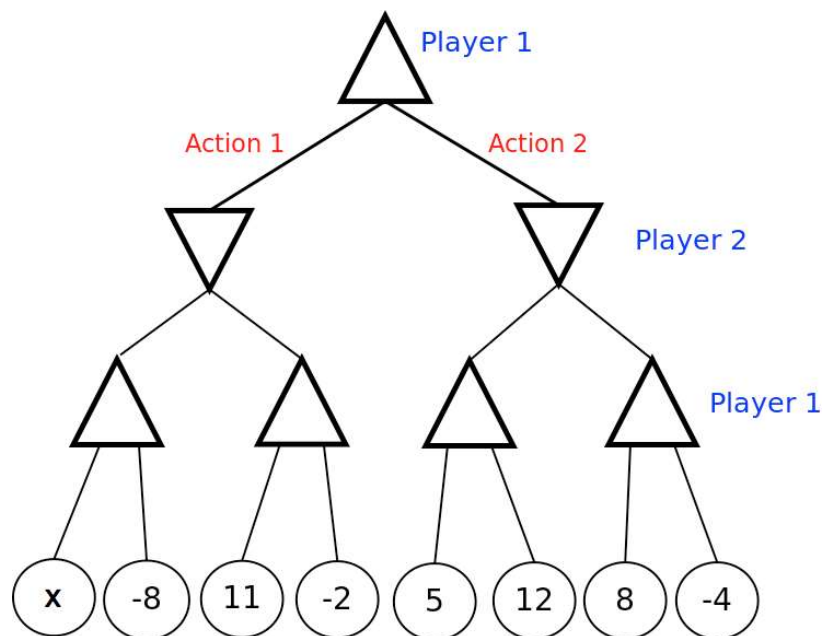


## hw3\_games\_q3\_unknown\_leaf\_value

## Question 3: Unknown Leaf Value

8/8 points (ungraded)

Consider the following game tree, where one of the leaves has an unknown payoff,  $x$ . Player 1 moves first, and attempts to maximize the value of the game.



Each of the next 3 questions asks you to write a constraint on  $x$  specifying the set of values it can take. In your constraints, you can use the letter  $x$ , integers, and the symbols  $>$  and  $<$ . If  $x$  has no possible values, write 'None'. If  $x$  can take on all values, write 'All'. As an example, if you think  $x$  can take on all values larger than 16, you should enter  $x > 16$ .

Assume Player 2 is a minimizing agent (and Player 1 knows this). For what values of  $x$  is Player 1 *guaranteed* to choose Action 1?



Assume Player 2 chooses actions at random with each action having equal probability (and

Player 1 knows this). For what values of  $x$  is Player 1 *guaranteed* to choose Action 1?

$x > 9$



Denote the minimax value of the tree as the value of the root when Player 1 is the maximizer and Player 2 is the minimizer. Denote the expectimax value of the tree as the value of the root when Player 1 is the maximizer and Player 2 chooses actions at random (with equal probability). For what values of  $x$  is the minimax value of the tree worth more than the expectimax value of the tree?

None



Is it possible to have a game, where the minimax value is strictly larger than the expectimax value?

☐ Yes

☒ No



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✓ Correct (8/8 points)