

$X_t$  CTS martingale.  $\rightarrow$  all trajectories are jump

Then 3 条件

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} X_t \text{ BM} \\ \langle X_t, X_t \rangle = t \\ X_t^2 - t \text{ martingale} \end{array} \right.$$

$\mathcal{F}_s, \mathcal{F}_t$  by  $\mathbb{P}$  是 local martingale  
但非 CTS martingale.

只需证 独立增量  $X_{s+t} - X_s \mid \mathcal{F}_s \sim N(0, t)$

即证  $\mathbb{E}(e^{iu(X_{s+t} - X_s)} \mid \mathcal{F}_s) = e^{-\frac{u^2 t}{2}} \leftarrow N(0, t)$  特征

若  $\mathcal{F}_s \mathbb{E}(X \mid \mathcal{F}_s) = y$

1)  $y \in \mathcal{F}_s$

2)  $\forall A \in \mathcal{F}_s \quad \mathbb{E}(X \cdot \mathbb{1}_A) = \mathbb{E}(y \cdot \mathbb{1}_A)$

只需证  $\forall A \in \mathcal{F}_s \quad \mathbb{E}(e^{iu(X_{s+t} - X_s)} \cdot \mathbb{1}_A) = \mathbb{P}(A) \cdot e^{-\frac{u^2 t}{2}}$

对  $f(x) = e^{iux}$   $f_{x=0} = 1, f_x = iue^{iux}, f_{xx} = -u^2 e^{iux}$

$\mathbb{E} e^{iu(X_{s+t} - X_s)} = 1 + \int_0^t iue^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)} dX_{s+r} - \frac{1}{2}u^2 \int_0^t e^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)} dr$   $\mathcal{F}_s \Rightarrow \mathbb{P}(\langle X_t, X_t \rangle = t)$

$\mathbb{E} \mathbb{1}_A e^{iu(X_{s+t} - X_s)} = \mathbb{E} \mathbb{1}_A + \mathbb{E} \mathbb{1}_A \int_0^t iue^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)} dX_{s+r} - \mathbb{E} \mathbb{1}_A \cdot \frac{1}{2}u^2 \int_0^t e^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)} dr$

$\therefore \mathbb{E}(\text{LHS}) = \mathbb{P}(A) + \mathbb{E}\left(\int_0^t iue^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)} dX_{s+r} \cdot \mathbb{1}_A\right) - \frac{u^2}{2} \mathbb{E}\left(\int_0^t \mathbb{1}_A e^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)} dr\right)$

$\mathcal{F}_s \mathcal{F}_t = \frac{u^2}{2} \int_0^t \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{1}_A e^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)}) dr$

$\mathcal{F}_s \mathcal{F}_t = iu \cdot \mathbb{E}\left(\mathbb{E}\left(\int_0^t e^{iu(X_{s+r} - X_s)} dX_{s+r} \cdot \mathbb{1}_A \mid \mathcal{F}_s\right) \mid \mathcal{F}_0\right)$

$= iu \mathbb{E}\left(\mathbb{1}_A \mathbb{E}\left(\int_0^t \sigma dX_{s+r} \mid \mathcal{F}_s\right) \mid \mathcal{F}_0\right)$

$= iu (\mathbb{E}(\mathbb{1}_A \cdot 0) \mid \mathcal{F}_0) = 0$

从而  $\mathbb{E}(\text{LHS}) = 0$

$\mathcal{F}_s \mathcal{F}_t \psi_t = \mathbb{P}(A) - \frac{u^2}{2} \int_0^t \psi_r dr$

有  $\psi_t = -\frac{u^2}{2} \psi_t$  解得  $\psi_t = ce^{-\frac{u^2 t}{2}}$

求解:  $t=0$  时  $\mathbb{P} \psi_0 = \mathbb{P}(A) \Rightarrow c = \mathbb{P}(A)$