Git & SVN

Git Command

command	description
git clone <i>url [dir]</i>	copy a git repository so you can add to it
git add <i>files</i>	adds file contents to the staging area
git commit	records a snapshot of the staging area
git status	view the status of your files in the working directory and staging area
git diff	shows diff of what is staged and what is modified but unstaged
git help <i>[command]</i>	get help info about a particular command
git pull	fetch from a remote repo and try to merge into the current branch
git push	push your new branches and data to a remote repository
others: init, reset, branch, checkout, merge, log, tag	

Get ready to use Git

Set the name and email for Git to use when you commit:

```
1 git config --global user.name "<username>"
2 git config --golbal user.email <email_addres>
```

Verify personal information in Git

```
1 git config --list
```

Create a local copy of a repo

Clone an already existing repo

```
1 git clone <url> [<local dir name>]
```

Create a Git repo in your current directory

```
1 git init
2 git add <file_address_related_to_current_address>
3 git add . // 添加所有文件
4 git commit -m "<commit_message>"
```

Committing files

Add file to staging area

```
1 git add <file_address_related_to_current_address>
```

Move staged changes into the repo we commit

```
1 git commit -m "<commit_message>"
```

To unstage a change on a file before you have committed it

```
1 git reset HEAD -- <filename>
```

Remove unstaged changes

```
1 git checkout -- <filename>
```

Fetch net data

```
1 git fetch origin // check whether there is an update in remote server
2 git merge origin/master // merge file
```

Status and Diff

To view the status of your files in the working directory and staging area

```
1 git status
```

To see what is modified but unstaged

```
1 git diff
2 git diff --cached // To see staged changes
```

Viewing logs

To see a log of all changes in your local repo

```
1 git log
2 git log --oneline // to show a shorter version
3 git log -5 // to show only the 5 most recent updates, etc.
```

Pulling and Pushing

```
1 git pull origin <remote_branch>
2 git push origin <remote_branch>
```

• origin: an alias for the URL you cloned from

Branch

Create a new branch

```
1 git branch <newbranch>
```

Switch to a branch

```
1 git checkout <newbranch>
```

Create a new branch and switch to it

```
1 git checkout -b <newbranch>
```

Merge

Switch to main develop branch

```
1 git checkout <main_develop_branch>
```

```
1 git merge <newbranch>
```

Submodule

```
1 git submodule add <link> <submodule_name>
2 git submodule update --init --recursive
```

SVN Command

```
// svn checkout https://subversion.ews.illinois.edu/svn/fa15-cs427/<netid> cs427
svn checkout <remote_link> <name_of_local_dir>

// commit some modification
svn commit ¬m "<message>"

// update your local copy with the changes on the server
svn up

// To tell svn about a new file to track
svn add <name_of_new_file>

// shows the status of files in the current svn directory
svn st

// removes a file from the set of tracked files (will be removed on the remote server as well)
svn rm

// moves a file from one directory to another (or renames if in same directory svn mv

// diff between two revisions, or diff a file to see uncommitted local changes
svn diff
```