

BIGDATA

– Problem1

Team 2

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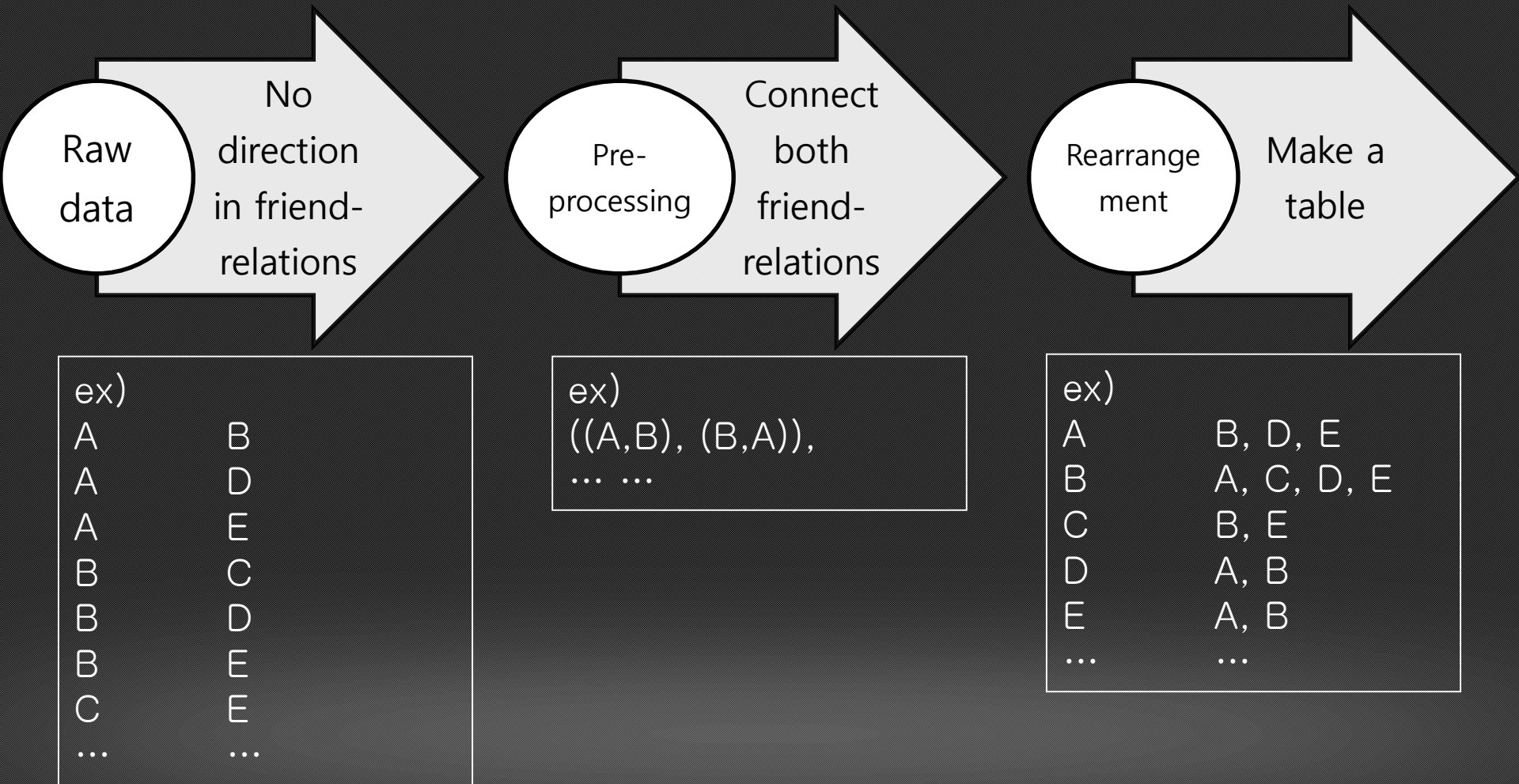
01 Method: Inverted Lists



