

Optisches Pumpen

- Füllung mit Etalon:

$$T = 33,3^\circ\text{C}$$

$$I_0 = 63,6 \text{ mA}$$

- Bildant Oszi

5 Transmissions maxima, aquidistant

(1)

JCI)

- Modersprung

$$I_0 = 70,0 \text{ mA}$$

(2)

- $30,6^\circ\text{C}$

$$70,0 \text{ mA}$$

(3)

- $30,0^\circ\text{C}$

$$63,6 \text{ mA}$$

(4)

- $36,0^\circ\text{C}$

$$63,6 \text{ mA}$$

(5)

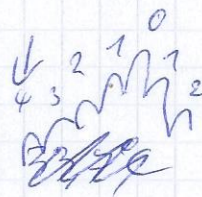
- $36,0^\circ\text{C}$

$$70,0 \text{ mA}$$

(6)

=

$\pm 0,2^\circ\text{C}$



(7)

J(7)

$$63,6 \text{ mA}$$

$$33,7$$

$$33,6$$

$$33,3$$

$$33,1$$

$$32,8$$

$$32,6$$

$$4.$$

$$3.$$

$$2.$$

$$1.$$

$$1.$$

$$1.$$

$$7$$

$$8$$

$$9$$

$$10$$

$$11$$

$$12$$

8.6.

Messung HPTS-Spektrum

$T = 34,0^{\circ}\text{C}$

$I_0 = 64,1 \text{ mA}$

1	kalt	t/s
2	nach Heizen	0
3		22
4		40
5		60
6		80
7		100
8		120
9		140
10		160
11		185
12		205
13		225
14		245
15		270
16		300
17		330
18		360
19		390
20		420
21		450
22		480
23		510

23

etalon

~~App~~

Lasermodulations ampl.

skizziert.

• Fallende Flanke

$$T = 34,0^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$I_0 = 62,8 \text{ mA}$$

24 kalt

25 ~~28~~ -28

Fön

~~Abkühl~~ Abkühl vorang.

28 a Etalon

• Fallende Flanke, hohe Frequenz $\approx 500 \text{ kHz}$

$$T = 34,0^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$I_0 = 61,9 \text{ mA}$$

29

kalt

Fön

30 -31

Abkühl vorang.

32 Etalon

Steigende Flanke, hohe Frequenz

$$T = 34,0^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$I_0 = 69,8 \text{ mA}$$

33 -35

36 Etalon

Teil 3 - Doppelkreuz

$$T = 34^{\circ}\text{C}$$

$$f_{\text{mod}} = 40,05 \text{ kHz} \pm 0,001$$

X4 - Plättchen: 1230

$$U_{\text{mod,pp}} = 432 \text{ mV}$$

kalt:
01.6ab
Föhn
02.6ab

1.

$$RF: U = 403,23 \text{ kHz} \quad \text{Drift und } 487,26 \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_L = 65,7 \text{ mA}$$

$$S_{I_L} = 0,1 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_4 = 89 \text{ mA}$$

$$S_{I_4} = 10 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_4 = 72 \text{ mA}$$

$$S_{I_4} = 3 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_4' = 107 \text{ mA}$$

$$S_{I_4'} = 2 \text{ mA}$$

$$\nu = 872,63 \text{ kHz}$$

$$\text{Dirk } 872,44 \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_1 = (176 \pm 3) \text{ nA}$$

$$I_1' = (139 \pm 3) \text{ nA}$$

$$I_4 = (86 \pm 10) \text{ nA}$$

$$2. I_L = (65,3 \pm 0,1) \text{ nA}$$

$$\nu = 487,04 \text{ kHz}$$

$$487,58 \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_1 = (114 \pm 3) \text{ nA}$$

$$I_1' = (140 \pm 3) \text{ nA}$$

$$I_4 = (95 \pm 10) \text{ nA}$$

03. tab

$$\nu = 873,31 \text{ kHz}$$

$$873,33 \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_1 = (257 \pm 5) \text{ nA}$$

$$I_1' = (217 \pm 5) \text{ nA}$$

$$I_4 = (103 \pm 10) \text{ nA}$$

Bilder:

kalibration: 04

05: $I_1 = 107 \text{ nA}$

Dick: Strom- Intensität

$$T = 34^\circ\text{C}$$

I/nA	$U_{\text{photo}}/\text{V}$	I/nA	U/V
0	-0,069	52	0,762
5	-0,065	54	1,664
10	-0,058	56	1,621
15	-0,049	58	1,620
20	-0,038		
25	-0,023		
30	-0,005		
35	0,023		
40	0,062		
45	0,128		
50	0,306		

