

# DOCUMENTATION DU PROJET

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# RESUME

- Requirements to Run the Executable.
- Interface.
- Choosing Pictures
- Saving The Manipulated Pictures

MATPLOTLIB

Matplotlib is a Python library for creating static, animated, and interactive visualizations.

NUMPY

In image processing, NumPy is commonly used to represent and manipulate images as arrays, where each pixel's color information is stored in the array elements. You can apply various transformations, filters, and manipulations to images using NumPy's array operations, making it a powerful tool for image analysis and processing tasks.

RANDOM

The random module in Python provides functions for generating random numbers.

## REQUIREMENTS

```

←[1m=====
                        MENU D'OPTIONS
=====
1. Créer une image noire
2. Créer une image blanche
3. Créer une image noire et blanche
4. Inverser une image noire et blanche
5. Calculer la luminance
6. Calculer le contraste
7. Calculer la profondeur
8. Inverser une image grise
9. Flip horizontal
10. Poser une image sur l'autre
11. Poser une image à côté de l'autre
12. Générer une image RGB
13. Calculer la quantité de mémoire
14. Symétrie
15. Version grise
=====
←[0m

votre choix:

```

## Overview

The menu includes all functions each numbered with the name of the question provided in the PDF file

## Black and White Functions

Functions 1 to 4 and 8

These functions have treatment of pixels ranging from 1 to 0, so we can't implement RGB pictures with pixels as high as 255

## RGB and Numercial

The functions are split into 3 types,

1. Manipulating black and white pictures
2. Manipulating RGB and Black And white pictures

## RGB and Black and white

For these functions the work with pictures with whose pixels range from 0 to 255 , 5 – 6 – 7 – 9 to 15



## CHOOSING PICTURES

### PICKING IMAGES

In the previous slide, we showed that there are 2 types of functions, each will **manipulate a specific type of images with a specific format**, else it will result in an error.

#### Format

Supported formats are **\*.png , \*.jpg , \*.jpeg**

### BLACK AND WHITE

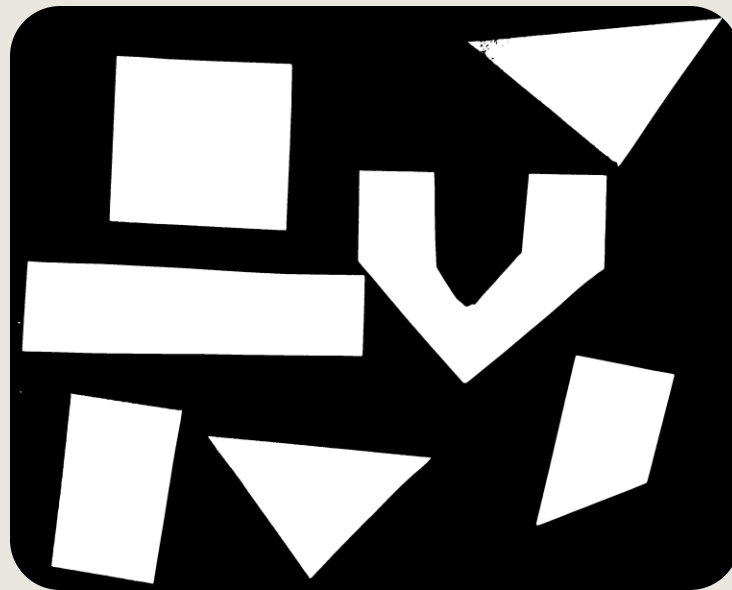
Black and white pictures, when converted to numpy arrays, the columns need to be in 0s and 1s **[[0 , 1 , 1 , 1 , 0], [ 0 , 1 , 0 , 0 , 1]]**

#### RGB

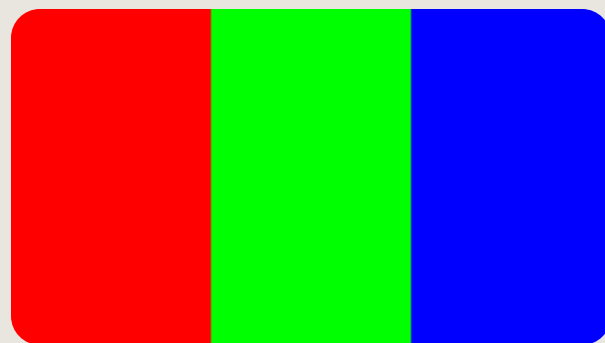
In RGB pictures , the pixels have to range from 0 to 255. The difference is that for RGB black is 0 and white is 255, while the previous only have 0 and 1s