Method

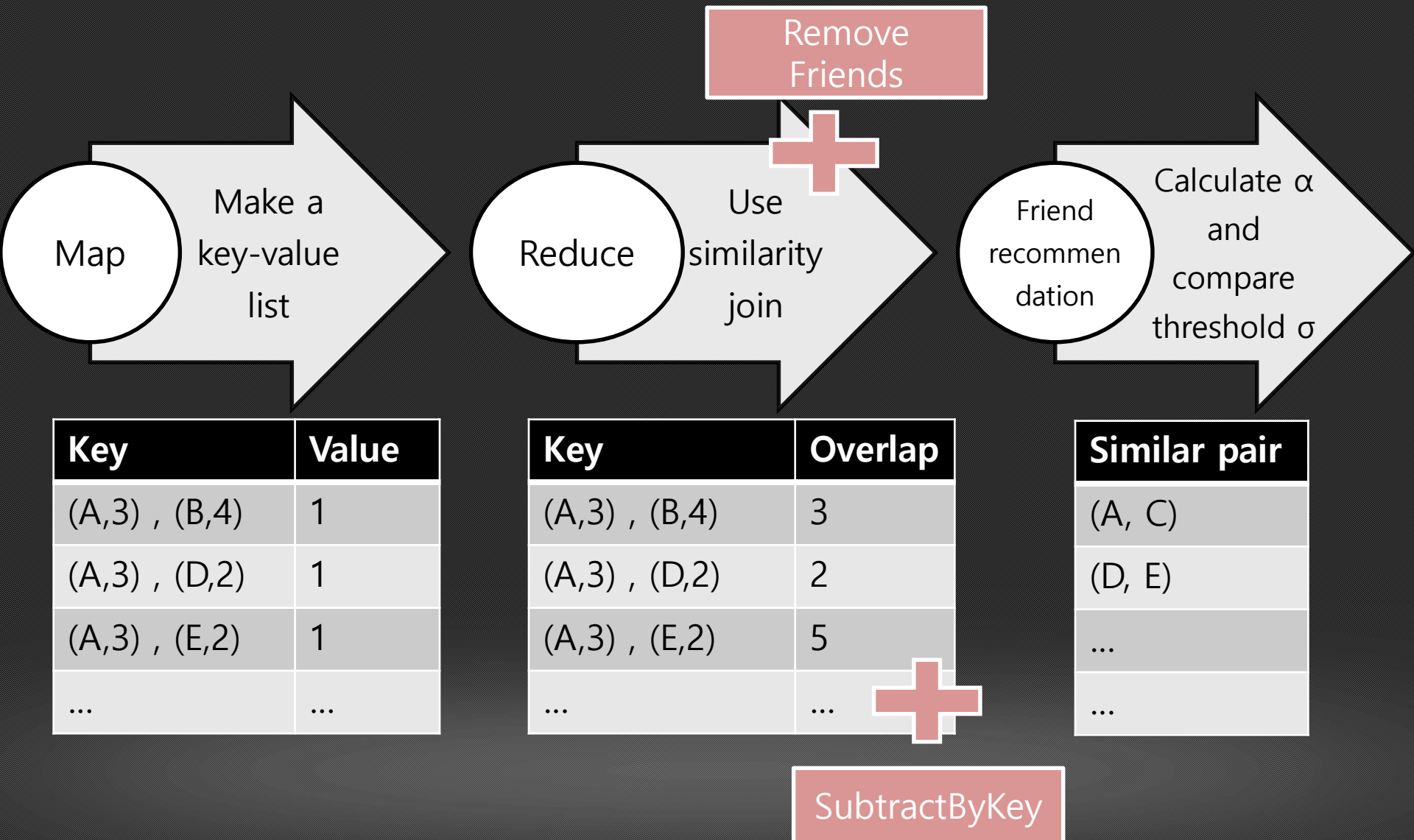
Method – Inverted Lists

➤ Pre-processing



Method – Inverted Lists

➤ MapReduce

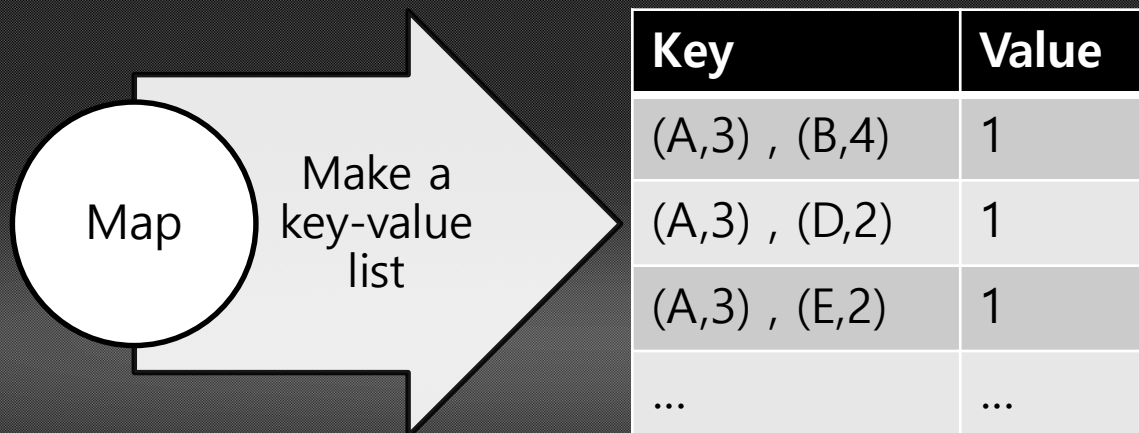


Method – Inverted Lists

➤ MapReduce

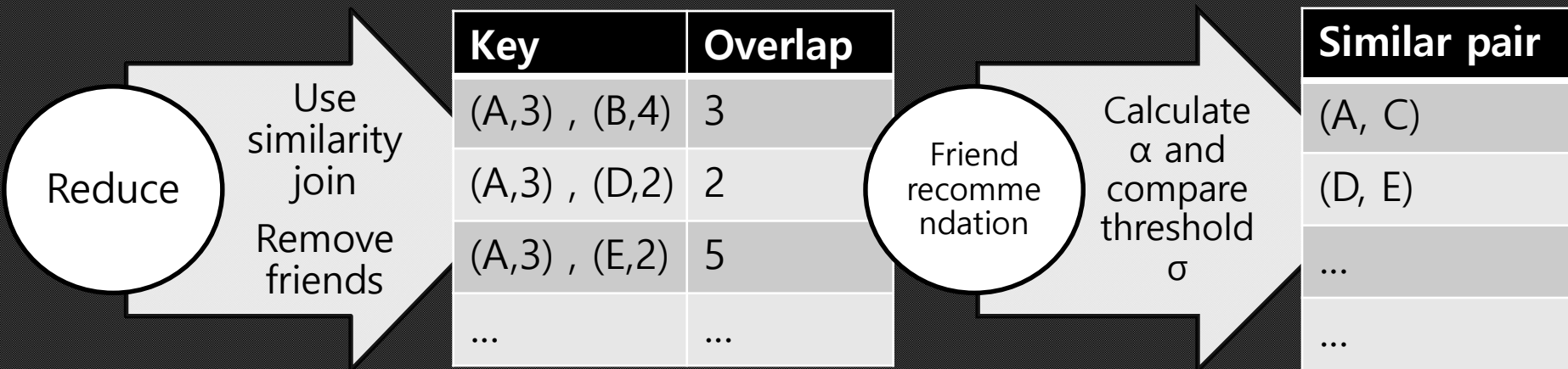
// Map

```
JavaPairRDD<Tuple2<Tuple2<Integer, Integer>, Tuple2<Integer, Integer>>, Integer> allCandidate = invertedTable.flatMapToPair(p -> {  
    ArrayList<Tuple2<Tuple2<Integer, Integer>, Tuple2<Integer, Integer>>, Integer>> result = new ArrayList<>();  
    int size = p._2().size();  
    for (int i = 0; i < size - 1; ++i) {  
        for (int j = i + 1; j < size; ++j) {  
            Tuple2<Integer, Integer> key1 = new Tuple2<>(p._2().get(i)._1(), p._2().get(i)._2());  
            Tuple2<Integer, Integer> key2 = new Tuple2<>(p._2().get(j)._1(), p._2().get(i)._2());  
            result.add(new Tuple2<>(new Tuple2<>(key1, key2), 1));  
        }  
    }  
    return result.iterator();  
});
```



Method – Inverted Lists

➤ MapReduce



```
// Reduce
JavaPairRDD<Tuple2<Tuple2<Integer, Integer>, Tuple2<Integer, Integer>>, Integer> overlapCount = allCandidate.reduceByKey((a, b) -> a + b);
JavaRDD<Tuple2<Integer, Integer>> overlap = overlapCount.filter(g -> {
    int countA = g._1()._1()._2(), countB = g._1()._2()._2();
    double theta = THRESHOLD / (1 + THRESHOLD) * (countA + countB);
    return g._2() >= theta;
}).mapToPair(g -> g._1()._1()._1() > g._1()._2()._1() ?
    new Tuple2<>(g._1()._2()._1(), g._1()._1()._1()) : new Tuple2<>(g._1()._1()._1(), g._1()._2()._1())
    ).subtractByKey(pairs).map(p -> new Tuple2<>(p._1(), p._2()));
JavaRDD<Tuple2<Integer, Integer>> sortedOverlap = overlap.sortBy(new TupleComparator(), true, 2);

for (Tuple2<Integer, Integer> candidate : sortedOverlap.collect()) {
    System.out.println(candidate._1() + "Wt" + candidate._2());
}
```

**THANK
YOU**