

# San Francisco Fire Department Response Times

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# Data Description

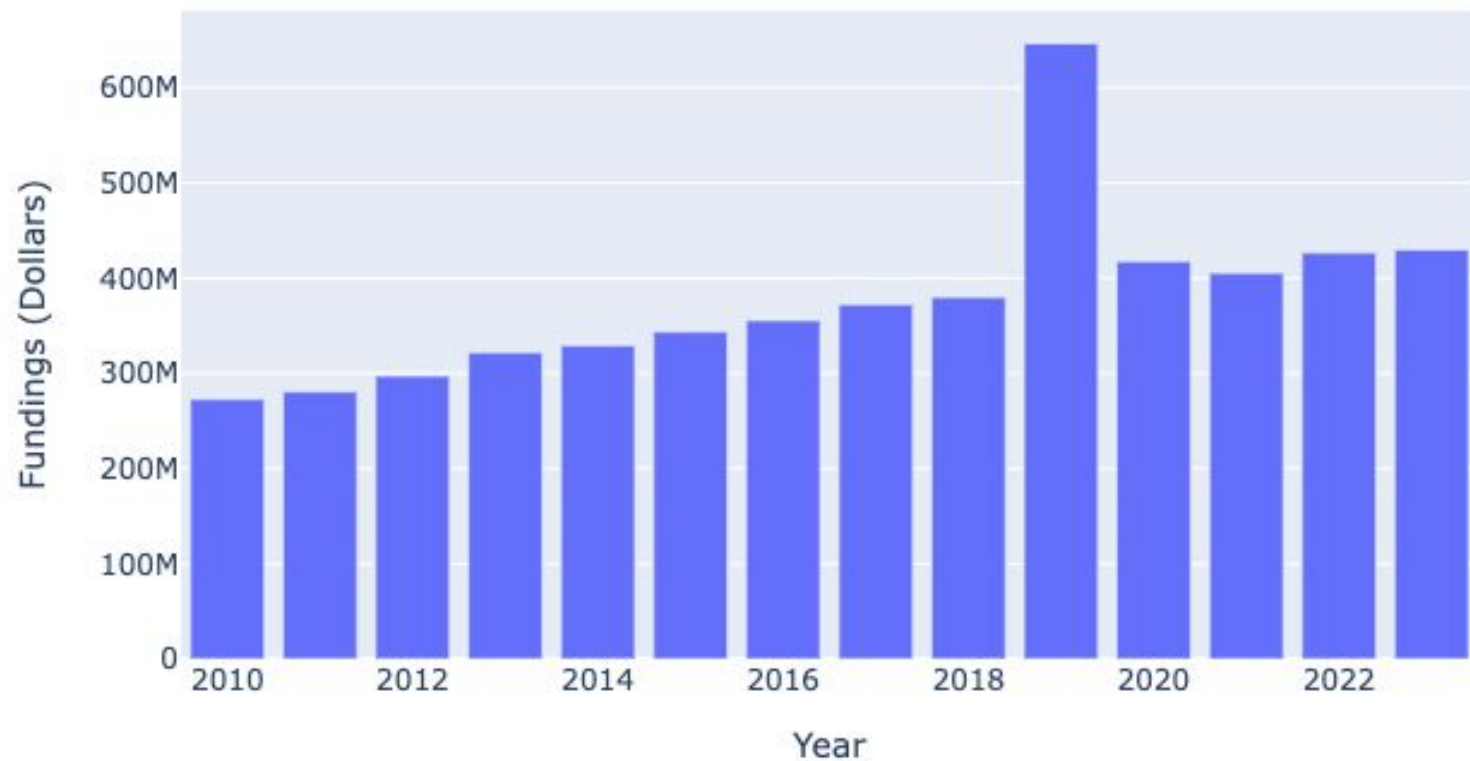
Fire\_Department\_Calls\_for\_Service.csv: Data describing SF Fire Department calls for service

Budget.csv: data describing SF municipal budget breakdown

# SF Yearly Budget Plot

We filtered the data by spending associated with the fire department, then calculated the total spending budget for the fire department for each year between 2010 and 2023.

