# CRITICAL KERNELS Reference Manual $0.1\,$

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# Chapter 1

# CRITICAL KERNELS File Index

# 1.1 CRITICAL KERNELS File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

pgm2raw.c (Suppress the header from a pgm file)
raw2pgm.c (Converts from raw format into pgm format )
skel AK2.c (Parallel 2D binary curvilinear skeleton )
skel CK3.c (Parallel 3D binary curvilinear skeleton )
skel EK3.c (Parallel 3D binary curvilinear skeleton based on ends )
skel MK2.c (Parallel 2D binary ultimate skeleton )
skel MK3.c (Parallel 3D binary ultimate skeleton )
skel_NK2.c (Parallel 2D binary curvilinear skeleton )

# Chapter 2

# CRITICAL KERNELS File Documentation

## 2.1 pgm2raw.c File Reference

suppress the header from a pgm file

### 2.1.1 Detailed Description

suppress the header from a pgm file

Usage: pgm2raw in.pgm out.raw

**Description:** suppress the header from a pgm file

Types supported: byte 2d, byte 3d

Category: convert

Author:

## 2.2 raw2pgm.c File Reference

converts from raw format into pgm format

#### 2.2.1 Detailed Description

converts from raw format into pgm format

Usage: in.raw rs cs ds headersize nbytespervox littleendian [xdim ydim zdim] out.pgm

**Description:** Converts from raw format into pgm format.

Parameters:

- in.pgm: source file in raw format
- rs (int32\_t): row size (number of voxels in a row)
- **cs** (int32\_t): column size (number of voxels in a column)
- ds (int32 t): number of planes
- headersize (int32 t): size of the header in bytes (information in the header will be ignored)
- **nbytespervox** (int32 t): number of bytes per voxel (1, 2 or 4)
- littleendian (int32 t) 1: littleendian, 0: bigendian. Usual choice is 0.
- xdim (float, optional): gap (in the real world) between two adjacent voxels in a row.
- ydim (float, optional): gap (in the real world) between two adjacent voxels in a column.
- zdim (float, optional): gap (in the real world) between two adjacent planes.

Types supported: byte 3D, int16 t 3D, int32 t 3D

#### Warning:

Signed integers are not supported.

Category: convert

#### Author:

## 2.3 skel AK2.c File Reference

parallel 2D binary curvilinear skeleton

#### 2.3.1 Detailed Description

parallel 2D binary curvilinear skeleton

Usage: skel AK2 in.pgm nsteps [inhibit] out.pgm

**Description:** Parallel 2D binary thinning or curvilinear skeleton. The parameter **nsteps** gives, if positive, the number of parallel thinning steps to be processed. If the value given for **nsteps** equals -1, the thinning is continued until stability.

If the parameter **inhibit** is given and is a binary image name, then the points of this image will be left unchanged.

Reference: G. Bertrand and M. Couprie, "Two-dimensional thinning algorithms based on critical kernels", *Journal of Mathematical Imaging and Vision*, submitted, 2006. Preprint: IGM2006-02.

Types supported: byte 2d

Category: topobin

Author:

## 2.4 skel CK3.c File Reference

parallel 3D binary curvilinear skeleton

#### 2.4.1 Detailed Description

parallel 3D binary curvilinear skeleton

Usage: skel CK3 in.pgm nsteps [inhibit] out.pgm

**Description:** Parallel 3D binary thinning or curvilinear skeleton. The parameter **nsteps** gives, if positive, the number of parallel thinning steps to be processed. If the value given for **nsteps** equals -1, the thinning is continued until stability.

If the parameter **inhibit** is given and is a binary image name, then the points of this image will be left unchanged.

Types supported: byte 3d

Category: topobin

Author:

# 2.5 skel EK3.c File Reference

parallel 3D binary curvilinear skeleton based on ends

#### 2.5.1 Detailed Description

parallel 3D binary curvilinear skeleton based on ends

Usage: skel EK3 in.pgm nsteps [inhibit] out.pgm

**Description:** Parallel 3D binary thinning or curvilinear skeleton based on ends. The parameter **nsteps** gives, if positive, the number of parallel thinning steps to be processed. If the value given for **nsteps** equals -1, the thinning is continued until stability.

If the parameter **inhibit** is given and is a binary image name, then the points of this image will be left unchanged.

Types supported: byte 3d

Category: topobin

Author:

## 2.6 skel MK2.c File Reference

parallel 2D binary ultimate skeleton

#### 2.6.1 Detailed Description

parallel 2D binary ultimate skeleton

Usage: skel MK2 in.pgm nsteps [inhibit] out.pgm

**Description:** Parallel 2D binary thinning or ultimate skeleton. The parameter **nsteps** gives, if positive, the number of parallel thinning steps to be processed. If the value given for **nsteps** equals -1, the thinning is continued until stability.

If the parameter **inhibit** is given and is a binary image name, then the points of this image will be left unchanged.

Reference: G. Bertrand and M. Couprie, "Two-dimensional thinning algorithms based on critical kernels", *Journal of Mathematical Imaging and Vision*, submitted, 2006. Preprint: IGM2006-02.

Types supported: byte 2d

Category: topobin

Author:

## 2.7 skel MK3.c File Reference

parallel 3D binary ultimate skeleton

#### 2.7.1 Detailed Description

parallel 3D binary ultimate skeleton

Usage: skel MK3 in.pgm nsteps [inhibit] out.pgm

**Description:** Parallel 3D binary thinning or ultimate skeleton. The parameter **nsteps** gives, if positive, the number of parallel thinning steps to be processed. If the value given for **nsteps** equals -1, the thinning is continued until stability.

If the parameter **inhibit** is given and is a binary image name, then the points of this image will be left unchanged.

Reference: G. Bertrand and M. Couprie, "New 3D parallel thinning algorithms based on critical kernels", *Discrete geometry for computer imagery*, Lecture Notes in Computer Science, Vol. 4245, pp. 580-591, Springer, 2006.

Types supported: byte 3d

Category: topobin

Author:

# 2.8 skel NK2.c File Reference

parallel 2D binary curvilinear skeleton

#### 2.8.1 Detailed Description

parallel 2D binary curvilinear skeleton

Usage: skel NK2 in.pgm nsteps [inhibit] out.pgm

**Description:** Parallel 2D binary thinning or curvilinear skeleton. The parameter **nsteps** gives, if positive, the number of parallel thinning steps to be processed. If the value given for **nsteps** equals -1, the thinning is continued until stability.

If the parameter **inhibit** is given and is a binary image name, then the points of this image will be left unchanged.

Reference: G. Bertrand and M. Couprie, "Two-dimensional thinning algorithms based on critical kernels", *Journal of Mathematical Imaging and Vision*, submitted, 2006. Preprint: IGM2006-02.

Types supported: byte 2d

Category: topobin

Author:

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