# 一.常见使用方式

## 1.1方式一

py脚本和js脚本在同一个文件中。 inject\_demo1.py

```
import frida, sys

jscode=
...

Java.perform(function(){

要注入的代码

});

def on_message(messgae,data):
    print(message)

device=frida.get_remote_device() //process=frida.get_usb_device() 获取设备
process=device.attach("xxxx.包名") //附加到进程
script=process.create_script(jscode) //这里加载要注入的js代码
script.on('message',on_message) //加载回调函数,也就是js执行send函数规定要执行的方法。
script.load()
script.stdin.read()
```

## 1.2 方式二

使用frida直接将js注入进程

inject\_demo2.js

```
setImmediate(main_inject;
function main_inject(){
    Java.perform(function(){
        待注入的代码
    });
}
```

## 注入命令

```
frida -U -f com.zzw.test -l inject_demo2.js
```

- -u 待调试应用包名
- -l 注入脚本名

## 1.3 方式三

通过open打开js脚本的方式注入,易于维护解耦。

inject\_demo3.js

```
setImmediate(main_inject;
function main_inject(){
    Java.perform(function(){
        待注入的代码
    });
}
```

inject.py

```
import frida, sys
def on_message(messgae,data):
   print(message)
device=frida.get_remote_device()
                                //process=frida.get_usb_device()
                                                                 获取设备
process=device.attach("xxxx.包名")
                                 //附加到进程
with open('inject_demo3.js') as f
   jscode=f.read()
script=process.create_script(jscode) //这里加载要注入的js代码
script.on('message',on_message)
                                //加载回调函数,也就是js执行send函数规定要执行的方
法。
script.load()
sys.stdin.read()
```

# 二.Java层注入常见用法

# 2.1常见知识点

## 2.1.1 api介绍

- Java.perform(function)。frida的main,所有脚本都必须放在这个里面。
- Java.use(classname)。用于动态获取一个类的对象,为以后调用对象方法的实现。

#### 2.1.2 hook普通函数

```
Java.perform(function(){
    var classname=Java.use('待hook类名')
    classname.方法名.implementation = function(){    //无参情况下
        console.log(arguments[0])
    }
    classname.方法名.implementation = function(p1,p2){        //无重载, 带参情况下
        console.log("第一个参数",p1);
        console.log("第一个参数",arguments[0])
        console.log("第二个参数",arguments[1])
    }
    classname.重载方法名.overload('java.lang.String','[B')implementation =
function(p1,p2){    //重载, 带参情况下
        console.log("第一个参数",p1);
        console.log("第一个参数",arguments[0])
```

```
console.log("第二个参数",p2);
console.log("第二个参数",arguments[1])
}
});
```

## 2.1.3 修改返回值

就以普通hook函数为例,假设函数方法名为invoke\_method

call()方法分别接受参数。

apply()方法接受数组形式的参数。

## 2.1.4 hook构造函数

```
Java.perform(function(){
   var money=Java.use('com.zzw,test.Money')
   money.$init.implementation = function(p1,p2){ //无参情况下
      return this.$init(p1,p2);
   }
});
```

### 2.1.5 修改类中字段值

test.class

```
public class test{
   String aaa;
   String bbb;
   void abc(){};
   void bcd(){};
}
```

hook demo

```
Java.perform(function(){
    //静态字段的修改
    var money = Java.use("money类路径");
    //console.log(JSON.stringify(money.字段名));
    money.字段名.value = "xxxxxx";
    console.log(money.flag.value);
```

```
//非静态字段的修改
Java.choose("money类路径", {
    onMatch: function(obj) {
        obj._name.value = "ouyuan"; //字段名与函数名相同,前面加个下划线
        obj.name.value = "ouyuan"; //字段名与函数名不同
    },
    onComplete: function() {
     }
});
});
```

或者通过java反射的方式

```
function setFieldValue(obj, fieldName, fieldValue) {
   var cls = obj.getClass();
   var field = cls.getDeclaredField(fieldName);
   field.setAccessible(true);
   field.set(obj, fieldValue);
}
```

