CHEROLET EUGESDING WITH JOB MERWEWS

A. Preparation

- Determine the requirements and general salary range of the job.
- 2. Research the organization's products, structure, financial standing, and prospects for growth.
- 3. Determine the interviewer's name, title, and status in the firm.
- 4. Prepare (but don't over-rehearse) answers for the questions you are likely to be asked.
- 5. Develop relevant questions to ask.
- Dress in a businesslike manner, regardless of the mode of dress preferred within the organization.
- 7. Take a briefcase or portfolio—with pen, paper, list of questions, two resumes, work samples.
- 8. Double-check the location and time of the interview, mapping out the route beforehand.
- 9. Plan to arrive 10 to 15 minutes early; allow 10 to 15 minutes for possible problems en route.

B. Initial stages of the interview

- 1. Greet the interviewer by name, with a smile and direct eye contact.
- 2. Offer a firm (not crushing) handshake if the interviewes extends a hand.
- 3. Take a seat only arrest the interviewer invites you to be seated or has taken his or het own seat.
- 4. Listen for cues about what the questions are trying to reveal about you and your qualifications.
- 5. Assume a calm and poised attitude (avoiding gum chewing, smoking, and other signs of nerves).

C. Body of the interview

- Display a genuine (not artificial) smile, when appropriate.
- 2. Convey interest and enthusiasm.
- Listen attentively so that you can give intelligent responses (taking few notes).
- Relate your knowledge and skills to the position stress your positive qualities.
- 5. Keep responses brief, clear, and to the point.
- Avoid exaggeration, and convey honesty and sincerity.
- 7. Avoid slighting references to former employers.
- 8. Avoid alcoholic drinks if you are interviewed over lunch or dinner.

D. Salary discussions

- Let the interviewer initiate the discussion of salary, but put it off until late in the interview if possible.
- If asked, state that you would like to receive the standard salary for the position.

E. Closing stages of the interview

- 1. Watch for signs that the interview is about to end
- Tactfully ask when you will be advised of the decision on your application.
- If you're offered the job, either accept or ask for time to consider the offer.
- With a warm smile and a handshake, thank the interviewer for meeting with you.

WHAT EMPLOYERS DON'T LIKE TO SEE IN CANDIDATES

- Poor personal appearance
- Overbearing, overaggressive, conceited demeanor, a "superiority complex"; "know it all" attitude
- Inability to express ideas clearly; poor voice, diction, grammar
- Lack of knowledge or experience
- Poor preparation for the interview
- Lack of interest in the job
- Lack of planning for career; lack of purpose, goals
- Lack of enthusiasm, passive and indifferent demeanor
- Lack of confidence and poise; appearance of being nervous and ill at ease
- Insufficient evidence of achievement
- Failure to participate in extracurricular activities
- Overemphasis on money; interest only in the best dollar offer
- Poor scholastic record; just got by
- Unwillingness to start at the bottom; expecting too much too soon
- Tendency to make excuses
- Evasive answers; hedges on unfavorable factors in record
- Lack of tact
- Lack of maturity
 - Lack of courtesy; ill-mannered
- Condemnation of past employers
- Lack of social skills
 - Marked dislike for schoolwork
 - Lack of vitality
 - "allure to look interviewer in the eye
 - Limp, veak handshake
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