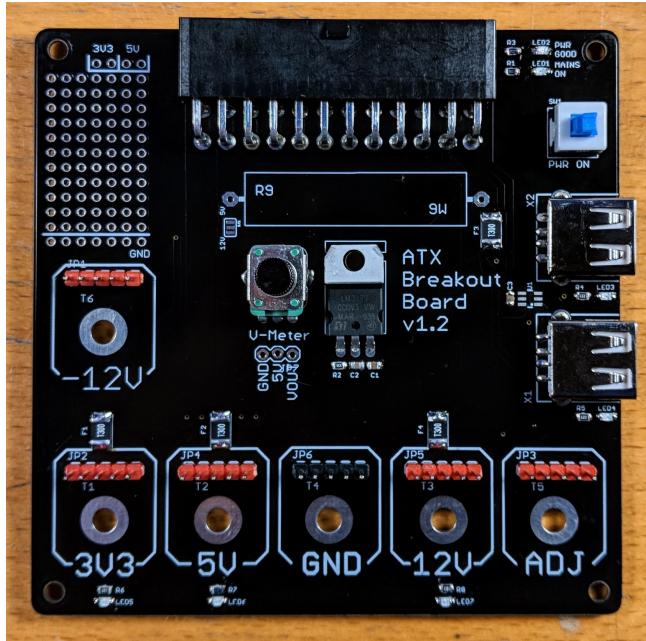


ATX Breakout Board

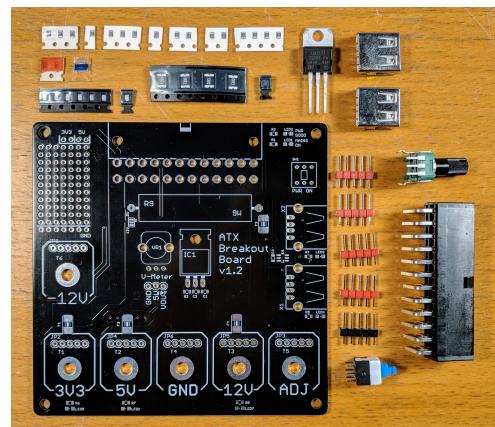


Quantity	Name	Description	Signing/Colorcode
3	R1, R3, R7	3.3 kΩ 0805 resistor	332
1	R2	330 Ω 0805 resistor	331
3	R4, R5, R6	1.2 kΩ 0805 resistor	122
1	R8	10 kΩ 0805 resistor	103
1	R9	9 Ω 10 W power resistor (optional)	
2	R10, R15	43 kΩ 0805 resistor	433
4	R12, R14, R17, R19	51 kΩ 0805 resistor	5102 or 513
2	R11, R16	75 kΩ 0805 resistor	753
2	C1,C3	0.1 μF 0805 SMD capacitor	red stripe
1	C2	1 μF 0805 SMD capacitor	blue stripe
6	LED1, LED3-LED7	0805 SMD LED red	
1	LED2	0805 SMD LED green	
4	F1,-F4	1812 SMD PTC Fuse 3 A	T300
1	U2	TPS2513	
1	IC1	LM-317 (through hole)	
2	X1, X2	USB female connector (through hole)	
6	JP1-JP6	5-pin header	
1	JP7	3-pin header (optional)	
1	SW1	8 mm x 8 mm push button	
1	VR1	2 kΩ PCB mount potentiometer 9 mm	
1	J1	24-pin ATX connector	
5	T1-T3, T5, T6,	Red/Black 4 mm Binding Post	
1	T4	Red/Black 4 mm Binding Post	
1	Board		

