

Homework-1

1. Describe the Weingarten map of a plane curve (assume regularity).

2(i) Let $f(x, y)$ be a smooth function: $\mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ and assume that at every point of the "level curve"

$\mathcal{C} = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid f(x, y) = 0\}$, at least one of $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}$ & $\frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ ~~are~~ ^{is} non zero. Let $p = (x_0, y_0) \in \mathcal{C}$.

Then \exists a regular parametrized curve $\gamma(t)$, defined on an open interval around 0, such that γ passes through p at $t=0$ and $\gamma(t) \in \mathcal{C} \forall t$.

(ii) Let γ be a regular parametrized plane curve & $\gamma(t_0) = (x_0, y_0)$. Then \exists a smooth map $f(x, y)$, defined for x, y in some open intervals containing x_0 & y_0 respectively, and the condition on $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}$ as above is satisfied,

Such that $\gamma(t) \in \mathcal{C} = \{(x, y) \mid f(x, y) = 0\}$

$\forall t$ in some open interval containing t_0 .

3. Let P, Q be points in \mathbb{R}^n . Prove that the line segment joining P and Q has the shortest length among all parametrized curves joining P to Q .

