII (please read the Readme.txt file carefully)
 - 3. Organize data sets in a database easy to update
 - 4. Code the structure of webpage

Home



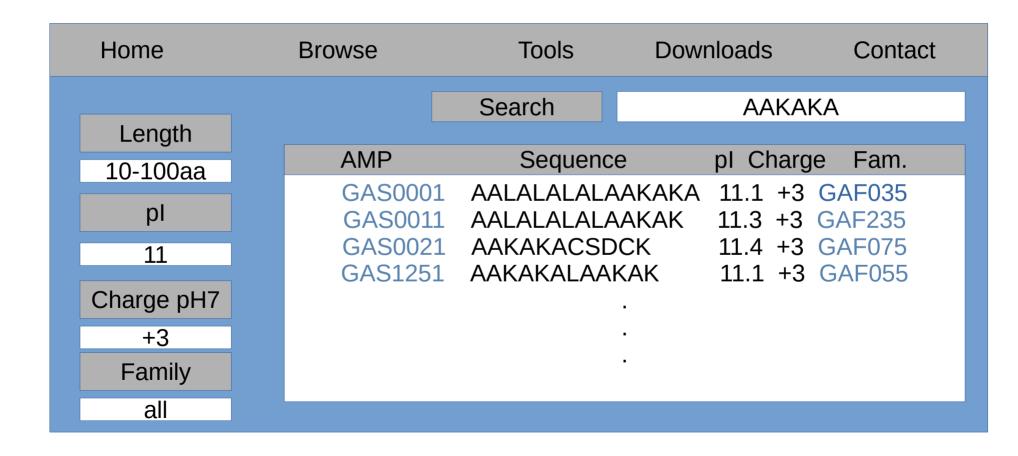
Initial webpage

Home	Browse	Tools	Downloads	Contact
	AMPs	Blastp		
	Families	НММ		
	Environment	Macrel		

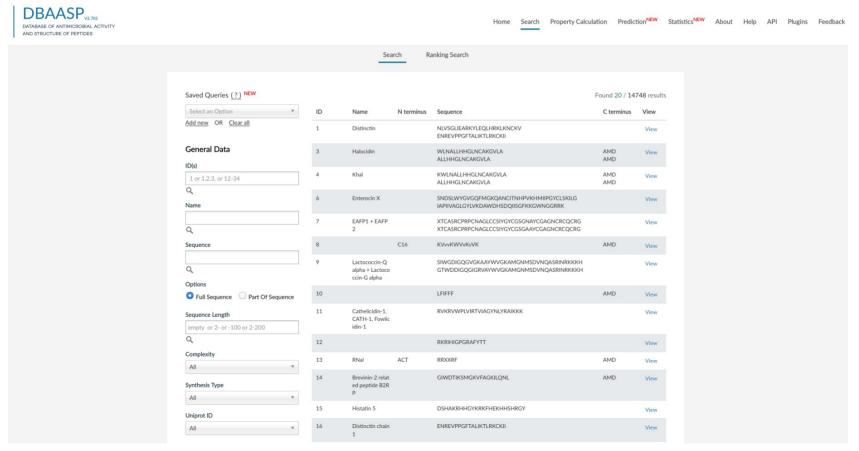
Browse-AMPs (Basic search)

- This is basically a large table with sort options, you can add all variables in the table we sent to you
- Search is a text wrapper
- Should there be options to select part of the table by using features intervals and etc.

Browse-AMPs (Basic search)



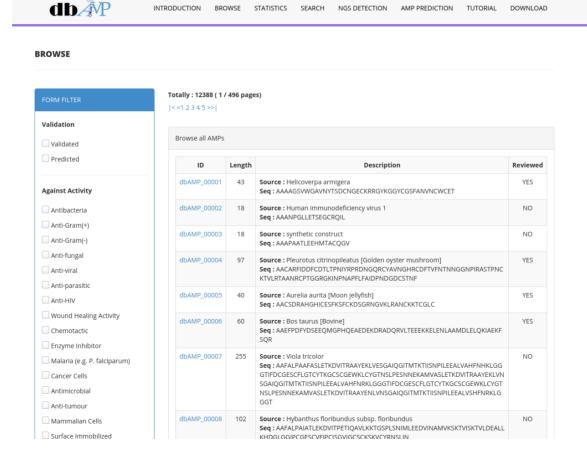
Example for AMP browsing – dbAASP (https://dbaasp.org/)



