

Sharif University of Technology

Department of Computer Engineering

Compiler Course Project

Fall1396

Handout 6 - Instruction specification

1 Instructions

Instructions appear in one line of output each and will have the following format:

[OpCode][Opr₁]... [Opr_n]

Where the number of operands (n) is determined for each instruction separately. All of the required instructions in L is listed in table below. If you need any instructions that is not listed here, please inform me.

Note: The last three instructions will be discussed in project's extra class.

Operator Name	OpCode	# of Operands	Operation
Add	+	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] + [Opr2]
Subtract	-	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] - [Opr2]
Multiply		3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] * [Opr2]
Divide	/	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] / [Opr2]
Mod	%	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] % [Opr2]
Logical And	&&	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] && [Opr2]
Logical Or		3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] [Opr2]
Binary And	&	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] & [Opr2]
Binary Or		3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] [Opr2]
Binary Xor	^	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] ^ [Opr2]
Binary Not	~	3	[Opr2] \leftarrow ~[Opr1]
Less Than	<	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] < [Opr2]
Greater Than	>	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] > [Opr2]
Less Than Equal	<=	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] <= [Opr2]
Greater Than Equal	>=	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] >= [Opr2]
Equal	==	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] == [Opr2]
Not Equal	!=	3	[Opr3] \leftarrow [Opr1] != [Opr2]
Logical Not	!	2	[Opr2] \leftarrow ! [Opr1]
Unary Minus	$u-$	2	[Opr2] \leftarrow -[Opr1]
Assignment	:=	2	[Opr2] \leftarrow [Opr1]
Jump Zero	jz	2	if [Opr1]==TRUE then pc \leftarrow [Opr2]
Jump	jmp	1	pc \leftarrow [Opr1]
Write Integer	wi	1	{output} \leftarrow [Opr1]
Write Float	wf	1	{output} \leftarrow [Opr1]
Write Text	wt	1	{output} \leftarrow [Opr1]
Read Integer	ri	1	{input} \rightarrow [Opr1]
Read Float	rf	1	{input} \rightarrow [Opr1]
Get Memory	gmm	2	Set Opr2 the address of first byte of memory with size Opr1
Free Memory	fmm	2	Free memory starts at Opr1 with size Opr2
PC Value	:= pc	1	[Opr1] \leftarrow pc
SP Value	:= sp	1	[Opr1] \leftarrow sp
Assign SP	sp :=	1	sp \leftarrow [Opr1]

1.1 Operands

Each of the operands of the following format:

[Addressing Mode] [Type] [Value]

You have to concatenate their text values in order to obtain the operand. For immediate addressing, value will be the literal (for a character, you will write it's ASCII code). In other kind of addressing, value will be a memory address (integer).

1.2 Addressing Modes

in L we will need at most five kind of addressing mode.

Addressing Mode	Text Form
Global Direct	gd_
Global Indirect	gi_
Local Direct	ld_
local Indirect	li_
immediate	im_

1.3 Types

Type	Text Form
Integer	i_
Float	f_
Boolean	b_
String	s_
Char	c_

2 Example

In this section you can see some examples from instructions in text form. the white space between operator and operands can be a single space or tab.

+ gd_i_12 im_i_5 ld_i_14
wi im_c_13
* gi_f_10 im_f_10.5 ld_f_10
gmm im_i_1024 gd_i_1
wi gi_i_1
+ im_i_1 im_i_2 gi_i_1
wi gi_i_1
fmm gd_i_1 im_i_1024