

Object-oriented Programming

Diamond Problem |

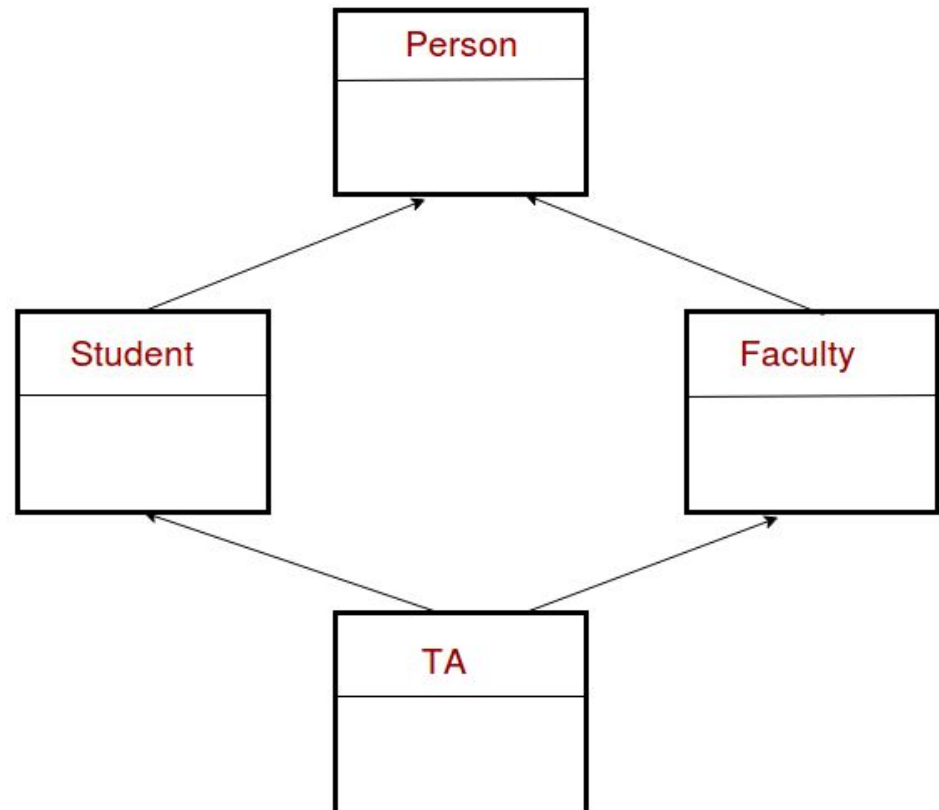
Virtual Inheritance

Diamond Problem



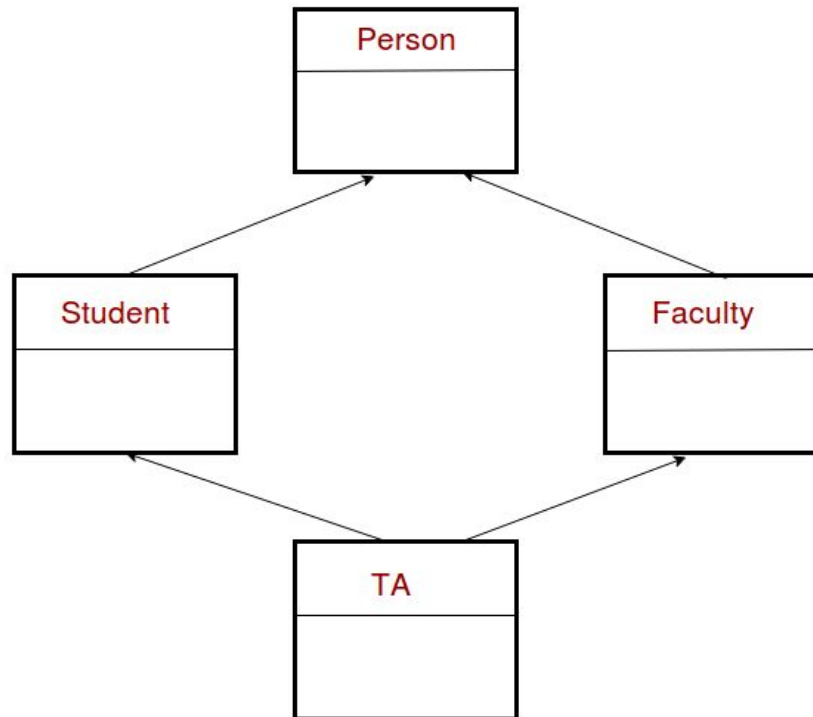
Diamond Problem

- The diamond problem can occur when two classes have a common parent as well as a common child



