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- module \mathit{Op} -
 1 [
     Model checking basic operations on strings (i.e., list of characters).
    EXTENDS Naturals, Sequences,
          Additional Math Operators,\ Additional Set Operators,\ Additional Sequence Operators
 8 |
                         Char
     CONSTANTS
                                    set of characters allowed
11 List \triangleq Seq(Char)
                                  all possible lists/strings
     ListUptoLen(len) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} UNION \{ [1 ... m \rightarrow Char] : m \in 0 ... len \}
                                                                                                including the empty list \langle \rangle
13 F
     The set of all operations.
    Rd \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type : \{ \text{"Rd"} \}] a read specifies no arguments
    Ins \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type : {\text{"Del"}}, pos : PosInt] a deletion specifies a position, indexed from 1
     Del \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type: \{ \text{"Ins"} \}, pos: PosInt, \overline{ch}: Char, pr: PosInt] an insertion also specifies a character and a priority
     Op \stackrel{\Delta}{=} Ins \cup Del Now we focus on "Ins" and "Del".
    Nop \stackrel{\Delta}{=} PickNone(Op) Nop: an operation representing "doing nothing"
     Some operations for test.
    Del1 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} [type \mapsto "Del", pos \mapsto 1]
    Del2 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} [type \mapsto "Del", pos \mapsto 2]
    Del3 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto "Del", pos \mapsto 3]
    Del4 \triangleq [type \mapsto "Del", pos \mapsto 4]
     Ins1 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto "Ins", pos \mapsto 1, ch \mapsto "a", pr \mapsto 1]
     Ins2 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto "Ins", pos \mapsto 2, ch \mapsto "b", pr \mapsto 2]
     Ins3 \stackrel{\triangle}{=} [type \mapsto "Ins", pos \mapsto 3, ch \mapsto "c", pr \mapsto 3]
     Ops \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \langle Ins2, Del3, Ins1, Del2, Ins3, Del1 \rangle
     The "Apply" operator which applies an operation op on the list l.
     Del: If pos > Len(l), the last element of l is deleted. This is realized by the DeleteElement
          operator.
     Ins: If pos > Len(l), the new element is appended to l. This is realized by the InsertElement
          operator.
     Apply(op, l) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} CASE \ op = Nop \rightarrow l
                                    op.type = \text{``Rd''} \rightarrow l
                             45
                                    op.type = "Del" \rightarrow DeleteElement(l, op.pos)
                             46
                                    op.type = "Ins" \rightarrow InsertElement(l, op.ch, op.pos)
47
     The "ApplyOps" operator which applies an operation sequence ops on the list l.
    RECURSIVE ApplyOps(\_, \_)
53
     ApplyOps(ops, l) \stackrel{\triangle}{=}
54
          If ops = \langle \rangle
55
           THEN l
56
           ELSE Apply(Last(ops), ApplyOps(AllButLast(ops), l))
57
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58

- * Modification History * Last modified Sat Jul 07 14:20:05 CST 2018 by hengxin * Created Sat Jun 23 20:56:53 CST 2018 by hengxin