## Fire Department Fundings

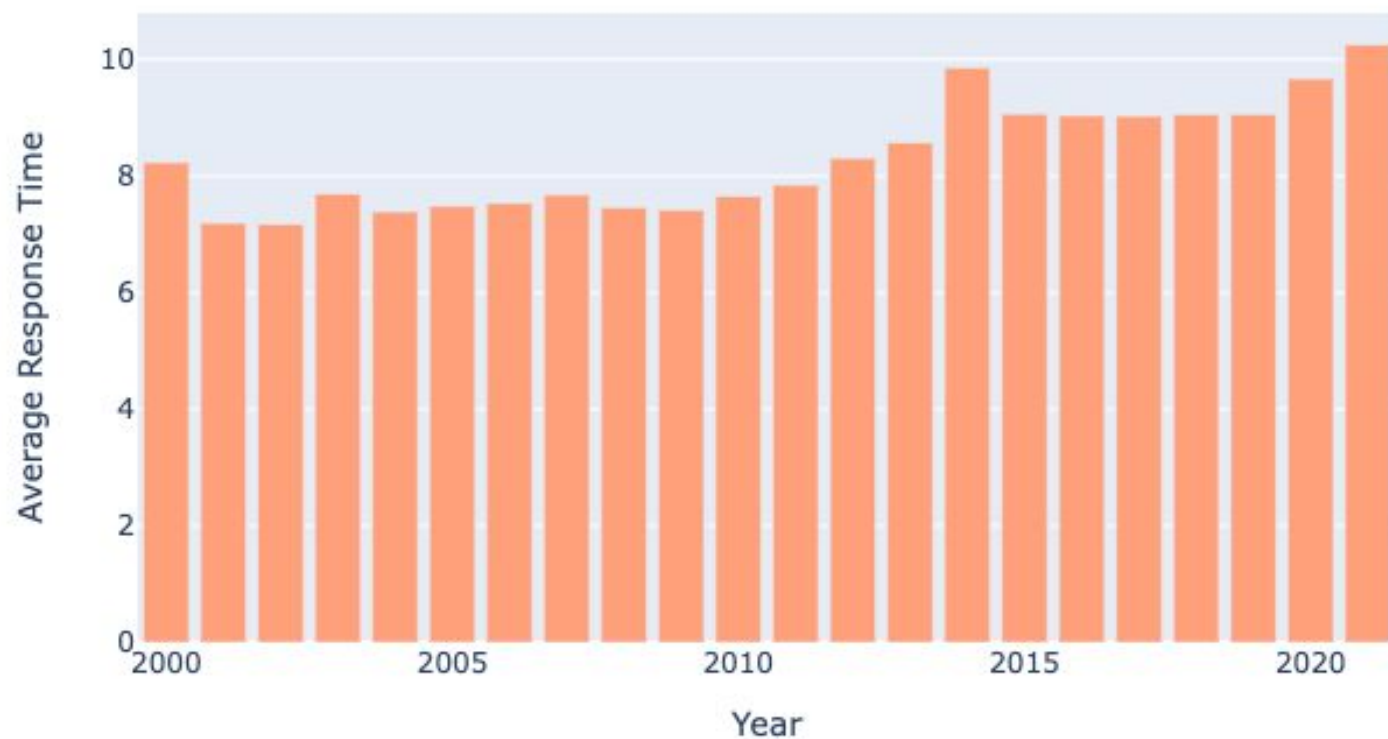


# Yearly Average Fire Department Response Time

We calculated the average response time for the SF fire department for each year ranging from 2000 to 2021.

To do so we calculate the difference between the timestamp of when the emergency call was made and the timestamp of when the fire department reached the scene.

