SCHEDULING OF SOFTWARE

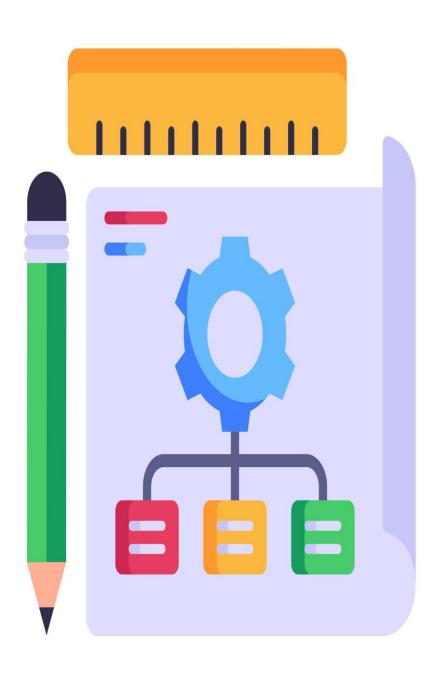
GANTT CHARTS



GANTT CHARTS

Gantt chart is a "CPM" (Critical Path Method) tools to:

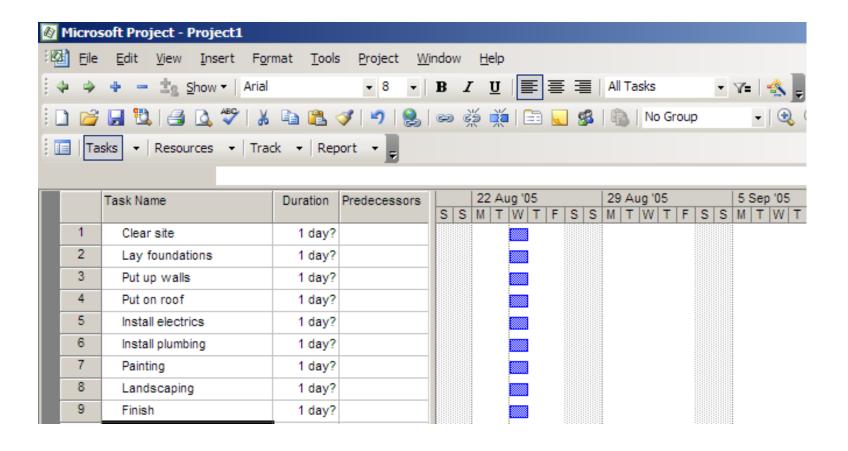
- manage the tasks involved in big and complex projects
- let project managers organise time, people, equipment and money
- ensure the right people and equipment are in the right place and the right time
- allow managers to monitor the progress of a project



HOW TO CREATE ONE?

- Gantt chart is a timeline with tasks that can be connected to each other
- duration of an activity depicts by the horizontal bar size
- Can be created using Excel or Microsoft Project

List all tasks



Add the duration for every task

	Task Name	Duration	Predecessors			22	A	ıg "()5			
				S	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	S
1	Clear site	2 days										
2	Lay foundations	3 days										
3	Put up walls	1 day										
4	Put on roof	1.5 days										
5	Install electrics	2 days										
6	Install plumbing	1 day										
7	Painting	1 day										
8	Landscaping	1 day										
9	Finish	0 days					4	P 2	24/0	8		

Add dependencies for every task (if any)

	Task Name	Duration	Predecessors	•						29	Αι	ا' ور	g '05					5 Sep '05								
				S	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	Τ	F	S	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	S
1	Clear site	2 days								1																
2	Lay foundations	3 days	1												h											
3	Put up walls	1 day	2													Һ										
4	Put on roof	1.5 days	3																							
5	Install electrics	2 days	4																		2					
6	Install plumbing	1 day	4																	: 						
7	Painting	1 day	5,6																			2 1				
8	Landscaping	1 day	4																	: 		,				
9	Finish	0 days	8,7																		•	₩	7/0	9		

