# A Knockout-TypeScript-Webpack Starter project

During a recent project building a relatively complex single page app with KnockoutJS and TypeScript, we ran into a range of problems and decisions which had to be made. The result of what we’ve learned during this project is incorporated in this Knockout-TypeScript-Webpack starter project.

One of the things we ran into in this project was the need for bundling and minification. No problem in a run-of-the mill ASP.NET MVC project, but rather different in single-page application using require syntax in the JavaScript. So instead of doing this at the end of the project, in this starter project, installation of Webpack will be one of the first steps.

I have a backend programming background myself, and did some work recently with Angular 2 and TypeScript, and was really enthusiastic about TypeScript. So TypeScript seemed a logical choice for the project.

In the best tradition of JavaScript framework tutorials, the application which we’ll set up through the starter project is single-page application for the booking of superheroes. This application is built in the

## The Visual Studio solution

The Visual Studio solution consists of two projects, Web and Base. Web contains the web application as well as the single-page application. Base is a class library project contains models, controllers and helper classes.

## Prerequisites

So, what do we need for the initial set-up of our starter project?

1. Node.js
2. TypeScript
3. Webpack
4. Knockout

## Install Node.js

Webpack relies on Node, so the first step is to install Node if you haven’t got Node on your machine already.  
<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>

We’ll need a package.json file in the root of the web project, a nice way to set up this file is by running :  
  
npm init

from a command window in admin mode, in the root of the web project. You’ll be asked some questions to set up some default values.

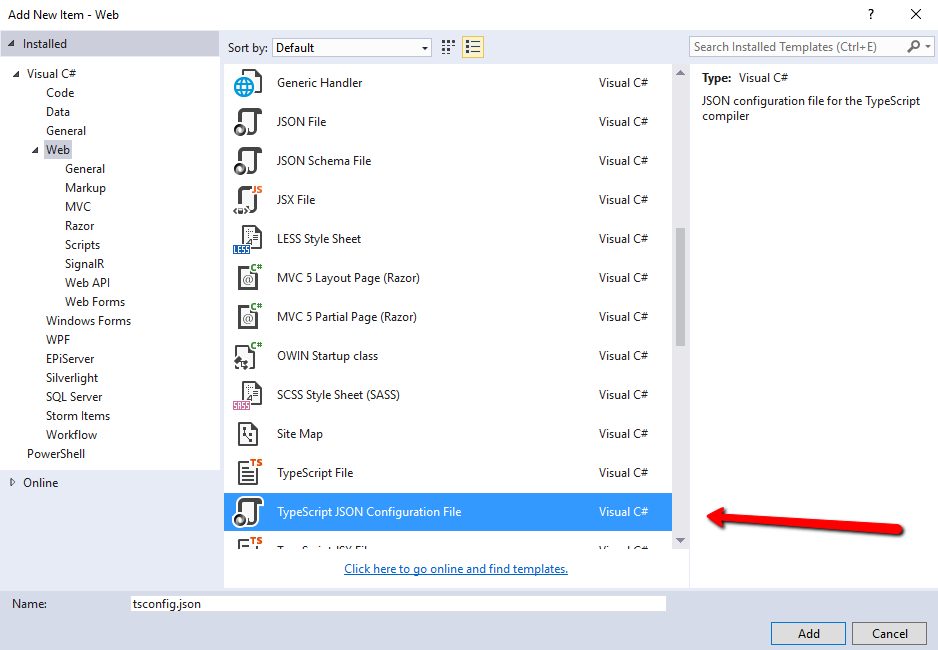
## Install TypeScript

Now we have Node.js installed, we can use the Node.js package manager (NPM) to install TypeScript.

Open a command window in admin mode, in the root of the web project, and type

npm install typescript –-save-dev

Add a TypeScript configuration file to the web project. Right click the Web project, choose “Add”, “New Item” and “TypeScript JSON configuration file”. Don’t change the default name of the project, tsconfig.json



Because we’ll be saving the TypeScript source files in a directory called “source”, we’ll add the key “baseUrl” under the compiler options:   
  
"baseUrl": "./source/"

We’ll leave the target key set at “es5” for maximum compatibility with older browsers, i.e. the TypeScript compiler will transpile the TypeScript code to EcmaScript 5 compatible JavaScript.

## Install Webpack

Install Webpack using the Node Package Manager, from the command line, in admin mode, from the root of the web project:

npm install webpack –-save-dev

For more on installing Webpack see:

<https://webpack.github.io/docs/tutorials/getting-started/>

Add a file called webpack.config.js to the root directory of the web project. Copy it from the sample project. More on all the options later.

For Webpack and TypeScript to work, additional packages are necessary. To get started use the package.json file from the sample project, and run

npm install

This will install a range of required packages.

## Install KnockoutJS

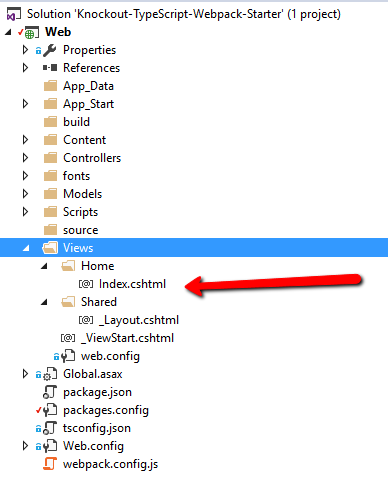
We’ll install KnockoutJS through NPM:

npm install knockout –-save-dev

## Set up the starting point of the single page application

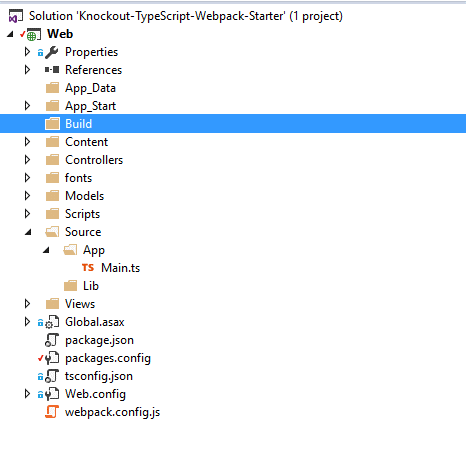
The original project from which this starter project is derived was an ASP.NET MVC application with a commercial CMS system. In this project, we’ve kept things simple, we just have one MVC controller and view to host the single page application. But in your real-world application this could be any kind of web page.

So we have some basic ASP.NET MVC ingredients: a HomeController, a corresponding MVC view, and a \_Layout.cshtml. So Views > Home > Index.cshtml will contain the starting point of our single page application.



## Setting up the single page application

The basic folder structure for the single page application is a folder called “source” for the TypeScript files and JavaScript libraries, and an output directory called “build”, both under the root. The application specific files will be places under a directory called “app”, the libraries will placed under a directory called “lib”.



In this application, every element will consist of a Knockout component.

For more information on Knockout components, see:

<http://knockoutjs.com/documentation/component-overview.html>

Every component consists of a model and a view. In this project the model and view of every component are kept together in a single directory.

The starting point is a component called MainForm. Eventually, this component will host other components, which may also host other components, etc. MainForm is mainly a container for the other components, in which the actual work will be done.

To be able to use the Knockout components, the will have to be registered first. Because the number of components in a large single page application may be substantial, a separate file is use for component registration.

So what is the first step?

The first thing to do is load the file which will initialize the application. Since we are using TypeScript, this will be a file called Main.ts, in the root of the App folder.