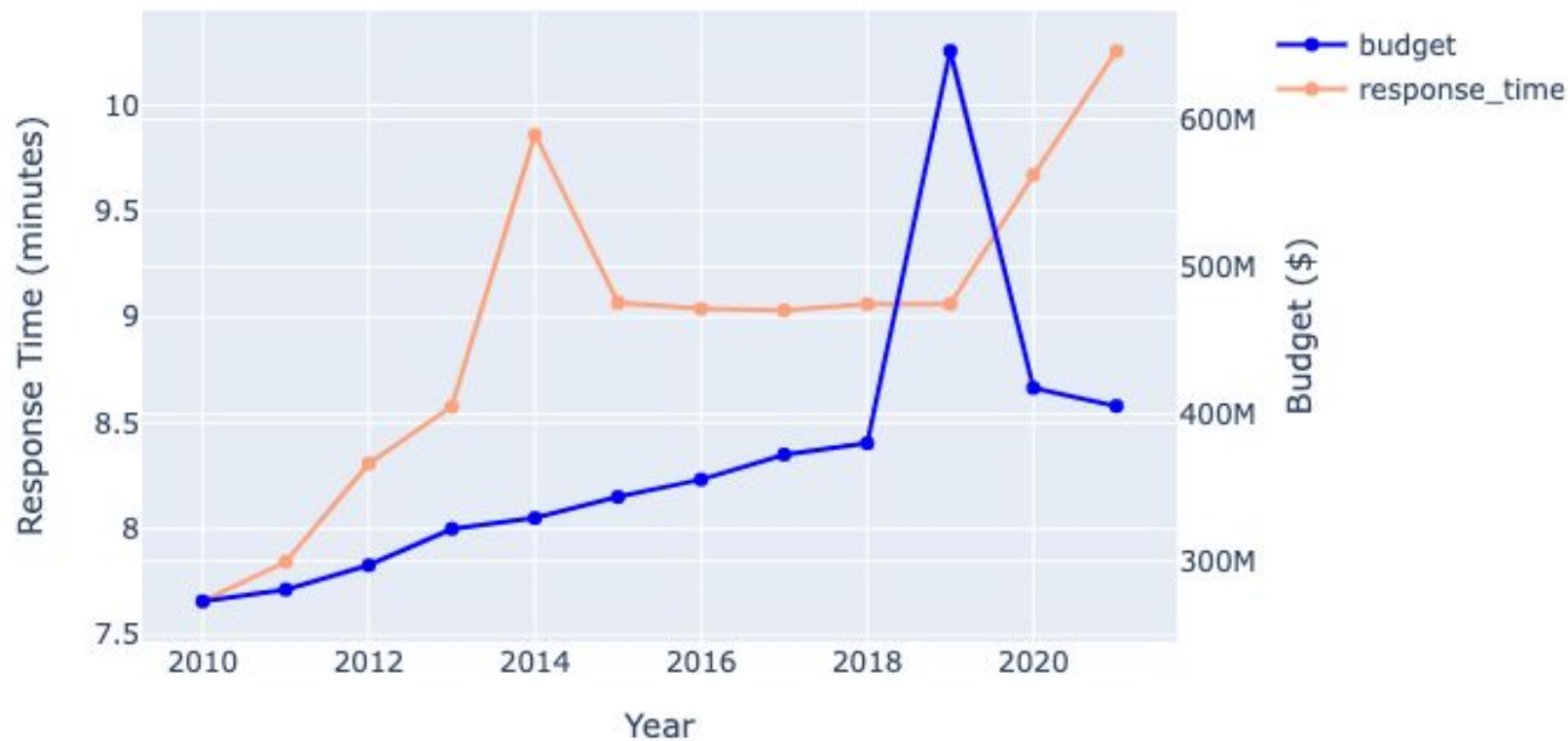
Average Fire Department Response Time for Each Year



# Budget and Response Time vs Year

We combined the budget and response time graphs to check and see if budget had an impact on response time.

