

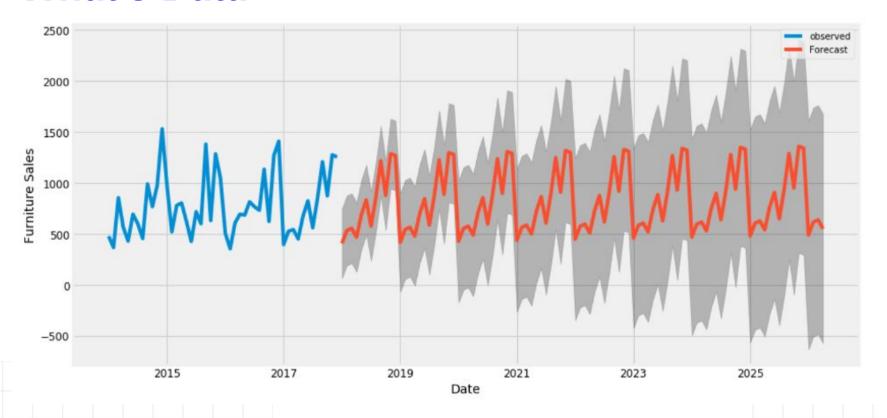
Introduction to Data Science

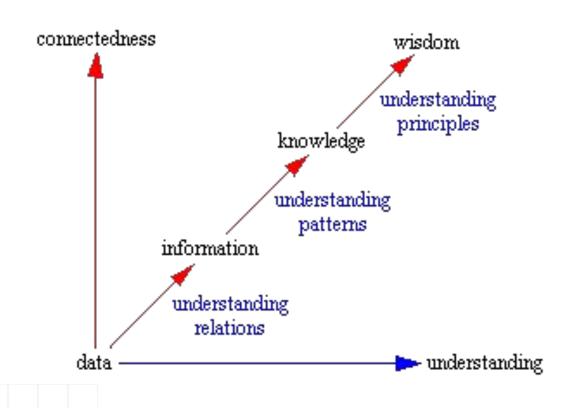


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Outline

- What's Data?
- What's Data Science?
- Data Science Tasks
- How to Work in Data Science?

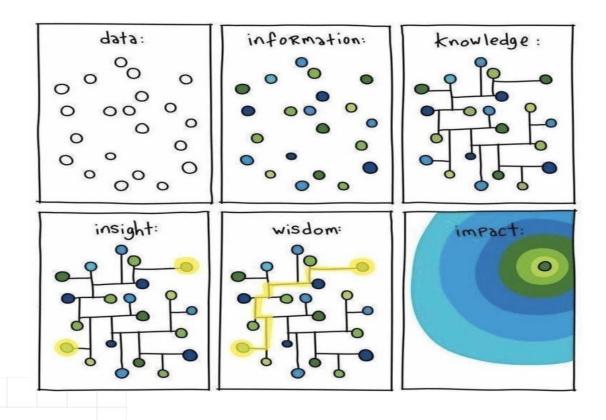




- Data are sets of signs that represent empirical stimuli or perceptions
- information is a set of signs, which represent empirical knowledge
- knowledge is a set of signs that represent the meaning (or the content) of thoughts that the individual justifiably believes that they are true
- Wisdom is the ability to use your knowledge and experience to make good decisions and judgments

- Data represents a fact or statement of event without relation to other things
- Information embodies the understanding of a relationship of some sort, possibly cause and effect
- Knowledge represents a pattern that connects and generally provides a high level of predictability as to what is described or what will happen next
- Wisdom embodies more of an understanding of fundamental principles embodied within the knowledge that are essentially the basis for the knowledge being what it is. Wisdom is essentially systemic