## 2.2.6 hook类的所有方法

```
hook_code = """
Java.perform(function hookTest8(){
    Java.perform(function(){
        var md5 = Java.use("md5类路径");
        var methods = md5.class.getDeclaredMethods();
        for(var j = 0; j < methods.length; j++){
            var methodName = methods[j].getName();
            console.log(methodName);
            for(var k = 0; k < md5[methodName].overloads.length; <math>k++){
                md5[methodName].overloads[k].implementation = function(){
                    for(var i = 0; i < arguments.length; i++){</pre>
                         console.log(arguments[i]);
                    }
                    return this[methodName].apply(this, arguments);
                }
            }
        }
    });
});
.....
```

####

# 2.2 常见需求

## 2.2.1 获取前台运行app

```
import frida
rdev = frida.get_remote_device()
front_app = rdev.get_frontmost_application()
print front_app
```

### 2.2.2 遍历所有的进程

```
import frida,sys
device = frida.get_usb_device()
all_process = device.enumerate_processes()
for process in all_process:
    print(process)
```

#### 2.2.3 获取手机上的所有应用

```
import frida,sys
device = frida.get_usb_device()
all_app = device.enumerate_applications()
for application in all_app:
    print(application)
```

## 2.2.4 打印类中所有的方法

```
Java.perform(function()
{
    var classname=Java.use('包名');
    var all_method=classname.class.getDeclaredMethods();
    for(var i=0;i<all_method.length;i++)
    {
        console.log(all_method[i]);
        console.log(all_method[i].getName());
    }
});
```

这个方法在不知道类中有哪些函数,或者不知道参数类型的情况下很好用。

#### 2.2.5 打印某个类的所有成员变量

```
function dumpAllFieldValue(obj) {
   if (obj === null) {
       return;
   console.log("Dump all fields value for " + obj.getClass() + " :");
   var cls = obj.getClass();
   while (cls !== null && !cls.equals(Java.use("java.lang.Object").class)) {
       var fields = cls.getDeclaredFields();
       if (fields === null || fields.length === 0) {
            cls = cls.getSuperclass();
            continue;
       if (!cls.equals(obj.getClass())) {
            console.log("Dump super class " + cls.getName() + " fields:");
       for (var i = 0; i < fields.length; <math>i++) {
           var field = fields[i];
            field.setAccessible(true);
           var name = field.getName();
            var value = field.get(obj);
            var type = field.getType();
            console.log(type + " " + name + "=" + value);
```

```
}
cls = cls.getSuperclass();
}
```

## 2.2.6 获取成员变量的值

```
function getFieldValue(obj, fieldName) {
   var cls = obj.getClass();
   var field = cls.getDeclaredField(fieldName);
   field.setAccessible(true);
   var name = field.getName();
   var value = field.get(obj);
   // console.log("field: " + field + "\tname:" + name + "\tvalue:" + value);
   return value;
}
```

### 2.2.7 打印调用堆栈

```
function printStack() {
   Java.perform(function() {
       var Exception = Java.use("java.lang.Exception");
       var ins = Exception.$new("Exception");
       var straces = ins.getStackTrace();
       if (straces != undefined && straces != null) {
          var strace = straces.toString();
          var replaceStr = strace.replace(/,/g, "\r\n");
          console.log(
              "====== Stack start
          -----"
          );
          console.log(replaceStr);
          console.log(
             "======= Stack end
   ======\r\n"
          );
          Exception.$dispose();
   });
}
```

#### 2.2.8 对象实例化

```
Java.perform(function hookTest2(){
   var utils = Java.use("utils类路径");
   var money = Java.use("money类路径");
   utils.方法名.overload('重载参数').implementation = function(a){
        a = 888;
        var retval = this.方法名(money.$new("日元", 100000));//对象实例化
        console.log(a, retval);
        return retval;
   }
});
```

## 2.2.9 Hook动态加载的dex

```
hook_code = """
Java.perform(function () {
    Java.enumerateClassLoaders({
        onMatch: function (loader) {
            try {
                if (loader.loadClass("com.xiaojianbang.app.Dynamic")) {
                    Java.classFactory.loader = loader;
                    var Dynamic = Java.use("com.xiaojianbang.app.Dynamic");
                    console.log(Dynamic);
                    Dynamic.sayHello.implementation = function () {
                        return "9999999";
                }
            } catch (error) {
        },
        onComplete: function () {
    });
});
```

