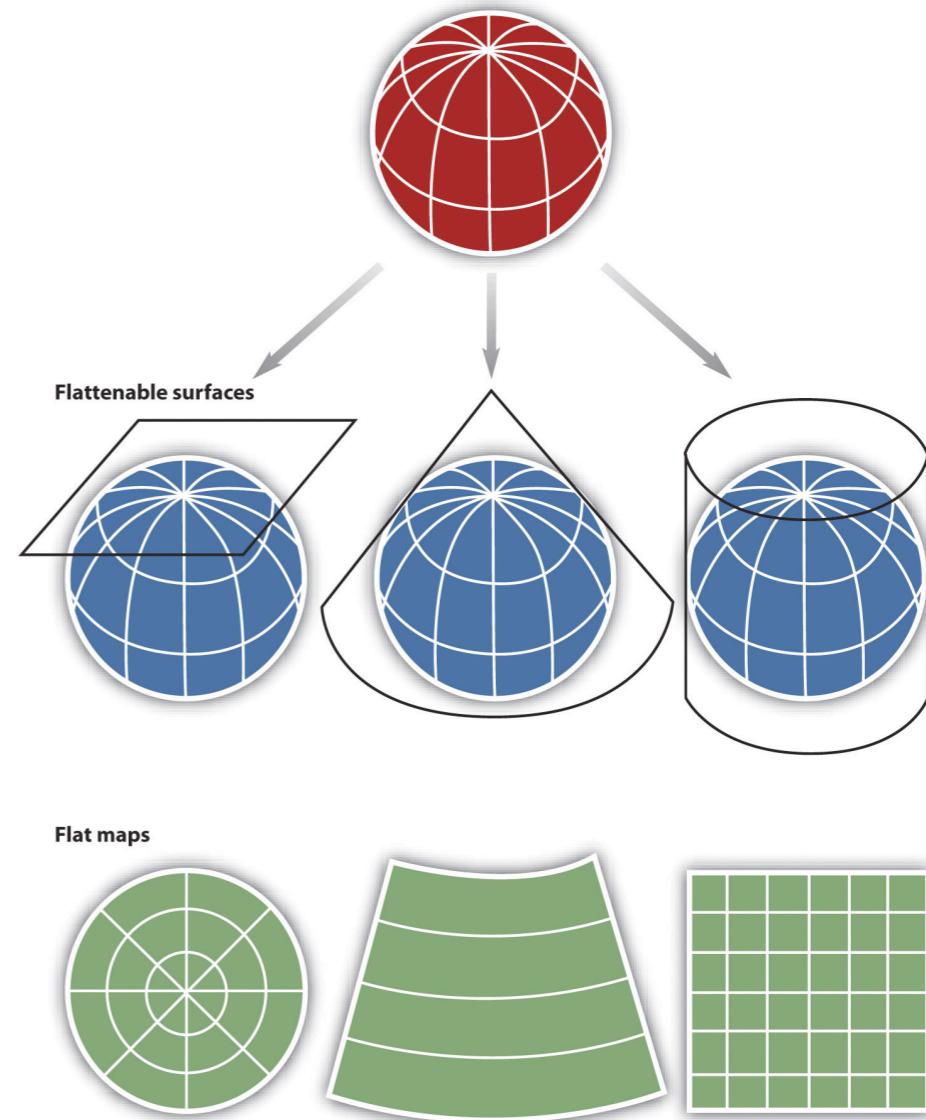
