eMall - e-Mobility for All

Design Document

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January 8, 2023



Contents

1. Introduction	4
1.1 Purpose	4
1.2 Scope	4
1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations	4
1.3.1 Definitions	4
1.3.2 Abbreviations	4
1.4 Revision History	5
1.5 Reference Document	5
1.6 Document Structure	5
2. Architectural design	6
2.1 Overview: High-level components and their into	eraction 6
2.2 Component view	7
2.3 Deployment view	9
2.4 Runtime View	9
2.4.1 Driver Registration	10
2.4.2 General Charging Socket Booking	11
2.4.3 Charging Payment	
2.4.4 Start Charging	
2.4.5 Accept Suggestion	
2.4.6 Login on CPMS (for CPO and CPO Operator)
2.4.7 Create operator profile	
2.4.8 Configure Charging Point	
2.4.9 View and configure Charging Socket's deta	il 15
2.4.10 Interaction with eMSP system	
2.5 Component interfaces	
2.6 Selected architectural styles and patterns	
3. User interface design	
3.1 eMSP User interface design	
3.2 CPMS User Interface Mockups	22
,	29
4.1 Mapping of components on requirements:	31
5.1 Implementation	
6. Effort spent	40
6.1 Beliakov Maksim	40

	6.2 Aliyev Rustam	40
	6.3 Yizhou Wu	40
7.	References	40

1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

However, in order to widely spread the use of electrical vehicles among the population, the corresponding servicing infrastructure is required. First, charging points infrastructure is to be developed so that the users of electrical mobility are able to conveniently charge their cars. Therefore, the corresponding managing system (eMSP) for this infrastructure should be developed which must take care of providing the end user with the information about charging points nearby and their features, managing the charging actions such as booking, starting, finishing, payment of charging. Also, this managing system interacts with the charging point managing system (CPMS) which is responsible for setting the status of the point, charging a vehicle, interaction with an energy distribution system operator (DSOs).

As this document should guide the development of the system, several aspects should be concerned here. The high-level description of the components of the system and the way they interact is provided along with the architectual design. Also, the document contains approximate mockups for UI-design of the application and the plan for the implementaiton of the system and components intergaration.

1.2 Scope

This document concerns all the features provided by the eMSP system and the CPMS system, and the interactions between them.

1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, Abbreviations

1.3.1 Definitions

Definition	Description	
1	Offer w.r.t user is used as a general term for any kind of commercial propositions e.g. discounts.	
Application	The mobile application through which user gets access to features provided by eMSP	

1.3.2 Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Description	
RASD	Requirements Analysis and Specification Document	
WP	World Phenomena	
SP	Shared Phenomena	

Abbreviation	Description	
eMSP	Electric-mobility service provider	
CPMS	Charging Point Management System	
СР	Charging point (station)	
СРО	Charging Point Operator	
DSO	Distribution System Operator	
GX	Goal number X	
DX	Domain assumption number X	
RX	Requirement number X	

1.4 Revision History

Version	Date	Notes
0.1	2022/12/28	First parts of documents
0.2	2023/01/06	Integrated other parts.
1.0	2023/01/08	Refined the document and first release

1.5 Reference Document

- The specification document "01. Assignment RDD AY 2022-2023 v3"
- The Requirement Analysis and Specification Document "RASD2.pdf"

1.6 Document Structure

This document is structured in the following way:

- 1. The first chapter is an introduction and overview of the project, setting the context that led to its development, the goals to be achieved, and a general description of its functionality.
- 2. The second section describes the architectural design of the system to be. It gives a high-level overview of the architecture breaking each part down into components. The components are described as well as their interdependence in the component diagram. Besides, the section contains a component interface diagram, a deployment view and sequence diagrams describing the interactions between components.
- 3. In the third section UI design mockups of the eMSP and CPMS are presented.
- 4. The fourth section provides the requirement traceability matrix, where each of the components described in the second section is mapped to the requirements specified in the RASD. The mapping is based on whether the component contributes to the fulfilment of the requirement.
- 5. Section five describes the suggested implementation and intergrtion plan for the system.
- 6. Section six contains the effort spent on this report by the authors.
- 7. Section seven contains the references used.

2. Architectural design

2.1 Overview: High-level components and their interaction

Considering the fact, that this project is supposed to be used by hundreads of thousands of owners or electrical vehicles, it was decided to separate the project into several layers (tiers). Below is the list of them:

Presentation

This layer is responsible for the interaction with the clients (User and CPOs). For the users it will be very light mobile application, in case of CPOs (Who are supposed to be trained stuff and should be able to control a lot of stuff) it will be heavy desktop application.

• Business Logic

All the logic and management stuff will be passedthrough this tier. Any operation done by Users and CPOs is being processed through the Business Logic layer. Also only this part of the system will have the availability to interact with external APIs (For example allocating energy from DSOs).

Data

Because of the existence of lots of clients, there will be tons of data. All of this have to be stored in this part of the system.

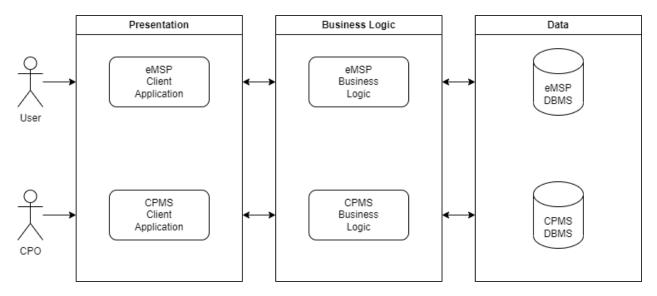


Fig 2.1: The overall view of the system

2.2 Component view

Here is the component diagram, which consists mainly of 3 parts, as in the previous figure:

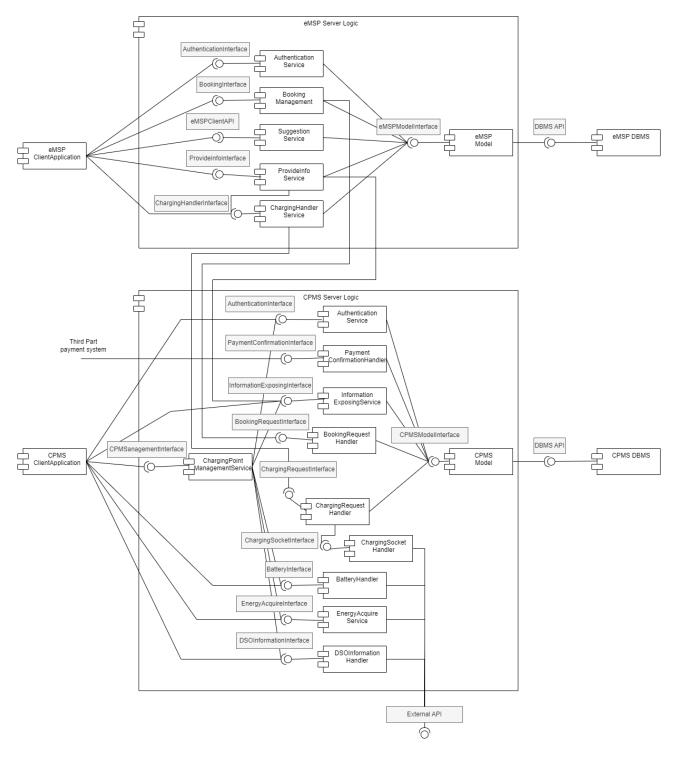


Fig 2.2: Component Diagram

List of system components:

- **eMSPDBMS** Database Management System. Contains the database for storing persistent data.
- eMSPClientApplication
- **eMSPserverLogic**, composed by following components

- eMSPAuthenticationService this component is responsible for logging in and registration functionalities for eMSP clients
- BookingManagement this component is responsible for handling the booking procedure as well for conducting payment procedure
- SuggestionService this component is responsible for generation suggetions and analysis the data it's based on.
- eMSPModel This component contains an object-relation mapping (ORM) for eMSP that other components use when retrieving data from the database. Thus, it is the component solely responsible for communicating with the data tier.
- ProvideInfoService this component is responsible for providing eMSPclient components with the information about charging stations, as well info about the driver's car battery level, schedule
- ChargingHandlerService this component is responsible for sending start charging request, handle interrupt scenario, and receive charge completed notification from CPMS
- **CPMSDBMS** Database Management System. Contains the database for storing persistent data
- **CPMSClientApplication** Client application component. E.g web browser session on a mobile phone.
- **CPMSserverLogic**, composed by following components
 - AuthenticationService this component is responsible for logging in and registration functionalities for CPMS clients
 - PaymentConfirmationHandler this component handle with incoming API synchronize request (by third party payment system) that communicate a completed booking has been payed by electric car driver.
 - CPMSModel This component contains an object-relation mapping (ORM) for CPMS that other components use when retrieving data from the database. Thus, it is the component solely responsible for communicating with the data tier.
 - o **InformationExposingService** this component handles the API that expose Charging Points's information (available socket + prices + offer) to eMSP
 - BookingRequestHandler this component handle the incoming booking requests (verify whether requested socket is still available in a CP, and if it does, confirm the booking)
 - o **ChargingRequestHandler** this component handles the incoming charge requests, it interact with ChargingSocketHandler in order to complete a charging process.
 - ChargingSocketHandler this component handles the interaction with charging sockets through sensors/switches described in domain assumptions (verify connection with cars, start/stop charging)
 - ChargingPointManagementService this component processes the request coming from CPMSClientApplication, playing the role of unique component inside the CPMS server that interacts with logged users, in order to isolate client application from other server's components processing inner logic. It administrates also the charging points, basing on user-defined conditions, and control mode, interacts automatically with BatteryHandler, EnergyAcquireService and CPMSModel.
 - BatteryHandler this component handles the storage and usage of energy in batteries
 - EnergyAcquireService this component is responsible for acquiring energy from DSOs and registering purchase made (invoice)
 - DSOInformationHandler This component is responsible for fetching information on energy from DSOs

2.3 Deployment view

This section shows the hardware and tools required to build the system. The diagram is below:

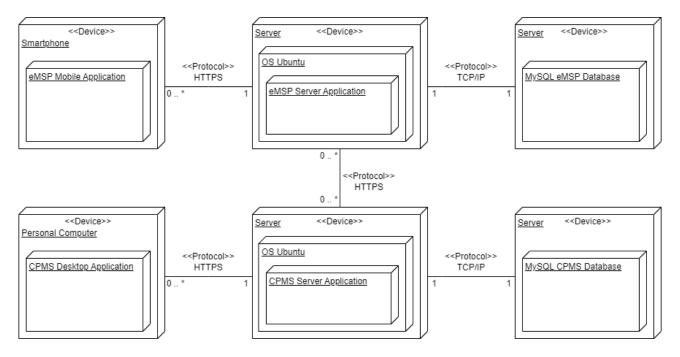


Fig. 2.3: Deployment Diagram

- **Smartphone** Simple smartphone with eMSP application installed and access to internet that everyone us using
- **Personal Computer** Simple computer with special CPMS application installed and internet access
- Server Computer dedicated to store a single application and make it server as a server

2.4 Runtime View

In this section diagrams describing the way in which components of the system interact for the main functionalities are presented.

The interaction of components beloging to different sybsystems is done by means of APIs