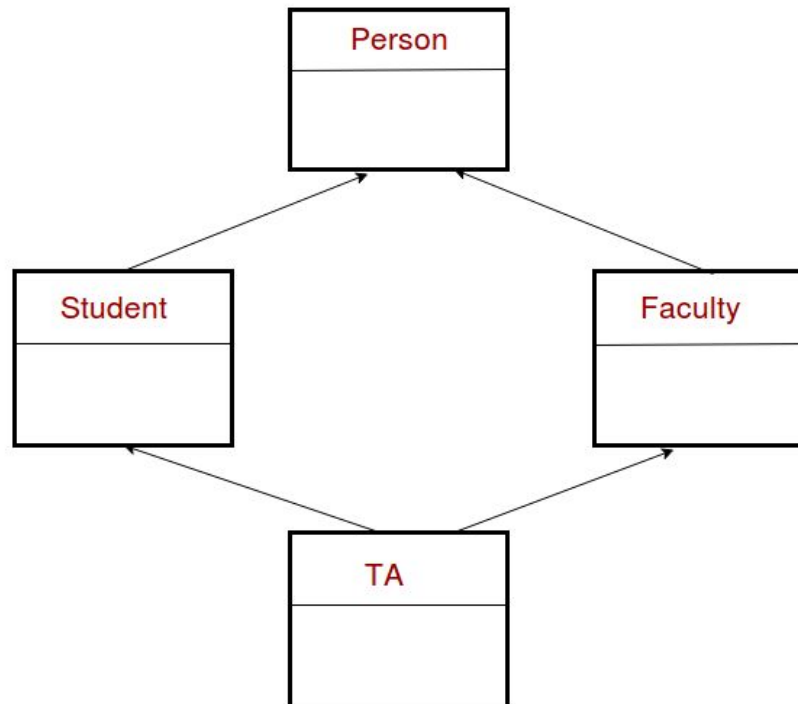
Diamond Problem

- In this example, if we make an object of TA, it implicitly “constructs” the class Person twice (through Faculty and also through Student)



