

Packet Tracer - Configure OSPF Authentication

Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Switch Port
R1	G0/0/0	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
	G0/0/1	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	S1 F0/5
R2	G0/0/0	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
	G0/0/1	10.2.2.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
R3	G0/0/0	10.2.2.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
	G0/0/1	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	S3 F0/5
PC-A	NIC	192.168.1.5	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	S1 F0/6
PC-B	NIC	192.168.1.6	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	S2 F0/18
PC-C	NIC	192.168.3.5	255.255.255.0	192.168.3.1	S3 F0/18

Objectives

- Configure OSPF MD5 authentication.

Background / Scenario

In this activity, you will configure OSPF MD5 authentication for secure routing updates.

Instructions

Part 1: Configure OSPF MD5 Authentication

Step 1: Test connectivity. All devices should be able to ping all other IP addresses.

Step 2: Configure OSPF MD5 authentication for all the routers in area 0.

Configure OSPF MD5 authentication for all the routers in area 0.

```
R1(config)# router ospf 1
R1(config-router)# area 0 authentication message-digest
```

Step 3: Configure the MD5 key for all the routers in area 0.

Configure an MD5 key on the GigabitEthernet interfaces on **R1**, **R2** and **R3**. Use the password **MD5pa55** for key 1.

```
R1(config)# interface g0/0/0
R1(config-if)# ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 MD5pa55
```

Step 4: Verify configurations.

- a. Verify the MD5 authentication configurations using the commands **show ip ospf interface**.
- b. Verify end-to-end connectivity.