2.4.1 Driver Registration

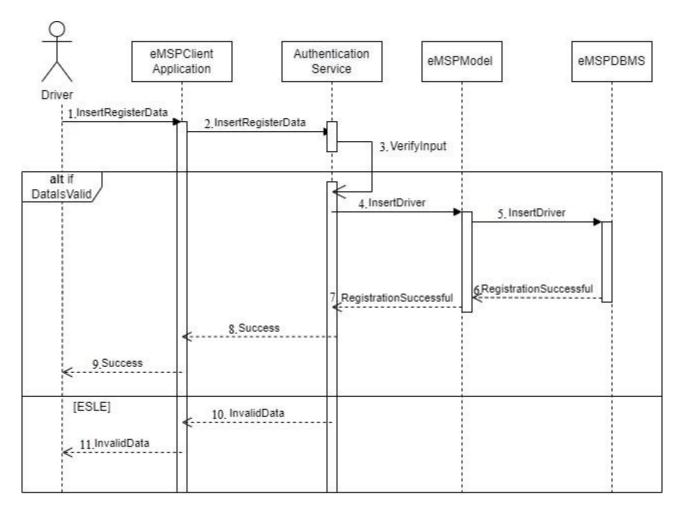


Fig. 2.4 : Driver Registration

2.4.2 General Charging Socket Booking

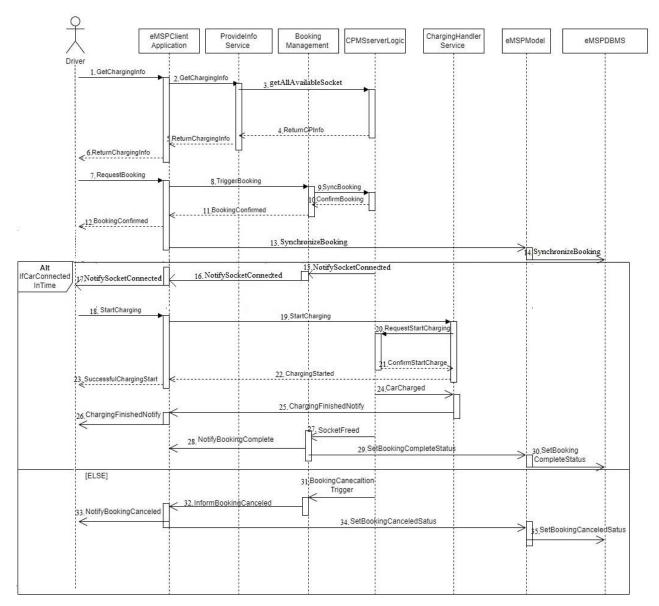


Fig. 2.5: General Charging Socket Booking

2.4.3 Charging Payment

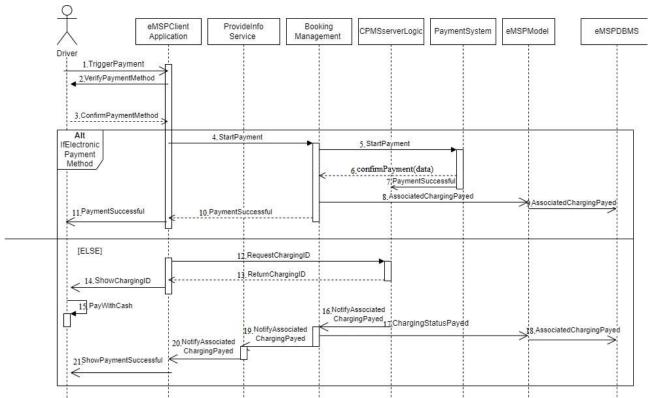


Fig. 2.6: Charging Payment

2.4.4 Start Charging

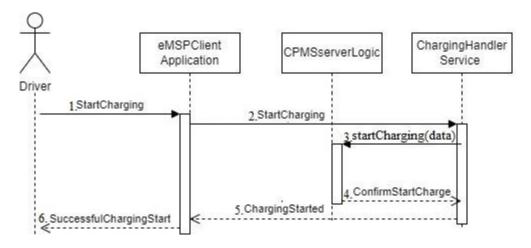


Fig. 2.7: Start Charging

2.4.5 Accept Suggestion

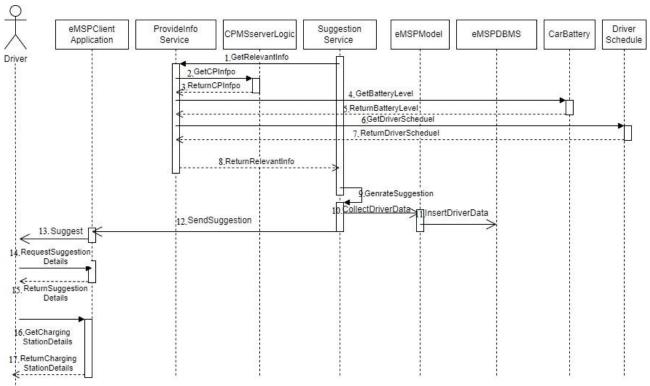


Fig. 2.8: Accept Suggestion

2.4.6 Login on CPMS (for CPO and CPO Operator)

This diagram shows login procedure of both CPO and CPO Operator profile on CPMS.

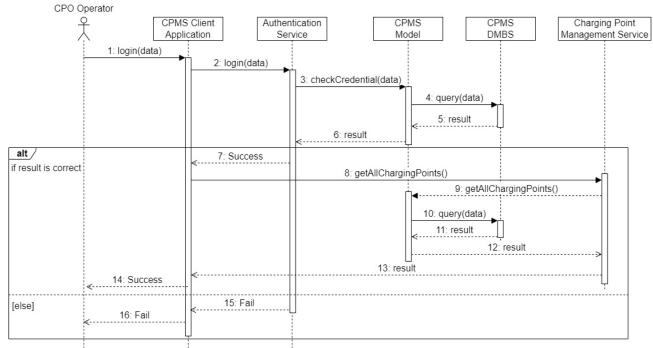
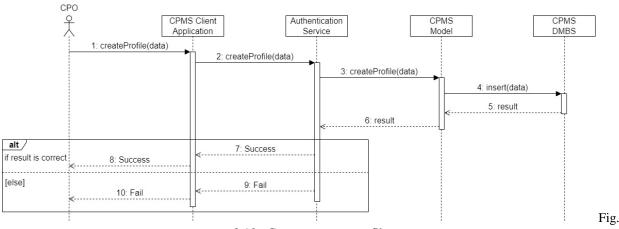


Fig. 2.9: Login on CPMS

2.4.7 Create operator profile



2.10 : Create operator profile

2.4.8 Configure Charging Point

This diagram shows in particular, the process of:

- viewing details about a Charging Point
- editing them
- configuring the control mode
- changing source of energy used for charging.

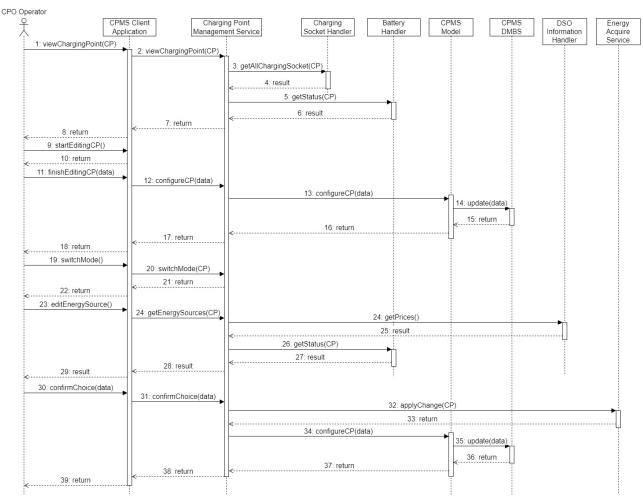


Fig. 2.11: Configure Charging Point

2.4.9 View and configure Charging Socket's detail

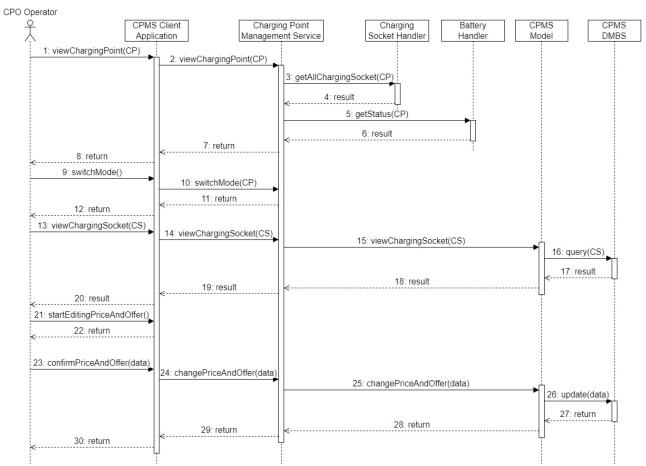


Fig. 2.12: View and configure Charging Socket's detail

2.4.10 Interaction with eMSP system

this diagram shows a complete interaction between eMSP system with CPMS system focusing on CPMS's component, the one that put focus on eMSP system is shown previously in "2.4.2 General Charging Socket Booking" and "2.4.4 Start Charging".