## 2.2.10 Java 特殊类型的便遍历与修改 (MAP举例)

```
hook_code = """
Java.perform(function () {
    var ShufferMap = Java.use("com.xiaojianbang.app.ShufferMap");
    console.log(ShufferMap);
    ShufferMap.show.implementation = function (map) {
        console.log(JSON.stringify(map));
        //Java map的遍历
        var key = map.keySet();
        var it = key.iterator();
        var result = "";
        while(it.hasNext()){
            var keystr = it.next();
            var valuestr = map.get(keystr);
            result += valuestr;
        }
        console.log(result);
        // return result;
        //Java map的修改
        map.put("pass", "zygx8");
        map.put("guanwang", "www.zygx8.com");
        var retval = this.show(map);
        console.log(retval);
        return retval;
    }
});
```

## 2.2.11 **打印HashMap**

```
console.log(JSON.stringify(arguments))
var Map = Java.use('java.util.HashMap');
var args_map = Java.cast(arguments[1], Map);
console.log(args_map.toString());
```

## 2.2.12 java层主动调用

```
hook_code = """
Java.perform(function () {
    //静态方法的主动调用
   var rsa = Java.use("com.xiaojianbang.app.RSA");
   var str = Java.use("java.lang.String");
   var base64 = Java.use("android.util.Base64");
   var bytes = str.$new("xiaojianbang").getBytes();
   console.log(JSON.stringify(bytes));
   var retval = rsa.encrypt(bytes);
   var result = base64.encodeToString(retval, 0);
   console.log(result);
    //非静态方法的主动调用1 (新建一个对象去调用)
    var res = Java.use("com.xiaojianbang.app.Money").$new("日元",
300000).getInfo();
    console.log(res);
   var utils = Java.use("com.xiaojianbang.app.Utils");
    res = utils.$new().myPrint(["xiaojianbang", "is very good", " ", "zygx8",
"is very good"]);
   console.log(res);
    //非静态方法的主动调用2 (获取已有的对象调用)
    Java.choose("com.xiaojianbang.app.Money", {
       onMatch: function (obj) {
            if (obj._name.value == "美元") {
               res = obj.getInfo();
               console.log(res);
            }
       },
       onComplete: function () {
    });
});
0.00
```

## 2.2.13 获取参数类型

```
xxx.class.getType()
```

### 2.2.14 使用frida注入dex文件

```
hook_code = """
Java.perform(function () {
    Java.openClassFile("/data/local/tmp/xiaojianbang.dex").load();
    var xiaojianbang = Java.use("com.xiaojianbang.test.xiaojianbang");

var ShufferMap = Java.use("com.xiaojianbang.app.ShufferMap");
    ShufferMap.show.implementation = function (map) {
```

```
var retval = xiaojianbang.sayHello(map);
  console.log(retval);
  return retval;
}

});
"""
```

## 2.2.15 多个函数同时hook

```
var
InnerClasses=Java.use('com.example.androiddemo.Activity.FridaActivity4$InnerClas
ses');
  var all_method=InnerClasses.class.getDeclaredMethods();
  for(var i=0;i<all_method.length;i++)
  {
    var method=all_method[i].getName();
    InnerClasses[method].implementation = function()
    {return true;}
}</pre>
```

## 2.2.16 枚举当前所有的线程

Process.enumerateThreads(): 枚举当前所有的线程,返回包含以下属性的对象数组:

属性	含义			
id	线程id			
state	当前运行状态有running, stopped, waiting, uninterruptible or halted			
context	带有键pc和sp的对象,它们是分别为ia32/x64/arm指定EIP/RIP/PC和ESP/RSP/SP的 NativePointer对象。也可以使用其他处理器特定的密钥,例如eax、rax、r0、x0等。			

```
function frida_Process() {
    Java.perform(function () {
        var enumerateThreads = Process.enumerateThreads();
        for(var i = 0; i < enumerateThreads.length; i++) {
            console.log("");
            console.log("id:",enumerateThreads[i].id);
            console.log("state:",enumerateThreads[i].state);
            console.log("context:",JSON.stringify(enumerateThreads[i].context));
        }
    });
}
setImmediate(frida_Process,0);</pre>
```

#### 2.2.16 打印类所属对象

```
var
FridaActivity5=Java.use('com.example.androiddemo.Activity.FridaActivity5')
Java.choose('com.example.androiddemo.Activity.FridaActivity5',{
    onMatch :function(instance){
        console.log(instance.getDynamicDexCheck().$className);
    },
    onComplete : function(){
    }
})
```

