## Class9: Struectural Bioinformatics pt1

### Diana Furlan

The main database for structural data is called PBD

data from: https://www.rcsb.org/stats

#Read file into R

```
PBD_file <- "Data Export Summary.csv"
pdbdb <- read.csv("Data Export Summary.csv", row.names = 1)
pdbdb</pre>
```

	X.ray	EM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
Protein (only)	167,192	15,572	12,529	208	77	32
Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,639	2,635	34	8	2	0
Protein/NA	8,730	4,697	286	7	0	0
Nucleic acid (only)	2,869	137	1,507	14	3	1
Other	170	10	33	0	0	0
Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
	Total					
Protein (only)	195,610					
Protein/Oligosaccharide	12,318					
Protein/NA	13,720					
Nucleic acid (only)	4,531					
Other	213					
Oligosaccharide (only)	22					

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

#### pdbdb\$Total

```
[1] "195,610" "12,318" "13,720" "4,531" "213" "22"
```

Removing commas for numeric function

```
sub(",", "", pdbdb$Total)
[1] "195610" "12318" "13720" "4531"
                                                "22"
                                       "213"
#as.numeric(pdbdb$Total)
x <- pdbdb$Total
as.numeric(sub(",", "", pdbdb$Total))
[1] 195610 12318 13720
                                          22
                          4531
                                  213
#install.packages("readr")
library(readr)
pdbdb <- read_csv("Data Export Summary.csv")</pre>
Rows: 6 Columns: 8
-- Column specification ------
Delimiter: ","
chr (1): Molecular Type
dbl (3): Multiple methods, Neutron, Other
num (4): X-ray, EM, NMR, Total
i Use `spec()` to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
i Specify the column types or set `show_col_types = FALSE` to quiet this message.
    Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron
    Microscopy.
sum(pdbdb$'X-ray')/sum(pdbdb$Total)* 100
[1] 83.30359
sum(pdbdb$EM)/sum(pdbdb$Total)* 100
[1] 10.18091
    Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?
```

#### pdbdb\$Total[1] / sum(pdbdb\$Total) \* 100

#### [1] 86.39483

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

 $\#\#\mathrm{Mol}^*$ 

https://molstar.org/viewer/

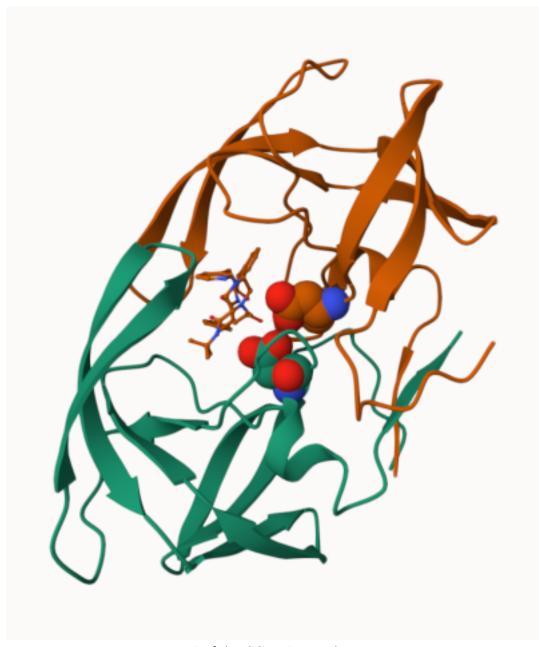
we will use PBD code: 1HSG

Accessing PDB file



Figure 1: A first image from molstar

Some more custom images



ing most expensive water pocket] (1HSGpocket.png)

