

HW #4.3 - z-transforms

(a) $h[n] = \delta[n-N]$

$$H(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} h[n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \delta[n-N] z^{-n} = z^{-N} \Rightarrow g=1$$

$$M_1 = N$$

(b) Box: $h[n] = \frac{1}{N_{box}} (u[n] - \delta[n-N_{box}] * u[n])$

$$H(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} h[n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{1}{N_{box}} (u[n] - u[n-N_{box}]) z^{-n}$$

$$= \frac{1}{N_{box}} \left(\sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} u[n] z^{-n} - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} u[n-N_{box}] z^{-n} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N_{box}} \left(\sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} z^{-n} - \sum_{n=N_{box}}^{+\infty} z^{-n} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N_{box}} \cdot \frac{1 - z^{-N_{box}}}{1 - z^{-1}}$$

$$\therefore g = H(z=1) = \frac{1}{N_{box}} \lim_{z \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - z^{-N_{box}}}{1 - z^{-1}} = \frac{1}{N_{box}} \lim_{z \rightarrow 1} \frac{N_{box} z^{N_{box}-1}}{N_{box} z^{N_{box}-1} - (N_{box}-1) z^{N_{box}-2}} = \frac{N_{box}}{N_{box}}$$

$$M_1 = \left. \frac{d}{dz^{-1}} H(z) \right|_{z=1} = \frac{1}{N_{box}} \left. \frac{d}{dz} \left(\frac{z^N - 1}{z - 1} \right) \right|_{z=1} = \frac{N_{box} - 1}{2}$$

(c) $h[n] = u[n]$

Similar to (b): $H(z) = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} u[n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{+\infty} z^{-n} = \frac{1}{1 - z^{-1}}$

$$g = H(z=1) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$M_1 \rightarrow \infty$$

$$(d) h[n] = (1-p)p^n u[n]$$

$$H(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (1-p)p^n u[n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1-p)p^n z^{-n}$$

$$= (1-p) \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{p}\right)^{-n} = (1-p) \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{z}{p}\right)^{-1}} = \frac{1-p}{1-pz^{-1}}$$

$$\therefore g = H(z=1) = 1$$

$$M_1 = \frac{z}{2z} \left(\frac{1-p}{1-pz} \right) \bigg|_{z=1} = (1-p) \cdot \frac{p}{(1-pz)^2} \bigg|_{z=1} = \frac{p}{1-p}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{M_1}{M_1+1} \quad : \text{ express parameter } p \text{ in terms of physical observable } M_1$$

$$(e) h[n] = (1-p)^2(n+1)p^n u[n]$$

$$H(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (1-p)^2(n+1)p^n u[n] z^{-n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (1-p)^2(n+1)p^n z^{-n}$$

$$= (1-p)^2 \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1) \left(\frac{z}{p}\right)^{-n}$$

$$= (1-p)^2 \left[\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} n \left(\frac{z}{p}\right)^{-n} + \frac{1}{1-pz^{-1}} \right]$$

$$= (1-p)^2 \left[\frac{z}{2\left(\frac{p}{z}\right)} \underbrace{\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{p}{z}\right)^n}_{= \frac{1}{1-pz^{-1}}} \times \left(+\frac{1}{z}\right) + \frac{1}{1-pz^{-1}} \right]$$

$$= (1-p)^2 \left[\left(+\frac{p}{z}\right) \cdot \frac{1}{(1-pz^{-1})^2} + \frac{1}{1-pz^{-1}} \right]$$

$$= \frac{(1-p)^2}{(1-pz^{-1})^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow g = H(z=1) = 1$$

$$M_1 = \frac{z}{2z} \left(\frac{(1-p)^2}{(1-pz)^2} \right) \bigg|_{z=1} = \frac{2p}{1-p}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{\frac{1}{2}M_1}{\frac{1}{2}M_1+1}$$

$$(f). h[n] = \left(\frac{2N_{eff}}{3}\right)^{-1} u[n] * \left(h_{ema}\left(\frac{N_{eff}}{3}\right)[n] - h_{poly}(N_{eff})[n] \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet u[n] * h_{ema}[n] &= \sum_{m=0}^n h_{ema}[m] = \sum_{m=0}^n (1-p)^p u[m] \\ &= \sum_{m=0}^n (1-p)^p = (1-p) \frac{1-p^{n+1}}{1-p} = (1-p^{n+1}), \quad n \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet u[n] * h_{poly}[n] &= \sum_{m=0}^n (1-p')^2 (m+1) p'^m \\ &= (n+1)p'^{n+1} - np'^n + p' + (1-p')(1-p'^n) \\ &= np'^{n+1} - (n+1)p'^n + 1, \quad n \geq 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore h[n] &= \left(\frac{2N_{eff}}{3}\right)^{-1} \left[1 - p^{n+1} - np'^{n+1} + (n+1)p'^n \right] \cdot u[n] \\ &= \left(\frac{2N_{eff}}{3}\right)^{-1} \left[(n+1)p'^n - np'^{n+1} - p^n \right] \cdot u[n] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore H(z) &= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} h[n] z^{-n} \\ &= \left(\frac{2N_{eff}}{3}\right)^{-1} \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left[(n+1)p'^n - np'^{n+1} - p^n \right] z^{-n} \end{aligned}$$

Here we have, $N_{eff}^+ = \frac{1}{3} N_{eff}$, $N_{eff}^- = N_{eff}$

$$p = \frac{N_{eff}^+}{N_{eff}^+ + 1} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} N_{eff}}{\frac{1}{3} N_{eff} + 1}, \quad p' = \frac{\frac{1}{2} N_{eff}}{\frac{1}{2} N_{eff} + 1} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} N_{eff}}{\frac{1}{2} N_{eff} + 1}$$

~ from (d)

~ from (e)

Computation gives.

$$H(z) = \frac{1}{g(1-z^{-1})} \left(\frac{1-p}{1-pz^{-1}} - \frac{(1-p')^2}{(1-p'z^{-1})^2} \right)$$

where $g = H(z=1) = \frac{2p'}{1-p'} - \frac{p}{1-p} = \frac{2}{3} N_{eff}$.

$$M_1 = \frac{23}{24} N_{eff}$$

$$(g) \ h[n] = h_{\text{ema}}^{(N_{\text{eff}}^+)}[n] - h_{\text{ema}}^{(N_{\text{eff}}^-)}[n] \quad , \text{ use the result from (d).}$$

$$\Rightarrow H(z) = \frac{1 - p_+}{1 - p_+ z^{-1}} - \frac{1 - p_-}{1 - p_- z^{-1}} \quad , \text{ where } p_{\pm} = \frac{\frac{1}{3} N_{\text{eff}}^{\pm}}{\frac{1}{3} N_{\text{eff}}^{\pm} + 1}.$$

$$g = H(z=1) = 1 - 1 = 0.$$

$$(h) \ h[n] = \delta[n - N_{\text{eff}}^+] - \delta[n - N_{\text{eff}}^-] \quad , \text{ use the result from (a)}$$

$$\Rightarrow H(z) = z^{-N_{\text{eff}}^+} - z^{-N_{\text{eff}}^-}$$

$$g = H(z=1) = 1 - 1 = 0.$$