```
library('imager');
library('mmand');
dev.off();
rm(list=ls());
setwd('~/MasterIngeneriaComputacional2018/ProcesamientoDeImagenYSeñal/');
source("grisImagePlot2.R");
graphics.off()
pdf(file='FREDERIC ROUX trabajoFinal Semana4.pdf', width=5, heigh=10,
## Matrix A
1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,
              1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,
              1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,0,0,
              1,1,1,0,0,1,1,1,1,0,0), nrow = 5, ncol = 11, byrow = TRUE)
## Complementary Matrix of A
CA <- round(!A);
## Padding of Matrices
# Aqui tuve un problema, porque no tenia claro que para la matriz
complementaria
# habia que usar unos en vez de zeros para el padding !
padM <- function(M,c){</pre>
  Pad \leftarrow matrix(c, nrow = dim(M)[1]+2, ncol = dim(M)[2]+2) # matriz de
0s o 1s
  Pad[2:(dim(M)[1]+1),2:(dim(M)[2]+1)] <- M # en la que insertamos M
  return(Pad);
};
## Initial Padding of A and CA
PadA<- padM(A,0);</pre>
PadCA<-padM(CA,1);</pre>
## Structuring Elements as defined in Figure P9.21
\# 1 = D, 0 = W-D, NA = don't care
B1 < -matrix(rbind(c(0,0,0),c(NA,1,NA),c(1,1,1)),nrow=3,ncol=3);
B3 < -matrix(rbind(c(1,NA,0),c(1,1,0),c(1,NA,0)),nrow=3,ncol=3);
B5 < -matrix(rbind(c(1,1,1),c(NA,1,NA),c(0,0,0)),nrow=3,ncol=3);
B7 < -matrix(rbind(c(0,NA,1),c(0,1,1),c(0,NA,1)),nrow=3,ncol=3);
B2 < -matrix(rbind(c(NA,0,0),c(1,1,0),c(1,1,NA)),nrow=3,ncol=3)
B4 < -matrix(rbind(c(1,1,NA),c(1,1,0),c(NA,0,0)),nrow=3,ncol=3)
B6 < -matrix(rbind(c(NA,1,1),c(0,1,1),c(0,0,NA)),nrow=3,ncol=3)
B8 < -matrix(rbind(c(0,0,NA),c(0,1,1),c(NA,1,1)),nrow=3,ncol=3)
## hit-and-miss transform
# A*B = A erode D & A complementaria erode W-D,
#donde como pone en la diapositiva,
#D son los pixeles grises de la mascara y W-D los pixeles en blanco.
hnmTransform<-function(M,CM,E){</pre>
  tmp1 < -E; #D
```

```
tmp2<-1-E;# W-D
  HNM<-erode(M,tmp1)&erode(CM,tmp2); #</pre>
  HNM[HNM==TRUE]<-1;
  HNM[HNM==FALSE]<-0;
  return(HNM);
};
## A1
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA,PadCA,B1);# hit-and-miss transform</pre>
A1<-PadA-HNM; # thinning
A1 < -A1[2:(dim(A)[1]+1), 2:(dim(A)[2]+1)]; extract thinned element from
padded matrix
grisImagePlot2(A1);
CA1<-round(!A1);# complementary matrix
PadA1<-padM(A1,0); # zero-padding
PadCA1<-padM(CA1,1);# ones-padding
## A2, same as above with structuring element B2
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA1,PadCA1,B2);</pre>
A2<-PadA1-HNM;
A2 < -A2[2:(dim(A)[1]+1), 2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA2<-round(!A2);
grisImagePlot2(A2);
PadA2 < -padM(A2, 0);
PadCA2<-padM(CA2,1);
## A3, same as above with structuring element B3
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA2,PadCA2,B3);</pre>
A3<-PadA2-HNM;
A3 < -A3[2:(dim(A)[1]+1), 2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA3<-round(!A3);
grisImagePlot2(A3);
PadA3 < -padM(A3,0);
PadCA3<-padM(CA3,1);
## A4, same as above with structuring element B4
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA3,PadCA3,B4);</pre>
A4<-PadA3-HNM;
A4<-A4[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA4<-round(!A4);
grisImagePlot2(A4);
PadA4 < -padM(A4,0);
PadCA4<-padM(CA4,1);</pre>
## A5, same as above with structuring element B5
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA4,PadCA4,B5);</pre>
A5<-PadA4-HNM;
A5<-A5[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA5<-round(!A5);
```

```
grisImagePlot2(A5);
PadA5 < -padM(A5, 0);
PadCA5<-padM(CA5,1);
## A6, same as above with structuring element B6
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA5,PadCA5,B6);</pre>
A6<-PadA5-HNM;
A6<-A6[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA6<-round(!A6);
grisImagePlot2(A6);
PadA6 < -padM(A6, 0);
PadCA6<-padM(CA6,1);
## A8, first we apply hit-and-miss and thinning based on B8, and then we
sub-
#sequently apply hit-and-miss and thinning for B7 to image A6
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA6,PadCA6,B8);</pre>
A8<-PadA6-HNM;
A8<-A8[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA8<-round(!A8);
PadA8<-padM(A8,0);
PadCA8<-padM(CA8,1);
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA8,PadCA8,B7);</pre>
A8<-PadA8-HNM;
A8<-A8[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
grisImagePlot2(A8);
CA8<-round(!A8);
PadA8<-padM(A8,0);
PadCA8<-padM(CA8,1);
## A8,4, sequence of hit-and-miss and thinning operations using B1-B4
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA8,PadCA8,B1);</pre>
A84<-PadA8-HNM;
A84C = round(!A84);
HNM<-hnmTransform(A84,A84C,B2);
A84 < -v - HNM;
A84C = round(!A84);
HNM<-hnmTransform(A84,A84C,B3);
A84 < -v - HNM;
A84C = round(!A84);
HNM<-hnmTransform(A84,A84C,B4);
A84<-v-HNM;
```

```
A84<-A84[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
A84C = round(!A84);
grisImagePlot2(A84);
PadA84<-padM(A84,0);
PadCA84<-padM(CA84,1);
## A,5 hit-and-miss using B5 again
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA84,PadCA84,B5);</pre>
A85<-PadA84-HNM;
A85<-A85[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA85<-round(!A85);
grisImagePlot2(A85);
PadA85<-padM(A85,0);
PadCA85<-padM(CA85,1);
## A,6, hit-and-miss using B6 again and FINAL RESULT !!!
HNM<-hnmTransform(PadA85,PadCA85,B6);</pre>
A86<-PadA85-HNM;
A86<-A86[2:(dim(A)[1]+1),2:(dim(A)[2]+1)];
CA86<-round(!A86);
grisImagePlot2(A86);
PadA86<-padM(A86,0);
PadCA86<-padM(CA86,1);
```