

The Pattern Recognition 's homework

Wu Bingzhe

1200010666

The school of mathematical science

October 19, 2015

1 Ex 1

The log-likelihood function is:

$$L(\mu) = \ln p(\mathcal{X}|\mu) = \sum_{i=1}^N \ln p(x_i|\mu) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N (x_i - \mu)^2 + C \quad (1)$$

The derivation of $L(\mu)$, we could get that :

$$\frac{\partial L(\mu)}{\partial \mu} = \sum_{i=1}^N x_i - N\mu = 0$$

So the maximum likelihood estimation of $\hat{\mu} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i$

The bayesian estimation :

First we get the posterior:

$$\begin{aligned} p(\mu|\mathcal{X}) &= \frac{p(\mathcal{X}|\mu)p(\mu)}{\int p(\mathcal{X}|\mu)p(\mu)d\mu} \\ &= \alpha \prod_{i=1}^N p(x_i|u)p(u) \\ &= \alpha \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left[-\frac{(x_i - u)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right] \cdot \sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_0 \exp\left[-\frac{(u - u_0)^2}{2\sigma_0^2}\right] \\ &= \alpha' \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left[\left(\frac{N}{\sigma^2} + \frac{1}{\sigma_0^2}\right)\mu^2 - 2\left(\frac{1}{\sigma^2} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i + \frac{\sigma_0}{\sigma_0^2}\right)\mu\right]\right] \end{aligned}$$

According to the formula ,apply the method of undetermined coefficients ,we can get that :

$$\hat{u} = \int \mu p(\mu|\mathcal{X})d\mu = \int \mu \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_N} \exp\left[-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{u - u_N}{\sigma_N}\right)^2\right]d\mu = u_N$$

Combine with $\sigma = 1, u_0 = 0, \sigma_0 = 1$, we can get the bayesian estimation :

$$\hat{\mu} = \frac{1}{N+1} \sum_{i=1}^N x_i$$

2 Ex 2

According to the theory of maximum likelihood estimation and derivation of EX1,

$$l(\theta) = P(x|\theta) = \prod_{k=1}^n p(x_k|\theta)$$

$$H(\theta) = \ln l(\theta) = \sum_{k=1}^n \ln p(x_k|\theta) = \sum_{k=1}^n \sum_{i=1}^d [x_{ki} \ln(\theta_i) + (1 - x_{ki}) \ln(1 - \theta_i)]$$

$$\text{In terms of } 0 = \frac{\partial H(\theta)}{\partial \theta_i} = \sum_{k=1}^n \left[\frac{x_{ki}}{\theta_i} - \frac{1 - x_{ki}}{1 - \theta_i} \right]$$

We get that:

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n x_{ki}, i = 1, \dots, d;$$

$$\text{So, } \hat{\theta} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n x_k$$

3 Ex3

According to the theory of bayes estimation,