

# Fareit Malware Uses Different File Hash for Each Attack to Avoid AV Detection



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By Catalin Cimpanu 3 Oct 2015, 02:39 GMT

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### with every new infection, as Cisco's Talos team reports.

Fareit, a trojan specialized in breaching user computers, talking to a C&C (command-and-control) server, and then downloading nasty malware on their systems, has been around since 2012. While in the beginning it was a benign malware downloader, over time it has evolved into a talented information stealer, that's mainly specialized in extracting passwords from Web browsers.

We saw it stealing data from [Fargo clients in 2013](#), and even earlier this year, when criminals were [changing DNS entries](#) to point unsuspecting users to servers where Fareit was hosted.

### Fareit hides behind chameleon-like tactics

This time around, Cisco's Talos security team has [stumbled upon](#) a new version of this malware family that behaves like a chameleon, changing its file hash with each infection, even if the file name remains the same.

The first samples were seen in July of this year, and the malware's creators opted for this tactic to avoid hash- and signature-based detection methods.

"One possible reason for this might be, that the mechanism which they use to download additional malware files or modules (e.g. cclub02.exe), need fixed names or paths (like [http://IP/cclub02.exe](#)) and is not flexible enough to handle on-the-fly generated file names on a per victim/campaign base," explains the Talos Group's Earl Carter & Holger Unterbrink. "This could also indicate a pay-per-infection botnet, but of course, this is speculation until we reverse engineer the local binaries and analyze the server command and control software."

### Around 2,500 Fareit samples detected, leading back to 2 IP addresses

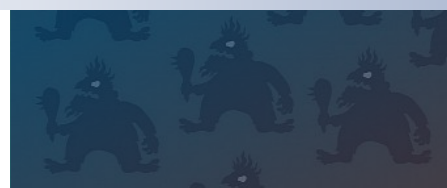
Cisco's security products recorded 2,455 Fareit samples, but only 23 of them shared the same hash. Digging deeper into the data, they've also noticed that all these samples communicated with only 2 C&C servers, hosted at 89.144.2.115 and 89.144.2.119.

For most of the detected Fareit samples, the malware's creators used the same file hash for most of the binary files infected with the malware getting downloaded from the same C&C server.

There was, though, one malware sample that stood out. It was the only one that had been detected at the start of March 2015.

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Fareit now uses different file hashes per infec...



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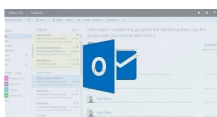
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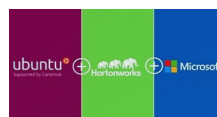
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This is why tradition signature based malware detection should now be considered obsolete. Behavioral based and heuristic based protection and healthy browsing habits are all that's left. Strong hips and firewall based protection on clients devices and of course super good back up habits. One thing that really annoys be with current anti-malware is they do not tell you when they think the infection occurred. One way to simply make sure all traces of malware are destroyed would be to rollback from backups to the previous day.

Oh well, wishful thinking. It will appear we are in the hands of old style thinking and unless anti-malware companies get current and upgrade their trade. With over 85 thousand new malware occurring every week, it's a doomsday scenario. Good Luck!



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