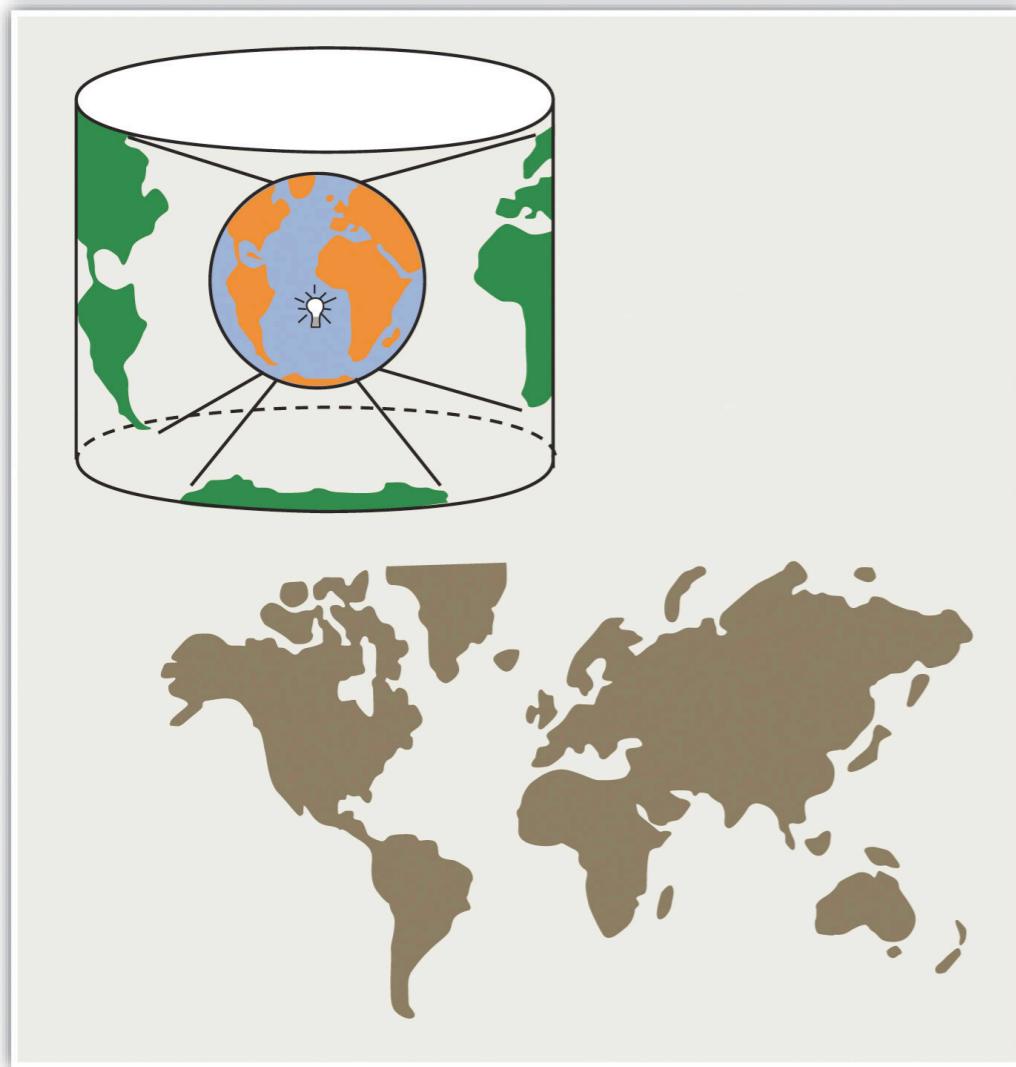