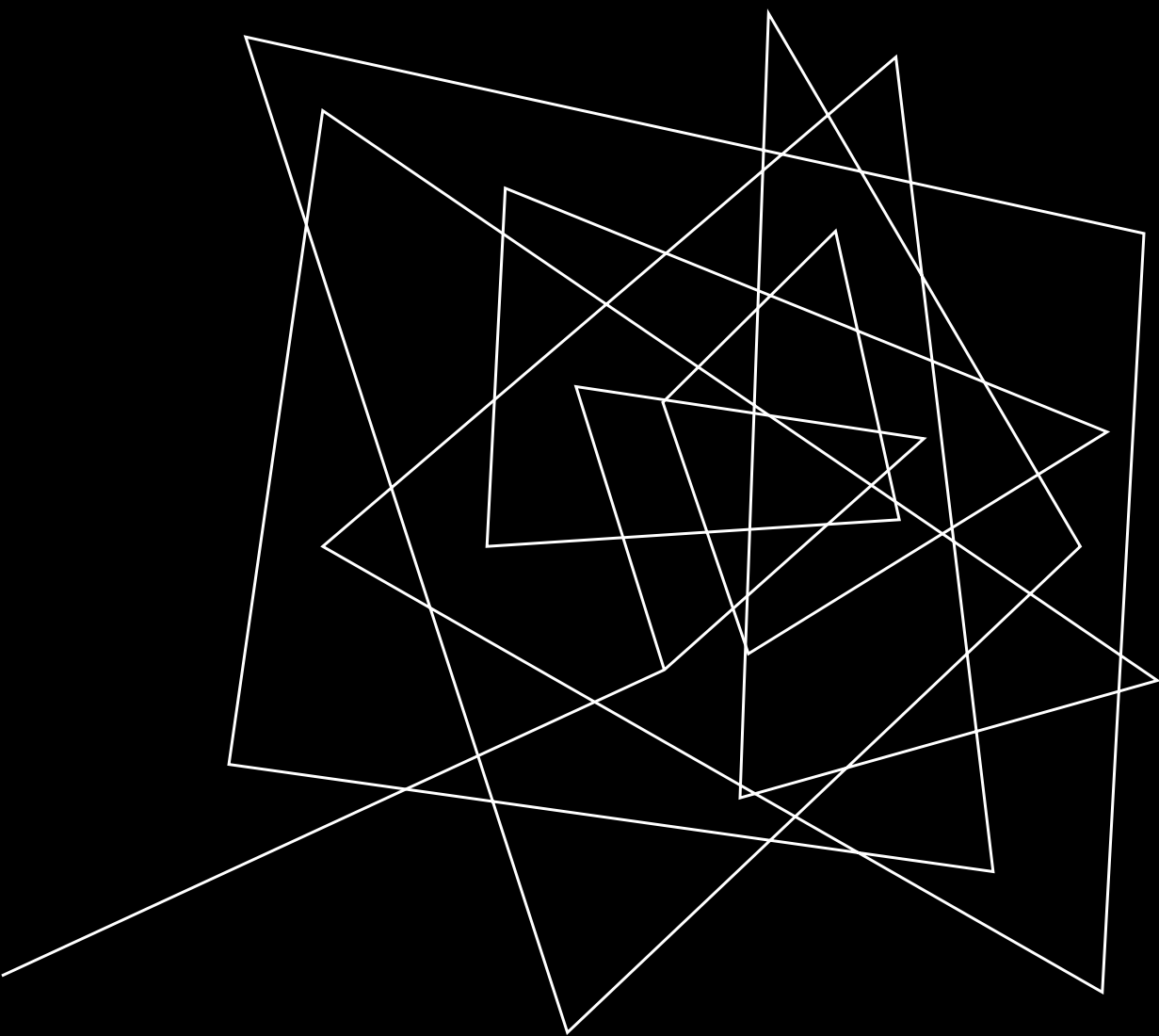
Next slide shows an  
example of each type :

BLACK AND  
WHITE



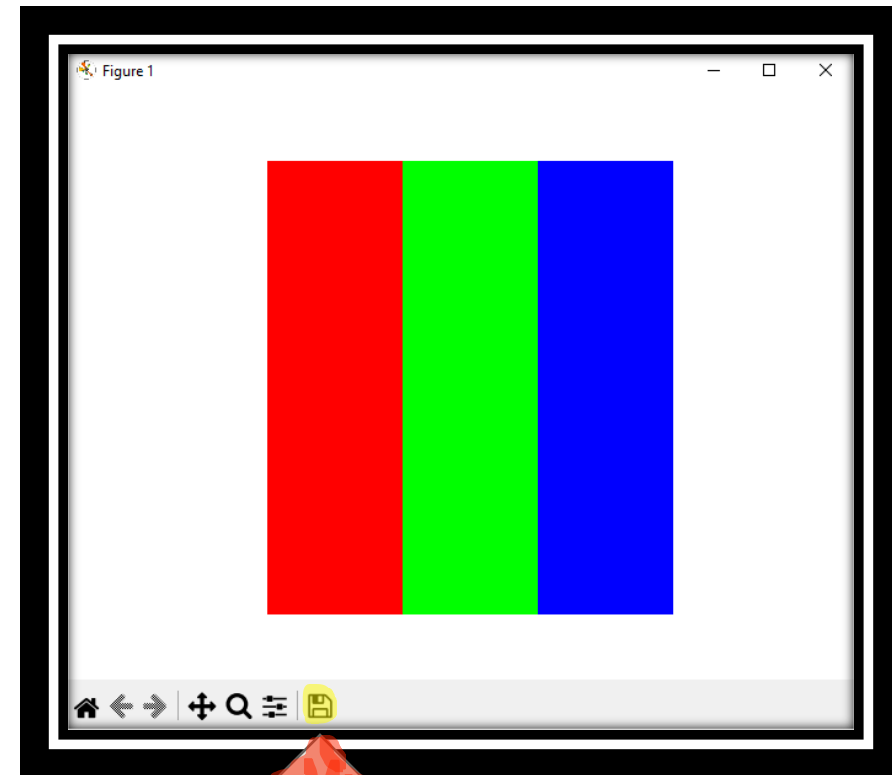
RGB





SAVING  
PICTURES?

YOU CAN SAVE PICTURES BY  
CLICKING THIS ICON UNDER THE  
GENERATED IMAGE







THANK YOU