A complete interaction starts from request of available charging sockets, request of booking, request of charging and confirm of relative payment. The first 3 request are initiated by Electric car driver through eMSP application directly to CPMS, while the last phase's message comes from third-party payment system.

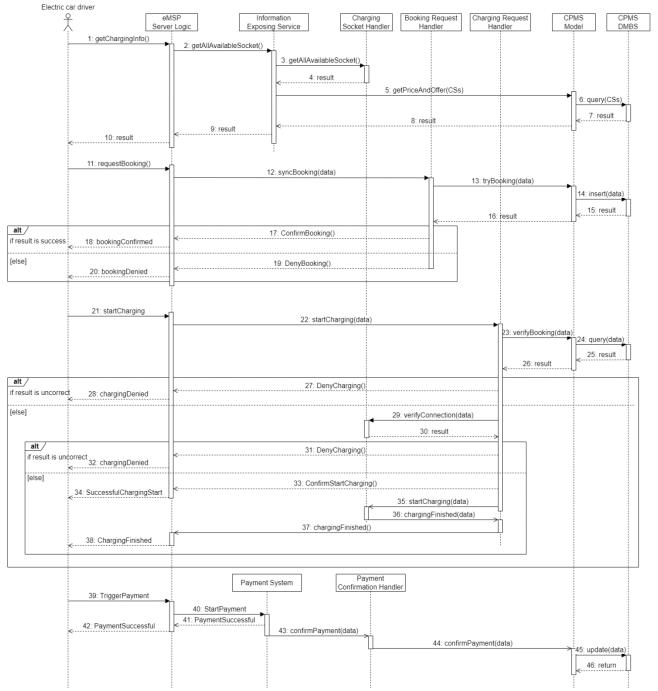


Fig. 2.13: Interaction with eMSP system

2.5 Component interfaces

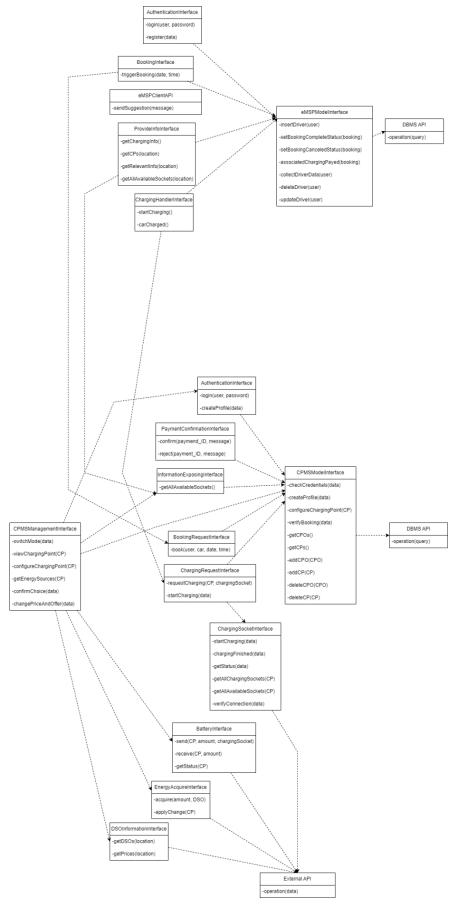


Fig. 2.14: Component interface diagram

2.6 Selected architectural styles and patterns

Three-Tier architecture i

The 3-tier architectural style was chosen for this project. As previously mentioned, the reason for such choice was to make it easy for the developer to work on it. Also, considering the fact that the system will have thousands of users, it will be impossible to keep all the information and logic in one 'box'. Ordinary users have to deal only with the presentation level, while developers will have to take care of the logic and database parts. To put it simply, presentation is front-end level, business logic is back-end level, and database is simply a database.

