

## 1 Decay Scheme

Co-60 disintegrates by beta minus emissions to excited levels of Ni-60. Le cobalt 60 se désintègre par émission bêta moins vers des niveaux excités de nickel 60.

### 2 Nuclear Data

 $T_{1/2}(^{60}\text{Co})$  : 5,2711 (8) a  $Q^{-}(^{60}\text{Co})$  : 2823,07 (21) keV

### 2.1 $\beta$ <sup>-</sup> Transitions

	Energy keV	Probability × 100	Nature	$\lg ft$
$\beta_{0,3}^{-} \\ \beta_{0,2}^{-} \\ \beta_{0,1}^{-}$	317,32 (21) 664,46 (21) 1490,56 (21)	99,88 (3) 0,002 0,12 (3)	Allowed Unique 2nd Forbidden Unique 2nd Forbidden	7,51 14,7

### 2.2 Gamma Transitions and Internal Conversion Coefficients

	Energy keV	$\begin{array}{c} \mathrm{P}_{\gamma+\mathrm{ce}} \\ \times \ 100 \end{array}$	Multipolarity	$\begin{array}{c} \alpha_K \\ (10^{-4}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \alpha_L \\ (10^{-4}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \alpha_T \\ (10^{-4}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \alpha_{\pi} \\ (10^{-5}) \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{c} \gamma_{3,2}(\text{Ni}) \\ \gamma_{2,1}(\text{Ni}) \\ \gamma_{3,1}(\text{Ni}) \\ \gamma_{3,0}(\text{Ni}) \\ \gamma_{2,0}(\text{Ni}) \\ \gamma_{3,0}(\text{Ni}) \end{array}$	347,14 (7) 826,10 (3) 1173,240 (3) 1332,508 (4) 2158,61 (3) 2505,748 (5)	0,0075 (4) 0,0076 (8) 99,85 (3) 99,9988 (2) 0,0012 (2) 0,0000020 (4)	[E2] M1+45%E2 E2(+M3) E2 E2 E2 E4	49,9 (15) 3,0 (4) 1,51 (7) 1,15 (5) 0,445 (14) 0,780 (3)	5,03 (15) 0,291 (17) 0,148 (4) 0,113 (3) 0,043 (2) 0,076 (3)	55,7 (17) 3,4 (4) 1,68 (4) 1,28 (5) 0,495 (15) 0,86 (3)	0,62 (7) 3,4 (4)

# 3 Atomic Data

### 3.1 Ni

 $\begin{array}{ccccc} \omega_K & : & 0.421 & (4) \\ \bar{\omega}_L & : & 0.0084 & (4) \\ n_{KL} & : & 1.388 & (4) \end{array}$ 

### 3.1.1 X Radiations

		Energy keV		Relative probability
$X_{K}$	$egin{array}{c} Klpha_2 \ Klpha_1 \ Keta_3 \ rac{1}{2} \ K ho_2 \ rac{1}{2} $	7,46097 7,47824 8,2647	}	51,24 100
$ m X_L$	$egin{array}{c} \mathrm{K}eta_5^{\prime\prime} & & & \\ \mathrm{L}\ell & & & \\ \mathrm{L}\gamma & & & \end{array}$	8,3287 $0,74$ $-0,94$	}	20,84

# 3.1.2 Auger Electrons

	Energy keV	Relative probability
Auger K KLL KLX KXY	6,26-6,54 $7,20-7,47$	100 27,6
Auger L	8,10 - 8,32 $0,7 - 0,9$	1,9 329

# 4 Electron Emissions

		Energy keV	Electrons per 100 disint.
${ m e_{AL}}$	(Ni)	0,7 - 0,9	0,0392 (12)
e <sub>AK</sub>	(Ni) KLL KLX KXY	6,26 - 6,54 7,20 - 7,47 8,10 - 8,32	0,0154 (5) } } }
${\rm ec_{3,1~K}} \atop {\rm ec_{1,0~K}} \atop {\rm ec_{1,0~\alpha}}$	(Ni) (Ni) (Ni)	1164,895 (3) 1324,157 (6) 310,51 (1)	0,0151 (9) 0,0115 (6) 0,0034 (4)
$eta_{0,3}^- \ eta_{0,3}^-$	max:	317,32 (21) $95,6$ (1)	99,88 (3)
$\beta_{0,2}^{-}$ $\beta_{0,2}^{-}$	max:	664,46 (21) 274,8 (1)	0,002
$\beta_{\overline{0,1}}$ $\beta_{\overline{0,1}}$	max: avg:	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 1490,56 & (21) \\ 625,6 & (1) \end{array} $	0,12 (3)

# 5 Photon Emissions

# 5.1 X-Ray Emissions

		Energy keV		Photons per 100 disint.	
$XL$ $XK\alpha_2$ $XK\alpha_1$	(Ni) (Ni) (Ni)	0.74 - 0.94 $7.46097$ $7.47824$	1	0,0002 0,00334 (12) 0,0065 (3)	} Kα }
$\begin{array}{c} XK\beta_3 \\ XK\beta_1 \\ XK\beta_5'' \end{array}$	(Ni) (Ni) (Ni)	8,2647 8,3287	} } }	0,00136 (5)	$\operatorname{K}'\beta_1$

#### 5.2 Gamma Emissions

	Energy keV	Photons per 100 disint.
$\begin{array}{c} \gamma_{3,2}({\rm Ni}) \\ \gamma_{2,1}({\rm Ni}) \\ \gamma_{3,1}({\rm Ni}) \\ \gamma_{1,0}({\rm Ni}) \\ \gamma_{2,0}({\rm Ni}) \\ \gamma_{3,0}({\rm Ni}) \end{array}$	347,14 (7) 826,10 (3) 1173,228 (3) 1332,492 (4) 2158,57 (3) 2505,692 (5)	0,0075 (4) 0,0076 (8) 99,85 (3) 99,9826 (6) 0,0012 (2) 0,0000020 (4)

#### 6 Main Production Modes

Co -  $59(n,\gamma)$ Co - 60  $\sigma: 18,7$  (5) barns Possible impurities: None.

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