# Geospatial Maps in R

Biology 724D:  
Foundations of Data Science for Biologists

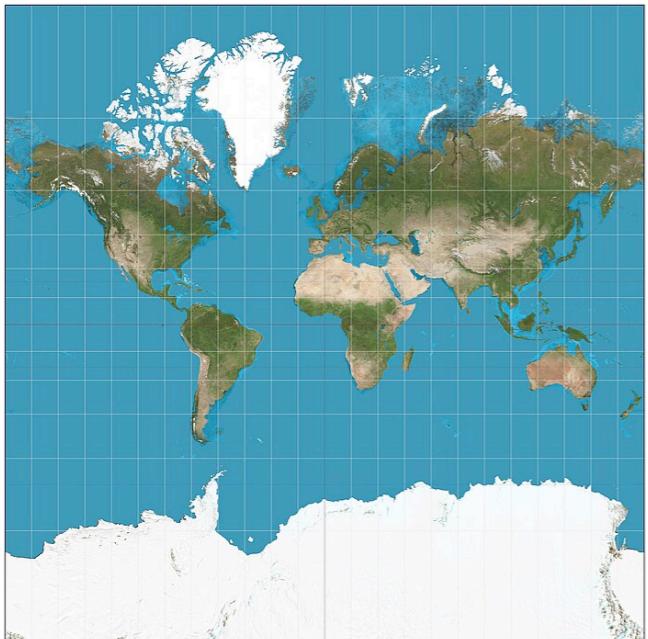
# The Problem: Flattening the Earth



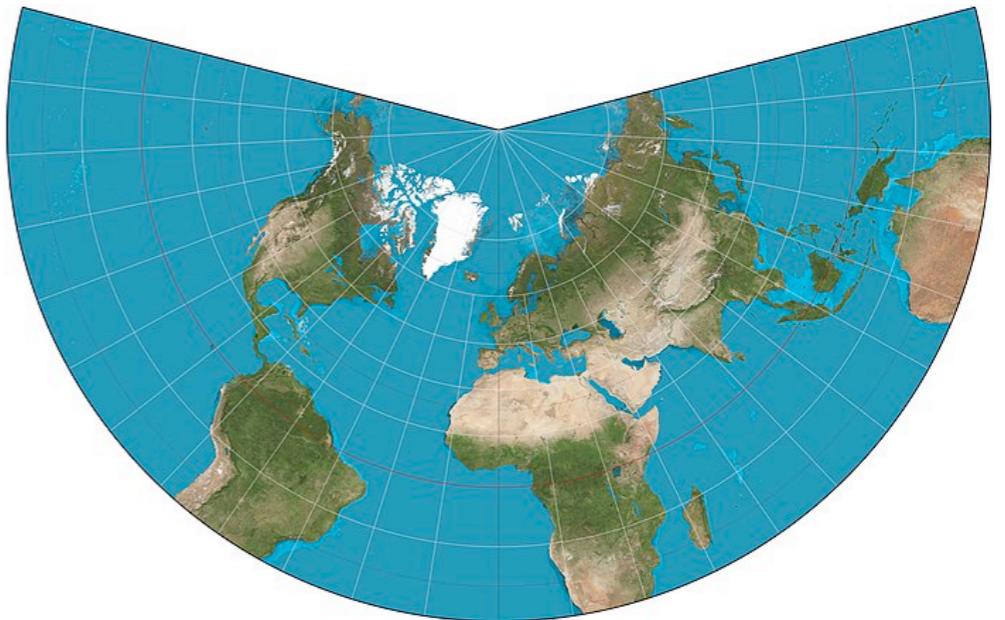
# Coordinate Reference Systems

1. Geodetic Datum -- assumptions about the shape of the earth (spheroid), center of the planet, origin points for latitude and longitude, etc.
  - World Geodetic System (WGS84) -- common default
  - North American Datum (NAD83) -- most appropriate for North America
2. Map projection -- mathematical operations required to map points from a 3D object and 2D surface. Area preserving vs Shape preserving.
  - e.g. Mercator projection (shape preserving, cylindrical projection), Lambert conformal projection (shape preserving, conical projection), Albers projection (area preserving, conical projection), etc.
3. Parameters of the projection -- origin and bounds

