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1  |----- MODULE XJupiter -----|
   | Specification of the Jupiter protocol described in CSCW'2014 by Yi Xu, Chengzheng Sun, and |
   | Mo Li. We call it XJupiter, with 'X' for "Xu". |
7  | EXTENDS JupiterCtx, GraphsUtil |
8  |-----|
9  | VARIABLES |
   | The 2D state spaces (ss, for short). Each client maintains one 2D state space. The server |
   | maintains n 2D state spaces, one for each client. |
15 |   c2ss,   c2ss[c]: the 2D state space at client c ∈ Client |
16 |   s2ss    s2ss[c]: the 2D state space maintained by the Server for client c ∈ Client |
18 |   vars ≜ ⟨intVars, ctxVars, c2ss, s2ss⟩ |
19 |-----|
   | Direction flags for edges in 2D state spaces and OT. |
23 |   Local ≜ 0 |
24 |   Remote ≜ 1 |
   | A 2D state space is a directed graph with labeled edges. It is represented by a record with node |
   | field and edge field. Each node is characterized by its context, a set of operations. Each edge is |
   | labeled with an operation and a direction flag indicating whether this edge is LOCAL or REMOTE. |
   | For clarity, we denote edges by records instead of tuples. |
33 |   IsSS(G) ≜ |
34 |     ∧ G = [node ↦ G.node, edge ↦ G.edge] |
35 |     ∧ G.node ⊆ (SUBSET Oid) |
36 |     ∧ G.edge ⊆ [from : G.node, to : G.node, cop : Cop, lr : {Local, Remote}] |
38 |   TypeOK ≜ |
39 |     ∧ TypeOKInt |
40 |     ∧ TypeOKCtx |
41 |     ∧ Comm(Cop)! TypeOK |
42 |     ∧ ∀ c ∈ Client : IsSS(c2ss[c]) ∧ IsSS(s2ss[c]) |
43 |-----|
44 |   Init ≜ |
45 |     ∧ InitInt |
46 |     ∧ InitCtx |
47 |     ∧ Comm(Cop)! Init |
48 |     ∧ c2ss = [c ∈ Client ↦ EmptyGraph] |
49 |     ∧ s2ss = [c ∈ Client ↦ EmptyGraph] |
50 |-----|
   | Locate the node in the 2D state space ss which matches the context ctx of cop. |
54 |   Locate(cop, ss) ≜ CHOOSE n ∈ ss.node : n = cop.ctx |
   | xForm: iteratively transform cop with a path through the 2D state space ss at some client, |
   | following the edges with the direction flag d. |
60 |   xForm(cop, ss, current, d) ≜ |
61 |     LET u ≜ Locate(cop, ss) |
62 |       v ≜ u ∪ {cop.oid} |
63 |     RECURSIVE xFormHelper(−, −, −, −, −)

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64      'h' stands for "helper"; xss: eXtra ss created during transformation
65      xFormHelper(uh, vh, coph, xss, xcoph)  $\triangleq$ 
66      IF uh = current
67      THEN  $\langle xss, xcoph \rangle$ 
68      ELSE LET e  $\triangleq$  CHOOSE e  $\in$  ss.edge : e.from = uh  $\wedge$  e.lr = d
69      uprime  $\triangleq$  e.to
70      copprime  $\triangleq$  e.cop
71      coph2copprime  $\triangleq$  COT(coph, copprime)
72      copprime2coph  $\triangleq$  COT(copprime, coph)
73      vprime  $\triangleq$  vh  $\cup$  {copprime.oid}
74      IN xFormHelper(uprime, vprime, coph2copprime,
75      [node  $\mapsto$  xss.node  $\cup$  {vprime},
76      edge  $\mapsto$  xss.edge  $\cup$  {[from  $\mapsto$  vh, to  $\mapsto$  vprime, cop  $\mapsto$  copprime2coph, lr  $\mapsto$  d],
77      [from  $\mapsto$  uprime, to  $\mapsto$  vprime, cop  $\mapsto$  coph2copprime, lr  $\mapsto$   $1 - d$ ]},
78      coph2copprime)
79      IN xFormHelper(u, v, cop, [node  $\mapsto$  {v}, edge  $\mapsto$  {[from  $\mapsto$  u, to  $\mapsto$  v, cop  $\mapsto$  cop, lr  $\mapsto$   $1 - d$ ]}, cop)
80  |-----|
      Client c  $\in$  Client perform operation cop guided by the direction flag d.
84  ClientPerform(cop, c, d)  $\triangleq$ 
85      LET xform  $\triangleq$  xForm(cop, c2ss[c], ds[c], d) xform:  $\langle xss, xcop \rangle$ 
86      xss  $\triangleq$  xform[1]
87      xcop  $\triangleq$  xform[2]
88      IN  $\wedge$  c2ss' = [c2ss EXCEPT ![c] = @  $\oplus$  xss]
89       $\wedge$  state' = [state EXCEPT ![c] = Apply(xcop.op, @)]
      Client c  $\in$  Client generates an operation op.
93  DoOp(c, op)  $\triangleq$ 
94      LET cop  $\triangleq$  [op  $\mapsto$  op, oid  $\mapsto$  [c  $\mapsto$  c, seq  $\mapsto$  cseq'[c], ctx  $\mapsto$  ds[c]]
95      IN  $\wedge$  ClientPerform(cop, c, Remote)
96       $\wedge$  UpdateDS(c, cop)
97       $\wedge$  Comm(Cop)! CSend(cop)