Example for AMP browsing dbAMP (http://140.138.77.240/~dbamp/index.php)

BROWSE STATISTICS SEARCH NGS DETECTION AMP PREDICTION TUTORIAL DOWNLOAD

INTRODUCTION



AMP page

- It should contain all info for each AMP, such as features, cluster at 3 levels, location, metagenomes, environment
- Good example is provided, please give it a look and try to incorporate the tabs system
- The blue links are clickable and redirect the user to other webpages or also our own webpage
- Please find the metagenomes info in the SRA Database (https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra/) webpage

AMP page (one for each)

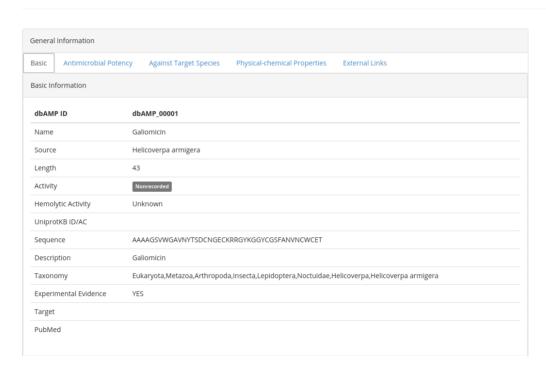
Home	Browse	То	ols Do	wnloads	Contact		
		Searc	h	GAS0	01		
GAS001							
Sequence	AALALALA	LAAKAKA	Alternative ID	DRAMPO	001, APD662		
Length	11.1						
Charge	+3						
Family	GAF035						
Metagenomes	SRR3856,	SRR6696,	SRR(conne	ect with SRA	A database)		
Environments	Pig guts, w	ater, soil					
Genomes			nect to NCBI)				
Species	Bordethella	a cupris (Al	MPs from sam	e species)			
					Features		

Example for AMP info — dbAMP (http://

140.138.77.240/~dbamp/index.php)