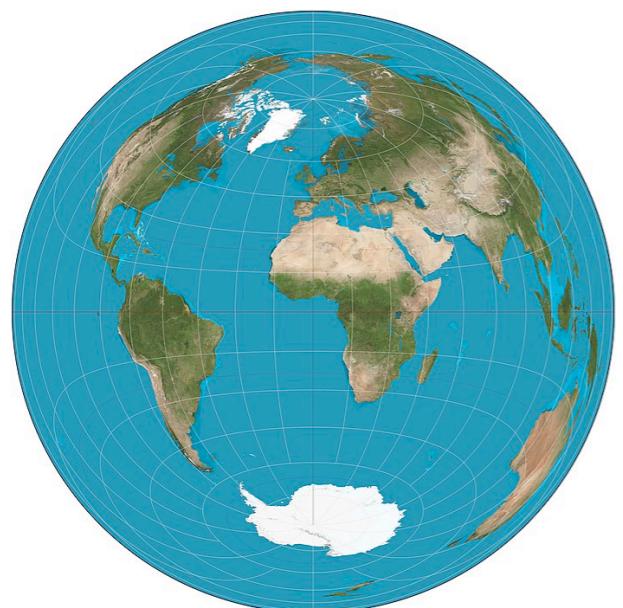
# Map Projections: Examples



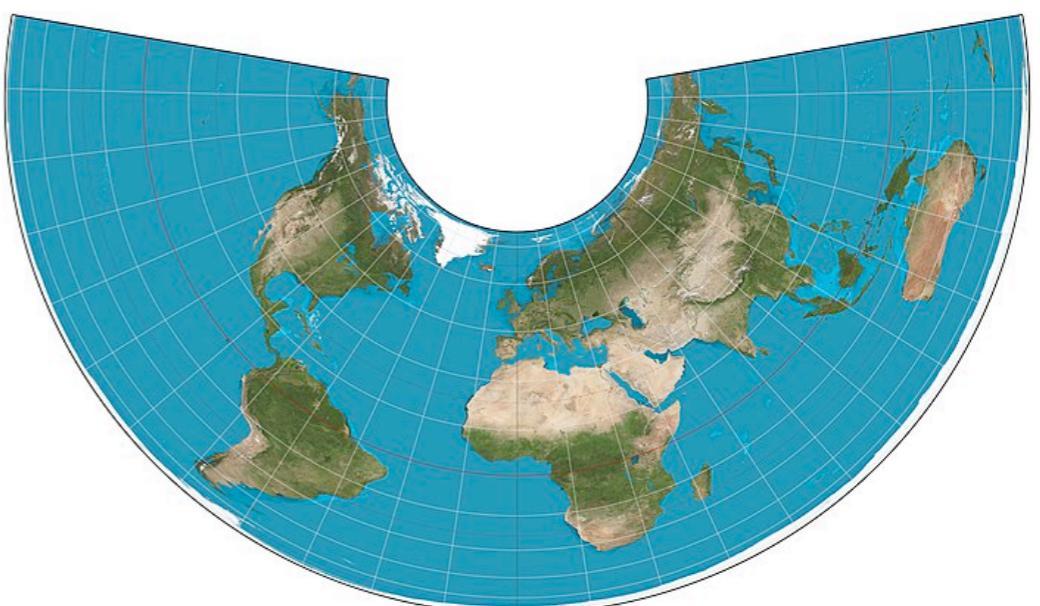
Mercator conformal



Lambert conformal



Lambert azimuthal equal area



Albers equal area

# Representing spatial features

- Problem: What spatial features do we want to map and how do we represent them?
- "Simple Features" files:
  - "Simple Features (officially Simple Feature Access) is a set of standards that specify a common storage and access model of geographic features made of mostly two-dimensional geometries (point, line, polygon, multi-point, multi-line, etc.) used by geographic databases and geographic information systems. It is formalized by both the Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC) and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO)." (source: Wikipedia)

# sf: Simple Features for R



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# R: Mapping and Geospatial

Geospatial applications using the R programming language

**Overview**

- Getting Data
- Preparing Data and Joining More Data
- Geocoding
- Visualizing
- Raster Data
- Projections / CRS
- Output
- Related GIS Guides

**Created using R**

**Overview**

Introduction Tutorials Contacts for more help

• [Spatial Data Science](#)  
Book by Edzer Pebesma and Roger Bivand. Focuses on the tidyverse packages to perform geospatial analysis in R.

• [Geocomputation with R](#)  
Online book by Robin Lovelace, et al. covering both vector and raster mapping. Generally uses the tidyverse packages.

• [Get Spatial! Using R as GIS](#)  
"Intended to introduce you to the different spatial data types and how to create, read, manipulate and analyze spatial data in R."

• [CRAN Task View: Analysis of Spatial Data](#)  
An overview of R packages used for spatial data analysis and visualization.

• [An Exploration of Simple Features for R](#)  
Extensive blog post by Jesse Sadler about R's `sf` package, implementing the Simple Features standard into R and fitting nicely into the tidyverse set of packages.

• [Introduction to visualising spatial data in R](#)  
20-page PDF by Robin Lovelace, et al. Overview on R's spatial functions, projections, and creating thematic maps.