HKUST
VISLAB

COMP 4462
Data Visualization Tutorial

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Friday 28 February, 2019
https://bit.ly/vis-t01

Logistics

- **We make data visible! And beautiful!**
- Course homepage: https://canvas.ust.hk/courses/29837
- About assessment:
  - In-class exercises and labs (10%)
  - Top-vis competition and essay (10%)
  - Final project (35%)
  - Final exam (35%)
  - Class activities and participation (10%)
    - It's new this semester, more details later
  - Reference materials can be found on course homepage
- Tutorial session
  - **Date & Time:** Friday 1:30 pm to 2:20 pm
  - **Venue:** Via Zoom
  - **Tutors:** Leo and Wenchao Li

Data Visualization

- Week 1: Introduction
- Principles:
  - Week 2: Color and Perception
  - Week 3: Design Principles
  - Week 4: Tasks and Rules
- Specific type of data
  - Week 5: Trajectories
  - Week 6: Multi-Dimensional Data
  - Week 7: Text
  - Week 8: Graph
- Miscellaneous:
  - Week 9: How to know you've made the right visualization?
  - Week 10: Storytelling with visualization
  - Week 11: Scientific visualization
  - Week 12: Extra topics e.g. Explainable AI, Financial Data Analysis

About this tutorial

- Focus on tools, more hands-on, more coding
  - Get your hands dirty, learn by doing
- Cover most of common tools in data scientist toolbox
  - Visualization oriented, obviously
- Time allocation:
  - 20 mins go through slides, 30 mins hands-on
  - Bring your own laptop or use the lab computer
  - Submit your work to Canvas
- Some programming experience will help, but not necessary (we will help)
  - To help you completing the course project
  - First two weeks will be no programming (Excel and Tableau)
  - Then, more and more coding (Python and Javascript)
- One session for "where to find data" and "where to find visualizations"
  - To help you on top-vis competition and project topics

Visualization tools

GUI base vis tools

MS Excel
Tableau
MS PowerBI
Google Data Studio

Python vis tools

Matplotlib
Seaborn
Bokeh
Altair

More Expressive JS vis tools

D3.js
Three.js (WebGL based)
p5.js (HTML5 Canvas based)
Leaflet (for maps)

R language vis tools

ggplot2
ggvis

Specification base JS vis tools

Vega-lite
Plotly.js
Highcharts
ECharts

Frontend Framework, Backend Server & DB

Frontend (React, Vue.js)
Node.js (express, koa)
Python (Flask, Django)
MongoDB, PostgreSQL

And many more upon discovery!

Schedule

- We will go through a subset of the tools
  - Excel, Tableau, Python (Jupyter, pandas, altair), Javascript (Vega-lite, d3.js)
- Schedule
  - No coding
    - Tutorial 1: Excel
    - Tutorial 2: Tableau
  - Tutorial 3: Where to find data and visualizations
  - Python
    - Tutorial 4: Python, Jupyter and pandas basics
    - Tutorial 5: More on pandas and altair
  - Javascript
    - Tutorial 6: Javascript basics and lodash
    - Tutorial 7: Vega-lite and Observable
    - Tutorial 8: D3.js basics
    - Tutorial 9: D3.js interaction

Warm-up with Microsoft Excel

- Materials are hosted on https://github.com/leoyuholo/learning-vis-tools
    - Download the .xlsx and .csv in the directory "tutorial01"
- We will go through the followings with a simple dataset:
    - VLOOKUP function
    - Pivot table
    - Filtering
    - Plotting
    - Customizing charts, reverse axis and labels
- Then, 3 tasks on a bigger dataset
- Remember to submit your work to Canvas

VLOOKUP

- It's like table join in SQL
- We will use it to lookup the country of an university
- See documentation

Subject	Ranking
CS	14
EE	23
CHEM	23
ACCT	16

Subject Ranking

Subject	School
CS	Engineering
EE	Engineering
CHEM	Science
ACCT	Business

Subject to School

fx =VLOOKUP(A2,Schools!A$2:B$5, 2, FALSE)

VLOOKUP

Subject	Ranking	School
CS	14	Engineering
EE	23	Engineering
CHEM	23	Science
ACCT	16	Business

Table joined!