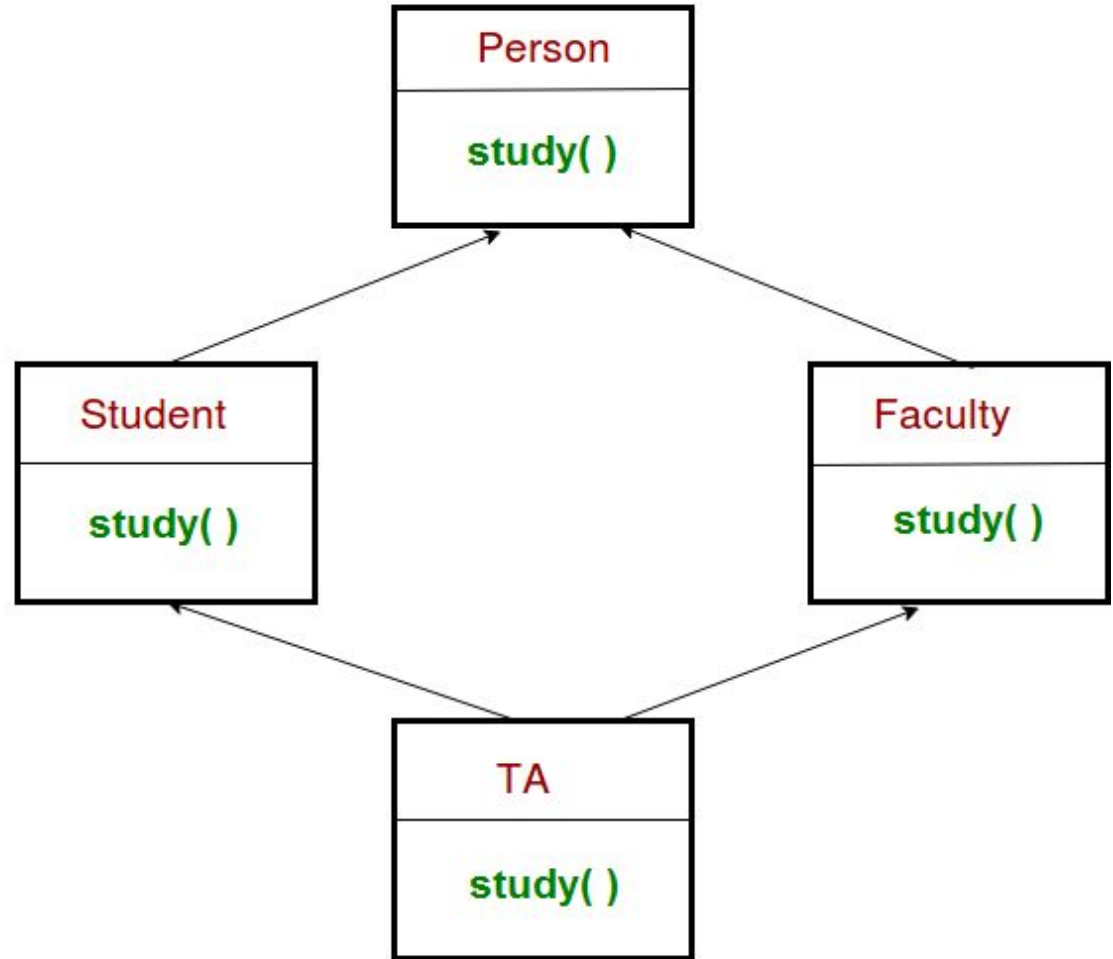
Diamond Problem

- Let's define some functions in the given four classes to see how diamond problem can arise with function overriding