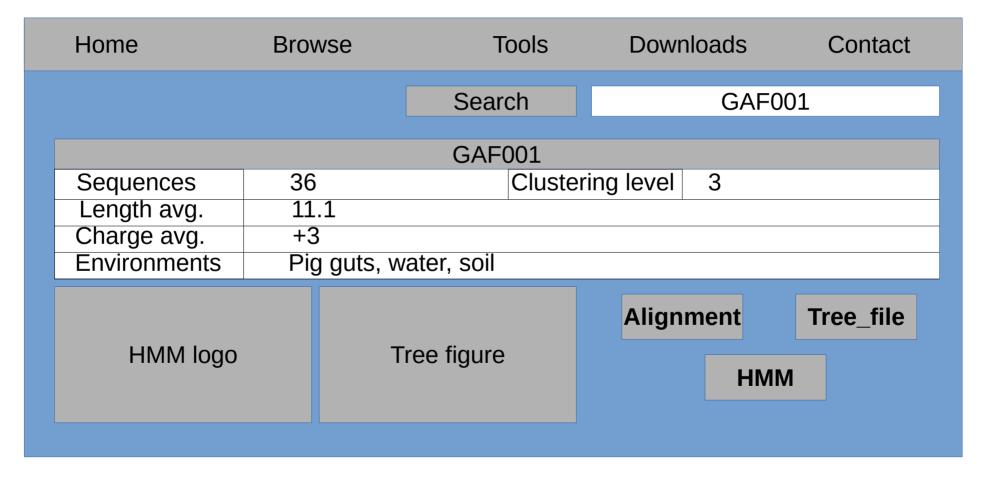
ANTIMICROBIAL PEPTIDE CARD



Protein family page

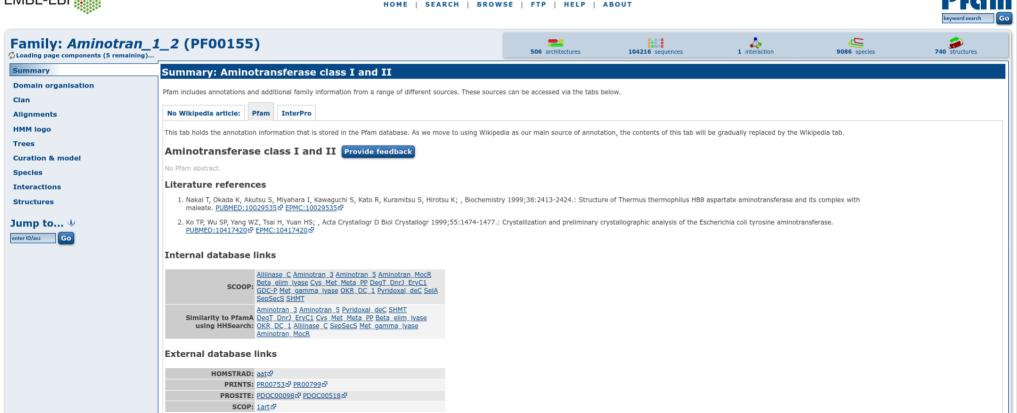
- Protein families are the clusters at the third level, we only have associated info to this level, therefore the levels I and II should be left as flat information
- We provided the alignment (aln), tree file (nwk), the three figure (txt), the HMM profile (hmm) and the hmmlogo (pdf); you should incorporate links to the download of these files to each family.
- Families were identified as GAF before the cluster number
- In families, there is the average and standard deviation for each feature, it should be taken in consideration.

Protein family page (one for each)

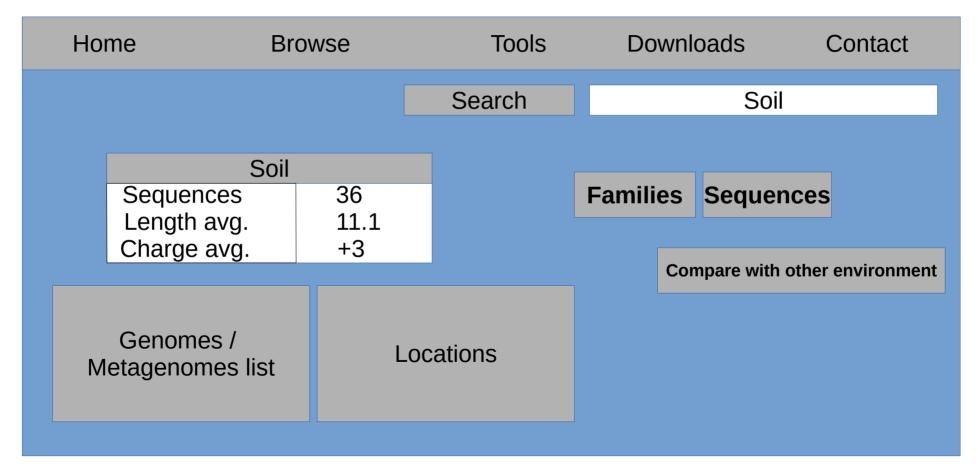


Example for protein families – PFAM (pfam.xfam.org/)