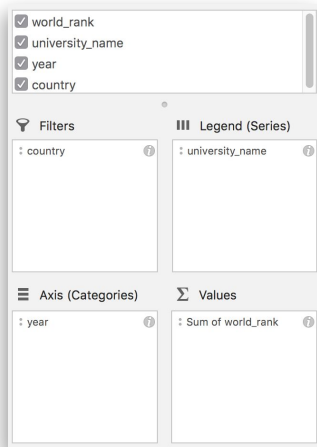VLOOKUP(lookup_value, table_array, col_index_num, [range_lookup])

PivotTable

- Sometimes, data are in "Long Form", but Excel plots charts with "Wide Form"
- We **transform** data with PivotTable
- See documentation

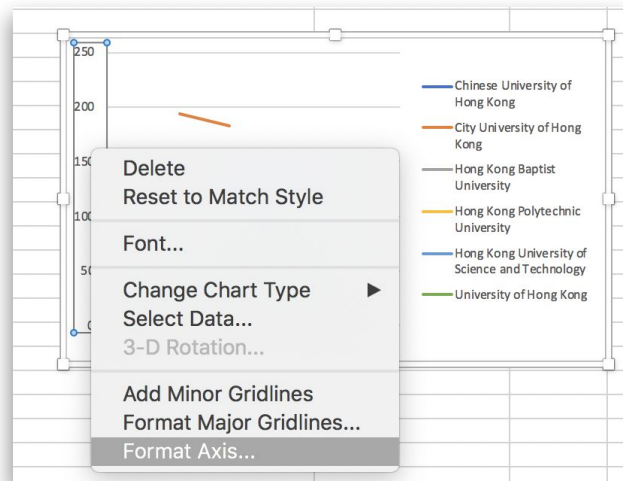**Long Form**

PivotTable

Wide Form

Plot!
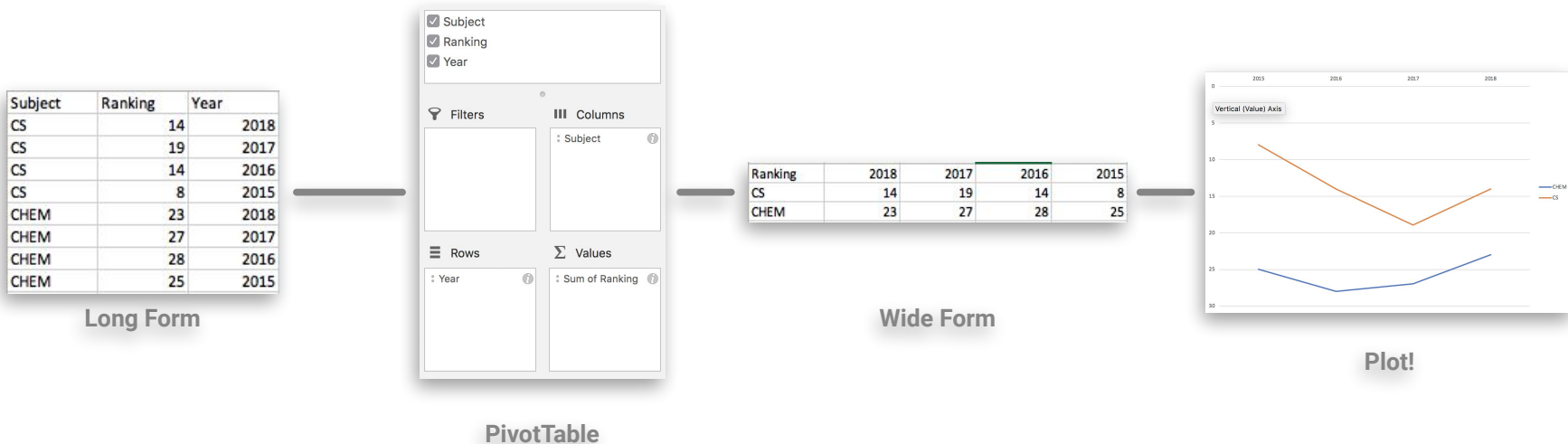
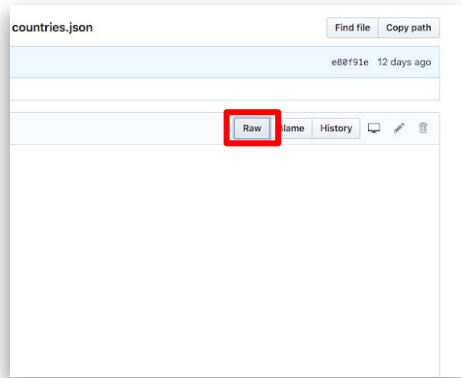# Filtering and reverse index

- Use the "Filters" field in PivotTable

- Use format axis to reverse y-axis
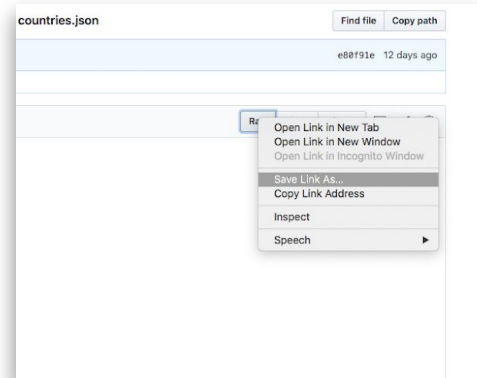 - Check the option "Values in reverse order"