![show-

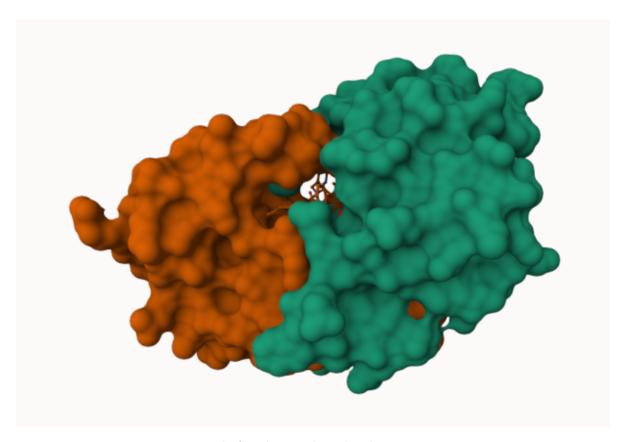


Figure 2: same as before but with molecular space representation  $\,$ 

 $\#\#\mathrm{The}$ Bio3D package

```
#install.packages("bio3d")
library(bio3d)
## Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")</pre>
```

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

pdb

Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")

Total Models#: 1

```
Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)
     Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
     Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
     Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
     Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]
   Protein sequence:
     PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYD
      QILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKE
      ALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTP
      VNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
       calpha, remark, call
attributes(pdb)
$names
[1] "atom"
            "xyz"
                     "segres" "helix" "sheet" "calpha" "remark" "call"
$class
[1] "pdb" "sse"
head(pdb$atom)
  type eleno elety alt resid chain resno insert
                                                    X
                                                                 z o
1 ATOM
                N < NA >
                         PRO
                                           <NA> 29.361 39.686 5.862 1 38.10
          1
                                 Α
                                      1 <NA> 30.307 38.663 5.319 1 40.62
2 ATOM
          2
               CA <NA>
                         PRO
                                 Α
3 ATOM
          3
               C <NA>
                         PRO
                               Α
                                      1 <NA> 29.760 38.071 4.022 1 42.64
4 ATOM
          4
               O <NA>
                         PRO
                                       1 <NA> 28.600 38.302 3.676 1 43.40
                                 Α
          5
                         PRO
                                     1 <NA> 30.508 37.541 6.342 1 37.87
5 ATOM
               CB <NA>
                                Α
               CG <NA>
                                       1
6 ATOM
          6
                         PRO
                                 Α
                                           <NA> 29.296 37.591 7.162 1 38.40
  segid elesy charge
1 <NA>
           N
               <NA>
2 <NA>
           C <NA>
3 <NA>
           C <NA>
4 <NA>
           O <NA>
```

5 <NA>

6 <NA>

C <NA>

C <NA>

Q7: How many amino acid residues are there in this pdb object?

```
sum(pdb$calpha)
```

[1] 198

```
length(pdb$seqres)
```

[1] 198

Q8: Name one of the two non-protein residues?

HOH and MK1

Q9: How many protein chains are in this structure?

2

#### unique(pdb\$atom\$chain)

```
[1] "A" "B"
```

##Predicting functional motions of a single structure

Let's read a new PDB structure of Adenylate Kinase and perform Normal mode analysis.

```
adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
```

```
Note: Accessing on-line PDB file PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
```

```
## Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
## PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
adk
```

```
Call: read.pdb(file = "6s36")

Total Models#: 1

Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)

Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)

Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)

Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]

Protein sequence:

MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT

DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI

VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG

YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG
```

+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet, calpha, remark, call

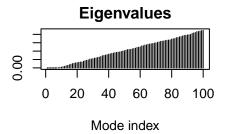
Normal mode analysis (NMA) is a structural bioinformatics method to predict protein flexibility and potential functional motions (a.k.a. conformational changes).

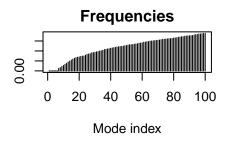
#prediction

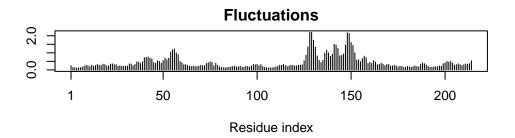
```
m <- nma(adk)
```

Building Hessian... Done in 0.08 seconds. Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.82 seconds.

plot(m)







Movie:) molecular "trajectory"