Difficulty: ●●●●○

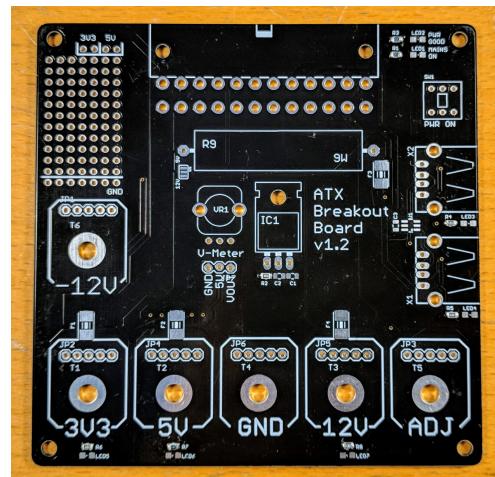
Step 1

- a) Hint: Resistors (white package) have printed numbers on it and can be found in the overview (direction does not matter)
- b) Capacitors are marked with colours (direction does not matter)
- c) LEDs are in the black packes (DIRECTION IMPORTANT)



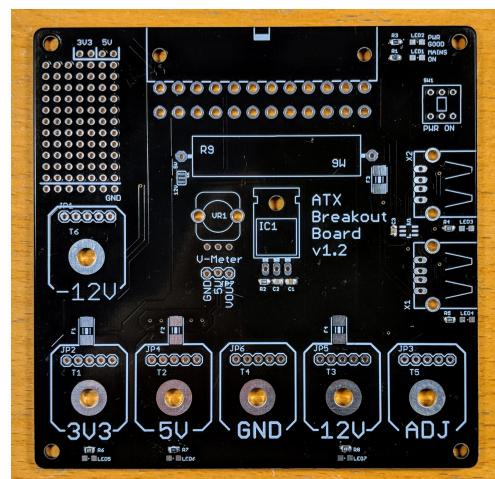
Step 2

- a) Carefull: Check printed numbers on the resistors with the overview
- b) Solder Resistors R1 - R19 to the board front and back
- c) Direction of the resistors not important
- d) R9, R13 and R18 are not needed



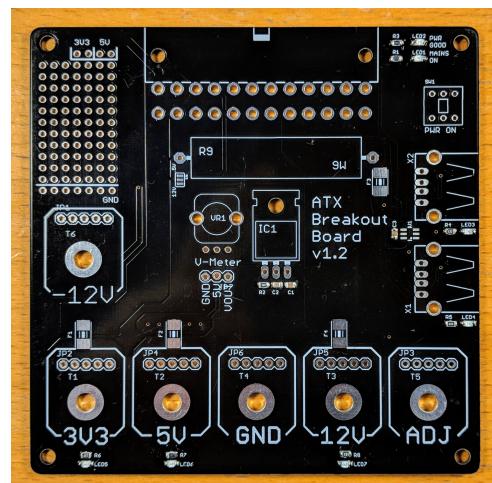
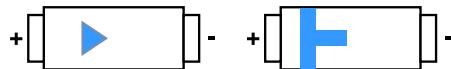
Step 3

- a) Solder capacitor C1 - C3 on the board
- b) Begin with capacitor C2
- c) Direction of the capacitor is not important



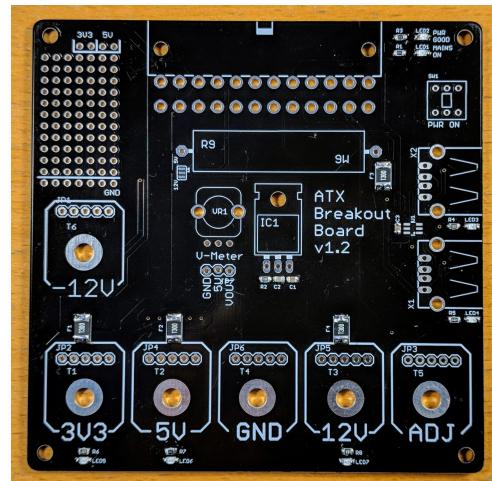
Step 4

- a) Carefull: LEDs do have a direction! Solder LED 1 - 7 to the board
- b) LED2 is the green LED (single black package)
- c) A dot is printed on the board. The horizontal line on the backside (can also be a arrow) of the LED needs to show in the direction of the dot.
- d) Hint: LEDs have a green mark on the front side this can help for orientation but is hard to recognize.