Case 1:

```
int main()
{
    TA ob;
    ob.study( );
}
```

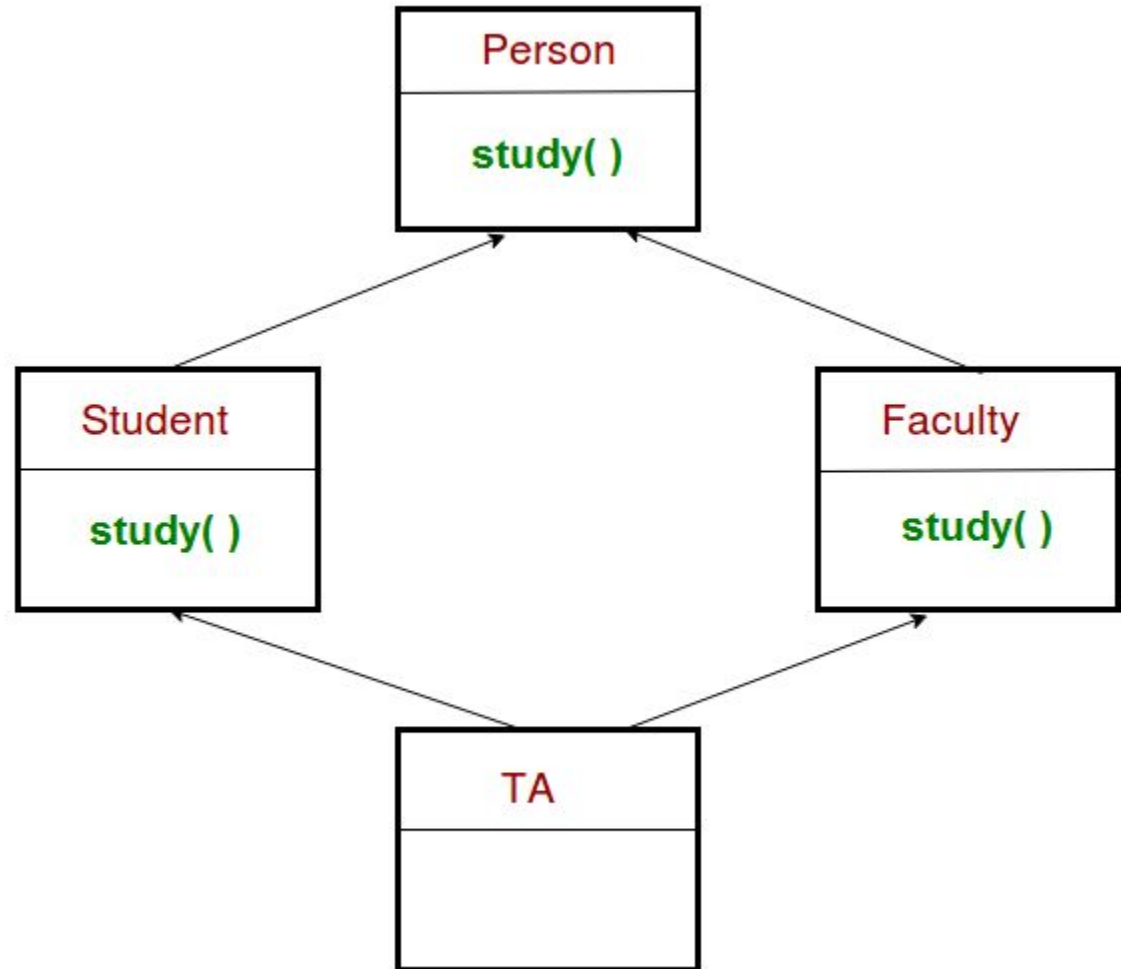


Output:

Will compile successfully: study() function of TA class will be called

Case 2:

```
int main()
{
    TA ob;
    ob.study( );
}
```

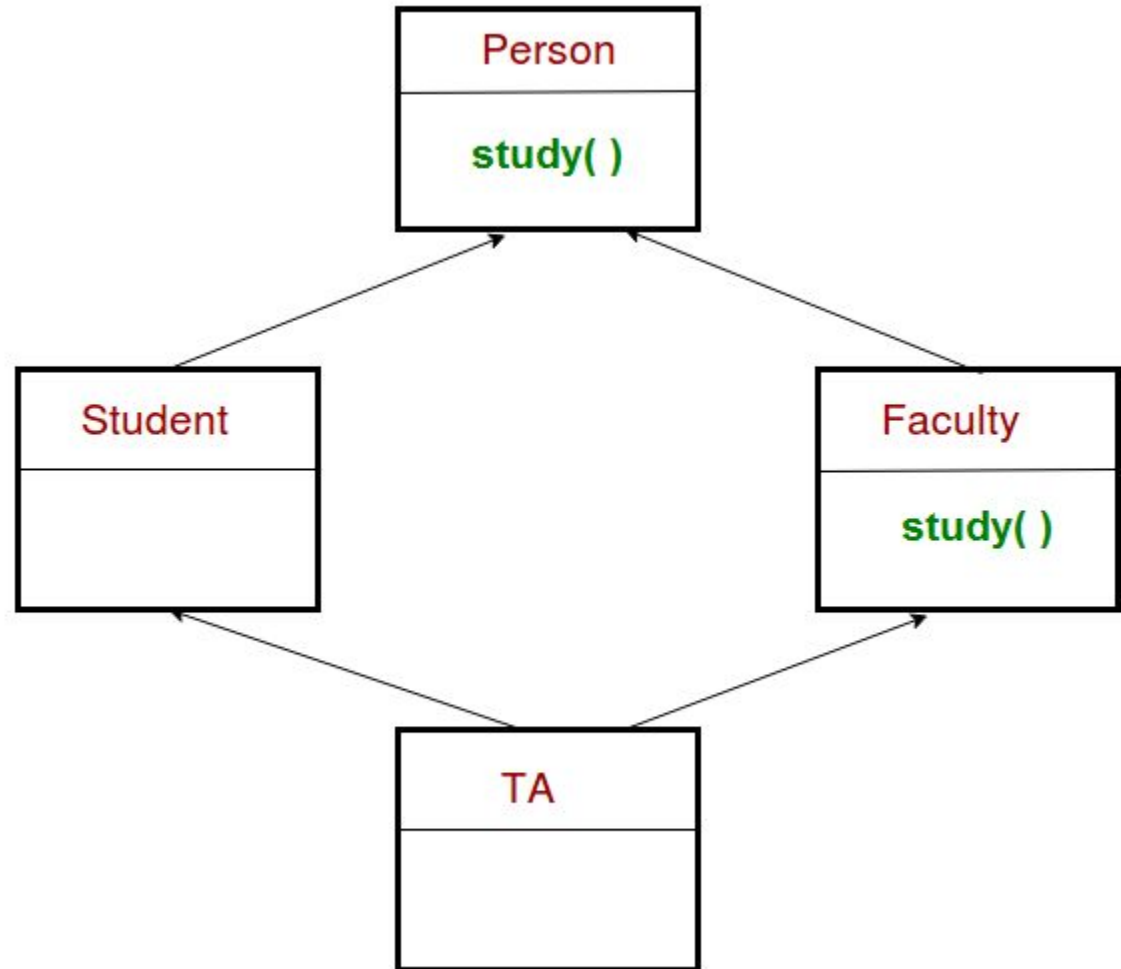


Output: **Error: ambiguous function call**

Reason: **TA** inheriting `study()` from both of its parents

Case 3:

```
int main()
{
    TA ob;
    ob.study( );
}
```

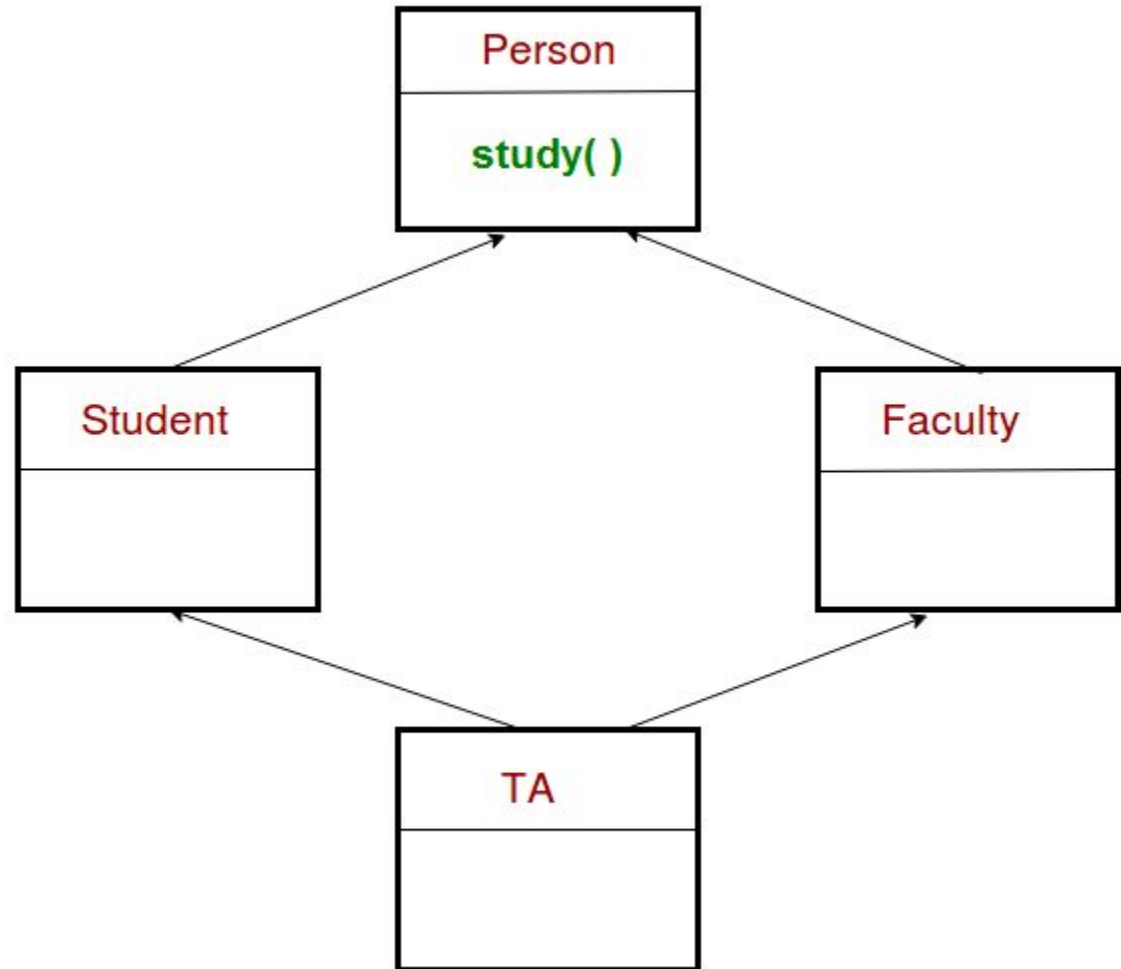


Output: **Error: ambiguous function call**

Reason: TA inheriting `study()` from both of its parents, since **Student** still contains `study()` inherited from **Person**

