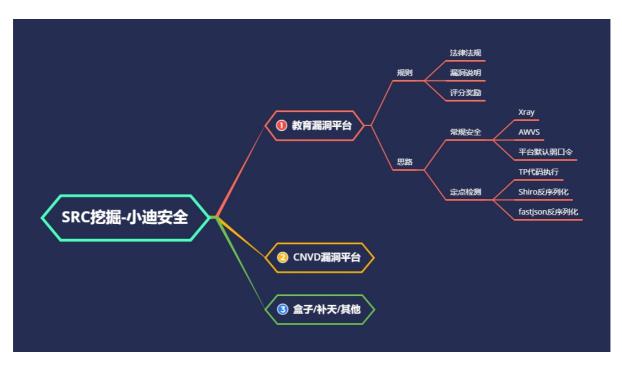
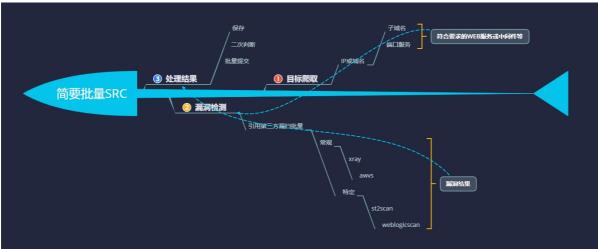
Day86 SRC挖掘-教育行业 平台&规则&批量自动化





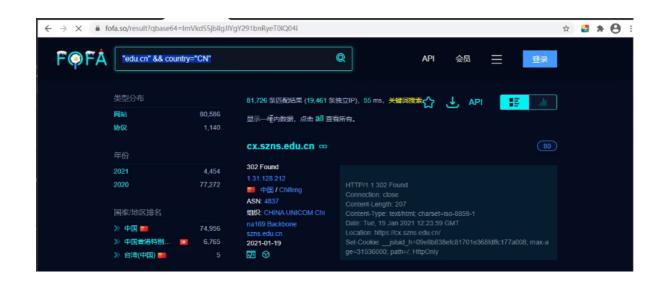
86.1 案例1: Python-Foda-Xray联动常规批量自动化

写Python脚本,将教育行业漏洞报告平台上的所有学校都爬下来。

```
1 import requests
2 import time
3 from lxml import etree
4
```

```
def get_edu_name():
        for i in range(1,196):
 6
            url =
    "https://src.sjtu.edu.cn/rank/firm/?
    page="+str(i)
 8
            try:
 9
                 result =
    requests.get(url).content.decode("UTF-8")
                soup = etree.HTML(result)
10
                name = soup.xpath('//td[@class="am-
11
    text-center"]/a/text()')
                print('->'+str(i))
12
                print(name)
13
                name = '\n'.join(name)
14
15
                with
    open(r'edu_name.txt','a+',encoding='utf-8') as
    f:
                         f.write(name + '\n')
16
17
            except Exception as e:
                time.sleep(0.5)
18
19
                pass
20
    if __name__ == '__main__':
21
        get_edu_name()
22
```

或者也可以在fofa上搜索 (需要买会员):



```
from lxml import etree
 def fofa search(search,yeshu):
     proxies = {'http://tps185.kdlapi.com:15818', 'https': 'http://tps185.kdlapi.com:15818', 'https://tps185.kdlapi.com
     headers={
         'user-agent':'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; WOW64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like C
     #search='title="BIG-IP®- Redirec'
     bs_search=str(base64.b64encode(search.encode("utf-8")), "utf-8")
     for page in range(1,yeshu+1):
         url='https://fofa.so/result?qbase64='+bs search+'&page='+str(page)
             result_requests.get(url_headers=headers_proxies=proxies).content
             #print(result.decode('utf-8'))
             #result_ip = soup.xpath('//*[@id="ajax_content"]/div/div/@a/@href') #获取a便
             #result ip = soup.xpath('//*[@target=" blank"]/@href') #获取符合条件的href内容
             result_ip = soup.xpath('//div[@class="fl box-sizing"]/div[@class="re-domain"]/a[@
             print('第'+str(page)+'页: ')
             print(result_ip)
             result_ip = '\n'.join(result_ip)
                 f.write(result ip+"\n")
                 f.close()
             time.sleep(1)
             time.sleep(1)
      fofa search('"edu.cn" && country="CN"',1000)
     #poc_check()
D:\Myproject\venv\Scripts\python.exe D:/Myproject/python/day77/fofa.py
['http://www.qinhan-art.cn', 'http://www.ylqipei.com.cn', 'http://www.gancen.cn', 'http://www.y
```

