## VE320 Homework 9

Due: 19/07/2019 10:00 am

1.

The dc charge distributions of four ideal MOS capacitors are shown in Figure P10.1. For each case: (a) Is the semiconductor n or p type? (b) Is the device biased in the accumulation, depletion, or inversion mode? (c) Draw the energy-band diagram in the semiconductor region.

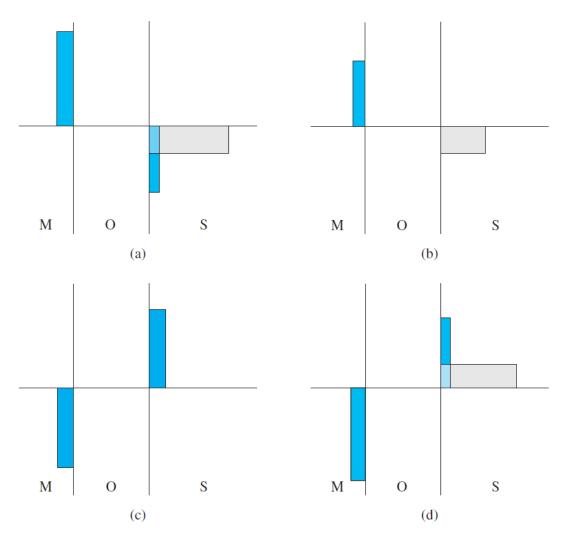


Figure P10.1 | Figure for Problem 10.1.

2.

(a) Consider an n<sup>+</sup> polysilicon–silicon dioxide–n-type silicon MOS structure. Let  $N_d = 4 \times 10^{15}$  cm<sup>-3</sup>. Calculate the ideal flat-band voltage for  $t_{ox} = 20$  nm = 200 Å. (b) Considering the results of part (a), determine the shift in flat-band voltage for (i)  $Q'_{ss} = 4 \times 10^{10}$  cm<sup>-2</sup> and (ii)  $Q'_{ss} = 10^{11}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>. (c) Repeat parts (a) and (b) for an oxide thickness of  $t_{ox} = 12$  nm = 120 Å.

## 3.

A MOS device with an aluminum gate is fabricated on a p-type silicon substrate. The oxide thickness is  $t_{ox} = 22 \text{ nm} = 220 \text{ Å}$  and the trapped oxide charge is  $Q'_{ss} = 4 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-2}$ . The measured threshold voltage is  $V_T = +0.45 \text{ V}$ . Determine the p-type doping concentration.

## 4.

An n<sup>+</sup> polysilicon gate–silicon dioxide–silicon MOS capacitor has an oxide thickness of  $t_{ox} = 18$  nm = 180 Å and a doping of  $N_a = 10^{15}$  cm<sup>-3</sup>. The oxide charge density is  $Q'_{ss} = 6 \times 10^{10}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>. Calculate the (a) flat-band voltage and (b) threshold voltage.

## 5.

The high-frequency C-V characteristic curve of a MOS capacitor is shown in Figure P10.30. The area of the device is  $2 \times 10^{-3}$  cm<sup>2</sup>. The metal–semiconductor work function difference is  $\phi_{ms} = -0.50$  V, the oxide is SiO<sub>2</sub>, the semiconductor is silicon, and the semiconductor doping concentration is  $2 \times 10^{16}$  cm<sup>-3</sup>. (a) Is the semiconductor n or p type? (b) What is the oxide thickness? (c) What is the equivalent trapped oxide charge density? (d) Determine the flat-band capacitance.

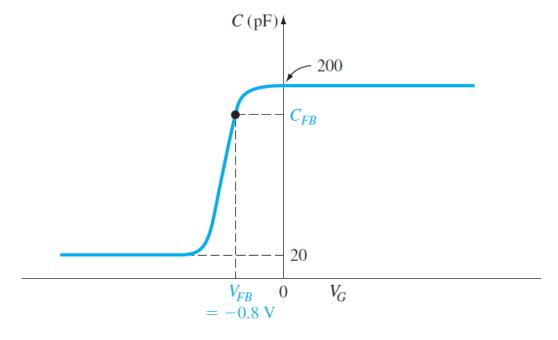


Figure P10.30 | Figure for Problem 10.30.