# **Paper Instructions for CIE4512 Final Project 2019**

# **Anonymous Submission** Paper ID: XXX

#### **Abstract**

- The abstract should first state the problem you want to solve and drawbacks of existing approaches in a very brief way. Then it should state key steps of your proposed algorithm with *clear* motivations and/or observations. This part is the majority of your abstract. Finally, some highlight experiment results should be shown here. Try to avoid using citation and equation here.
- 6 Disclaimer: The writing guideline below is just for beginners. You are absolutely at free will to write
- 7 in your own style. An example paper on pose estimation is here:
- 8 https://arxiv.org/pdf/1611.00468.pdf.

#### 9 1 Introduction

- Probably this is the most important section in the whole paper. First you should state the problem
- background, overview, etc.
- 12 Then some transitional sentence is followed by starting a new paragraph, pointing out the potential
- drawbacks or concerns in the problem you are trying to solve. The motivation naturally comes out. It
- would be better to provide some figures to illustrate your idea (like a toy example).
- 15 The third part first comes the famous 'In this paper, we propose XXX, which is shown in Figure 1.'
- sentence; some brief statements should be appended explaining the key steps of your algorithm. A
- very brief version of the algorithm's key components should appear in the abstract.
- 18 The last paragraph should list the contributions of your paper and optionally provide some external
- links (Github/project page, code link, etc.), as we have an active lean towards open-source research.

## 20 1.1 Related Work

- 21 Due to a maximum page of four in our project, we suggest you to write a sub-section of related work
- 22 here. No need to start a new section. This part should state some important and relevant work with
- 23 your method: how previous work address the problem, their existing problems or drawbacks, what
- differentiate yours from theirs. For citation, you can use Li et al. [1] propose a blabla. Or use batch
- citations like, previous work [2, 4, 3] address the problem blabla.

#### 26 2 The Proposed Algorithm

- 27 Write a clear pipeline; use subsection to state your method explicitly; apply professional mathematical
- denotations and expressions. Use figures and/or tables to illustrate the claimed idea.
- In one word: write a professional research article.

Table 1: Sample table title

	Part	
Name	Description	Size (μm)
Dendrite Axon Soma	Input terminal Output terminal Cell body	$\sim 100$ $\sim 10$ up to $10^6$

## 30 **Experiments**

- 31 The experiment should first state the dataset overview, evaluation metric and implementation details;
- 32 then a sub-section on individual component analysis should be followed (why component A is
- necessary in my algorithm; what if A is removed, or A is replaced with B); the last part should list
- 34 the performance comparison between the proposed method and previous state-of-the-arts.
- 35 Since we have a tight paper length requirement, you can put some parts of the experiments in the
- 36 Appendix section if your paper is over-length.

## 4 Discussions (optional)

Note: no need to write the conclusion part.

## 5 Misc for preparing your paper

There are some useful commands for first-time LATEX writers.

## 41 5.1 Figures

See Figure 1.

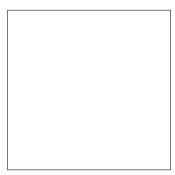


Figure 1: Sample figure caption.

## 43 **5.2 Tables**

42

44 All tables must be centered, neat, clean and legible. The table number and title always appear before 45 the table. See Table 1.

## 5.3 Items and Algorithm

- Item 1.
- I love deep learning so much and the course TAs are so lovely.

#### 49 5.4 Citations

50 Add the citations in the dl.bib file. Try to use unanimous citation format across your paper.

## 51 Acknowledgments

- 52 This part is optional. All acknowledgments go at the end of the paper. Do *not* include acknowledg-
- ments in the anonymized submission, only in the final paper.

## References

- [1] P. Arbeláez, J. Pont-Tuset, J. Barron, F. Marques, and J. Malik. Multiscale combinatorial grouping.
   In CVPR, 2014.
- 57 [2] M. Cheng, Z. Zhang, W. Lin, and P. H. S. Torr. BING: binarized normed gradients for objectness estimation at 300fps. In *CVPR*, 2014.
- [3] J. Hosang, R. Benenson, P. Dollár, and B. Schiele. What makes for effective detection proposals?
   *IEEE Trans. on PAMI*, 2015.
- [4] Z. Jie, X. Liang, J. Feng, W. F. Lu, E. H. F. Tay, and S. Yan. Scale-aware pixelwise object proposal networks. *IEEE Trans. on Image Processing*, 25, 2016.

63 Page 4.

64 Page 5.

65 Page 6.

- STOP. The length of the paper is six.
- A 7-th page can include references *only*. However, we *strongly* suggest you to write all contents including references within six pages. 67
- If you have more to write, put it in the appendix. We do admit the six-page requirement is a little bit light for a high-quality paper. In top-tier AI/CV/ML conferences, the common paper length is 8. 69

## 71 Appendix

Put whatever you like here. In some sense, this section is also called supplementary material.