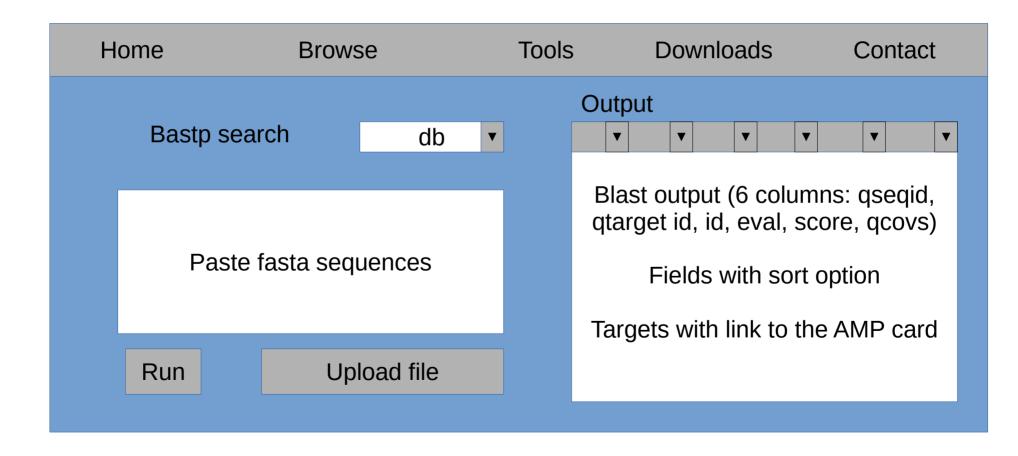




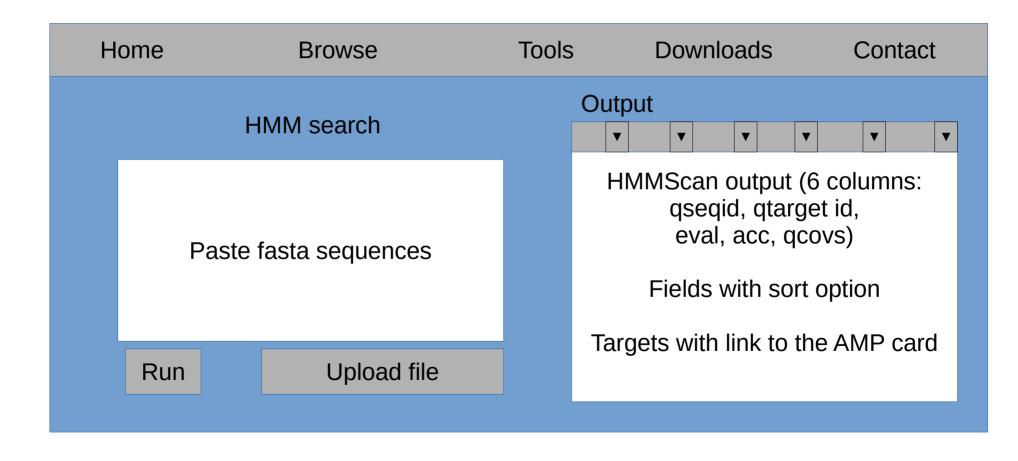
Environment page (one for each)



Tools - Blast webpage

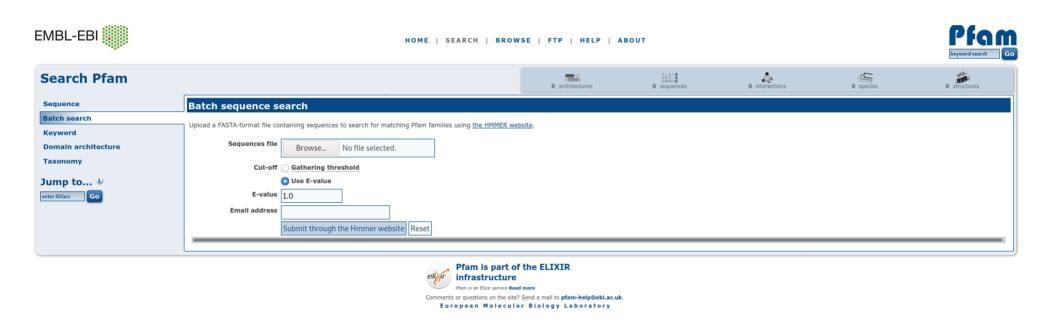


Tools - HMM webpage



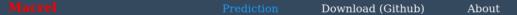
Example HMM search

(https://pfam.xfam.org/search#tabview=tab1)



Tools - Macrel webpage

Redirect to Macrel webpage or fuse in a similar way with the macrel webpage





Antimicrobial activity prediction	
You can paste peptides or contigs sequence in FASTA format into the field below:	Or submit a file in FASTA format:
	•
	Drag or click here to upload
	(FASTA format, limited to 500KB)
Peptides example Contigs example	
*Data Type: Peptides Contigs (nucleotide)	
Submit Clear Form	
For large inputs (>500KB or >1,000 sequences), please $\underline{\text{download the tool}}$ and run it locally.	