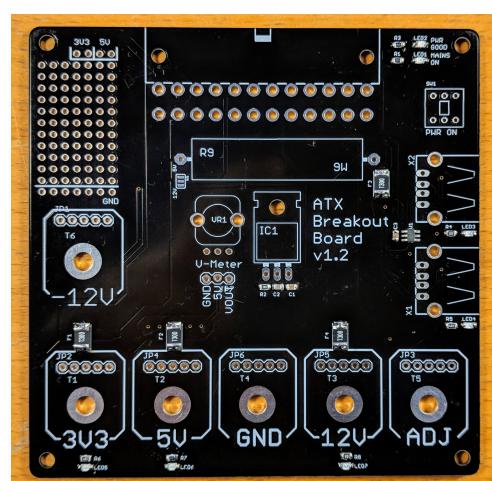
Step 5

- a) Solder fuse F1 - F4 to the board
- b) Direction of the fuse is not important



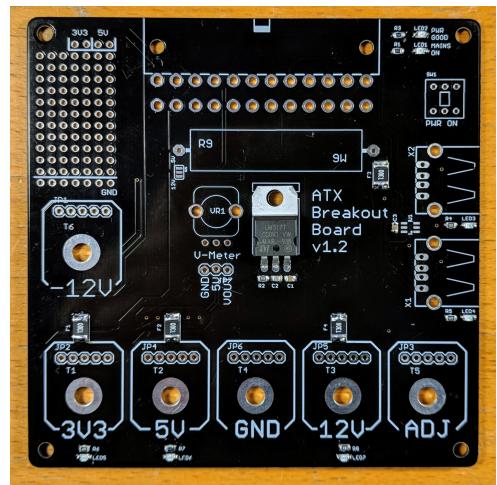
Step 6

- a) Carefull: Direction important! Solder TPS2513 (6 pins) to the board
- b) A vertical line (very fine!) is printed on the board and the chip. Both lines are marking the direction and need to match



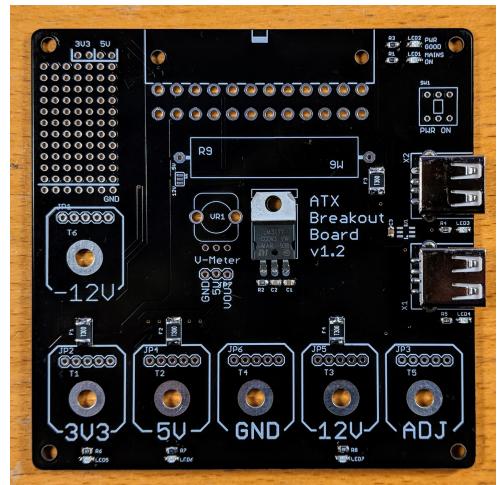
Step 7

- a) Solder LM-317 to the board
- b) Hint: Bend the legs before soldering



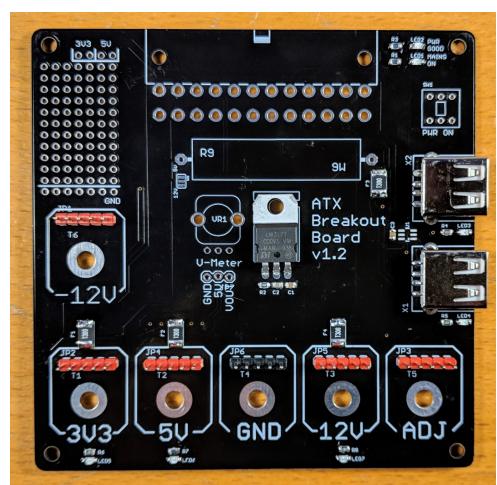
Step 8

- a) Solder USB connector X1 and X2 to the board
- b) Hint: It is possible that some holder-noses needs to be clipped



