

# 117. Populating Next Right Pointers in Each Node II

Difficulty: Medium

Related Topics: Tree Depth-first Search

Similar Questions: Populating Next Right Pointers in Each Node

## Problem

Given a binary tree

```
struct TreeLinkNode {
    TreeLinkNode *left;
    TreeLinkNode *right;
    TreeLinkNode *next;
}
```

Populate each next pointer to point to its next right node. If there is no next right node, the next pointer should be set to `NULL`.

Initially, all next pointers are set to `NULL`.

**Note:**

- You may only use constant extra space.
- Recursive approach is fine, implicit stack space does not count as extra space for this problem.

**Example:**

Given the following binary tree,

```
      1
     / \
    2   3
   / \   \
  4  5   7
```

After calling your function, the tree should look like:

```
      1 -> NULL
     /  \
    2 -> 3 -> NULL
   / \   \
  4-> 5 -> 7 -> NULL
```

## Solution 1

```
/**
 * Definition for binary tree with next pointer.
 * function TreeLinkNode(val) {
 *     this.val = val;
 *     this.left = this.right = this.next = null;
 * }
 */

/**
 * @param {TreeLinkNode} root
 * @return {void} Do not return anything, modify tree in-place instead.
 */
var connect = function(root) {
    var stack = [];
    var tmp = null;
    var node = null;
    var next = null;
    var level = 0;

    if (root) stack.push([root, 0]);

    while (stack.length) {
        tmp = stack.shift();
        node = tmp[0];
        level = tmp[1];

        next = stack[0] && stack[0][1] === level ? stack[0][0] : null;

        node.next = next;

        if (node.left) stack.push([node.left, level + 1]);
        if (node.right) stack.push([node.right, level + 1]);
    }
};
```

**Explain:**

nope.

**Complexity:**

- Time complexity :  $O(n)$ .
- Space complexity :  $O(n)$ .

## Solution 2

```
/**
 * Definition for binary tree with next pointer.
 * function TreeLinkNode(val) {
 *     this.val = val;
 *     this.left = this.right = this.next = null;
 * }
 */

/**
 * @param {TreeLinkNode} root
 * @return {void} Do not return anything, modify tree in-place instead.
 */
var connect = function(root) {
    var now = root;
    var cur = null;
    var tmp = null;
    var last = null;
    while (now) {
        tmp = new TreeLinkNode(0);
        last = tmp;
        cur = now;
        while (cur) {
            if (cur.left) { last.next = cur.left; last = last.next; }
            if (cur.right) { last.next = cur.right; last = last.next; }
            cur = cur.next;
        }
        now = tmp.next;
    }
};
```

**Explain:**

nope.

**Complexity:**

- Time complexity :  $O(n)$ .
- Space complexity :  $O(1)$ .

