

EE213 Computer Organization and Assembly Language Quiz III – FALL 2018 December 7th, 2018

Section: B
Paper-A

Student Name: ______ Roll#_____

MOD=11			Effective Address Calculation				
R/M	W = 0	W = 1	R/M	MOD = 00 MOD = 01		MOD = 10	
000	AL	AX	000	(BX) + (SI)	(BX) + (SI) + D8	(BX) + (SI) + D16	
001	Cr	cx	001	(8X) + (DI)	(BX) + (Di) + D8	(BX) + (Di) + D16	
010	DL	DX	010	(BP) + (SI)	(BP) + (SI) + D8	(8P) + (SI) + D16	
011	BL	ВХ	011	(BP) + (DI)	(BP) + (DI) + D8	(BP) + (DI) + D16	
100	ДН	SP	100	(51)	(SI) + D8	(SI) + D16	
101	СH	ВР	101	(DI)	(DI) + D8	(DI) + D16	
110	DH	S I	110	DIRECT ADDRESS	(8P) + D8	(BP) + D16	
111	вн	DI	111	(BX)	(BX) + D8 (BX) + D16		

ADD	0000	00DW
ADD reg/mem,imm	1000	W000
	(Ext	000)
MOV	1000	100DW
MOV reg/mem,imm	1100	011W
	(Ext	000)
MUL	1111	011W
	(Ext	100)
SUB	0010	10DW
SUB reg/mem,imm	1000	100W
	(Ext	101)
POP reg16	0101	1000
POP mem16	1000	1111
	(Ext	000)
PUSH reg16	0101	0000
PUSH imm	0110	1000
PUSH mem16	1111	
	(Ext	110)

[14 Points]

1. Provide machine language (in hex-decimal) for the following x86 instructions

a. ADD CH, CL 0000 0000 11 001 101 00 CDh

b. MOV [BX+DI+1709h], 0F0E1h 11000111 10000001←0917←E1F0 C7810917 E1 F0h

c. MUL SI 1111 0111 + 110 F7 + 6 OFDh

d. SUB [BP+108h], CL $0010\,1000$ $10\,001\,110 \leftarrow 08\,01$ 28 8E 08 01h

e. POP BYTE PTR [BX+DI+1CEh]
10001111 10 000 001 ←CE 01
8F 81 CE 01h

f. SUB BX, 127h $1000\,1001+011 \leftarrow 27\,01$ $89+3 \leftarrow 27\,01$ 8C 27 01h

g. PUSH 170Dh 0110 1000 ← 0D 17 68 0D 17h

45	32	33	3	19	12	45
01	12	76	12	23	14	43
20	100	18	81	98	16	33

```
Rowlength = 7
row index = 2
.CODE
     MOV
          ebx,OFFSET array
     ADD ebx, (Rowlength*TYPE array*row_index)
     MOV ecx, 6
     MOV eax, [ebx]
     L1:
          eax,[ebx+TYPE array]
     ADD
     ADD
          ebx, TYPE array
     LOOP L1
     VOM
          DX, 0
     VOM
          CX, Rowlength
          CX
     DIV
     MOVZX EDX, AX
```

Wtg: 02%

Write a procedure that should calculate and replace each of the following NEGATIVE elements with their mathematical positive values without using LOOP, make use of **string primitive instructions**:

SQUARES SWORD 4,9,-16,25,36,-49,64,81,-100,121

Solution:

```
P1 PROC
     MOV EDI, OFFSET squares
         CX, LENGTHOF squares
     VOM
     L1:
         CMP CX,0
          EΧ
     JΕ
     MOV AX, [EDI]
     CMP
         AX, 0
     JGE
         continue
         AX
     NEG
     continue: STOSW
     DEC
         CX
         L1
     JMP
     EX: ret
P1 ENDP
```