3. User interface design

3.1 eMSP User interface design

Car Driver regidtration mockup

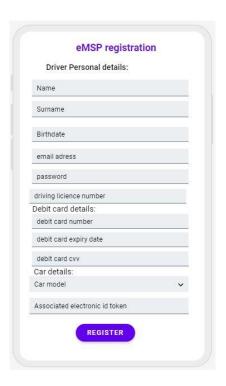


Fig. 3.1 : Car Driver regidtration mockup

eMSP booking description view mockup

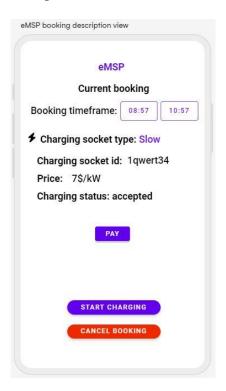


Fig. 3.2: eMSP booking description view mockup

eMSP charging stations map mockup

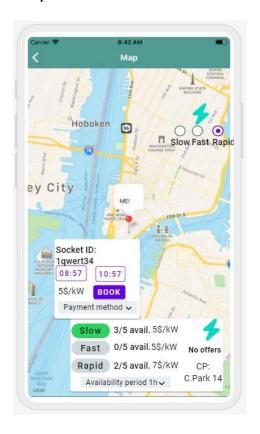


Fig. 3.3: eMSP charging stations map mockup

eMSP initial view mockup

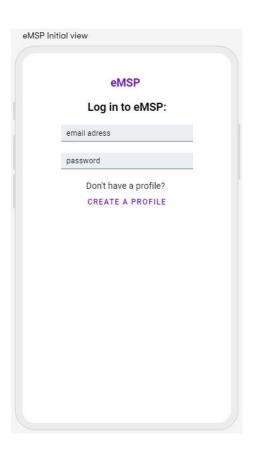


Fig. 3.4: eMSP initial view mockup

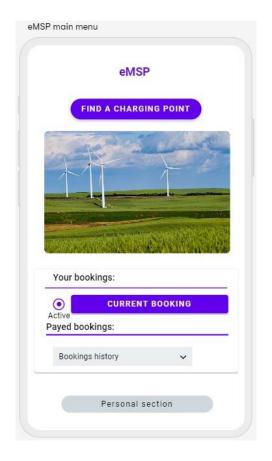


Fig. 3.5: eMSP main menu mockup

eMSP section describing the suggestion mockup

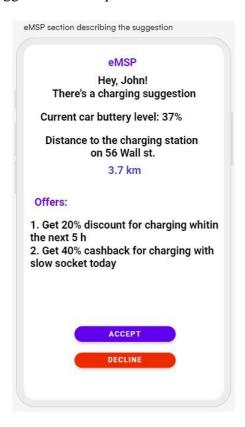


Fig. 3.6: eMSP section describing the suggestion mockup

3.2 CPMS User Interface Mockups

Login to CPMS

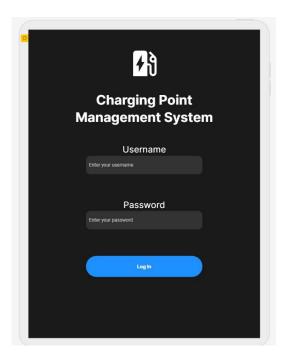


Fig. 3.7: Login to CPMS

Initial view for CPO

After log-in, user see the below view containing all charging points under their administration. In particular, the CPO Operator do not have access to the blues button, which allow only CPO to "Create new Charging Point" and to "Create new Operator profile"

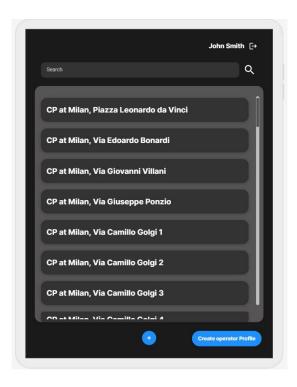


Fig. 3.8: Initial view for CPO

CPO operator profile creation window

The "Create new Operator profile" mentioned previously makes CPMS prompt below form where CPO could configure credential for a new Operator profile.



Fig. 3.9: CPO operator profile creation window

Charging Point Detail view & editing view

By clicking on one of charging point from list at initial view, below view will be shown, containing detailed information about charging point, list of charging sockets present in it, a switch for energy source control mode, and 2 buttons. In particular, the CPO Operator have access only to switch, which will make "Energy source" field clickable, leading user to a view that allows them to select the desired sources of energy to be used. The blues button are accessible only to CPO, allowing them to "Create new Charging Socket" and to "Configure Charging Point Detail".

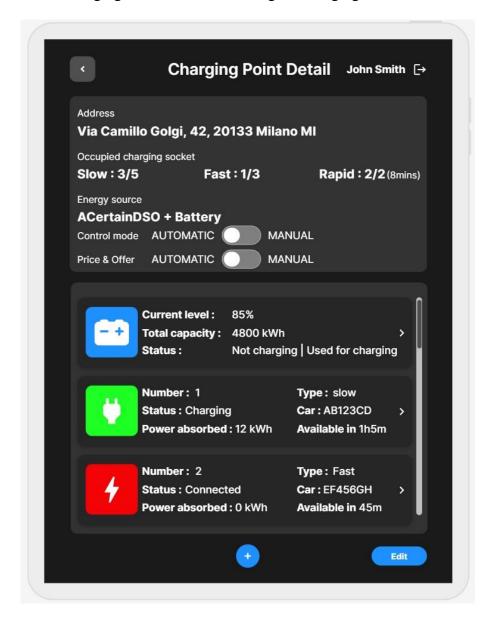


Fig. 3.10: Charging Point Detail view

At Editing view, several fields will become editable, and 4 buttons will be displayed, which will prompt a window allowing CPO to modify the corresponding conditions.



Fig. 3.11: Charging Point Editing view

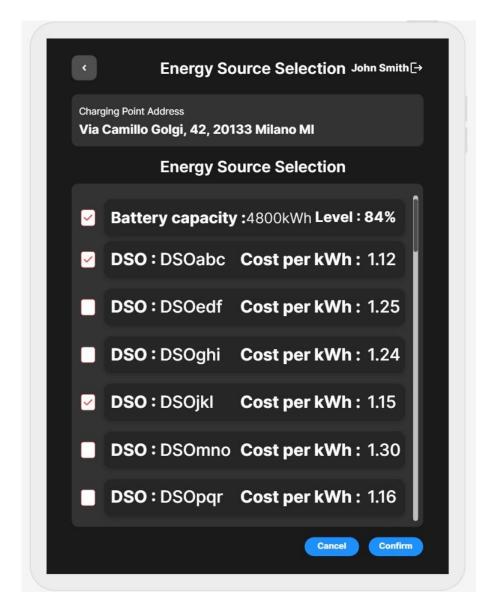


Fig. 3.12: Energy Source Selection view

Charging Socket's booking history view & Price and Offer configuration window

By clicking on one of charging sockets from list at Charging Point Detail view, below view will be shown, containing history of bookings associated with such charging socket, a blue button accessible only by CPO used to associate socket with its sensors (w.r.t. Domain Assumption 17: "The status of charging socket in a CP is monitored by sensors and transferred to CPMS"), and a red button accessible by all user to configure the price and offer related to this socket manually.

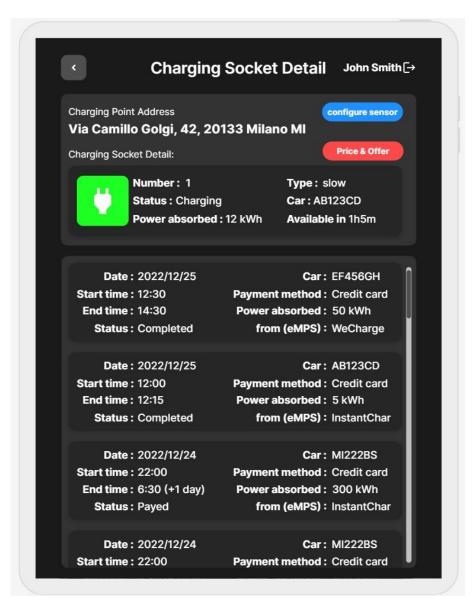


Fig. 3.13: Charging Socket's booking history view

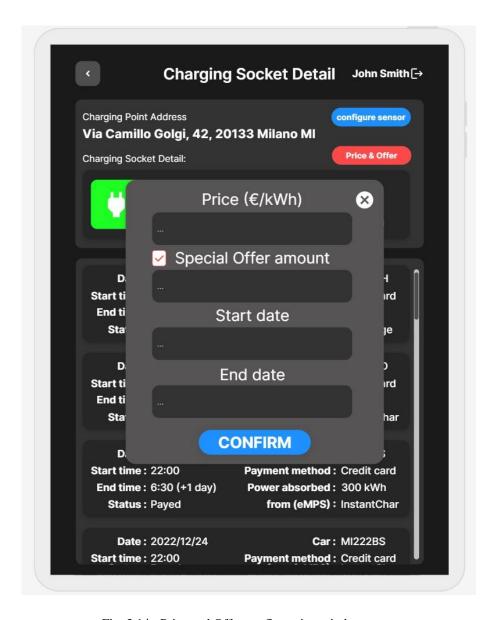


Fig. 3.14: Price and Offer configuration window

4. Requirements traceability

This section contains a table explaining what components are required in order to fulfil each of the requirements specified in the RASD. To save some space, the components have been given abbreviations as shown in list below.