使用object.\$className

# 三.Native方法hook

## 3.1框架原型

```
var str_name_so = "libxxxxx.so";
                                 //要hook的so名
var str_name_func = "func_exp";
                                       //要hook的函数名
var hook_addr_func = Module.findExportByName(libXXXXX.so , str_name_func);
console.log("func addr is ---" + n_addr_func);
Interceptor.attach(hook_addr_func, {
   //在hook函数之前执行的语句
   onEnter : function(args)
       console.log("hook on enter")
   },
   //在hook函数之后执行的语句
   onLeave : function(retval)
       console.log("hook on leave")
   }
});
```

# 3.2 常用需求

#### 3.2.1 导出方法函数获取

```
},
//在hook函数之后执行的语句
onLeave : function(retval)
{
    console.log("hook on leave")
}
});
```

## 3.2.2 未导出方法获取

```
var str_name_so = "libxxxxxx.so"; //要hook的so名
var str_name_func = "func_exp";
                                      //要hook的函数名
var base_addr = Module.findBaseAddress("libxxxxx.so");
                                                     //得到so的基址
var target_addr=base_addr.add(offset);
var methodsaddress=ptr(target_addr);
Interceptor.attach(methodsaddress, {
   //在hook函数之前执行的语句
   onEnter : function(args)
       console.log("hook on enter")
   },
   //在hook函数之后执行的语句
   onLeave : function(retval)
       console.log("hook on leave")
});
```

## 3.2.3 枚举导入表

```
var imports = Module.enumerateImports("libxiaojianbang.so");
for(var i = 0; i < imports.length; i++){
   if(imports[i].name == "strncat"){
      console.log(JSON.stringify(imports[i]));
      console.log(imports[i].address);
   }
}</pre>
```

#### 3.2.4 枚举导出表

```
var exports = Module.enumerateExports("libxiaojianbang.so");
for(var i = 0; i < exports.length; i++){
    //if(exports[i].name == "strncat"){
        console.log(JSON.stringify(exports[i]));
    //}
}</pre>
```

### 3.2.5 函数地址计算

```
function hookTest14(){
   var soAddr = Module.findBaseAddress("libxiaojianbang.so");
   console.log(soAddr);
   var funcAddr = soAddr.add(0x23F4);
   console.log(funcAddr);
}
```

#### 3.2.6 获取指针参数返回值

```
function hookTest5(){
   var soAddr = Module.findBaseAddress("libxiaojianbang.so");
    console.log(soAddr);
   var sub_930 = soAddr.add(0x930); //函数地址计算 thumb+1 ARM不加
    console.log(sub_930);
    var sub_208C = soAddr.add(0x208C); //函数地址计算 thumb+1 ARM不加
     console.log(sub_208C);
    if(sub_208C != null){
        Interceptor.attach(sub_208C,{
            onEnter: function(args){
               this.args1 = args[1];
           },
           onLeave: function(retval){
               console.log(hexdump(this.args1));
       });
     }
}
```

## 3.2.7 内存读写

```
function hookTest7(){
    var soAddr = Module.findBaseAddress("libxiaojianbang.so");
    console.log(soAddr);
    if(soAddr != null){
        //console.log(soAddr.add(0x2C00).readCstring());
        //console.log(hexdump(soAddr.add(0x2C00)));        //读取指定地址的字符串

        //var strByte = soAddr.add(0x2C00).readByteArray(16);        //读内存
        //console.log(strByte);

        //soAddr.add(0x2C00).writeByteArray(stringToBytes("xiaojianbang"));        //写

        //console.log(hexdump(soAddr.add(0x2C00)));        //dump指定内存

        //var bytes = Module.readByteArray(soAddr.add(0x2C00), 16);
        //console.log(bytes);

}
```

### 3.2.8 主动调用INI函数

```
function hookTest8(){
   var funcAddr = Module.findExportByName("libxiaojianbang.so",
"Java_com_xiaojianbang_app_NativeHelper_helloFromC");
   console.log(funcAddr);
   if(funcAddr != null){
       Interceptor.attach(funcAddr,{
            onEnter: function(args){
           },
            onLeave: function(retval){
               var env = Java.vm.tryGetEnv();
               var jstr = env.newStringUtf("www.zygx8.com"); //主动调用jni函数
cstr转jstr
                retval.replace(jstr);
               var cstr = env.getStringUtfChars(jstr); //主动调用 jstr转cstr
               console.log(cstr.readCString());
                console.log(hexdump(cstr));
            }
       });
   }
}
```