Antimicrobial peptides (AMPs) are small proteins (10–100 amino acids) that can either cause lysis or generally interfere with cell growth. The rapid growth of antibiotic resistant microorganisms in the last years became a world health problem. Thus, AMPs could represent a source of new antibiotic treatments. Recently, more and more genomic and metagenomic sequences have become publicly available. Macrel is pipeline that overcomes most of the problems associated to the prospection of AMPs in high throughput data sets analyzing diverse types of inputs (reads, contigs, protein sequences). The protein sequences predicted as AMPs by Macrel are, usually, specific and accurate, what can reduce the cost of experiments.

Macrel uses machine learning to select peptides with high probability of being an AMP. Furthermore, Macrel is also capable to perform the classification of AMPs into hemolytic and non-hemolytic peptides. This allows researchers to select the most interesting peptides for further testing *in vitro*.

Peptides submitted to the Macrel prediction should consist of 20 canonical amino acids and their length should range from 10 to 100 amino acids. Please avoid contigs containing non-canonical bases, such as N, R or Y.

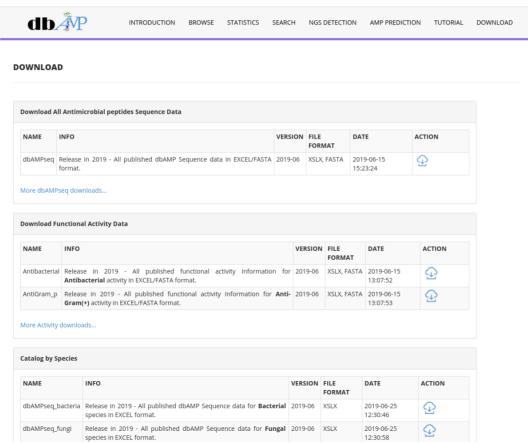
This prediction system will output a table containing the predicted AMP sequence, its probability to be an AMP and the family it belongs, as well as the predictions

Download HMM webpage

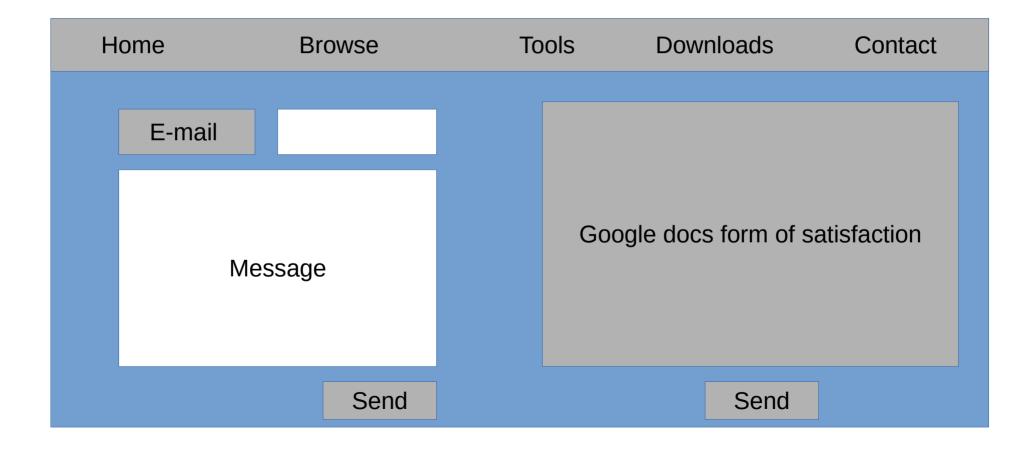
Home **Browse** Tools Downloads Contact Fasta file containing AMPs to download HMM profiles of families into a single DB for download

Example of download page

(http://140.138.77.240/~dbamp/download.php)



Contact webpage



Example of satisfaction form (https://dbaasp.org/feedback)