- **eDB eMSPDBMS**
- eCA eMSPClientApplication
- eAS eMSPAuthenticationService
- **eBM** eMSP Booking Management
- eSS eMSP SuggestionService ****
- **eM e**MSPModel
- **ePIS** ProvideInfoService ****
- **eCHS** ChargingHandlerService
- cpDB CPMSDBMS
- **cpCA** CPMSClientApplication
- cpAS AuthenticationService
- **cpPCH** PaymentConfirmationHandler
- **cpMODEL** CPMSModel
- **cpIES** InformationExposingService
- **cpBRH** BookingRequestHandler
- **cpCRH** ChargingRequestHandler
- **cpCSH** ChargingSocketHandler
- cpCPMS ChargingPointManagementService
- **cpBH** BatteryHandler
- **cpEAS** EnergyAcquireService
- cpDIH DSOInformationHandler

The requirements are given below:

Functional Requirements

Requirement	Description	
R1(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall allow the User to see the estimated time before a charging	
	socket of a certain type at a certain CP is freed	
R2(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall allow the user to book a charging socket of a certain type at a	
	certain charging station for a certain timeframe maximum 15 min before the charging	
	should start	
R3(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall allow the user to choose a payment method (i.e. cash, card,	
	paypal) during the booking procedure	
R4(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall allow the user to trigger the start of a charging process when	
	the car is connected to a charging socket	
R5(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall not allow the user to trigger the start of a charging process	
	when the car is not connected to a charging socket	
R6(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall allow user to know the locations of the charging stations	
	within the range of 15 min reachability according to the car navigation system	
R7(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall allow user to know about the costs and availability of charging	
	at charging stations within the range of 15 min reachability according to the car	
	navigation system	
R8(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall allow user to know about the special offers of charging at	
	charging stations within the range of 15 min reachability according to the car navigation	
	system	
R9(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem shall notify user when the charging is finished	

Description	
The eMSP subsystem shall have the payment interfaces for user so that he can manage	
payment method details, receive receipts of payments	
The eMSP subsystem shall analyse the battery charge level, occupations of the user	
according to the calendar, special offers by the CPOs and avalability of charging sock	
in order to make a suggestion to the user of getting a charge at a certain charging staiton	
The eMSP subsystem shall allow user to create an account and use its functionalities	
The system must allow registered Operator and CPO to login	
The system must allow CPO company to create Operator profile for its employee	
The system must allow CPO profile to create Charging Point	
The system must allow CPO profile to update a Charging Point's information	
The system must allow CPO profile to create Charging socket	
The system must allow CPO profile to update a Charging socket's information	
The system shall allow CPO profile to configure the conditions according to which CPMS	
will automatically change the source of energy used for charging in a CP between DSOs	
and batteries if present	
The system shall allow CPO profile to configure the conditions according to which the	
batteries in a CP will get charged, if present	
The CPMS shall display the information on available batteries present in a Charging Point	
to its user	
The CPMS shall display the information about number of vehicles being charged in a CP,	
amount of power absorbed, and time left to the end of the charge for each vehicle to it	
user	
The CPMS shall display the information about booking relative to a specific charging	
socket to its user	
The CPMS should get the current price of energy from available DSOs	
The system shall allow Operator profile to change the Energy source controlling Mode of	
charging point	
The CPMS shall display the information provided by DSOs to its user	
S) The system shall allow Operator profile to set the energy providers from where acquire	
or extract energy	
The system shall allow Operator profile to configure whether store energy in a charging	
point's batteries	
The system shall allow external eMSP to book a charging socket for a time period.	
The system shall allow external eMSP to start and stop a charging process on condition satisfied	

non-Functional Requirements

Requirement	Description	
R17(eMSP)	The system should penalize the driver if the car isn't disconected from the charging	
	socket at most 15 mins after the booking end time	

Constraints

Requirement	Description	
R13(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem must be informed about moment when the car is connected to a	
	charging socket by the CPMS subsystem through an API	
R14(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem must be informed about moment when the car is disconnected	
	from a charging socket by the CPMS subsystem through an API	
R15(eMSP)	The eMSP subsystem must be informed about moment when the charging of the	
	corresponding car is finished through an API	

R16(eMSP)	The eMSP should be able to interact with multiple CPMS
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4.1 Mapping of components on requirements:

Reqiuirement	Components	Description
R1(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, ePIS	To see the info about charging socket driver needs to use mobile
		application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to request info from
		CPMSs
R2(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, ePIS,	To see the info about charging socket driver needs to use mobile
	eBM	application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to request info from
		CPMSs and request booking
R3(eMSP)	eSA, eAS, ePIS,	To pick the payment method for charging driver needs to use
	eBM	mobile application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to verify that the
		charging station supports the payment method from CPMSs and request booking
R4(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, eBM,	To start the charging of the certain booking driver needs to use
N4(EIVISF)	eCHS	mobile application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to synchronize
	ecris	the charging start of the corresponding booking and request start
		to CPMS
R5(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, eBM,	To start the charging of the certain booking driver needs to use
(3.1.2.7	eCHS	mobile application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to synchronize
		the charging start of the corresponding booking and request start
		to CPMS. CPMS sends rejection to eCHS if the socket is
		disconnected
R6(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, ePIS	To see the info about charging stations driver needs to use mobile
		application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to request info from
		CPMSs and access the car navigation system
R7(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, ePIS	To see the info about charging stations driver needs to use mobile
		application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to request info from
		CPMSs and access the car navigation system
R8(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, ePIS	To see the info about charging stations driver needs to use mobile
		application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to request info from
DO(aNASD)	oCA oAS oPM	CPMSs and access the car navigation system To be notified the charging of the certain booking is finished driver
R9(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, eBM, eCHS	needs to use mobile application, be logged in, the eMSP needs to
	еспз	receive charging finish notification from CPMS and synchronize the
		charging status of the corresponding booking and synchronize it
		with the DB.
R10(eMSP)	eCA, eAS	To pick the payment method for charging driver needs to use
, ,	,	mobile application, be logged in
R11(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, ePIS,	To receive suggestions driver needs to use mobile application, be
	eSS, eM, eDB	logged in, the eMSP needs to request info from CPMSs, have access
		to the car navigation system and user schedule, use
		reccomendation algorithms and collect driver data to the DB
R12(eMSP)	eCA, eAS, eM,	To register a new profile, driver needs to use mobile application
	eDB	and undergo the procedure of registration. eMSP needs to put new
2404 2555		user to its database
R13(eMSP)	eBM	The socket is associated to the booking
R14(eMSP)	eBM	The socket is associated to the booking
R15(eMSP)	eCHS	This component is responsible for receiveing notifications about the
		charging finish