#{r} mktrj(m, file="adk\_m7.pdb") #

I open in molstar

##comparative analisis of protein structure

#install.packages("bio3d")

```
library(bio3d)
aa <- get.seq("1ake_A")</pre>
```

Warning in get.seq("lake\_A"): Removing existing file: seqs.fasta

Fetching... Please wait. Done.

i ran these cmds in the R bran/console

```
#install.packages("bio3d")
#install.packages("devtools")
#install.packages("BiocManager")
```

Q10 'msa' pac is from BioConductor.

```
BiocManager::install("msa")
Bioconductor version 3.20 (BiocManager 1.30.25), R 4.4.1 (2024-06-14 ucrt)
Warning: package(s) not installed when version(s) same as or greater than current; use
  `force = TRUE` to re-install: 'msa'
Installation paths not writeable, unable to update packages
  path: C:/Program Files/R/R-4.4.1/library
  packages:
    boot, foreign, MASS, Matrix, nlme, survival
Old packages: 'curl', 'evaluate', 'fs', 'glue', 'gtable', 'Rcpp', 'rmarkdown',
  'tinytex', 'withr', 'xfun'
devtools::install_bitbucket("Grantlab/bio3d-view")
WARNING: Rtools is required to build R packages, but is not currently installed.
Please download and install Rtools 4.4 from https://cran.r-project.org/bin/windows/Rtools/.
Skipping install of 'bio3d.view' from a bitbucket remote, the SHA1 (dd153987) has not change
  Use `force = TRUE` to force installation
     Q13:
ncol(aa$ali)
[1] 214
Blast or hmmer search
#b <- blast.pdb(aa)</pre>
#head(hits$pdb.id)
```

```
#hits <- plot(b)</pre>
```

Precalculated results:

```
hits <- NULL hits$pdb.id <- c('1AKE_A','6S36_A','6RZE_A','3HPR_A','1E4V_A','5EJE_A','1E4Y_A','3X2S_A','6H.
```

#### Download releated PDB files

```
files <- get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path="pdbs", split=TRUE, gzip=TRUE)</pre>
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1AKE.pdb exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6S36.pdb exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/6RZE.pdb exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3HPR.pdb exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4V.pdb exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/5EJE.pdb exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/1E4Y.pdb exists. Skipping download
Warning in get.pdb(hits$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3X2S.pdb exists. Skipping download
```

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAP.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAM.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4K46.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/3GMT.pdb exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4PZL.pdb exists. Skipping download

1		
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  =====	I	8%
  ==========	1	15%
  ===================================	I	23%
  ===================================	I	31%
  ===================================	I	38%
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 	I	77%
  ===================================	1	85%
l .		

```
92%
   ______
  |-----| 100%
#Aign superimposed structrures
pdbs <- pdbaln(files, fit = TRUE, exefile="msa")</pre>
Reading PDB files:
pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
    PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
      PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
. . .
Extracting sequences
            name: pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
            name: pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
            name: pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 3
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 4
            name: pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
```

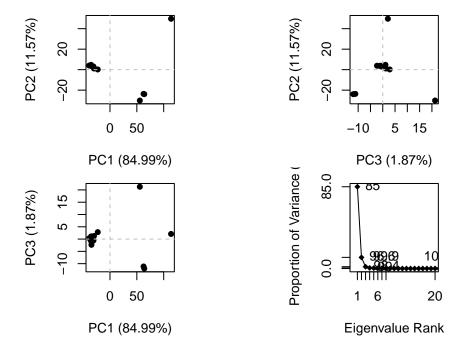
PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

name: pdbs/split\_chain/1E4V\_A.pdb

pdb/seq: 5

```
pdb/seq: 6
             name: pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
             name: pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 7
pdb/seq: 8
             name: pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 9
pdb/seq: 10
              name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
              name: pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 11
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
              name: pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 12
              name: pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 13
```

# pc.xray <- pca(pdbs) plot(pc.xray)</pre>



```
# Visualize first principal component
pc1 <- mktrj(pc.xray, pc=1, file="pc_1.pdb")</pre>
```

```
uniprot <- 248838887
pdb <- 195610
pdb/uniprot *100
```

[1] 0.0786091