

# Apply filters to SQL queries

## Project description

Filtering through employee log in attempts at different times to pinpoint possible security issues, narrowed down a certain demographic for what the situation needed to identify them for whether it be a software update or information on activity or performance.

## Retrieve after hours failed login attempts

In the table `log_in_attempts` we used our where command to filter through `login_time` between 18:00 and 20:00 and `success 0`; to filter through all failed attempts within a certain time

## Retrieve login attempts on specific dates

We also filtered between certain dates to search for suspicious login attempts we filtered through our from `log_in_attempts` table and used `where login_date = 2022-05-09` and `login_date = 2022-05-08`

## Retrieve login attempts outside of Mexico

We realized that the malicious login attempts were not coming from Mexico so we used our not operator to filter out Mexico as a result using our standard inputs from our `log_in_attempts` table we use our `where NOT country LIKE 'mex%'`; to filter it out

## Retrieve employees in Marketing

For this example we needed to narrow down some results for employees on the east wing of the building and some that were in marketing. `Select * From employees where department = 'marketing' or office like 'east%' or = 'North-434'`

## Retrieve employees in Finance or Sales

Here we needed to find employees that were a part of the sales and finance department to ensure that their software was up to date we did this by `select * from employees where department = 'sales' or department = 'finance'`

## Retrieve all employees not in IT

In this exemplar we needed to deploy a software update to all non IT employees so we filtered them out by using where NOT department = 'information technology';