Case 4:

```
int main()
{
    TA ob;
    ob.study( );
}
```

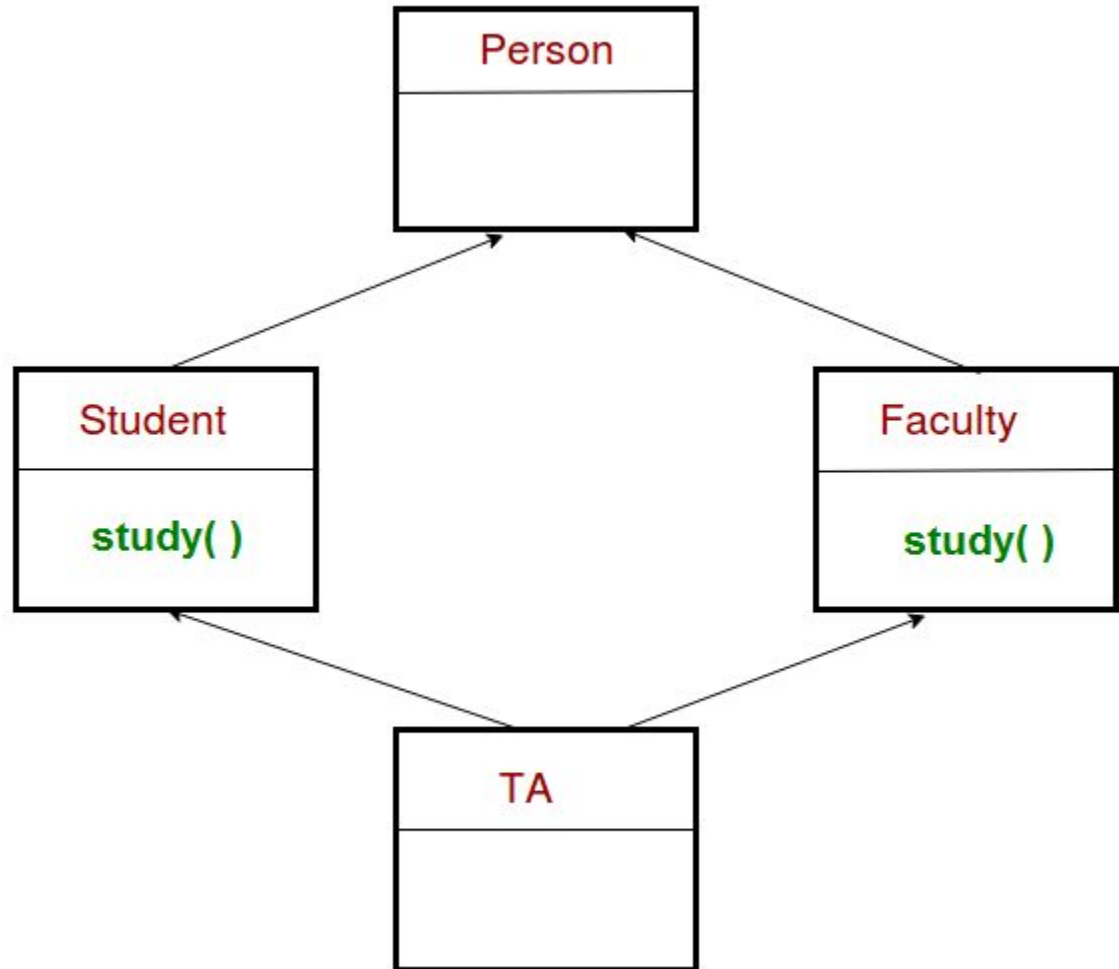


Output: **Error: ambiguous function call**

Reason: **TA** inheriting *study()* from both of its parents, since both **Student** and **Faculty** still contain *study()* inherited from **Person**

Case 5:

```
int main()
{
    TA ob;
    ob.study( );
}
```



Output: **Error: ambiguous function call**

Reason: **TA** inheriting *study()* from both of its parents

Solution

- Fortunately, C++ allows us to solve Diamond Problem by using virtual inheritance
- We use the keyword **virtual** when we inherit from the base class in both derived classes



Virtual Inheritance

```
class Person  
{  
    }  
}
```

```
class Faculty: virtual public Person {  
    };
```

```
class Student: virtual public Person {  
    };
```

```
class TA: public Faculty, public Student {  
};
```

Virtual Inheritance

- Let's see if virtual inheritance can help us in the cases presented previously:
- **Case 1:** No ambiguity with or without virtual
- **Case 2:** Virtual Inheritance won't help
- **Case 3:** Virtual Inheritance will remove ambiguity
- **Case 4:** Virtual Inheritance will remove ambiguity
- **Case 5:** Virtual Inheritance won't help