



## **Module 2: FSx Assignment**

## Problem Statement:

You work for XYZ Corporation and the current requirement in the organization is for faster file sharing, which can also help in data replication from on-premises infrastructure.

## Tasks To Be Performed:

1. Create an FSx file system for a Windows file server:
  - a. Make sure you have AWS Managed Active Directory with a valid domain name
  - b. Connect it to your Windows EC2 server
2. Create an FSx file system for Lustre and attach it to an Amazon Linux 2 instance.

## Solution

Amazon FSx is easy and cost-effective to launch, run, and scale features with a high-performance file system in the cloud. It makes use of SSD storage to provide fast performance with low latency. FSx for Windows file server provides a fully managed Microsoft Windows file system so that we can move our Windows-based application that required shared file storage to AWS. For this, we have created an Active Directory, we also need to have a particular instance of Windows AMI and then Amazon FSx which will be attached to our instance later.

## Steps for creation of Active Directory

Go to management console → Search for directory service → Select AWS-managed Microsoft Active Directory → Set up directory → Next → Choose the edition (Standard/Enterprise) as per requirement → Directory DNS Name (bikiron.com) → Provide Admin Password → Networking (select the VPC as per requirement, subnet (if we choose no preference then it will automatically select the AZ where our EC2 instance is available or select the AZ where our EC2 instance is available on the same AZ)) → Create Directory (it will take 20-30 minutes to Active/Available).

## Steps for creation of Amazon FSx for Windows

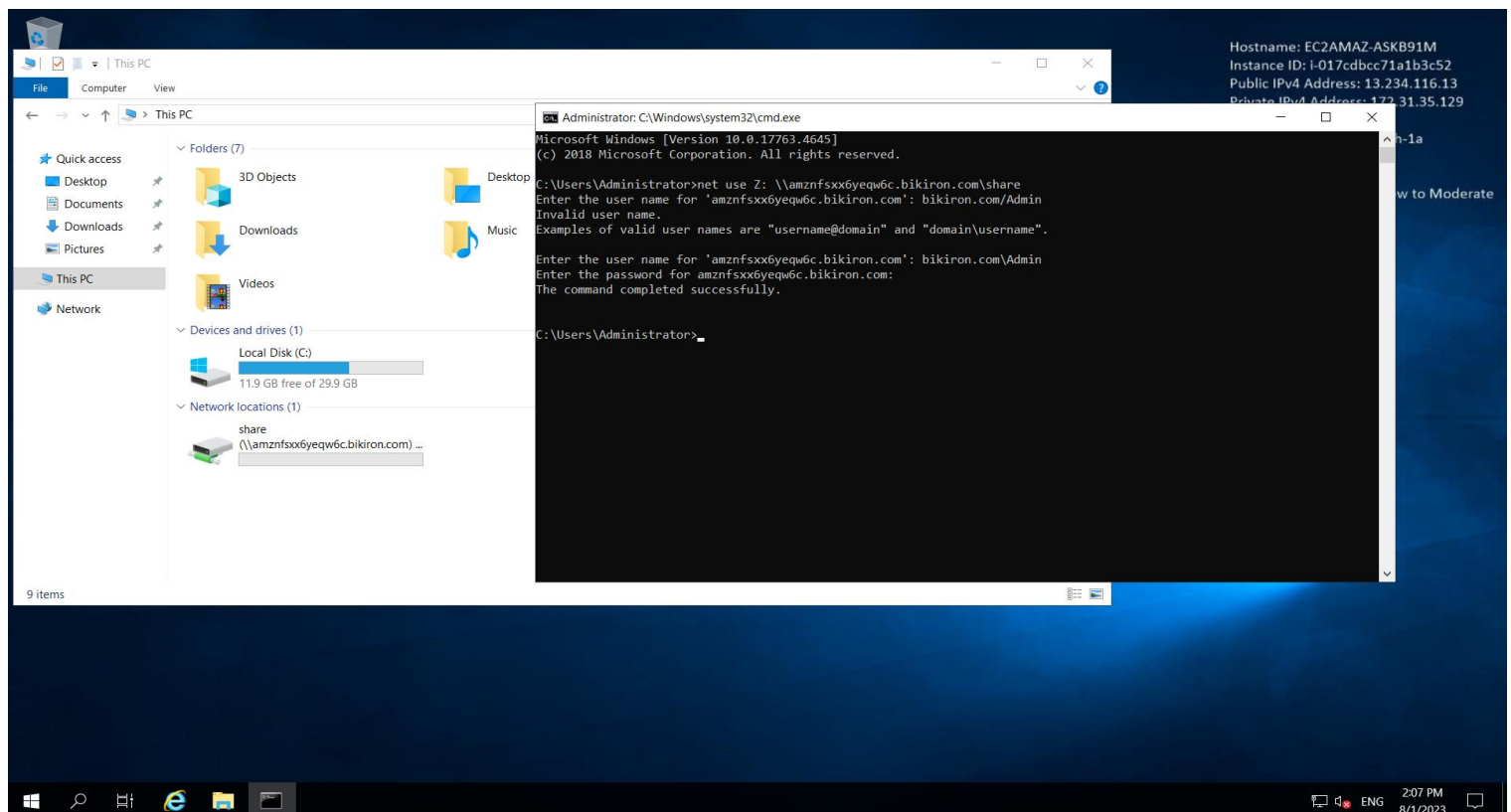
Go to Management Console → Search FSx → Select Create File system → Select Amazon FSx for Windows file server → Next → Provide file system name → Select the deployment type as per your requirement (multi-AZ) → Choose the storage type (SSD) → SSD storage (32 GiB minimum) → Networking (Select the VPC as per requirement, choose VPC security group and select the subnet where our EC2 is available or put the default subnet) → Windows authentication (select the AWS managed Microsoft Active Directory then choose the Directory accordingly) → Next → Review the things then click on Create file system.

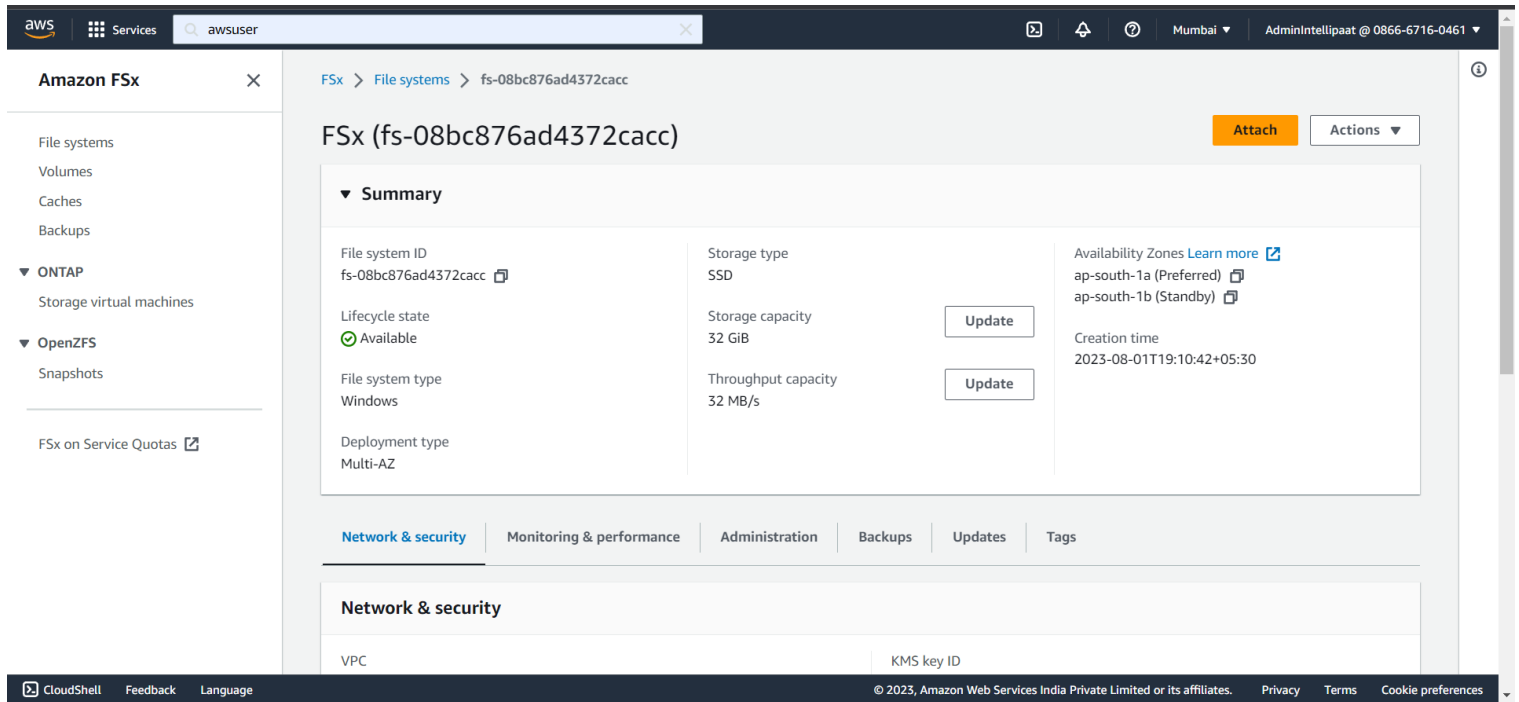
Now launch the Windows-based EC2 instance and then connect. Now go to the network settings and put two DNS IP addresses on the machine. We will get those two IP addresses into the AWS Managed Microsoft AD.

Now we need to change the domain name to our instance, for that go to the control panel → system & security → System → Advanced system settings → change → Domain (put the Domain name which you used during Active Directory creation). After this, they will ask for credentials.

Now we need to run a command into the command prompt. Go to Amazon FSx → Attach → Copy the command using the default DNS name and then paste it on the prompt, now they will ask for credentials, Username- `bikiron.com/Admin`, Password- created during the creation of the directory service.

## Results

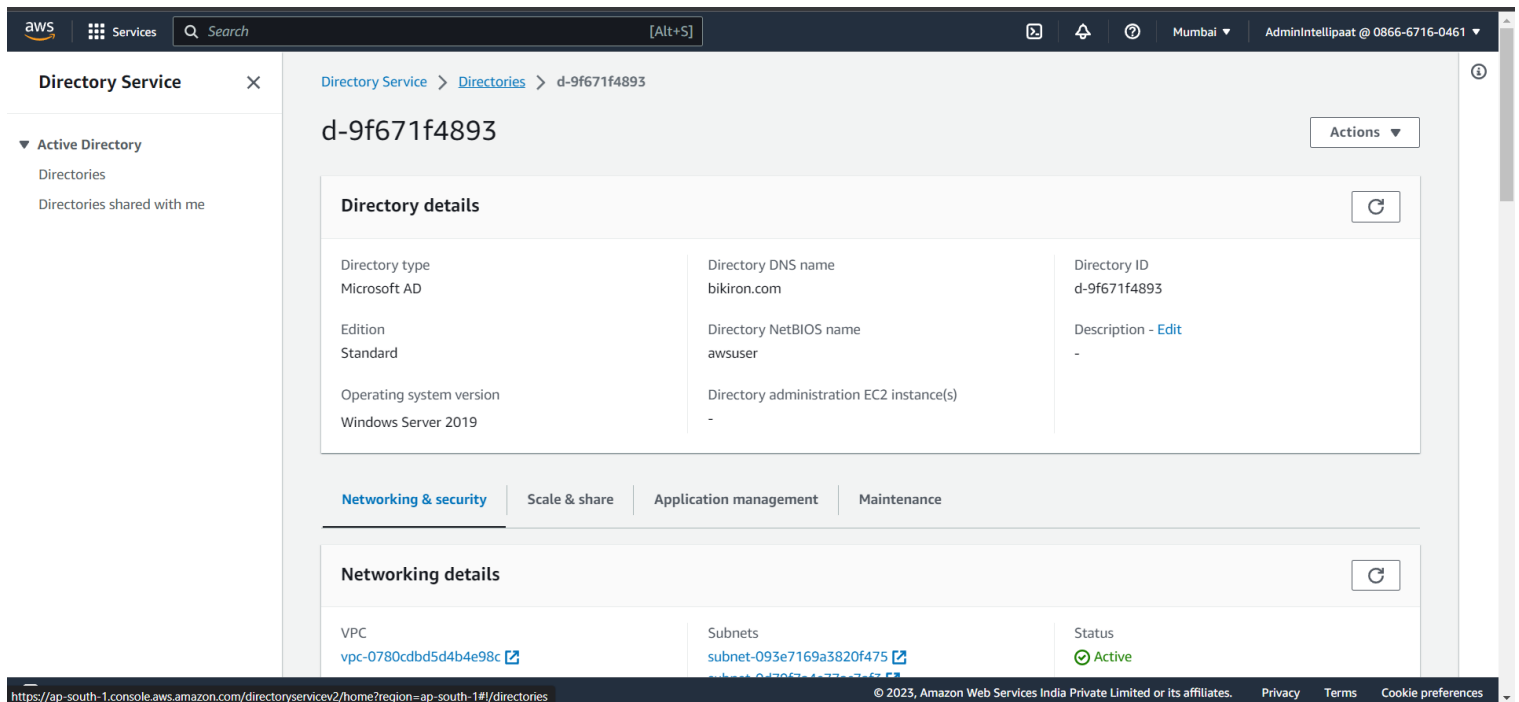




The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for an Amazon FSx file system. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Amazon FSx, File systems, Volumes, Caches, Backups, ONTAP, OpenZFS, and FSx on Service Quotas. The main content area displays the details for the file system **fs-08bc876ad4372cacc**. The **Summary** section includes the following information:

Property	Value	Action
File system ID	fs-08bc876ad4372cacc	
Storage type	SSD	
Availability Zones	ap-south-1a (Preferred) ap-south-1b (Standby)	<a href="#">Learn more</a>
Lifecycle state	Available	
Storage capacity	32 GiB	<a href="#">Update</a>
File system type	Windows	<a href="#">Update</a>
Throughput capacity	32 MB/s	
Creation time	2023-08-01T19:10:42+05:30	
Deployment type	Multi-AZ	

Below the summary, there are tabs for **Network & security**, **Monitoring & performance**, **Administration**, **Backups**, **Updates**, and **Tags**. The **Network & security** tab is currently selected, showing the VPC and KMS key ID.



The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for an Amazon Directory Service instance. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Directory Service, Active Directory, Directories, and Directories shared with me. The main content area displays the details for the directory **d-9f671f4893**. The **Directory details** section includes the following information:

Property	Value	Action
Directory type	Microsoft AD	
Directory DNS name	bikiron.com	
Directory ID	d-9f671f4893	
Edition	Standard	
Directory NetBIOS name	awsuser	
Description	-	<a href="#">Edit</a>
Operating system version	Windows Server 2019	
Directory administration EC2 instance(s)	-	

Below the details, there are tabs for **Networking & security**, **Scale & share**, **Application management**, and **Maintenance**. The **Networking & security** tab is currently selected, showing the VPC and subnets.

Property	Value	Action
VPC	vpc-0780cdbd5d4b4e98c	<a href="#">View</a>
Subnets	subnet-093e7169a3820f475 subnet-0172634157c376f51	<a href="#">View</a>
Status	Active	

## Steps for creation of Amazon FSx for Lustre

Go to Management console → search FSx → Select FSx for Lustre → Next → Put file system name → Deployment & storage type (scratch, SSD) → storage capacity (minimum 1.2 TiB) → Network & security (Select the VPC, in the security group inbound rules must be custom with port 988, 1021-1023) → select the subnet where your machine is available. We must put the above inbound rules to the instance security group with SSH enabled. → Next → Create file system.

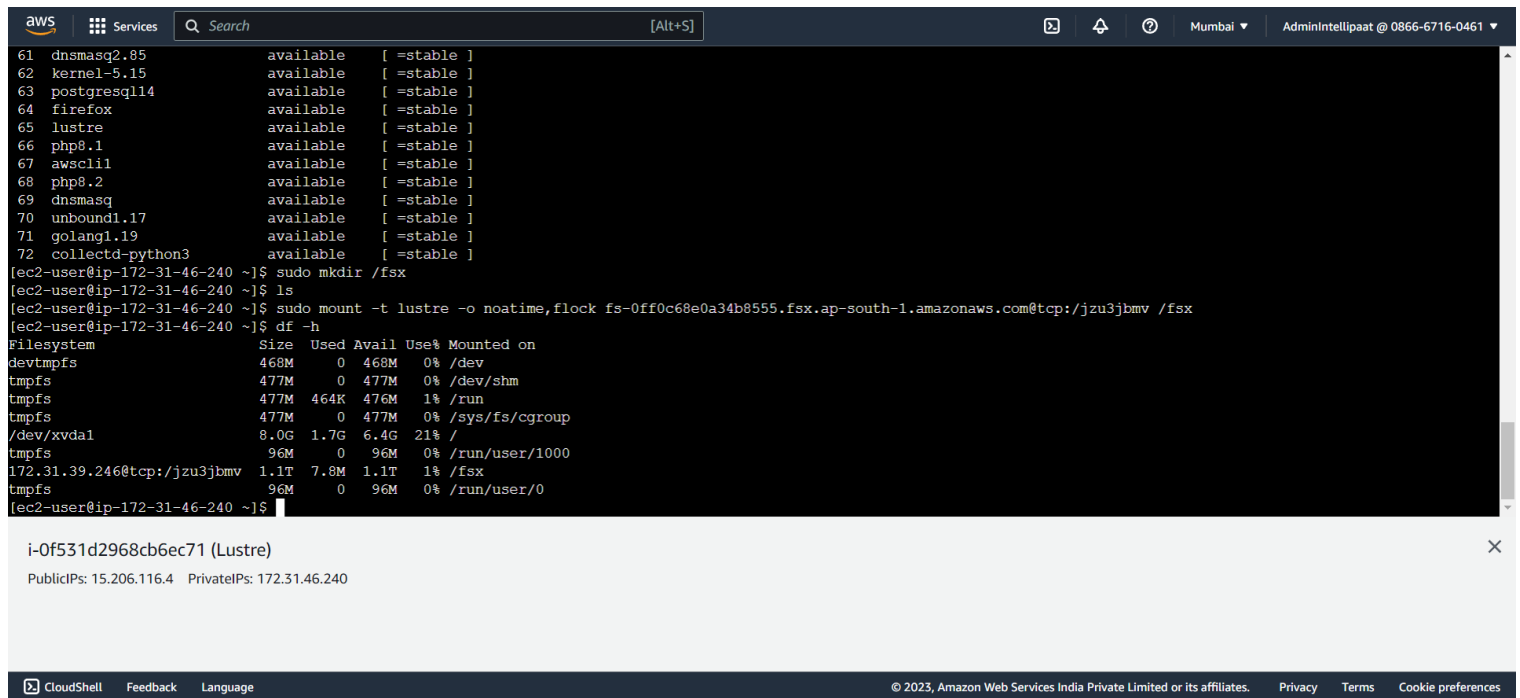
→ Now connect the machine then update the machine `$ sudo yum update -y`