Reqiuirement	Components	Description
R16(eMSP)	eCHS, eCA, ePIS, eBM	All these components must be able to interact with multiple CPMSs
R17(eMSP)	eBM, eM, eDB	The booking status depends on the socket connection to the car. Such penalization must be collected in the DB
R1(CPMS)	cpCA, cpAS,	Operator and CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS
(00)	cpMODEL, cpDB	Authentication Service in order to login to CPMS, having credentials checked with data stored in DB.
R2(CPMS)	cpCA, cpAS, cpMODEL, cpDB	CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS Authentication Service in order to create new operator profile, storing credentials in DB.
R3(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpMODEL, cpDB	CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService in order to create new charging point, storing data in DB.
R4(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpMODEL, cpDB	CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService in order to modify a charging point's information, storing them in DB.
R5(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpCSH	CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, and ChargingSocketHandler in order to create new charging socket, associate it to a charging point and sensors.
R6(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpCSH	CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, and ChargingSocketHandler in order to configure a charging socket, associated to a charging point and sensors.
R7(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpBH, cpDIH, cpEAS, cpMODEL, cpDB	CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, where he could set the condition according to which a charging point decide whether extract energy for charging from DSOs or Batteries.
R8(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpBH, cpDIH, cpEAS, cpMODEL, cpDB	CPO go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, where he could set the condition according to which a charging point decide when and from which DSO acquire energy storing them to batteries.
R9(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpBH	CPO Operator go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, which send request to Battery Handler to get the status of batteries present in a charging point from the sensors.
R10(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpCSH	CPO Operator go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, and ChargingSocketHandler in order to get information of vehicle connected to all charging socket in a charging point.
R11(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpMODEL, cpDB	CPO Operator go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, in order to extract all booking history of a charging socket present in a charging point from DB.
R12(CPMS)	cpDIH	DSOInformationHandler component is responsible at querying DSOs's uniform API to get their current price of energy.
R13(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS	CPO Operator go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService, in order to switch the energy source control mode of a charging point.
R14(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS, cpDIH	CPO Operator go through ClientApplication to access CPMS ChargingPointManagementService and DSOInformationHandler, in order to visualize the offers made by DSOs.

Reqiuirement	Components	Description	
R15(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS,	CPO Operator go through ClientApplication to access CPMS	
	cpEAS, cpBH,	ChargingPointManagementService, that coordinate with other	
	cpDIH	components in order to provide all informations necessary to user	
		to decide where extract energy from.	
R16(CPMS)	cpCA, cpCPMS,	CPO Operator go through ClientApplication to access CPMS	
	срВН, срОІН,	ChargingPointManagementService, that coordinate with other	
	cpEAS, cpMODEL,	components in order to provide all informations necessary to user	
	cpDB	to decide whether store energy in batteries.	
R17(CPMS)	cpBRH, cpMODEL,	BookingRequestHandler component is responsible at answering	
	срDВ	incoming booking request, verifying whether the request is	
		fulfillable in a charging point.	
R18(CPMS)	cpCRH, cpCSH,	ChargingRequestHandler component is reponsible at handling	
	cpMODEL, cpDB	charging request, coordinating the charging socket and verifying	
		booking in DB.	

5. Implementation, integration and test plan

In this section first the implementation of the whole system and then its integration & test plan will be described.

5.1 Implementation

Implementation plan here will be divided into several various groups, defined by their role in the whole system.

• eMSP Client Application

• Here the light mobile application will be developed. This is the application which oridnary drivers will use in order to book the charging.

• CPMS Client Application

• Desktop application which is not necessary light and easy to use, since it will be used by trained stuff.

• eMSP Logic

• The part, where all the logic related components will be developed. It includes all the components from the eMSP Server Logic 'box' from the Component Diagram except for the eMSP Model.

CPMS Logic

• Same logic stuff, but this time for the CPMS Server Logic. As previously, no CPMS Model component included here.

eMSP Database

In this part the database for eMSP itself and the eMSP Model component to be developed.

CPMS Database

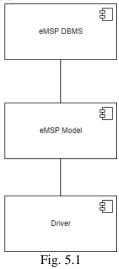
• Similar to the previous part. CPMS Database and CPMS Model component for the interaciton with the database.

5.2 Integration and test plan

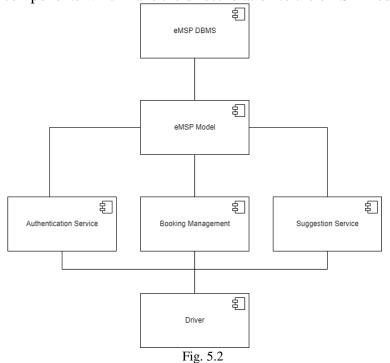
Obviously, unit tests are to be done for each component. Only after the success of the unit testing we will be able to make the integration test of the components. Ragarding the testing strategy, the top-down style was chosen, thus we are testing first the low-level components (The interaction with the DBMS, logic stuff) and only then we include the presentation layer (eMSP Client Application and CPMS Client Application). The reason for such way is that we are expecting the bugs to appear

mostly in the logic layer, so using the top-down strategy we may fix them first. However, there was some exception made. Considering, that the eMSP and CPMS are two independent systems, their integration test with each other are to be done only after the integration tests of both CPMS and eMSP with their corresponding client applications. It is also important to note that we are not testing the Databases themselves, but the interaction with them. The Database systems are to be checked by company, which provides it (MySQL AB in our case). Same thing is applied to the external API regarding the DSOs and the third part payment system. The order in which the components are going to be testes is shown in diagrams below:

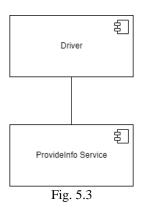
1. First, we have to test the eMSP Model



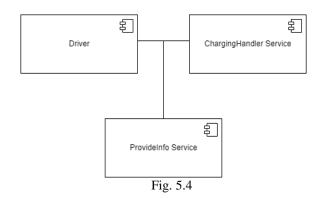
2. Then we test 3 components which have the direct relation to the eMSP Model



