

Homework 2.4.1.2 Let L be a Linear transformation
Such that $L\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ and $L\left(\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

Then $L\left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}\right) = ?$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = 2e_0 + 3e_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} L\left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}\right) &= L(2e_0 + 3e_1) \\ &= 2L(e_0) + 3L(e_1) \\ &= 2\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + 3\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$