→ Now we will install the dependency `$ sudo amazon-linux-extras install -y lustre2.10`

→ Go to the file system → Attach, here we have to create a directory on to the instance e.g /fsx

→ Now copy the command from the file system and paste it then enter, for result type the command `$ df -h`

## Results



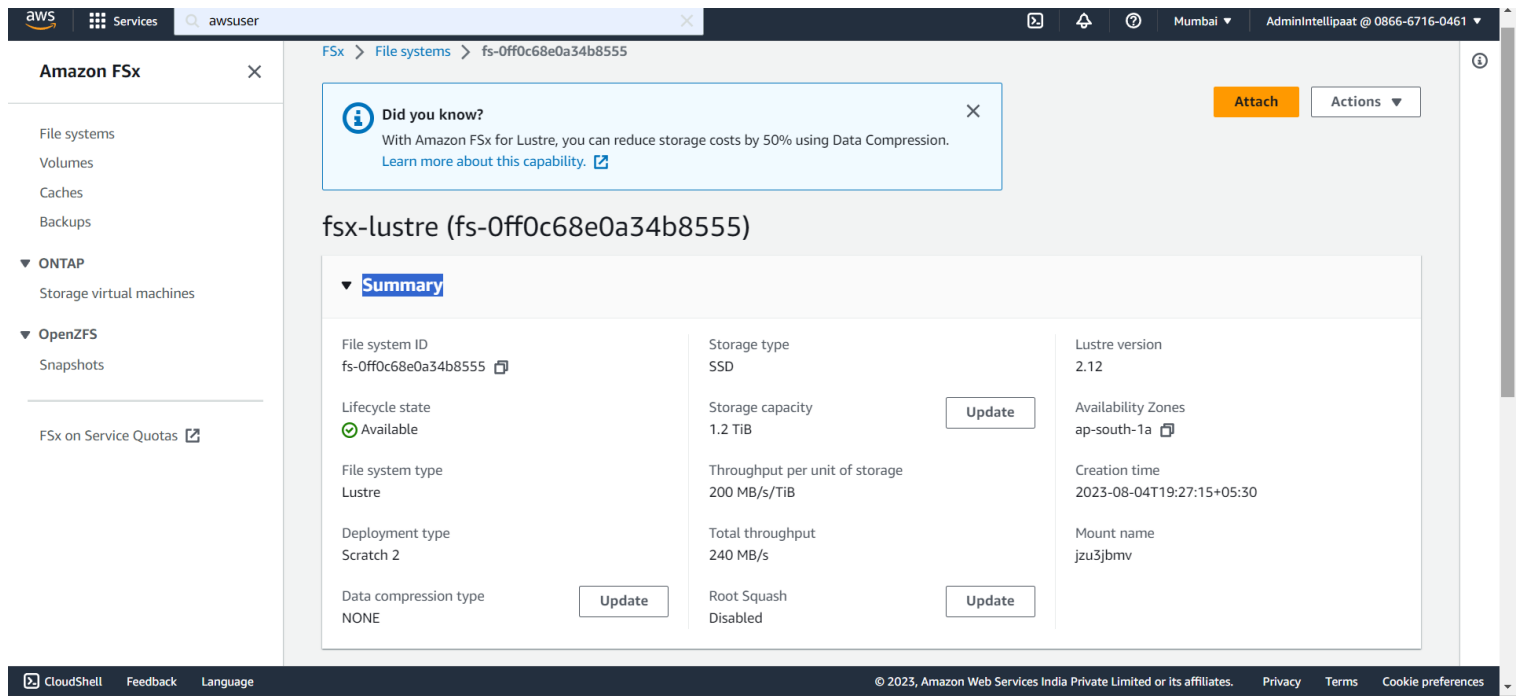
```

aws  Services  Search [Alt+S]  Mumbai  AdminIntelliPaat @ 0866-6716-0461
61  dnsmasq2.85      available  [ =stable ]
62  kernel-5.15      available  [ =stable ]
63  postgresql14     available  [ =stable ]
64  firefox          available  [ =stable ]
65  lustre           available  [ =stable ]
66  php8.1           available  [ =stable ]
67  awscli1         available  [ =stable ]
68  php8.2           available  [ =stable ]
69  dnsmasq         available  [ =stable ]
70  unbound1.17      available  [ =stable ]
71  golang1.19       available  [ =stable ]
72  collectd-python3 available  [ =stable ]
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-46-240 ~]$ sudo mkdir /fsx
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-46-240 ~]$ ls
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-46-240 ~]$ sudo mount -t lustre -o noatime,flock fs-0ff0c68e0a34b8555.fsx.ap-south-1.amazonaws.com@tcp://jzu3jbmw /fsx
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-46-240 ~]$ df -h
Filesystem              Size  Used Avail Use% Mounted on
devtmpfs                468M   0  468M   0% /dev
tmpfs                   477M   0  477M   0% /dev/shm
tmpfs                   477M 464K  476M   1% /run
tmpfs                   477M   0  477M   0% /sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/xvda1              8.0G  1.7G   6.4G  21% /
tmpfs                   96M   0   96M   0% /run/user/1000
172.31.39.246@tcp://jzu3jbmw 1.1T  7.8M  1.1T   1% /fsx
tmpfs                   96M   0   96M   0% /run/user/0
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-46-240 ~]$

i-0f531d2968cb6ec71 (Lustre)
PublicIPs: 15.206.116.4  PrivateIPs: 172.31.46.240
  