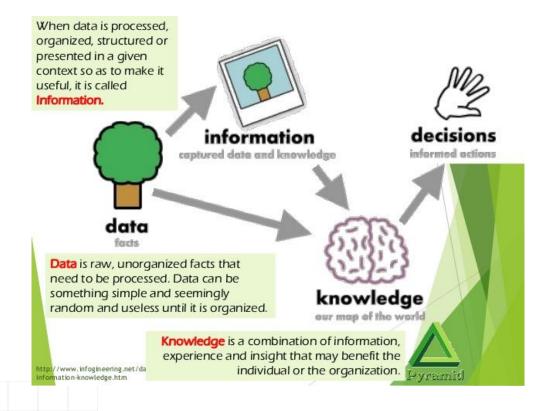
- It is raining
- The temperature dropped 15 degrees and then it started raining
- If the humidity is very high and the temperature drops substantially the atmospheres is often unlikely to be able to hold the moisture so it rains
- It rains because it rains. And this encompasses an understanding of all the interactions that happen between raining, evaporation, air currents, temperature gradients, changes, and raining



Data Product is digital information can be purchased.

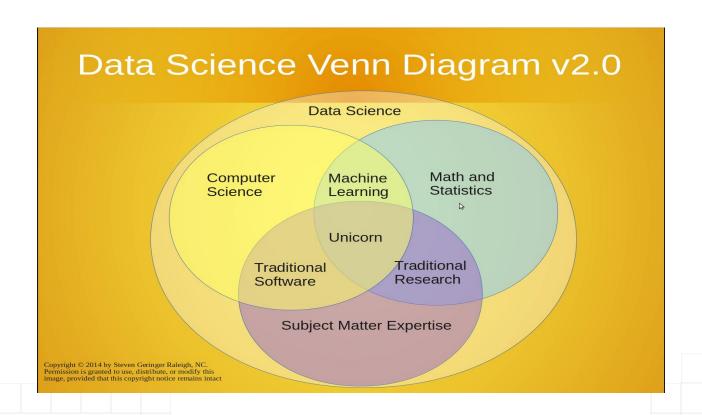
- Data Product is a software
 - a. Utilize input data
 - b. Process and handle it
 - c. Retrieve a useful, meaningful output
 - d. Which algorithmically-generated

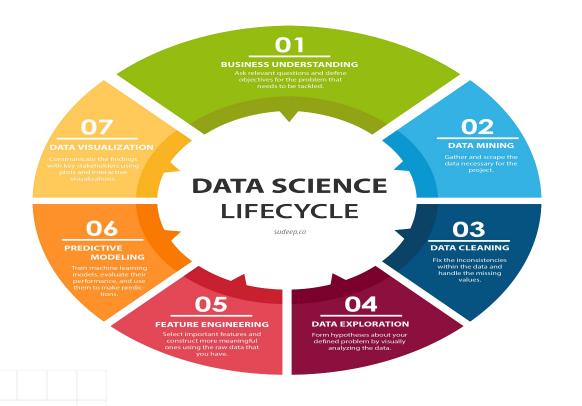
- Data Product examples:
 - a. YouTude recommendation system
 - b. Amazon recommendation system
 - c. Gmail's spam filter
 - d. Sales forecasting



Data Science extremely intersect with Statistics

 Data Science is a science which uses Computer Science to automatically apply models, methods and approaches of Statistics, Data Analysis, Visualization and Decision-Making; by a complete process of collecting, cleaning, integrating, analyzing, visualizing and interacting data; to create data product





Data Science Tasks

In general Data Science tasks can be classified into two categories:

- Descriptive tasks characterize the general properties of the data.
- Predictive tasks perform deduction on the current data in order to make predictions.

Data Science Tasks

Descriptive

Clustering

Detect natural groupings

Outlier detection

Detect anomalies

Affinity Analysis

Co-occurrence patterns

Predictive

Classification

Predict a category

Regression

Predict a value

Recommendation

Predict a preference

Data Science Tasks

We typically use data science to answer five types of questions:

- How much or how many? (regression)
- Which category? (classification)
- Which group? (clustering)
- Is this weird? (anomaly detection)
- Which option should be taken? (recommendation)

Data Science Tools

- Scripting/Programming Languages: R, Python
- Applications: Excel
- Software Tools: RapidMiner, Weka, Orange
- Storage: MySQL, PostgresSQL, MongoDB
- Processing Tools: Hadoop, Spark

Any Questions





Thank You!



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