Neutrale Filter - Eichung

$T = 34^{\circ}\text{C}$
bei $I = 52 \text{ mA}$

~~Stärke~~

Stärke x

ohne Filter

0,3

0,6

1,0

1,3

2,0

2,3

2,6

3,3

4,0

5,0

Loss aus

Intensität / W/m²

~~749~~ 749

257

218

55

3

- 28

- 44

- 52

- 63

- 68

- 69

- 70

Teil 5 - Detektor

Stärke x

Anten

ohne

00

0,3

03

0,6

06

1,0

10

1,3

13

2,0

20

2,3

23

2,6

26

3,3

33

4,0

$I_L = 65,2 \text{ mA}$

~~Reiter~~ (185 RB)

$I_4 = 0,3 \text{ mA}$

Part 6

• Grenzfälle D7

Halbzeit (ms)	Bild
1,880	01
2,998	02
4,015	03
5,050	04
5,970 6,010	05
7,060	06
8,060	07
8,990	08
10,020	09
11,240	10
16,825	11
22,650	12
51,950	13

• Föhn

Halbzeit (ms)

1,893 ms	14
2,950	15
3,200	16
4,110 40	17
5,115	18
5,875	19
7,030	20
8,300	21
8,880	22

$$I_1 = 0,017 \text{ A}$$

$$I_4 = 0,089 \text{ A}$$

$$I_L = 65,1 \text{ mA}$$

$$T = 33,0^\circ\text{C}$$

105 Föhn
155 warten

Halbzeit (ms)

Halbzeit (ms)	Bild
10,580	23
27,325	24

ohne Pumpen 25

Delmest. 70.04

64,4 u A

65,7 u A

65,3 u A

65,5 u A

65,7 u A

13.04

Doppelresonanz: $I_L = \{64,7, 63,6\} \text{ u A}$

$I_u = 90$ (schwarzes Kabel: -)

$I_1 = \{147, 118\} \text{ u A} \Rightarrow I_{\text{hor}} \approx 15 \text{ u A}$

Kompensation: BL av -

$F_{\text{Rader}} = \text{~~458,5~~}, (458,5 \pm 0,1) \text{ Hz}$

Teil 3 - 16.04

$$T = 33,9^{\circ}\text{C}$$

06 - Rohrt H F ein

07 - " " aus

08 -

09

10

11

12

I_1

119 μA

Spule 4 aus

" " aus

Spule 1 falsch

$$\bullet I_L = (62,9 \pm 0,1) \mu\text{A}$$

$$- f = (493,98 \pm 0,1) \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_1 = (117 \pm 2) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_1' = (148 \pm 2) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_u = (86 \pm 3) \mu\text{A}$$

$$- f = (490,41 \pm 0,1) \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_1 = (228 \pm 4) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_1' = (260 \pm 4) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_u = (86 \pm 3) \mu\text{A}$$

$$\bullet I_L = (63,2 \pm 0,1) \mu\text{A}$$

$$- f = (493,77 \pm 0,1) \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_1 = (104 \pm 2) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_1' = (74 \pm 2) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_u = (86 \pm 3) \mu\text{A}$$

$$- f = (490,67) \text{ kHz}$$

$$I_1 = (248 \pm 4) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_1' = (170 \pm 2) \mu\text{A}$$

$$I_u = (86 \pm 3) \mu\text{A}$$

Dode Berlin

$T = 33,9^{\circ}C$

I / mA

U / mV

0	-109	
10	-106	
20	-106	
30	-105	
40 35	-103	
40 40	-101	
45	-98	
50	-90	
52,5		-45
55	+86	
57,5		227
60	363	
62,5	499	
65,0	653	
67,5	802	
70,0	997	
71,0	1077	
72,0	1086	
73,0	1145	
74,0	1209	
75,0	1243	
-61	429	
62	485	
63	545	
64	598	
66	733	
67	789	
68	855	

I in A

69

76

77

78

79

80

81

82

83

84

85

86

87

U in V

925

1210

1170

886

832

866

981

1046

1116

1081

1146

1199

1242

Part 2

$f_{mod} = \text{~~149,7 Hz~~ } 149,7 \pm 0,1 \text{ Hz}$

$I_L = 164,7 \pm 0,1 \text{ mA}$

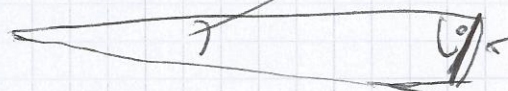
Winkel:

Länge

722 cm

$\theta = 12,2^\circ$

$\sin \theta = \frac{h}{\lambda} \Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{h}{m v} = 1,0 \text{ nm}$



09 - Winkelmessung

$63,7 \text{ mA}$

$I_L = 90 \text{ mA}$

05 - I_L - AS-Gauges Wert

(55 ab)

$I_L = 63,6 \text{ mA}$