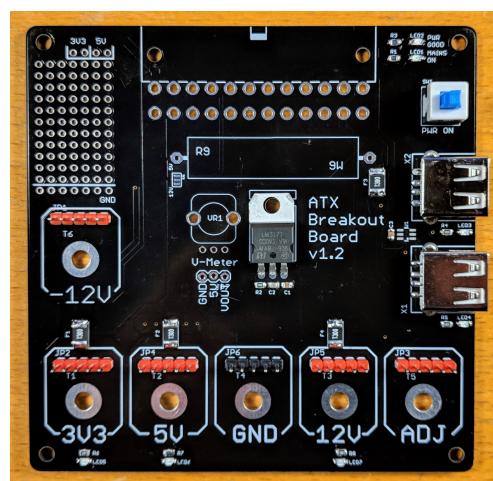
Step 9

- a) Solder the pin header JP1 - JP6 with the short side to the board
- b) JP7 is optional and is only needed if you want a V-Meter



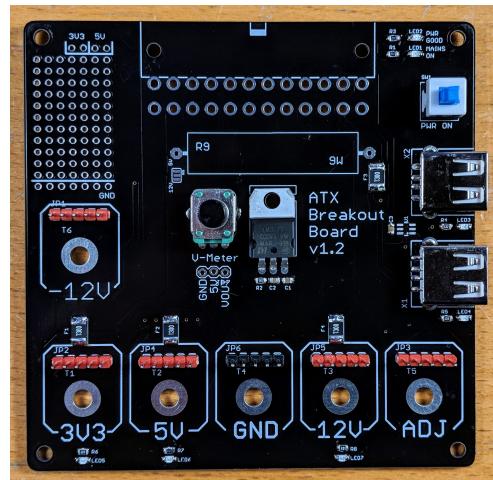
Step 10

- a) Solder switch SW1 to the board
- b) Direction not important



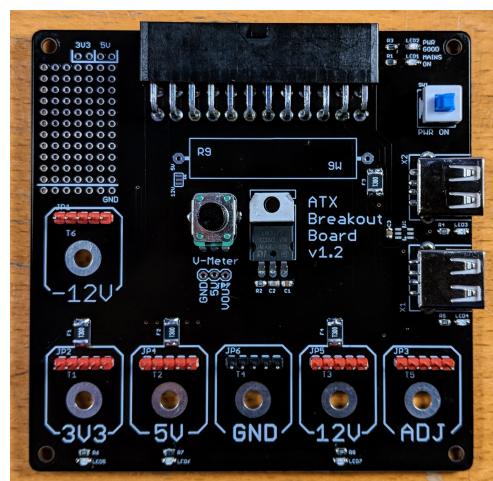
Step 11

- a) Solder potentiometer VR1 to the board



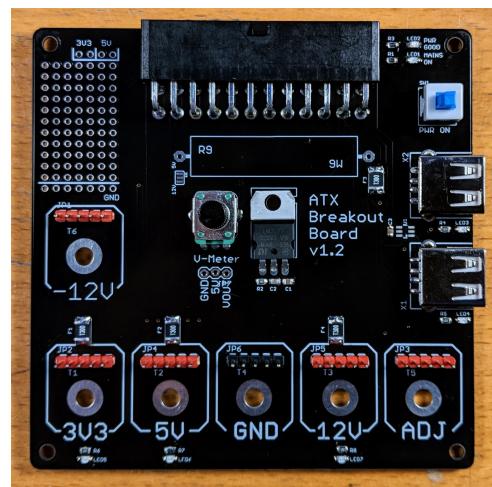
Step 12

- a) Solder ATX connector J1 to the board



Step 13

- Screw black and red binding posts to the board



Step 14

- Optional: If you have nylon legs, push them into the holes in the corner
- Optional: To prevent shortages put some hot glue on the back of the ATX connectors
- Hint: The pin-filed on the top left corner is for development and will not be soldered

