

Quiz 5

1. If the pn junction is highly doped, then Zener breakdown occurs.

In a highly doped junction, the conduction and valence bands on opposite sides of the junction are sufficiently close during reverse bias that electrons may tunnel directly from the valence band on the p side into the conduction band on n side. 2'

For the avalanche breakdown, it happens when electrons or holes, moving across the space charge region, acquire sufficient energy from the electric field to create electron-hole pairs by colliding with atomic electrons ~~at~~ within the depletion region. The newly created electron and holes move in opposite directions due to the electric field and thereby create a reverse-biased current. In addition, the newly generated electron or holes may acquire sufficient energy to ionize other atoms, leading to the avalanche process. 2'

GeAs: $n_i = 1.8 \times 10^6 \text{ cm}^{-3}$ $\epsilon = 13.1 \times 8.85 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F/cm}$

2.

(a) $J_S = \frac{e D_p P_{n0}}{L_p} + \frac{e D_n n_{p0}}{L_n} = \frac{e D_p \cdot \frac{n_i^2}{N_d}}{\sqrt{D_p \cdot \tau_p}} + \frac{e D_n \cdot \frac{n_i^2}{N_a}}{\sqrt{D_n \cdot \tau_n}} = 1.68 \times 10^{-17} \text{ A/cm}^2$ 2'

(b) $V_{bi} = \frac{kT}{q} \cdot \ln \frac{N_a N_d}{n_i^2} = 1.17 \text{ V}$

$W = \sqrt{\frac{q \epsilon (V_{bi} + R)}{e}} \cdot \frac{N_a + N_d}{N_a N_d} = 2.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ cm}$ 2'

$\therefore J_{gen} = \frac{e n_i W}{2 \tau_0} = 6.17 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A/cm}^2$

$\therefore J = J_S + J_{gen} = 6.17 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A/cm}^2$ 1'

(c).

$\frac{J_{gen}}{J_S} = 3.67 \times 10^7$ 1'