## 3.2.9 jni函数hook (计算地址方式)

```
function hookTest9(){
    Java.perform(function(){
       //console.log(JSON.stringify(Java.vm.tryGetEnv()));
       var envAddr = ptr(Java.vm.tryGetEnv().handle).readPointer();
       var newStringUtfAddr = envAddr.add(0x538).readPointer();
       var registerNativesAddr = envAddr.add(1720).readPointer();
       console.log("newStringUtfAddr", newStringUtfAddr);
       console.log("registerNativesAddr", registerNativesAddr)
       if(newStringUtfAddr != null){
            Interceptor.attach(newStringUtfAddr,{
               onEnter: function(args){
                    console.log(args[1].readCString());
                    //args[1] = "xiaojianbang is very good!";
               },
               onLeave: function(retval){
               }
            });
       if(registerNativesAddr != null){
                                            //Hook registerNatives获取动态注册的函
数地址
            Interceptor.attach(registerNativesAddr,{
                onEnter: function(args){
                    console.log(args[2].readPointer().readCString());
console.log(args[2].add(Process.pointerSize).readPointer().readCString());
                    console.log(args[2].add(Process.pointerSize *
2).readPointer());
                    console.log(hexdump(args[2]));
```

## 3.2.10 jni函数hook(libart.so)

```
var artSym = Module.enumerateSymbols("libart.so");
   var NewStringUTFAddr = null;
    for(var i = 0; i < artSym.length; i++){</pre>
        if(artSym[i].name.indexOf("CheckJNI") == -1 &&
artSym[i].name.indexOf("NewStringUTF") != -1){
            console.log(JSON.stringify(artSym[i]));
            NewStringUTFAddr = artSym[i].address;
        }
   };
    if(NewStringUTFAddr != null){
        Interceptor.attach(NewStringUTFAddr,{
            onEnter: function(args){
                console.log(args[1].readCString());
            },
            onLeave: function(retval){
            }
        });
   }
```

#### 3.2.11 So层函数主动调用

```
function hookTest11(){
    Java.perform(function(){
        var funcAddr = Module.findBaseAddress("libxiaojianbang.so").add(0x23F4);
        var func = new NativeFunction(funcAddr, "pointer", ['pointer',
'pointer']);
        var env = Java.vm.tryGetEnv();
        console.log("env: ", JSON.stringify(env));
        if(env != null){
            var jstr = env.newStringUtf("xiaojianbang is very good!!!");
            //console.log("jstr: ", hexdump(jstr));
            var cstr = func(env, jstr);
            console.log(cstr.readCString());
            console.log(hexdump(cstr));
        }
   });
}
```

## 3.2.12 frida读写文件

```
//frida API 读写文件
function hookTest12(){
   var ios = new File("/sdcard/xiaojianbang.txt", "w");
   ios.write("xiaojianbang is very good!!!\n");
    ios.flush();
   ios.close();
//Hook libc 读写文件
function hookTest13() {
   var addr_fopen = Module.findExportByName("libc.so", "fopen");
   var addr_fputs = Module.findExportByName("libc.so", "fputs");
   var addr_fclose = Module.findExportByName("libc.so", "fclose");
    console.log("addr_fopen:", addr_fopen, "addr_fputs:", addr_fputs,
"addr_fclose:", addr_fclose);
    var fopen = new NativeFunction(addr_fopen, "pointer", ["pointer",
"pointer"]);
   var fputs = new NativeFunction(addr_fputs, "int", ["pointer", "pointer"]);
   var fclose = new NativeFunction(addr_fclose, "int", ["pointer"]);
   var filename = Memory.allocUtf8String("/sdcard/xiaojianbang.txt");
   var open_mode = Memory.allocUtf8String("w");
   var file = fopen(filename, open_mode);
   console.log("fopen:", file);
   var buffer = Memory.allocUtf8String("zygxb\n");
   var retval = fputs(buffer, file);
   console.log("fputs:", retval);
   fclose(file);
}
```

#### 3.2.13 枚举所有已加载的模块

```
function frida_Process() {
    Java.perform(function () {
       var process_Obj_Module_Arr = Process.enumerateModules();
       for(var i = 0; i < process_Obj_Module_Arr.length; i++) {
            console.log("",process_Obj_Module_Arr[i].name);
       }
    });
}
setImmediate(frida_Process,0);</pre>
```

3.

# 四.参考链接