Add dependencies for every task (if any) In this example,

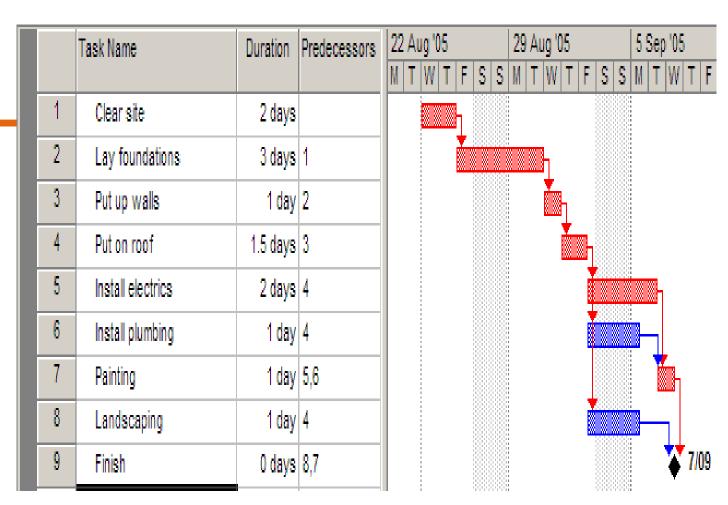
- task 2 cannot start before task 1 ends.
- Task 3 is **dependent** on task 2.
- Task 7 is dependent on two other tasks
- Electrics, plumbing and landscaping are concurrent

		Duration	Predecessors			22	Aug	g '05				29	Αι	ıg '(15				55	iep	'05				
				S	S	M	T	W T	F	S	S	М	T	W	Т	F	S	S	М	T	W	T	F	S	S
1	Clear site	2 days							8 7																
2	Lay foundations	3 days	1						T T																
3	Put up walls	1 day	2												h										
4	Put on roof	1.5 days	3												Ť										
5	Install electrics	2 days	4																	2					
6	Install plumbing	1 day	4																_	\neg					
7	Painting	1 day	5,6																		/ 				
8	Landscaping	1 day	4																		۱ ا				
9	Finish	0 days	8,7																		•	7/(9		

tasks and can occur simultaneously. All 3 can start after task 4 ends.

• Task 9 has zero duration, and is a **milestone**

- Identify critical path using task duration
- Shown in red in diagram
- The critical path contains a list of linked
- tasks that directly affects the project finish
- date.
- If any task on the critical path is late, the
- whole project is late



	Task Name	Duration	Predecessors	22	Au	g '0	5				29) Ai	ıg '()5				5	Sep	'05		
				M	Т	W	Т	F	S	S	М	Т	W	T	F	S	S	M	T	W	Т	F
1	Clear site	2 days		Г				1														_
2	Lay foundations	3 days	1										h									
3	Put up walls	1 day	2										Š	h								
4	Put on roof	1.5 days	3																			
5	Install electrics	2 days	4																			
6	Install plumbing	1 day	4													•			\neg			
7	Painting	1 day	5,6																	2		
8	Landscaping	1 day	4													,				,		
9	Finish	0 days	8,7																	*	7/0	9

- MS Project can identify the critical path
- The length of the critical path is the sum of the lengths of all critical tasks
- (the red tasks 1,2,3,4,5,7) which is 2+3+1+1.5+2+1=10.5 days.
- In other words, the minimum amount of time required to get all tasks completed is 10.5 days
- The other tasks (6,8) can each run over-time before affecting the end date of the project

ACTIVITY

Develop a Gantt chart and find critical path for the given scenario

Activity	Expected Duration	Predecessors
Α	2 days	_
В	3 days	A
C	4 days	A
D	4 days	B, C
E	5 days	В
F	6 days	D
G	4 days	C, E, F

WIDE BAND DELPHI TECHNIQUE PRACTICE QUESTION

PRACTICE QUESTION

Below are the estimation forms from a Wideband Delphi estimation meeting. There are 5 tasks (A-E) and 3 members (M1, M2, M3). The numbers in the tables indicate days (note: not delta) that a member thinks will take to complete a task. Given this data, do the following:

	Member r	name: M1		Member n	name: M2		Member r	name: M3	
Task	Round1	Round2	Round3	Round1	Round2	Round3	Round1	Round2	Round3
Α	3	3	3	4	4	4	7	7	7
В	3	3	4	6	5	5	8	3	3
C	6	6	6	2	5	5	7	6	5
D	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3
E	5	2	2	1	1	2	2	2	2

- Show how the meeting progressed by drawing the result graph.
- Demonstrate how the result sheet estimation form mentioning the best, worst and average cases
 can be created using the given data.