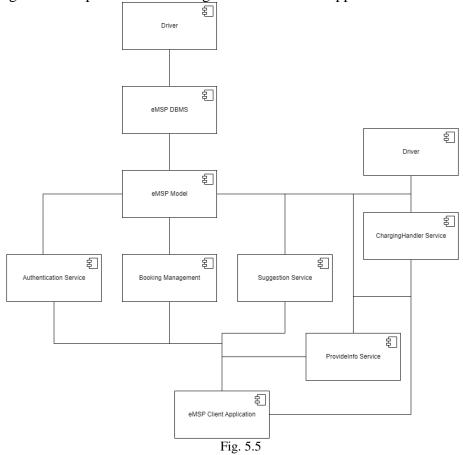
3. Now time for ProvideInfo Service



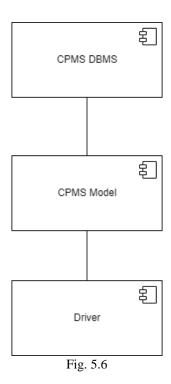
4. Adding ChargingHandler Service



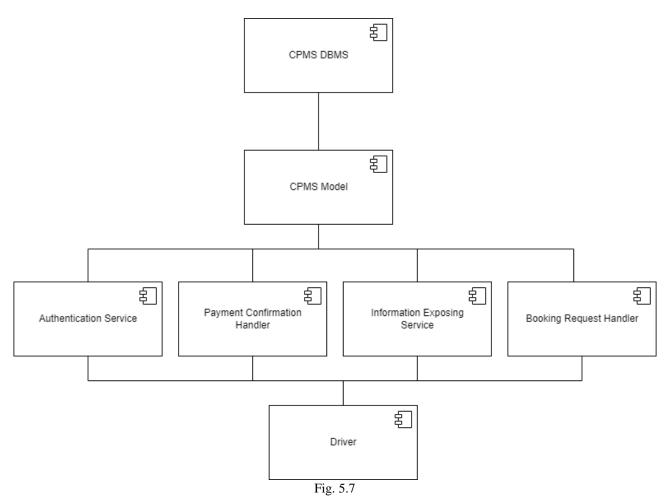
5. Connecting other components and adding the eMSP Client Application



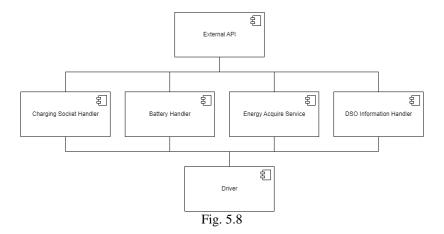
6. Getting to the CPMS part now



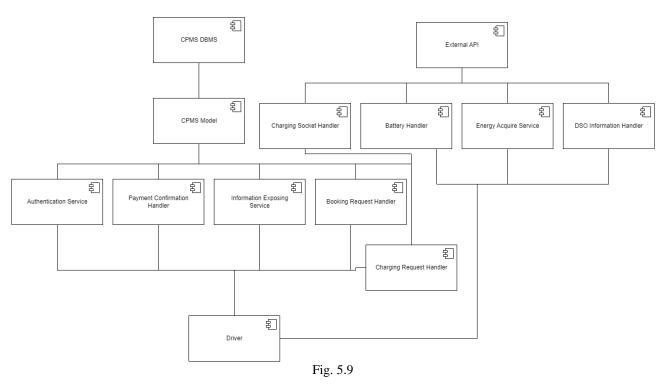
7. Adding 4 components to CPMS Model



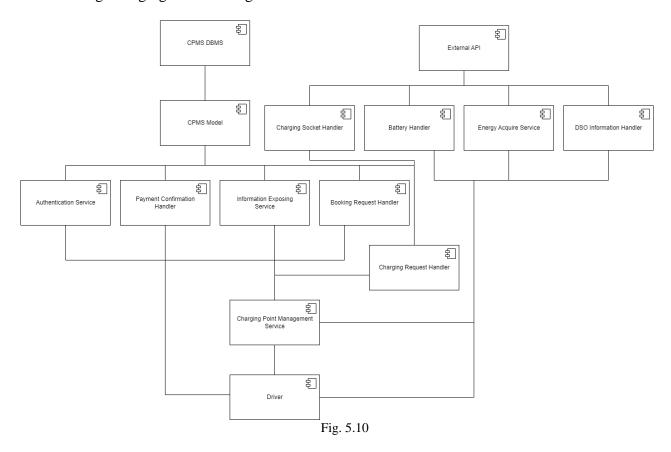
8. Testing the external API and components connected to it



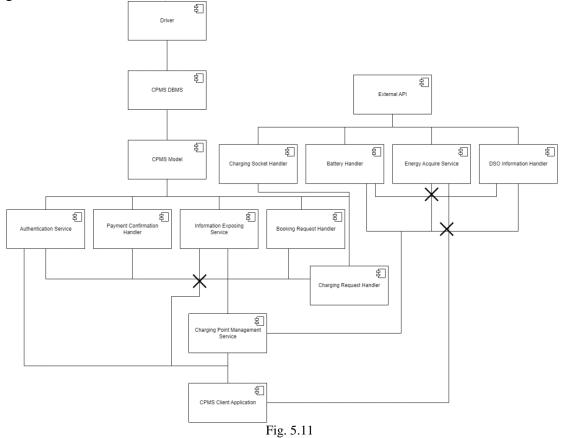
9. Connecting ChargingRequest Handler to both of the diagrams shown previously



10. Adding Charging Point Management Service



11. Testing the whole system with the CPMS Client Application (The cross signs mean that the crossing lines are not connected)



12. The final test of the 2 systems

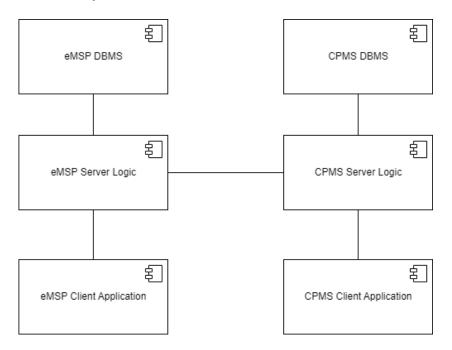


Fig. 5.12

6. Effort spent

6.1 Beliakov Maksim

Task	Time spent (h)
Brainstorming and discussion	10
Introduction	4
Architectural design	4
User interface design	15
Requirements traceability	3
Implementation, integration and test plan	1
Document refinement	1
Total	37

6.2 Aliyev Rustam

Task	Time spent
Brainstorming and discussion	10
Introduction	1
Architectural design	12
User interface design	2
Requirements traceability	6
Implementation, integration and test plan	4
Document refinement	1
Total	36

6.3 Yizhou Wu

Task	Time spent
Brainstorming and discussion	10
Introduction	0
Architectural design	8
User interface design	8
Requirements traceability	2
Implementation, integration and test plan	1
Document refinement	6
Total	35

7. References

ⁱ (https://www.ibm.com/topics/three-tier-architecture) IBM: What is three-tier architecture?