

# DMMR Tutorial sheet 1

Propositional Logic, Predicate Logic, Proof techniques

September 25, 2015

Some of the exercises for this tutorial are taken from Chapter 1 of the book: Kenneth Rosen, Discrete Mathematics and its Applications, 7th Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2012.

1. Construct the truth table for the formula  $(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow [((B \rightarrow C) \wedge \neg C) \rightarrow \neg A]$ .
2. Let  $P(m, n)$  be the statement " $m$  divides  $n$ ", where the domain for both variables consists of all positive integers. (By " $m$  divides  $n$ " we mean that  $n = km$  for some integer  $k$ .) Determine the truth values of each of these statements.
  - (a)  $P(4, 5)$
  - (b)  $P(2, 4)$
  - (c)  $\forall m \forall n P(m, n)$
  - (d)  $\exists n \forall m P(m, n)$
  - (e)  $\exists m \forall n P(m, n)$
  - (f)  $\forall n P(1, n)$
3. Prove by contraposition, that if  $m$  and  $n$  are integers and  $mn$  is even, then  $m$  is even or  $n$  is even.
4. Prove that the sum of an irrational number and a rational number is irrational.
5. Write the numbers  $1, 2, \dots, 2n$  on a blackboard, where  $n$  is an odd integer. Pick any two of the numbers,  $j$  and  $k$  write  $|j - k|$  on the board and erase  $j$  and  $k$ . Continue this process until only one integer is written on the board. Prove that this integer must be odd.

**Hint** consider what happens to the parity of the combined sum of the numbers that are on the blackboard at each stage.

**Solutions (to the last question on the sheet) must be handed in on paper at the ITO by Wednesday, 30 September, 4:00pm.**