## Budget & Response Time vs Year



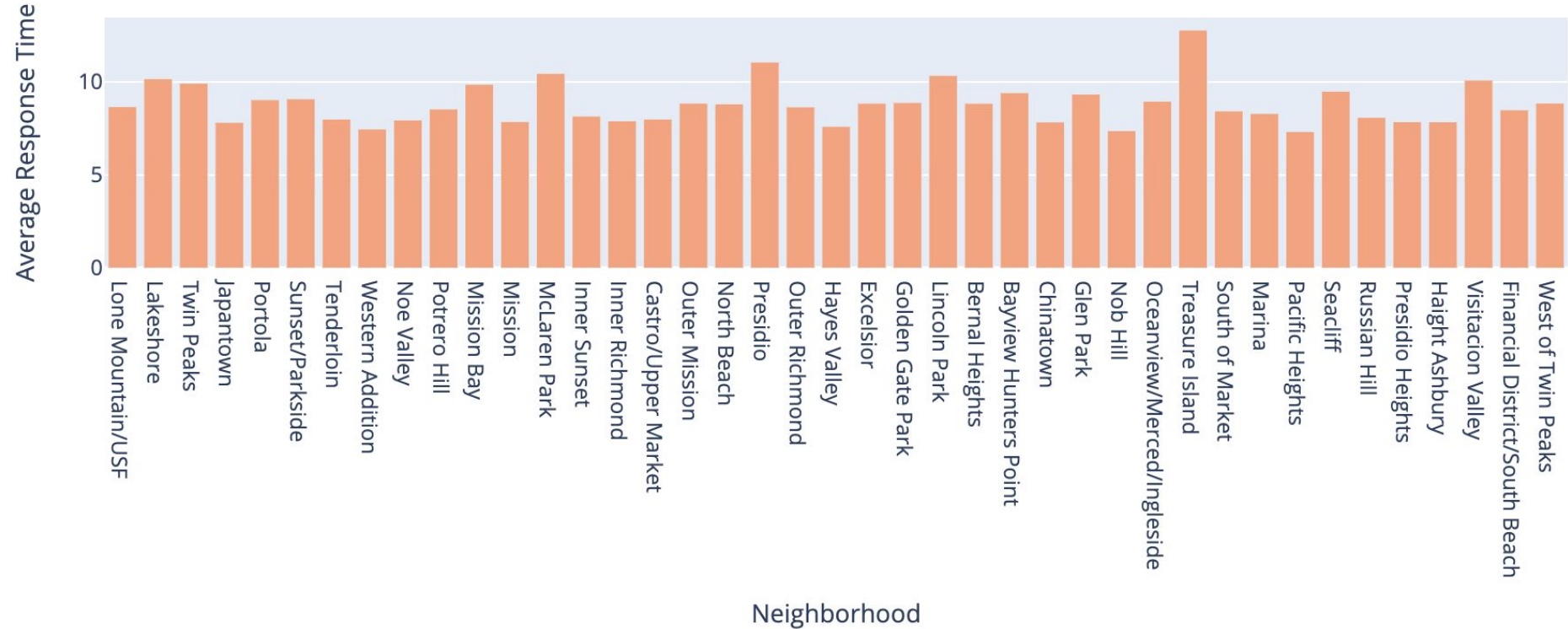


# Average Response Time by Neighborhood

We calculated the average response time for the SF fire department for each neighborhood.

To do so we calculate the difference between the timestamp of when the emergency call was made and the timestamp of when the fire department reached the scene.

Average Response Time for Each San Francisco Neighborhood



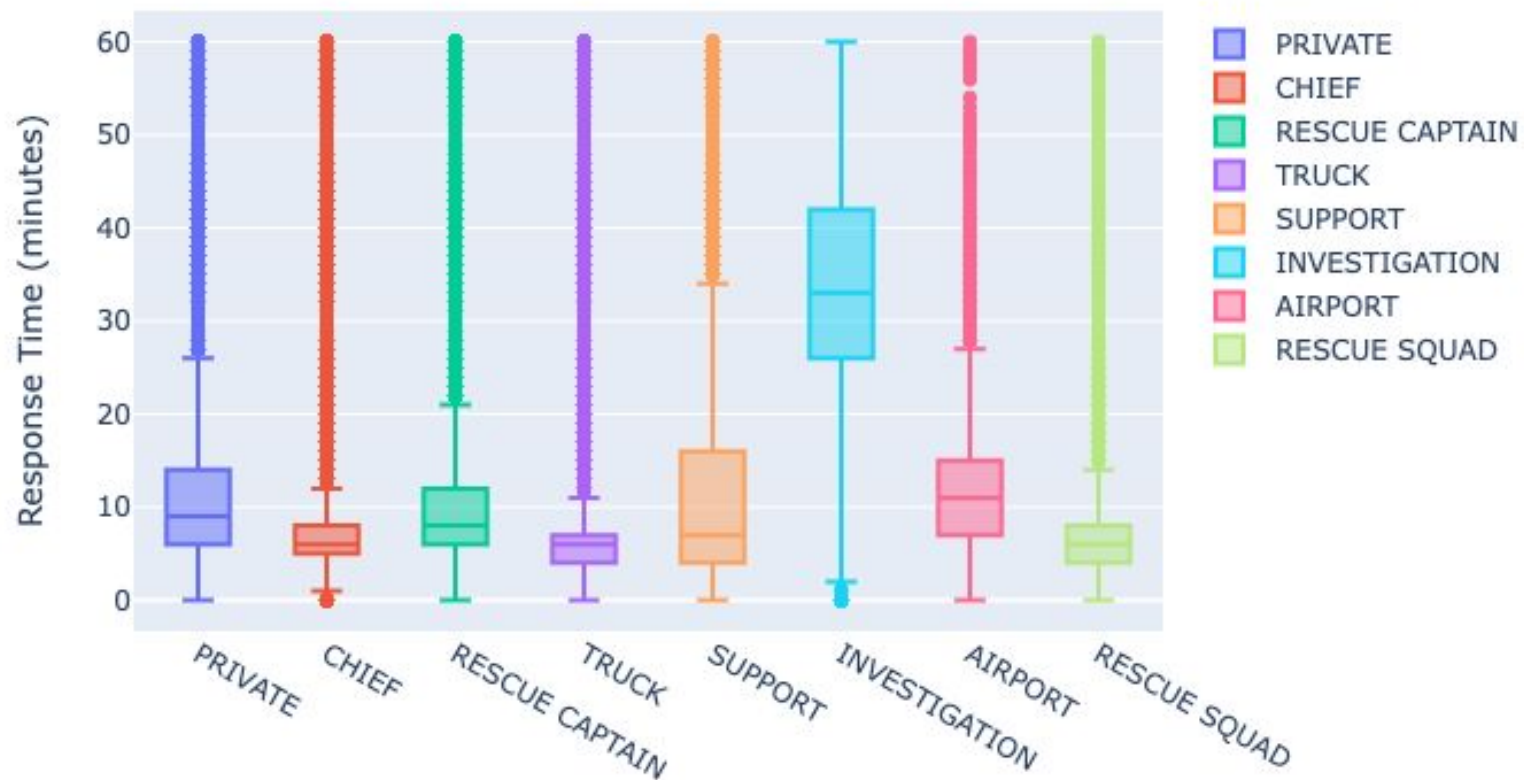
# Distribution of Response Time for each Unit Type

We calculated the distribution of response times for the SF fire department for each unit type to try and determine if there were any differences.

We took out outliers that had response times over 60 minutes (about 0.002% of data). We also took out the Engine and Medic unit types from this graph to improve runtime efficiency.

To calculate response time the difference between the timestamp of when the emergency call was made and the timestamp of when the fire department reached the scene.

## Response Time by Unit Type



# Memory Efficiency

We used rdd caching to improve efficiency of RDDs being used in multiple places, decreasing time spent running those RDDs by amounts ranging from 700% (budget dataset) to 2200% (fire response dataset).

We ran the notebook using 2GB, 4GB, and 8GB of executor memory and found our code respectively ran in 417s, 343s and 322s.

# Final Cluster Setting and Execution Time

```
%%configure -f
{
  "conf": {
    "spark.pyspark.python": "python3",
    "spark.pyspark.virtualenv.enabled": "true",
    "spark.pyspark.virtualenv.type": "native",
    "spark.pyspark.virtualenv.bin.path": "/usr/bin/virtualenv",
    "spark.executor.heartbeatInterval": "10800s",
    "spark.network.timeout": "24h",
    "spark.driver.memory": "1G",
    "spark.executor.memory": "8G",
    "spark.executor.cores": "4",
    "spark.app.name": "msds694",
    "driverSize": "2G"
  }
}
```

Final run-time (s):

322.4442141056061

# Lessons Learned

Budget does not seem to have an impact on response time.

Some neighborhoods have faster response times than others

Some unit types have faster response times than others.

Increasing executor memory decreased the amount of time it took to run.