结果爬下来173861个教育网站地址。

```
edu—wrl. txt🗵 🔡 edu_wrls. txt🗵
173840 dns6.zzu.edu.cn
173841 music.zzu.edu.cn
173842 fanya.zzu.edu.cn
173843 fanyai.zzu.edu.cn
173844 www.ao.zzu.edu.cn
173845 subdomain
173846 www.zzyedu.cn
173847 zs.zzyedu.cn
173848 zzyedu.cn
173849 kczx.zzyedu.cn
173850 ehall.zzyedu.cn
173851 dns1.zzyedu.cn
173852 jy.zzyedu.cn
173853 zhhq.zzyedu.cn
173854 mail.zzyedu.cn
173855 sxsx.zzyedu.cn
173856 dns2.zzyedu.cn
173857 cw.zzyedu.cn
173858 oa.zzyedu.cn
173859 sec.zzyedu.cn
173860 ftp.zzyedu.cn
 73861
       ipkc.zzyedu.cn
```

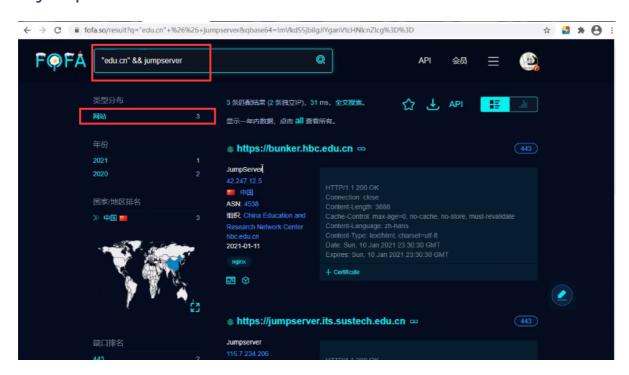
域名都爬下来之后,用xray,awvs等工具进行批量测试。

86.2 案例2: Python-Foda-Exploit联动定点批量自动化

在seebug (https://www.seebug.org/) 上找到一个最新的有POC的漏洞,对POC二次开发使之可以批量测试。比如jumpserver 远程命令执行漏洞

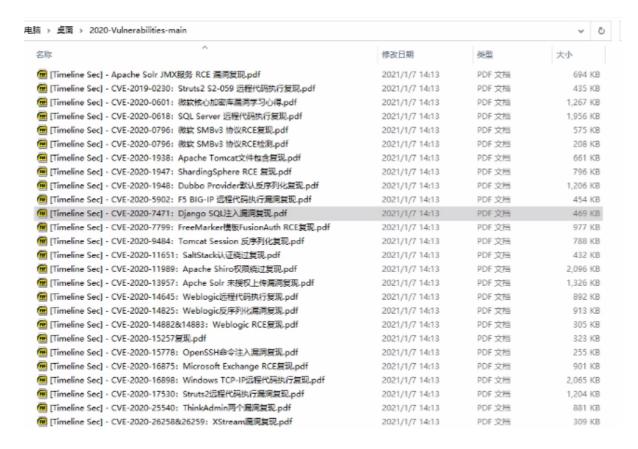


在fofa上搜索使用jumpserver的教育行业网站,找到3个网站使用了jumpserver。



对这3个网站使用poc自动化定点测试。

也可以去网上(https://github.com/TimelineSec/2020-Vulne rabilities)将最近的漏洞详情下载下来,写python脚本,批量检测。



注意: 盒子、补天等众测平台的漏洞不能批量扫描,只能人工测试。

86.3 案例3: Python-Foda-平台默认口令安全批量自动化

思路与上述类似,下面网址列出来大部分设备的默认口令:

https://github.com/ihebski/DefaultCreds-cheat-sheet

资源:

