## **Lecture 6 Customer Analytics – CLV (Contractual)**

## Questions received via email

[Noa];
Slide 15 - CLV calculations; you rewrite the summation into the following

$$= m \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{p}{1+d}\right)^n = m \left(1 + \frac{mp}{1+d} + \frac{mp}{1+d}\right)^{\infty} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} k^n = \frac{1}{1}$$

However, as we already have m outside of the brackets, should mp/(1+d) not simply be p/(1+d) as we replace n by 1 we end up with just the part between the brackets?

- 2. Slide 36 Period 1 for blue model; you say the retention rate is 80%. Which is calculated by r(1) on the slide, right? But why do we set t equal to 1? Is that because we are interested in 1 additional period or is there another reason?
- 3. Slide 43 RLV under BG model; for the RLV we have to divide by how long people have been a customer for. But why do we only divide for the RLV and not for the CLV? And should we always divide by S(1)? Does it matter whether your point of view is just after renewal or just before renewal in this case as well?