SMART INDIA HACKATHON 2025



TITLE PAGE

- Problem Statement ID SIH 25041
- Problem Statement Title- Al-Driven Unified Data Platform for Oceanographic, Fisheries, and Molecular Biodiversity Insights
- Theme- Ocean Pulse Al
- PS Category- Software
- Team ID- SIH25-26
- Team Name (Registered on portal) Aquamind





IDEA TITLE



Challenges

- <u>Data Fragmentation</u>: Oceanographic, fisheries and molecular biology data stored in siloed systems.
- <u>Accessibility Issues</u>: Lack of real-time visualization and advanced analytics for marine scientists and policymakers.

Proposed Solution

- •Unified Secure Platform Centralized cloud system integrating ocean, fisheries & molecular data.
- •Al/LLM Integration Advanced models for real-time predictions & seamless data processing.
- •Interactive Dashboard Search, maps & visuals for actionable insights to researchers & policymakers.



01



Value Proposition

- Empowers marine scientists with unified, actionable data.
- Supports policymakers in making informed, evidencebased decisions.

Uniqueness

- Developed a proprietary, optimized database tailored for oceanographic biodiversity.
- Leverages AI/ML algorithms to provide fast, accurate, and actionable insights.



Key Feature

- Unified searchable database for multidisciplinary marine data.
- Interactive dashboard with intuitive visuals and real-time insights.



TECHNICAL APPROACH



Programming Language:

- **Python:** For developing and training ML models.
- JavaScript: Used for building dynamic web applications and integrating frontend with backend services.

Frameworks and Libraries:

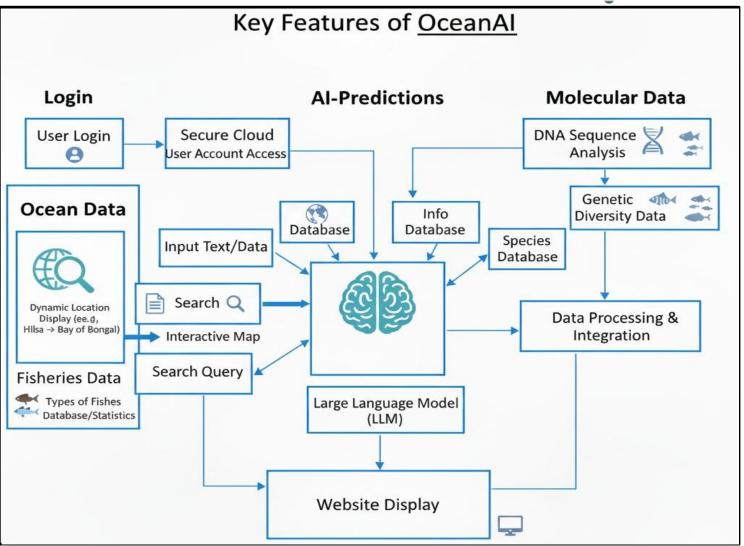
- React: For building frontend services.
- Node.js: For backend services.
- Leaflet.js: For creating interactive maps.
- **Plotly.js**: For creating charts and graphs.
- Matplotlib: A key tool for data visualization and exploration.
- **Scikit-Learn:** Used for training, testing, and evaluating the machine learning model.
- **Supabase**: For authentication and database storage.



Demo Video

<u>View Prototype</u>

Our product is 70% complete, now we are focused on gather updated data





FEASIBILITY AND VIABILITY



- Analysis of the feasibility of the idea
- Al frameworks (e.g., TensorFlow, Supabase) enable robust large-scale data integration.
- Scalable across CMLRE and other Indian marine institutions,
 with potential for national expansion.
- Intuitive interface designed for marine scientists and policymakers.
 - Promotes sustainable marine management and benefits ecosystems.

Challenge 1

Cybersecurity & Data Privacy

Sensitive government and research datasets raise security, ownership, and sharing concerns

Challenge 2

Technology Limitations

Limitations in real-time processing of unstructured data and Al accuracy across diverse sources.

Challenge 3

Cost-Efficient Cloud Solution

High storage and **computing costs** for large oceanographic datasets.



Solution

Implemented end-to-end encryption and rolebased access controls, ensuring 99% data security compliance with marine research standards



Solution

Integrated datasets from 4-5 authoritative sources (e.g., OBIS) and applied AI/ML algorithms to ensure 80%+ accuracy in real-time processing.



Solution

Deployed scalable cloud services with provider credits and compression techniques, **reducing costs by 30%** while ensuring data accessibility.



IMPACT AND BENEFITS



1 Enhanced Efficiency

- Reduces data search and processing time, allowing researchers to focus on analysis.
- India's marine fisheries sector supports 14 million livelihoods; our platform can increase efficiency by 30%

)3 Stronger Conservation

- Facilitates proactive strategies for protecting marine biodiversity and ecosystem.
- Over 7,000 marine species in Indian waters need monitoring—AquaMind enables unified biodiversity tracking.

2 Informed Decision-Making

 Provides accessible, realtime insights for timely and effective policy interventions.

Q4 Global Collaboration

 Fosters a collaborative environment, accelerating scientific discovery and shared solutions.



RESEARCH AND REFERENCES



Challenges faced:

- Fragmentation and Incompatibility: Data collected from various sources oceanographic sensors, fishing vessels, and molecular labs – uses diverse formats and lacks universal standards, making integration difficult. (https://share.google/Dxry7iPmVtXWhnAQW)
- Enormous dataset sizes present management challenges for storage and interpretation.
- Accessing and Collecting Marine Data: Reaching vast and remote ocean areas for sample collection requires expensive research expeditions, while microbes in marine environments are often highly dilute. (Link)

Existing Technology:

- https://www.ncei.noaa.gov/products/world-ocean-database
- https://www.fao.org/fishery/statistics-query/en/home
 This site includes detailed statistics on fish production.