```

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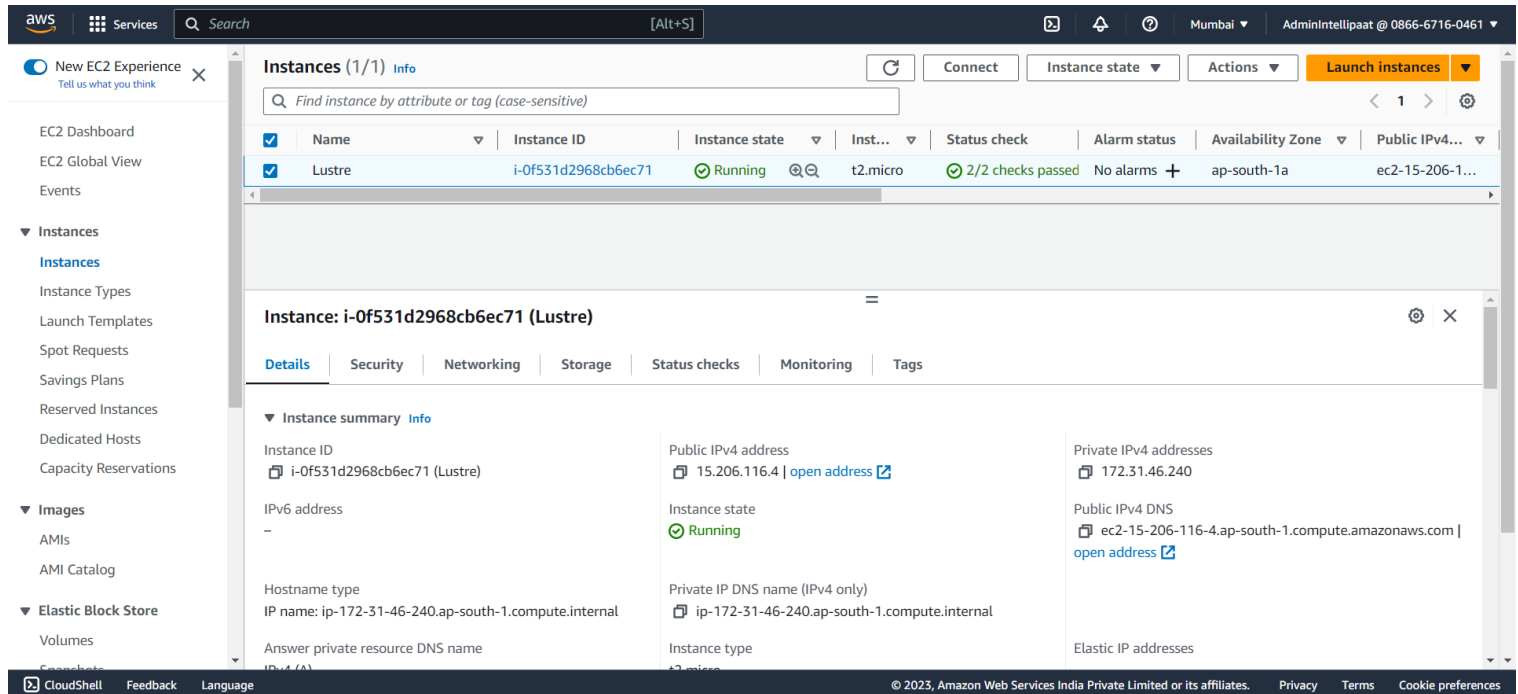
## RESULTS