Download dataset from GitHub

1. Go to the tutorial repository
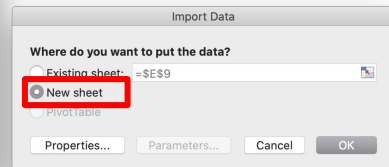2. Go to the dataset file you want download, e.g. university_rankings.csv
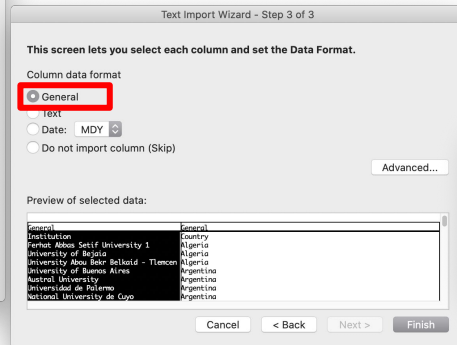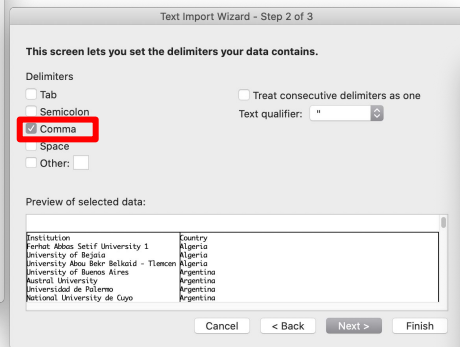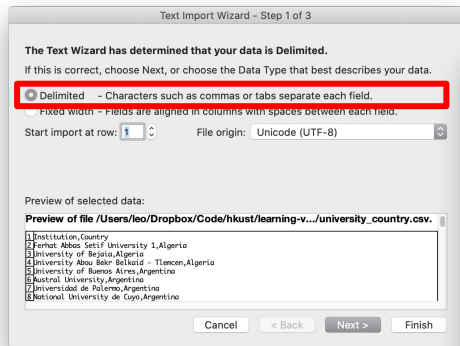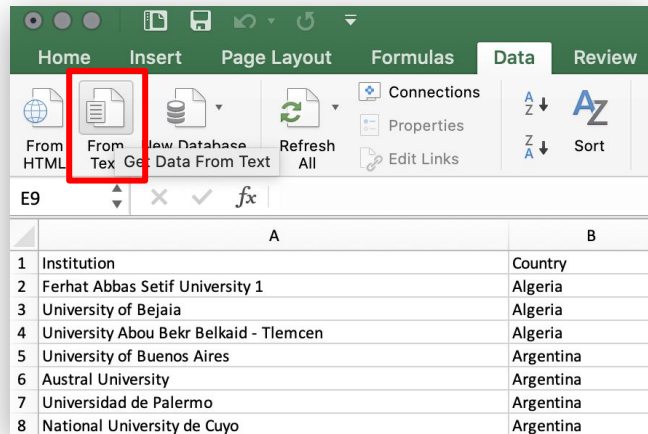
3. Right click "Raw"

4. Save as file

Import dataset into Microsoft Excel

1. Data -> From Text
2. Choose file ("university_countries.csv")
3. In import wizard:
   a. Step 1: Select "Delimited"
   b. Step 2: Select "Comma"
   c. Step 3: Select "General"
   d. Last: Put data in "New Sheet"

Lab exercise

- Tasks
  - Download the two csv files (university_rankings.csv and university_countries.csv) from [GitHub](#)
  - Import the data into Excel
  - Lookup the countries of all the universities
  - Apply PivotTable to transform "long form" to "wide form"
  - Plot the rankings of all the universities from Hong Kong
    - Utilize the filter field in PivotTable
    - Remember to flip the y-axis, zero at the top-left
    - Also add axis labels and title
  - Repeat for all the universities from Canada, USA, UK and Australia
- Remember to upload your .xlsx file to Canvas
- Credit:
  - Data source from [University Rankings.ch](#)

More topics on MS Excel Visualization

- Coursera courses
  - [Problem Solving with Excel](#)
  - [Data Visualization with Advanced Excel](#)
- Other notable features of MS Excel
  - Power Pivot, PivotCharts, Solver, Goal Seek, Data Tables, Scenario Manager, Simulation Features, ToolPak, Macros, Dashboard, Power View, Conditional Formatting, Form Control, VBA
- [A detailed Excel visualization guide](#)
- [A list of data visualization with Excel websites](#)

Next tutorial

Data processing and Tableau

- Install Tableau beforehand
  - Tableau student (Full version, preferred): https://www.tableau.com/academic/students
  - Or Tableau Public: https://public.tableau.com

Tableau

- Tableau Public
  - Free
  - All saved works are public
    - Publicly viewable, downloadable
  - Must connect to the internet in order to save
  - Less data connectors
- Tableau Desktop
  - Free for students, need verification
  - Can save locally, use without connecting to the internet
  - More data connectors
- Tableau Server
  - Standalone, dedicated server
  - Enterprise level, expensive