## CSC 623 Project Part 2 Binjie Shen, Yuming Wang, Max Ding

a)

Derive relations from the conceptual model:

Client (clientNo, fName, lName, address, tel)

Employee (staffNo, fName, lName, address, salary, tel)

Requirement (<u>reqID</u>, startDate, startTime, duration, comment)

Equipment (equipID, description, usage, cost)

Relationships:

Client and Requirement: one-to-many Employee and Requirement: many-to-many Equipment and Requirement: many-to-many

Add clientNo to Requirement as foreign key (parent entity: Client, child entity: Requirement).

Create relation to represent the relationship between Employee and Requirement.

Create relation to represent the relationship between Equipment and Requirement.

Client (clientNo, fName, lName, address, tel)

Employee (staffNo, fName, lName, address, salary, tel)

Requirement (reqID, startDate, startTime, duration, comment, clientNo)

Equipment (equipID, description, usage, cost)

Assignment (staffNo, regID) (linking Employee and Requirement)

Usage (equipID, reqID) (linking Equipment and Requirement)

b)

1NF: All tables must have a primary key and no repeating groups or arrays. Each attribute must have atomic values.

2NF: All tables in 1NF and all non-key attributes must be fully functionally dependent on the primary key.

3NF: All tables in 2NF and no transitive dependencies

Client (clientNo, fName, lName, address, tel)

Employee (staffNo, fName, lName, address, salary, tel)

Requirement (reqID, startDate, startTime, duration, comment, clientNo)

Equipment (equipID, description, usage, cost)

Assignment (staffNo, reqID) (linking Employee and Requirement)

Usage (equipID, reqID) (linking Equipment and Requirement)

All tables in 3NF

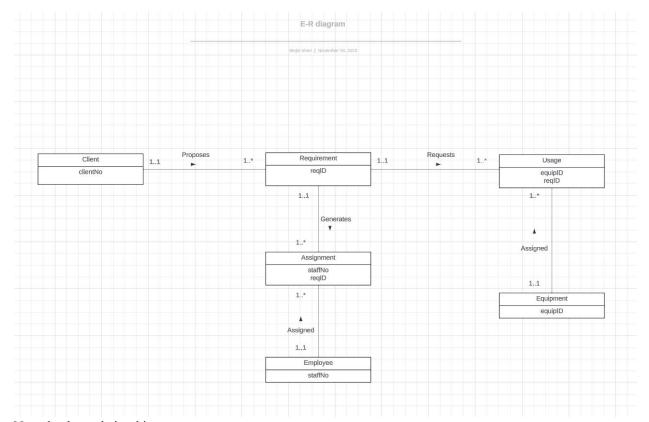
c)

Validate the logical model against user transactions:

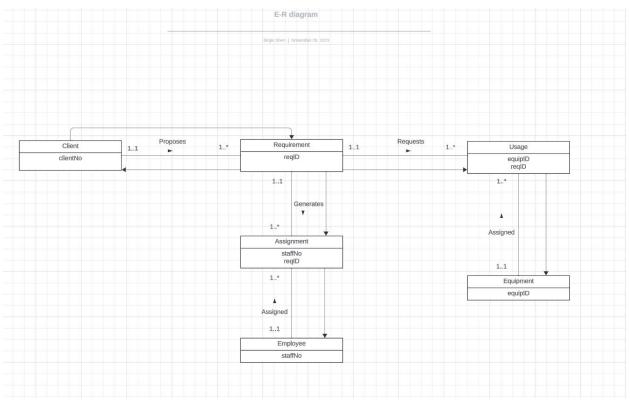
A client can requests multiple requirements.

An employee can be assigned to multiple requirements.

A piece of equipment can be used to fit multiple requirements.



## No redundant relationships



The logical model supports the user transactions.

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Define integrity constraints:
Primary key constraints:
        Client: clientNo
        Employee: staffNo
        Requirement: reqID
        Equipment: equipID
         Assignment: composite key of staffNo and reqID
        Usage: composite key of equipID and reqID
ii)
Referential integrity/ Foreign key constraints:
         Requirement: clientNo references Client(clientNo).
         Assignment: staffNo references Employee(staffNo) and reqID references
                 Requirement(regID).
         Usage: equipID references Equipment(equipID) and reqID references
        Requirement(reqID).
iii)
Alternate key constraints:
        No alternate key except for all the primary keys.
iv)
Required data:
        Client: all fields are required.
        Employee: all fields are required.
        Requirement reqID, startDate, startTime, duration, clientNo should be required.
        Equipment equipID, description, and cost should be required.
         Assignment: all fields are required.
         Usage: all fields are required.
v)
Attribute domain constraints:
         Client, Employee: tel should be a valid phone number formats
        Employee: salary might have a minimum value
        Requirement: startDate and startTime should be valid dates and times; duration should
        have a range.
        Equipment: cost should be a positive number.
vi)
General constraints:
        Employee cannot be assigned to some requirement past the duration.
         StartTime should not be some day in the past.
E-R diagram for the logical level
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