The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for an Amazon FSx for Lustre file system. The breadcrumb navigation indicates the path: **FSx** > **File systems** > **fs-0ff0c68e0a34b8555**. A notification banner at the top states: "Did you know? With Amazon FSx for Lustre, you can reduce storage costs by 50% using Data Compression. [Learn more about this capability.](#)"

The file system is named **fsx-lustre (fs-0ff0c68e0a34b8555)**. The **Summary** tab is selected, displaying the following details:

Property	Value	Action
File system ID	fs-0ff0c68e0a34b8555	
Storage type	SSD	
Lustre version	2.12	
Lifecycle state	Available	
Storage capacity	1.2 TiB	<a href="#">Update</a>
Availability Zones	ap-south-1a	
File system type	Lustre	
Throughput per unit of storage	200 MB/s/TiB	
Creation time	2023-08-04T19:27:15+05:30	
Deployment type	Scratch 2	
Total throughput	240 MB/s	
Mount name	jzu3jbm	
Data compression type	NONE	<a href="#">Update</a>
Root Squash	Disabled	<a href="#">Update</a>



The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for an Amazon EC2 instance. The breadcrumb navigation indicates the path: **Instances** (1/1) **Info**. A search bar is present with the text "Find instance by attribute or tag (case-sensitive)".

The instance list shows one instance named **Lustre** with ID **i-0f531d2968cb6ec71**, in a **Running** state, using the **t2.micro** instance type, and having a status of **2/2 checks passed**. The instance is located in the **ap-south-1a** Availability Zone and has a public IP address of **ec2-206-1...**.

The **Instance: i-0f531d2968cb6ec71 (Lustre)** details page is shown, with the **Details** tab selected. The **Instance summary** section displays the following information:

Property	Value
Instance ID	i-0f531d2968cb6ec71 (Lustre)
Public IPv4 address	15.206.116.4   <a href="#">open address</a>
Private IPv4 addresses	172.31.46.240
Instance state	Running
Public IPv4 DNS	ec2-15-206-116-4.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com   <a href="#">open address</a>
IPv6 address	-
Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only)	ip-172-31-46-240.ap-south-1.compute.internal
Hostname type	IP name: ip-172-31-46-240.ap-south-1.compute.internal
Answer private resource DNS name	ip-172-31-46-240.ap-south-1.compute.internal
Instance type	t2.micro
Elastic IP addresses	-