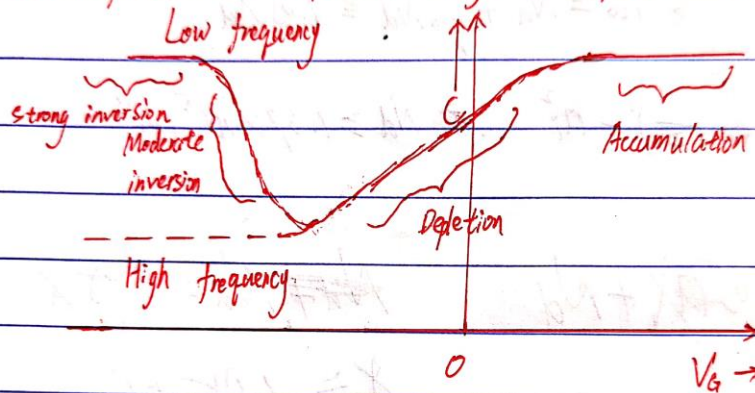


1. In the limit of a very high frequency, the inversion layer charge will not respond to a differential change in capacitor voltage.



$$2. \phi_{fp} = V_t \ln\left(\frac{N_A}{n_i}\right) = (0.0259) \ln\left(\frac{3 \times 10^{16}}{1.5 \times 10^{10}}\right) = 0.376 \text{ V}$$

$$x_{dT} = \left\{ \frac{4\epsilon_s \phi_{fp}}{e N_A} \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}} = \left\{ \frac{4 \times 11.7 \times 8.85 \times 10^{-14} \times 0.376}{1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 3 \times 10^{16}} \right\}^{\frac{1}{2}} = 1.8 \times 10^{-5} \text{ cm}$$

$$|Q'_{sd(max)}| = e N_A x_{dT} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \times 3 \times 10^{16} \times 1.8 \times 10^{-5} = 8.646 \times 10^{-8} \text{ C/cm}^2$$

$$\text{We have } V_{TN} = (|Q'_{sd(max)}| - Q'_{ss}) \left(\frac{t_{ox}}{\epsilon_{ox}} \right) + \phi_{ms} + 2\phi_{so} \Rightarrow t_{ox} = 4.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}$$