99  DoIns(c)  $\triangleq$ 
100       $\exists$  ins  $\in$  {op  $\in$  Ins : op.pos  $\in$   $1 \dots (\text{Len}(\text{state}[c]) + 1) \wedge$  op.ch  $\in$  chins  $\wedge$  op.pr = Priority[c]} :
101       $\wedge$  DoOp(c, ins)
102       $\wedge$  chins' = chins  $\setminus$  {ins.ch} We assume that all inserted elements are unique.

104  DoDel(c)  $\triangleq$ 
105       $\exists$  del  $\in$  {op  $\in$  Del : op.pos  $\in$   $1 \dots \text{Len}(\text{state}[c])$ } :
106       $\wedge$  DoOp(c, del)
107       $\wedge$  UNCHANGED chins

109  Do(c)  $\triangleq$ 
110       $\wedge$  DoCtx(c)
111       $\wedge$   $\vee$  DoIns(c)
112       $\vee$  DoDel(c)

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113       $\wedge$  UNCHANGED  $s2ss$ 
      Client  $c \in Client$  receives a message from the Server.
117   $Rev(c) \triangleq$ 
118       $\wedge Comm(Cop)!CRev(c)$ 
119       $\wedge$  LET  $cop \triangleq Head(cincoming[c])$  the received (transformed) operation
120      IN  $ClientPerform(cop, c, Local)$ 
121       $\wedge RevCtx(c)$ 
122       $\wedge$  UNCHANGED  $\langle chins, s2ss \rangle$ 
123  |
      The Server performs operation cop.
127   $ServerPerform(cop) \triangleq$ 
128      LET  $c \triangleq cop.oid.c$ 
129       $scur \triangleq ds[Server]$ 
130       $xform \triangleq xForm(cop, s2ss[c], scur, Remote)$   $xform: \langle xss, xcop \rangle$ 
131       $xss \triangleq xform[1]$ 
132       $xcop \triangleq xform[2]$ 
133       $xcur \triangleq scur \cup \{cop.oid\}$ 
134      IN  $\wedge s2ss' = [cl \in Client \mapsto$ 
135          IF  $cl = c$ 
136          THEN  $s2ss[cl] \oplus xss$ 
137          ELSE  $s2ss[cl] \oplus [node \mapsto \{xcur\},$ 
138               $edge \mapsto \{[from \mapsto scur, to \mapsto xcur,$ 
139                   $cop \mapsto xcop, lr \mapsto Remote]\}]$ 
140      ]
141       $\wedge state' = [state \text{ EXCEPT } ![Server] = Apply(xcop.op, @)]$ 
142       $\wedge Comm(Cop)!SSendSame(c, xcop)$  broadcast the transformed operation
      The Server receives a message.
146   $SRev \triangleq$ 
147       $\wedge Comm(Cop)!SRev$ 
148       $\wedge$  LET  $cop \triangleq Head(sincoming)$ 
149      IN  $ServerPerform(cop)$ 
150       $\wedge SRevCtx$ 
151       $\wedge$  UNCHANGED  $\langle chins, c2ss \rangle$ 
152  |
153   $Next \triangleq$ 
154       $\vee \exists c \in Client : Do(c) \vee Rev(c)$ 
155       $\vee SRev$ 
157   $Fairness \triangleq$ 
158       $WF_{vars}(SRev \vee \exists c \in Client : Rev(c))$ 
160   $Spec \triangleq Init \wedge \Box[Next]_{vars} \wedge Fairness$ 
161  |
      In Jupiter (not limited to XJupiter), each client synchronizes with the server. In XJupiter, this
      is expressed as the following CSSync property.

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166  CSSync  $\triangleq$ 
167     $\forall c \in Client : (ds[c] = ds[Server]) \Rightarrow c2ss[c] = s2ss[c]$ 
168  ┌
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